2.6.1 PROGRAMME AND COURSE OUTCOMES FOR ALL PROGRAMMES

SERIAL NO.	NAME OF THE COURSE	PAGE NO.		
	UNDER-GRADUATE DEGREE	PROGRAMMES		
1.	BACHELOR OF ARTS (B.A.)	2		
2.	BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (B.C.A.)	106		
3.	BACHELOR OF COMMERCE(B.COM)	128		
4.	BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (B.SC.)	148		
5.	BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (AGRICULTURE)	196		
6.	BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (FASHION DESIGNING)	221		
	POST-GRADUATE DEGREE	PROGRAMMES		
7.	MASTER OF ARTS (PUNJABI)	239		
8.	MASTER OF ARTS (POLITICAL SCIENCE)	268		
9.	MASTER OF ARTS (HISTORY)	289		
10.	MASTER OF COMMMERCE (M.COM)	291		
11.	MASTER OF CHEMISTRY (M.SC. CHEMISTRY)	312		
	POST-GRADUATE DIPLOMA COURSE			
12.	BACHELOR OF LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCE (B.LIB.)	328		

BACHELOR OF ARTS (B.A.)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

After completing BA program students will be able to:

PO1: use the acquired knowledge in the field of social sciences, literature and humanities which make them sensitive and sensible enough.

PO2: possess the social, economical, historical, geographical, political, ideological and philosophical tradition and thinking.

PO3: appear for various competitive examinations or choose the post graduate programme of their choice.

PO4: acquire the knowledge with human values framing the base to deal with various problems in life with courage and humanity.

PO5: be ignited enough to think and act over for the solution of various issues prevailed in the human life to make this world better than ever.

PO6: become a responsible citizen.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

the Ma

After completing BA program, students will be able to:

PSO1: possess a good knowledge and clarity of concepts related to the subjects chosen by the students.

PSO2: apply the acquired knowledge to solve problems in the relevant field.

PSO3: show a developed critical and analytical sense.

PSO4: have a good vocabulary and writing skills appropriate to the subject.

PSO5: have a wider mental horizon and better selfconfidence.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

SEMESTER-1		
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
	COMP	ULSORY SUBJECTS
0001	English	Students after completing this course, will be able to: CO1: describe two prominent genres of literature; poetry and prose. CO2: correctly use English grammar in writing and speaking. CO3: explain key concepts like Racism, American, Civil war, Slavery, Emancipation Proclamation. CO4: infer the important role played by regional/ writings. CO5: logically and objectively evaluate a text and communicate the same (both verbally and in writing) with clarity. CO6: read with fluency while simultaneously comprehending progress in English.
0002/0003	Punjabi/History and Culture Of Punjab	After completing Punjabi course the students can: CO1: ਕਾਵਿ ਸੁਮੇਲ ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਦੌਰ ਦੇ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਸੂਝ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਖੇਤਰ ਵਿਚ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਯੋਗਦਾਨ ਤੋਂ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਿਤ ਹੇ ਕੇ ਖੁਦ-ਬ-ਖੁਦ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਰਚਨਾ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ ਦਾ ਨਿਰਮਾਣ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ । CO2: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀਆਂ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਵਿਧਾਵਾਂ ਕਵਿਤਾ, ਗ਼ਜ਼ਲ, ਗੀਤ ਅਤੇ ਰੁਬਾਈ ਦੇ ਕਲਾਤਮਕ ਪੱਖਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ।



CO3: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ, ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆਂ ਉੱਪਰ ਨਿਬੰਧ ਰਚਨਾ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਜੀਵਨ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੇ ਅਲੱਗ-ਅਲੱਗ ਪਹਿਲੂਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਨਜ਼ਰੀਏ ਤੋਂ ਦੇਖਣ-ਪਰਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਚਲੰਤ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਉੱਪਰ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ ਨੂੰ ਉਤਸ਼ਾਹ ਮਿਲਦਾ ਹੈ । CO4: ਪ੍ਰੈਸੀ ਰਚਨਾ (ਸੰਖੇਪ ਰਚਨਾ) ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਅੰਦਰ ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਨੂੰ ਲਿਖਣ, ਪੜ੍ਹਨ, ਅਤੇ ਬੋਲਣ ਸਮੇਂ ਘੱਟ ਤੋਂ ਘੱਟ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਕਹਿਣ ਦੀ ਰੁਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੋਈ ਕਿਸੇ ਰਚਨਾ ਨੂੰ ਡੂੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਜਾ ਕੇ ਪਰਖ-ਪੜਚੋਲ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਬਣਾਉਂਦੀ ਹੈ । ਇਹ ਰਚਨਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮੇਂ ਅਤੇ ਊਰਜਾ ਸ਼ਕਤੀ ਦੀ ਬੱਚਤ ਕਰਨਾ ਸਿਖਾਉਂਦੀ ਹੈ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੀ ਗੱਲ ਨੂੰ ਸੰਖੇਪ ਅਤੇ ਸਪੱਸ਼ਟ ਕਹਿਣ ਦੇ ਕਾਬਿਲ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ ।

CO5: ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ/ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਿਥੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਡੂੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਉੱਥੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਦੇ ਪਿੱਛੇ ਅੰਦਰੂਨੀ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਦੇ ਕਾਰਜਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਹੋਂਦ ਵਿਚ ਆਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਫਿਰ ਸ਼ਬਦਾ ਤੋਂ ਵਾਕ, ਉਪਵਾਕ, ਪੈਰ੍ਹੇ ਅਤੇ ਫਿਰ ਸਮੁੱਚੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਤਿਆਰ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਿੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਅਤੇ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ।

Punjabi course outcomes translated into English
CO1: Through the study of poetry composition
textbook, students gain insight into social issues
through the works of modern period poets. Being
inspired by the contribution of poets in the
literary field, they become capable of writing
literary works on their own. Creative skills are
encouraged in the students.

CO2: Students acquire knowledge about various genres of literature poetry, ghazal, song, and Rubai.

CO3: Students are able to examine different aspects of

life and society from their own perspective through essay writing on various topics and students are able to write on current issues. Creative skills of students are encouraged. CO4: Pressi Rachna (brief composition) makes the student capable of in-depth analysis of any composition while creating interest in writing, reading, and speaking in minimum words. This composition teaches students to save time and energy. Students can express themselves concisely and clearly. CO5: While learning/reading grammar, students gain in-depth knowledge about their mother tongue, and they also gain information about the functions of grammatical rules behind each word of Punjabi. How each word of the language comes into being. Then how is the sentence, subsentence, paragraph, and whole composition prepared from the word? Studying grammar is essential for learning any language. History and Culture of Punjab After completion of this course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about 1st civilization of Punjab i.e. Harappan culture, its social, economic & religious life. CO2: explain about Rig Vedic and later Vedic age, their political, social, economic and religious aspects. CO3: explain about Caste System, its origin and Evolution. CO4: explain about two epics i.e. Ramayana and

		Mahabharata.
		CO5: explain about the political condition of India on
		the end of Alexander's invasion, and the impact
		of Alexander's invasion on social and
	C	cultural life.
	1149	CO6: explain about the position of women during
	100	Harappan, early Vedic and later Vedic Age.
	300	CO7: describe about important historical places of
	0//50	Punjab in the outline map of Punjab.
1	ELECTIVE	SUBJECTS (ANY THREE)
0008/0004/	Punjabi/English/Hindi	Punjabi
0007	8.	C01: ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਕੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਕੁਦਰਤੀ ਖੂਬਸੂਰਤੀ ਰੱਬੀ ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਰੁਝੇ ਵਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਖੂਬਸੂਰਤੀ ਦੀ ਝਲਕ ਨਜ਼ਰ ਆਉਂਦੀ ਹੈ।
	SEE	CO2. ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ- ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਕੁਦਰਤ, ਕਿਸਾਨ ਦੀ ਕਿਰਤ ਤੇ ਪੂਰਬੀ ਤੇ ਪੱਛਮੀ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੀ ਤਸਵੀਰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਹੈ।
	1	CO3. ਧਨੀ ਰਾਮ ਚਾਤ੍ਰਿਕ- ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਮ ਤਿਉਹਾਰ ਤੇ ਮੇਲਿਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਸਬ [°] ਧਤ ਤੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਭਗਤੀ ਦੇ ਭਾ <mark>ਵ ਪ੍ਰਗਟਾਉਂਦੀ</mark> ਹੈ।
/	TAOMLED	CO4. ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਮੋਹਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਮਾਂ-ਬੋਲੀ, ਪੁਰਾਤਨ ਤੇ ਨਵਾਂ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਮ ਬਾਬੇ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੀ ਸੋਚ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵਿਤ ਕਰਵਾਇਆ ਹੈ।
9	no me	C05. ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਾ ਪ੍ਰੀਤਮ- ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇਸ਼ ਵੰਡ ਤੋਂ ਲੈ ਕੇ ਰਾਜਨੀਤੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਉਲੰਘਣਾ ਨੂੰ ਖੋਲਦੀ ਕਵਿਤ <mark>ਾ</mark> ਹੈ।
0	9, 1017	CO6. ਬਾਬਾ ਬਲਵੰਤ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰ <mark>ਾਹੀਂ</mark> ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ <mark>ਹਾਲਤਾ ਨਾਲ ਜੂਝਣ</mark> ਤੇ ਜਿਉਣ ਦੀ ਵਿ <mark>ਧੀ</mark> ਦੱਸਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ।
	the Man	C07. ਸਿਵ ਕੁਮਾਰ ਬਟਾਵਲੀ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਬ੍ਰਿਹੋ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਹੈ ਕਵੀ ਨੇ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਦੁੱਖਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਗੀਤਾ ਰਾਹੀ ਖੂਬਸੂਰਤੀ ਨਾਲ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ।
		CO8. ਡਾ. ਹਰਿਭਜਨ ਸਿੰਘ- ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀ ਸੋਚ, ਹਾਲਾਤ ਤੇ ਡਾਕਟਰੀ ਸਹੂਲਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਦੁਰਵਰਤੋਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਹੈ।
		CO9 ਡਾ. ਜਗਤਾਰ - ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਮਾਰਕਸਵਾਦੀ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ਟੀਕੋਣ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ।

CO10. ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੇ ਦਰਸ਼ਨ ਆਈ. ਸੀ ਨੰਦਾ ਦੇ ਇਕਾਰੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਮਨਜੋੜ ਵਿਆਹ ਦੀ ਸਮੱਸਿਆ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ CO11. ਬੇਈ ਮਾਨ ਇਕਾਂਰੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਗਰੀਬੀ ਦੀ ਮਜ਼ਬੂਰੀ ਦਾ ਨਿਜ਼ਾਇਜ਼ ਫਾਇਦਾ ਉਠਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। CO12. 'ਤਾਸ਼ ਦੀ ਬਾਜੀ' ਅਮਰੀਕ ਸਿੰਘ ਨੇ ਘਰੇਲ ਨੌਕਰਾਂ ਨੌਕਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਆਪਸੀ ਸਹਿਮਤੀ ਤੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਮਾਲਕਾ ਦੀ ਸੇਵਾ ਦੀ ਗੱਲ ਕੀਤੀ ਹੈ। CO13. ਅੰਨੇ ਨਿਸ਼ਾਨਣੀ ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਇਕਾਂਗੀਕਾਰ ਨੇ ਦੇਸ਼ <mark>ਦੀ ਵੰਡ ਸਮੇਂ ਹਾਲਾਤਾਂ</mark> ਨੂੰ ਬਿਆਨ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਲੋਕ ਬਿਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਸੋਚੇ ਸ<mark>ਮਝੇ</mark> ਇਕ ਦੁਸ਼ਮਣ ਰਹੇ। CO14. 'ਅੰਨੇ ਕਾਵ' ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਠੇਕੇਦਾਰ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਮਜ਼ਦੂਰਾਂ <mark>ਦੀ ਕਿਰਤ ਕਮਾਈ ਦਾ ਸ਼ੋਸਜ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ, ਖੋਜੀ ਆ</mark> ਕੇ ਮਜ਼ਦੂਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਚ ੇਤ ਕਰਦਾ ਕਿ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਨਾਲ ਧੋਖਾ ਹੋ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ। CO15. ਪੰ<mark>ਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ 1</mark>901 ਤੋਂ 2000 ਤੱਕ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ, ਉਪਭਾਸ਼ਾ, ਸਾਹਿਤ <mark>ਦੇ ਰੂਪ-ਗੀਤ,</mark> ਗਜ਼ਲ, ਕਵਿਤਾਮ ਨਾਵਲ, ਕਹਾਣੀ ਆਦਿ। C016. ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਬਲਦੇ ਦੀਵੇ) ਵਿਸ਼ਾ, ਵਿਧੀ, ਪਲਾਟ ਤੇ ਪਾਤਰ-ਚਿਤਰਨ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਪਰਿਭਾਸ਼ਾ, ਪੁਕਿਰਤੀ, ਪ੍ਰਯੋਜਨ ਦੇ ਤੱਤ। Translation into English CO1: By teaching the poems of Bhai Vir Singh, the students get a glimpse of natural beauty, divine love and the beauty of life's busyness. CO2: Prof. Through Puran Singh's poems, nature, farmer's work and the culture of East and West Punjab have been presented. er the Ma CO3: Dhani Ram Chatrik's poems express feelings of patriotism and celebration of Punjabi cultural festivals and fairs. CO4: Prof. Through the poetry of Mohan Singh, mother tongue, ancient and new culture have influenced the thinking of Baba Nanak. CO5: Amrita Pritam's poem is a poem that reveals the violation of politics since the partition of the

		country.
		CO6: Through the poems of Baba Balwant, they tell
		the method of living and coping with the
		conditions of life.
	0	CO7: Siv Kumar Batavli's poem is Briho's poem. The
	MUA	poet has beautifully presented the sorrows of life
	100	through Gita.
	200	CO8: Dr. Haribhajan Singh's poem has given
	9//50	information about people's thinking, conditions
Ko	11/40	and misuse of medical facilities.
(0)		CO9: Dr. Jagtar's poem presents a Marxist perspective.
2 /	//20/	touch
10/	5/0	CO10: Darshan of Punjabi Nanak. C. Nanda's
7	6 6	Ekanari presents the problem of arranged
To C	3	marriage.
	S	CO11: In Bei Maan Ikanri, the compulsion of poverty
	I III I	has been taken advantage of.
	121	CO12: 'Tash Di Baji' Amrik Singh has talked about the
	1 5	mutual consent of domestic servants and
11	112	servants to serve their mistresses.
	Chr.	CO13: In Anne Nishani Ekangi, the loner has described
	LEI	the situation at the time of partition of the
		country that the people remained one enemy
3	y man	without thinking.
0	1017	CO14: In 'Anne Kaw' Ekangi, the labor earnings of the
	1. 21	workers are investigated by the contractor, the
	The Man	inspector comes and informs the workers that
	Man	you are being cheated.
	-4116	CO15: History of Punjabi literature from 1901 to 2000
		language, dialect, forms of literature-songs,
		ghazals, kavitam novels, stories etc.
		CO16: Punjabi Novel Balde Diwe) Theme, Method,
-		

		Plot and Characterization Definition, Nature,
		Purpose Elements of Literature.
		English
	2 5	CO1: explain different literacy terms and concepts
	1149	with important literary devices/ historical context
	10	or across a wide range of literary genres.
	Sur	CO2: describe about different genres of poetry, prose,
	9//51	drama, etc.
100	11/40	CO3: develop a proper understanding of the
(0)	11/5	grammatical system of the English language with
2 /	1/20/	equal emphasis on learning skills like reading,
10 /	5	listening, speaking, and writing.
I	25	CO4: achieve accuracy in writing skills and improve
17.6	3	vocabulary.
	S	CO5: develop an understanding of various topics of
	四	grammar like the transformation of sentences.
1.1	1 % 1	CO6: do critical analysis to get a better understanding
	12	of work in literature.
	112	CO7: use words/phrases etc. for effective English
	100	speaking and writing.
	TOME	HINDI
0	कवितालोक (<mark>काव्य-पुस्तक)</mark>	r विद्यार्थी कबीर के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और
70	797	दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
	r कबीर	
	Ch-	r विद्यार्थी कबीर के पदों के माध्यम से निराकार ईश्वर के सम्बंध में
	rरैदास	ज्ञान प्राप्त करने के साथ-साथ उनकी हिन्दू-मुस्लिम की भिक्त को
	"dn	लेकर की गई आलोचना से यह समझने में सक्षम होंगे कि ईश्वर को
	r गुरु नानक देव	आडम्बरों से नहीं, प्रेम से पाया जा सकता है।
	r सूरदास	

r विद्यार्थी कबीर की साखियों से विविध मानवीय मूल्यों और नीति-आदर्शों का ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे। कबीर के सुखी और सहज जीवन जीने की कला से विद्यार्थी परिचित होकर लाभ प्राप्त करेंगे। r विद्यार्थी रैदास के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। r विद्यार्थी रैदास के पदों और साखियों से यह सीखेंगे कि निराकार की भिक्त के लिए प्रेम और विशुद्ध मन की आवश्यकता होती है। वे यह समझेंगे कि ईश्वर भिक्त के मन की भावना को देखकर उस पर अपना प्रेम बरसाता है। r विद्यार्थी गुरु नानक देव के जीवन<mark>, रचनाओं</mark>, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। r विद्यार्थी गुरु नानक देव जी की आदि ग्रंथ में संकलित वाणी से उनके विविध विचारों से परिचित होंगे। गुरु जी की वाणी निर्भय-निरवैर रहकर प्रत्येक मनुष्य को ईश्वर की रजा में रहकर जीवन जीने की कला सिखाती है। r विद्यार्थी सूर<mark>दास के जीवन, रचना</mark>ओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और <mark>दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय</mark> प्राप्त करेंगे। r विद्यार्थी बाल-लीला, मथुरा गमन, भ्रमर-गीत आदि रचनाओं के माध्यम से सुरदास की कृष्ण भिक्त से परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। सुरदास ने शृंगार और वात्सल्य रसों के माध्यम से कृष्ण जी के ऐसे-ऐसे चित्र प्रस्तुत किये हैं, जो सभी को भाव-विभोर करने में सक्षम हैं। r विद्यार्थी कथा-साहित्य के माध्यम से समाज और जीवन की विविध समस्याओं से अवगत होंगे और उन समस्याओं के समाधान के लिए प्रेरित होंगे। उनमें समस्या-समाधान की क्षमता विकसित होगी।

सजीव कहानियां r शतरंज के खिलाड़ी r ममता r अशिक्षित का हृदय r मौत के मुँह में r न्याय मंत्री r गुलाब सत्त्य-असत्त्य

r शतरंज के खिलाड़ी कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि किसी भी काम में की गई अति सदैव हानिकारक होती है। साथ ही विद्यार्थी लखनऊ के नवाबी दौर की विविध परिस्थितियों और जीवन शैली का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।

r ममता कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी मुगलिया दौर में पठान-मुगलों की साम-दाम की नीति को समझने के साथ-साथ हिन्दुओं के सनातनी मूल्यों और आदर्श परम्पराओं का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। सिहष्णुता, अतिथि-सत्कार, छल-कपटहीन आचरण जैसे गुणों को जानकर विद्यार्थियों में नवीन जीवन-मूल्यों का आविर्भाव होगा।

r अशिक्षित का हृदय कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह समझने में सक्षम होंगे कि सच्चे मन और सच्ची नीयत वाला व्यक्ति सदैव समाज में आदर-सम्मान पाता है। अशिक्षित होकर भी कोई व्यक्ति अपने आचरण और सच्चाई से सबका विश्वास प्राप्त कर सकता है। इस कहानी से विद्यार्थियों को यह सीख भी मिलती है कि जीने के लिए कई बार निर्जीव वस्तुएँ भी सहारा बन सकती हैं।

r मौत के मुँह में कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि आपदा में होश-हवास कायम रखकर और हिम्मत से काम लेकर बड़े-से-बड़े खतरे से भी पार पाया जा सकता है। इस कहानी से यह सीख भी मिलती है कि विद्यार्थियों को शस्त्र और शास्त्र दोनो का ज्ञान होना चाहिए, तभी वे जीवन के हर क्षेत्र में सफल हो सकेंगे।

r न्याय मंत्री कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी आज से छ वर्ष पूर्व सम्राट अशोक के समय की न्याय व्यवस्था का ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे और अपनी तर्क-शक्ति को विकसित करने का प्रयास करेंगे।

r गुलाब कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि कैसे कोई गरीब परन्तु रहमदिल व्यक्ति एक खोई हुई मासूम बालिका के लिए अपने जीवन-भर की कमाई लुटा देता है और उसके वापिस

		लौट जाने पर अपने प्राण त्याग देता है। वे यह जान पाएँगे कि इंसानियत
		का सम्बंध धन-दौलत से नहीं बल्कि हृदय की निरीहता से होता है।
	न ग्रह	r सत्त्य-असत्त्य कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी समाज के सत्त्य और असत्त्य कहलाने वाले वर्गों से परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे और जानेंगे कि अपनों पर कष्ट आने पर कैसे सत्त्य कहलाने वाले उच्च वर्ग के
	EWL9.	लोगों का खून सफैद हो जाता है और असत्त्य कहे जाने वाला निर्धन वर्ग अभाव और विपरीत परिस्थितियों में भी अपनी फ़राख़िदली का परिचय देता है।
25	हिन् <mark>दी साहित्य का इतिहास</mark>	r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
5/1	r <mark>आ</mark> दिकाल	r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के सृज <mark>न की पृष्ठ</mark> भूमि और साहित्यिक
E	1	प्रवृतियों को समझने में सक्षम होंगे।
	SE	r विद्यार्थी साहित्य के माध्यम से जीवन-मूल्यों और जीवन-दर्शन को
	[समझने का प्रयास करेंगे।
Una	THOMLED	r आदिकाल की राजनैतिक, सामाजिक, धार्मिक, आर्थिक परिस्थितियों, साहित्यिक प्रवृतियों, नामकरण की समस्या, पृथ्वीराज रासो, बीसलदेव रासो आदि रचनाओं से परिचित होकर विद्यार्थी आदिकाल के साहित्य के विषय में समुचित ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे और इस काल-खण्ड के साहित्य की निर्माण प्रक्रिया को समझने में सक्षम होंगे।
70	The state of the s	3 HO.
	समीक्षा सिद्धांत	r हिन्दी कहानी विधा की शास्त्रीय पद्धित से विद्यार्थियों का परिचय कराया जाएगा। समीक्षा सिद्धांत के महत्व को प्रतिपादित किया जाएगा।
	r हिन्दी कहानी	r हिन्दी कहानी की परिभाषा, कहानी के विविध तत्व और कहानी के
		बहु-आयामी वर्गीकरण से विद्यार्थियों को परिचित कराया जाएगा।

	व्यावहारिक व्याकरण	r शुद्ध भाषा लिखने एक कला है। अत: यह आवश्यक है कि प्रत्येक
	r समानार्थक शब्द	वाvय को शुद्ध रूप में पढ़ा/लिखा जाए। उसके लिए व्याकरण का
	१ समागायक राज्य	ज्ञान और अत्त्यास परमावश्यक है।
	r विपरीतार्थक शब्द	r हिन्दी व्याकरण से विद्यार्थी व्यावहारिक हिन्दी का ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे।
	r अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक	
	शब्द	r विद्यार्थी भाषा के व्यावहारिक पक्ष को जान पाएंगे और समानार्थक
	9/15	शब्द, विपरीतार्थक शब्द और अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द आदि का ज्ञान प्राप्त करके अपनी शब्द-सम्पदा में वृद्धि कर पाएंगे।
A ^o	r शब्द और वा <mark>vय शुद्धि</mark>	का ज्ञान प्राप्त करक अपना राष्य्-सम्पदा म पृद्व कर पाएगा
10/	r <mark>पारिभाषिक श</mark> ब्दावली	r शब्द और वाvय शुद्धि का अत्यास करके विद्यार्थी भाषा को शुद्ध और व्याकरण-सम्मत लिखने में सक्षम हो पाएंगे।
I	6	r पारिभाषिक शब्दावली का ज्ञान प्राप्त कर विद्यार्थी यह जान पाएंगे
I.	3	कि विविध कार्यालयों में हिन्दी की पारिभाषिक शब्दावली का सटीक
	SE	प्रयोग कैसे किया जाता है और इसकी आवश्यक्ता एवं उपयोगिता क्या
	一一	है।
	171	TO STATE
	History	9117 /5/11
0023	(History of India	After completion of this course, the students will be
	upto 1200 AD)	able to:
	CONT. CL	CO1: explain about the major sources of ancient Indian
9	y m	History i.e. Indigenous Literature and foreign accounts, Archaeological findings, inscriptions,
0	2191	coins.
	1. 41	CO2: state about India's oldest and first civilization i.e.
	"DALL	Harappan civilization; it's extent, town planning,
	the Man	social, religious and economic life.
		CO3: explain about life in Vedic and later Vedic age;
		It's Political, Economic, Social and Religious life
		CO4: explain about the Republic and Kingdom 600-
		321 B.C.

the. The cial al
rial al line of
rial al line of
al
line of
anta
ents.
of
ıd
oms i.e.
itas and
7
North
ıa
axation
ınt
cy,
ın
ole to:
axes in
on of
uation
of

	I	
		circle and properties of circle, chord of contact,
		radical axis, co- axial family of circles, limiting
		points.
		CO4: discriminate about tangents, normals and their
	C	properties.
	1149	CO5: calculate the properties of ellipse, Conjugate
	100	diameter of ellipse, hyperbola, asymptote and
	Sur	rectangular hyperbola.
	9//5	CO6: identify conics in general second degree
10	11/10	equations.
(0)	1118	CO7: examine the general equations of second
2 /	1/20/	degree, tracing of ellipse, hyperbola and parabola
10 /1	5/0	and also get to know about the conics. They get
II	25	to know whether a given second degree equation
7.6	3	is a hyperbola or ellipse or parabola.
MAT-0044	(Calculus-I)	After completing the course, students will be able
	1 11 1	to:
1,1	12	CO1: describe fundamental concepts of real numbers.
111	12	CO2: solve the problems of Indeterminate forms and
11	112	L'Hospital's Rule to find their limits
	Ou.	CO3: verify the value of the limit of a function at a
	12 CEL	point using the definition of the limit.
1		CO4: examine whether function is continuous or not,
9	7 20	understand the consequences of the intermediate
0	11917	value theorem for continuous functions.
	Pres.	CO5: apply various general Theorems like Rolle's
	the Man	Theorem, Lagrange's theorem, Cauchy Mean
	Man	Value theorem, Taylor's theorem and their
		geometrical interpretation.
		CO6: analyze Hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic
		functions, Successive differentiation and
		Leibnitz's theorem.

MAT-0045	(Trignometry and	After completing the course, students will be able
	Matrices)	to:
		CO1: operate methods to solve the equations
		CO2: recognize consistent and inconsistent system of
	0	linear equations by using row and column
	7118	echelon form of the augmented matrix.
	49, 2	CO3: solve linear equation using matrix method.
	M	CO4: apply Cayley Hamilton Theorem for finding the
	0. // 10	inverse of matrix.
10	11/20"	CO5: describe rank, Linear independence and
0	11/4/	dependence of matrices.
2/	/An'	CO6: appraise the importance of roots of real and
K) /	5	complex polynomials.
5 11	12.	CO7: apply the applications of De Moivre's theorem to
Res I		solve numerical problems.
4	S	CO8: check diagonalisibility of matrices by finding
	四	Eigen values and vectors.
	121	CO9: calculate Hermitian and skew Hermitian matrices
	12	and their properties.
	Agriculture	
0015	(Basics of Agricultural	After the completion of the course, the students will be
0013	Botany and Forestry)	able to:
		CO1: explain about the plant morphology - root, stem,
5	7 25	leaf -their types and modifications.
0	100	CO2: explain about the Inflorescence - types and
	1. 41	classification.
	Do .	CO3: explain about flower parts and their functions.
	the Man	CO4: describe about fruit - Types and classification.
	111	CO5: state about pollination - types, significance,
		emasculation, techniques, mode of reproduction
		and their significance Life cycle of a typical
		angiosperm.
		angrosperm.

		CO6: get skilled in plant breeding, introduction to self
		Incompatibility.
		CO7: explain about the cultivation practices including
		Soil requirements, water requirements, and
	0	improved varieties of the region for: Cereals
	1149	(wheat, rice, maize), Fibres (cotton, Jute), oil
	100	Crops (sarson, soyabean), Fruits (mango, grapes,
	Ser	citrus, sapota).
	9//50	CO8: explain the importance of forests, important
10	11/10	forest trees of India and status of forestry in
10)	11/8/	Punjab, its significance. Raising of Nurseries
7 /	1/12/1	for forestry. Social forestry: Definition, concept
10 /1	5	and its significance.
0095	Retail Marketing	The students who successfully complete this course
0073	Retail Marketing	will be able to:
	S	CO1: describe the theoretical and applied aspects of
	四	Retail marketing.
	12	CO2: define the various methods of classifying Retail
111	121	formats.
11	12	
	TOME	CO3: compare and contrast single Retail channel with
	1 TER	Multi-Channel Retailing.
		CO4: recognize the challenges faced by Multichannel
9	1 m	Retailers.
70	1797	CO5: summarize the data that could be collected to
	94	support the multichannel shopping experience of
	(h-	the future.
	10/1/2	CO6: describe the various retail Marketing Environment
	"ran	issues.
	Computer Science	
CS01	(Computer	The students after completing this course, will be able
	Fundamentals)	to:
L		

		CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system.
		CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology.
		CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals.
	C	CO4: describe the memory management.
	118	CO5: state the different types of software.
	49, 5	CO6: explain about the operating system and its types.
CS02	(PC Software)	and the same of th
	0/155	The students after completing this course, will be able
10	11/10	to:
10)	11/8/	CO1: solve common problems related to operating
2	1/80/	systems.
10 /1	5	CO2: use word processing, Spreadsheet and
7 11	12.	Presentation Graphics Software skills.
7.6		CO3: compose, format and edit a word document,
	S	Excel, Presentation Slides.
PCS01	(Practical Based on Paper CS02)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
111	12	CO1: state the working of Input and output devices.
	11/2	CO2: run Internal and external DOS commands.
	W.	CO3: create Word, Excel, Presentation files and apply
	LEI	various commands on it.
0036	Physical Education	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
9	0.	CO1: explain about Preliminary idea and History of
	14	Physical Education.
	er the Man	CO2: describe the importance of warming up and
	Wan	Physical education.
		CO3: Analyse the behavior of India and World Physical
		Education
		CO4: organize the standard tournaments or
		competitions.
<u> </u>		

		CO5: dayalan I aadarshin shills
		CO5: develop Leadership skills.
		CO6: describe about components of physical fitness.
		CO7: describe about all sports schemes of physical
		education.
	Fashion Designing	After the course, the students will be able to:
0080	(Fundamentals of	CO1: use various tools in garment construction.
	Clothing)	CO2: do correct body measurements.
/	3	CO3: apply the Garment construction techniques.
	7// 21	CO4: use the techniques of Traditional Embroideries
1	11/6/	of India.
2/	Economics	1441113
0017	(Micro Economics)	Students after completing this course will be able to:
4 11	70.	CO1: describe the basic concepts and models of
	60	Economics.
7:	(0)	CO2: analyze Consumer's behavior, demand analysis
	mil	and demand forecasting.
	一一	CO3: explain the concept of supply and law of supply.
111	171	CO4: describe the concepts of cost and revenue
	TAOMLES	Analysis.
1	01	CO5: explain the market structure, price and output
	D 11/5	determination.
	A CE	CO6: describe production function theory and
0.	2	equilibrium.
20	LAGI	CO7: explain the various concepts of cost and
4	94	traditional theory of cost.
	the Man	CO8: employ Factor pricing such as rent, wage, interest
	10 11	and profit.
	wan	CO9: describe features of perfect competition,
		monopoly monopolistic competition, and to
		determine equilibrium under different market
		situations.

MUV0030	Music (Vocal)	On Completion of this course students would be able to:	
		CO1: describe the basic terminologies of Indian music.	
		CO2: write the practical compositions according to the	
	C	Notation system.	
	त्र प्रव	CO3: observe great contribution of Pt. V.N.	
	10	Bhatkhande and they would be able to read and	
	300	write compositions by studying notation system	
	9//5	created by the legends.	
100	11/40	CO4: give a practical demonstration of the prescribed	
~'0/	11/20	Ragas and to demonstrate various aspects of	
2	1/20/	Ragas and their differentiation.	
10	10	CO5: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in	
天二	65	modern period.	
I.	3	CO6: play the basic Alankars on harmonium to know	
	35	about the Swara notes.	
	Political Science	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
0033	(Political Theory-I)	After the course, the students will be able to:	
	1151	CO1: describe the significance of political theory.	
	10	CO2: explain the theories, approaches, concepts and	
	Do Win	principles of political theory.	
	120	CO3: describe the procedure of different theoretical	
0.	2	ideas in political theory.	
20	1701	CO4: interpret and assess information regarding a	
~	94	variety of political theory.	
	th-	CO5: explain the various traditional and modern	
	er the Man	theories of political science.	
	"dh	CO6: evaluate the theories of origin of the state.	
		CO7: comprehend the sources of political	
		information.	
	SEMESTER-II		

COMPULSORY SUBJECTS		
0101	English	After this course, the students will be able to:
		CO1: describe the prescribed English text 'English and
	0	work' that represents vast knowledge of distinct
	2118	cultures, manners, and experiences of various
	49, 2	authors which helps the students to expand their
	M	horizons.
	0, // 15	CO2: develop an understanding of various topics of
10	1/10	grammar like Narration, Conjunctions, etc.
0	11/8/	CO3: correctly use grammar.
2/	1/20/	CO4: developing and improve reading, writing,
10 /1	5 0	speaking, and listening skills.
5 11	12.	CO5: do translation which would be helpful for
76		effective English speaking.
0102/0103	Punjabi/History and	After completing Punjabi course, the students can:
	Culture of Punjab	CO1: 'ਕਥਾ ਕਹਾਣੀ' ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ
		ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਿਥੇ ਕਹਾਣੀਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਅਤੇ ਚਰਨਾ ਸਬੰਧੀ
		<mark>ਸੰਖੇਪ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ </mark> ਉਥ <mark>ੇ ਕਹਾ</mark> ਣੀਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ
1	112	ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੁਆ <mark>ਰਾ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ, ਆਰਥਿਕ ਅ</mark> ਤੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ
	W.	ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਸੂਝ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਕੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਅੰਦਰ ਆਪਣਾ ਬਣਦਾ
	LEI	<mark>ਯੋਗਦਾਨ ਪਾਉਣ ਲਈ ਉਤਸ਼ਾਹਿਤ</mark> ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ
6		<mark>ਰਚਨਾਵਾ ਦੁਆਰਾਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ</mark> ਦੀ ਸੁਹਜ ਤ੍ਰਿਪਤ <mark>ੀ</mark> ਵੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ ।
1	7 7/00	CO2: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸੁਚਨਾ ਹਿੱਤ ਨੋਟਿਸ ਲਿਖ <mark>ਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਭਾ</mark> ਗ ਨੂੰ
9	0.	ਪ <mark>ੜ੍ਹਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ, ਸ</mark> ਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਅਤੇ ਖੇਡ ਖੇਤਰ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜੇ
	114	ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ਉਥੇ ਇ <mark>ਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਮਸਲਿ</mark> ਆਂ ਉੱਪਰ ਖੁਦ
	1011	ਲਿਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਹੋ ਕੇ ਸਮਾ <mark>ਜ ਅੰਦਰ ਘ</mark> ੱਟ ਪੜ੍ਹੇ-ਲਿਖੇ ਜਾ ਅਨਪੜ੍ਹ
	the Man	ਵਰਗ ਦੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀ ਮੱਦਦ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ ।
		CO3: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ, ਮੁਹਾਵਰੇ ਅਤੇ ਅਖਾਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਭਾਗ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹਦੇ
		ਸਮੇਂ ਆਪਣੇ ਖਿੱਤੇ ਦੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜ ਕੇ ਆਪਣੇ

ਅਤੇ ਦੂਸਰੇ ਖਿੱਤਿਆਂ ਦੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੇ ਠੇਠ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਅਤੇ ਸਿੱਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO4: ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ/ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਿਥੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਡੁੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਉੱਥੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਦੇ ਪਿੱਛੇ ਅੰਦਰੂਨੀ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਦੇ ਕਾਰਜਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਹੋਂਦ ਵਿਚ ਆਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ । ਫਿਰ ਸ਼ਬਦਾ ਤੋਂ ਵਾਕ, ਉਪਵਾਕ, ਪੈਰ੍ਹੇ ਅਤੇ ਫਿਰ ਸਮੁੱਚੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਕਿਵੇਂ <mark>ਤਿਆਰ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਿੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ</mark> ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਅਤੇ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ। Punjabi course outcomes translated into English CO1: Through the study of the textbook Katha Kahani where the students get brief information about the life of the storytellers, they are encouraged to contribute to society by gaining insight into the social, economic, and cultural issues through the works of the storytellers. Through these literary works, the students also get aesthetic satisfaction. CO2: Students are aware of issues related to the literary, cultural, and sports fields while reading the information interest note writing section and can write on these issues themselves to help the less educated or illiterate people in society the Ma become capable CO3: Students can understand and learn common Punjabi words of their own and other regions & languages by connecting with the culture and society of their region while reading the Idioms and Phrases section. CO4: While learning/reading grammar, students gain

in-depth knowledge about their mother tongue, and they also gain information about the functions of internal rules behind each word of Punjabi. How each word of the language comes into being. Then how is the sentence, subsentence, paragraph, and whole composition prepared from the word? Studying grammar is essential for learning any language. History and Culture of Punjab After competition of this course, the students will be able to: CO1: describe about first empire of India which was Originated in Punjab i.e. Mauryan empire, its social, economic and religious life. CO2: explain about new religions originated in India in 6th century i.e. Buddhism and Jainism, Their impact and Punjab with special reference to 4th Buddhist Council. CO3: explain about the Kushanas dynasty, impact of Kanishka's rule on Punjab. CO4: explain about the Gandhara School of Art. CO5: explain about the Cultural and Scientific Developments under the Guptas. CO6: explain about the position of women under the Mauryas, Guptas and the Vardhanas. CO7: explain about Depiction of Punjab in the account of chinese travelers, Fahien and When Tsang. CO8: explain about main development in Literature. CO9: describe about education in ancient times and Significant development of Taxila. CO10: explain about social and culture on the eve of The Turkish Invasion of Punjab.

		CO11: explain about Punjabi in the Kitab-ul-Hind of
		Alberuni.
		CO12: explain about important historical places of
		Punjab in an outline map of Punjab.
393	Environment and Road	After the course, the students will be able to:
	Safety Education	CO1: describe about plant and animal distribution
	WIO -	patterns in relation to biotic and biotic factors.
/	5	CO2: explain about essential characteristics underlying
/8	7// 210	Natural ecosystems.
	11/6	CO3: describe about the model population and
~		community-level dynamics.
1	// Fc / 5	CO4: interpret and present ecological results.
10 11	10	CO5: identify Global environmental problems.
5/	65	CO6: explain about Social issues and Environment
Te	15	issue.
	SE	CO7: describe the significance of road safety.
	m	CO8: state about Police-Public relationship, Traffic
111	171	rule and Traffic signs.
	15	CO9: describe about Protective provisions against
	TAOME	domestic and sexual violence.
	Ja Wis	CO10: explain about the Protective laws for women.
	LED	CO11: explain about the problem of drugs abuse.
6	· Com	CO12: describe about the drugs and its effects.
7	2 2/01	CO13: describe about the prevention and management
. 0	0.	of drug abuse.
ELECTIVE SUBJECTS		CTIVE SUBJECTS
0109/0105/	Punjabi/English/Hindi	Punjabi
0108	· Jan	agement
	'ਨਕਸ਼ ਨੁਹਾਰ'	CO1: ਪਾਸ਼- ਚਿੰਨਾ ਤੇ ਸੰਕੇਤਾਂ ਦਾ ਮਾਧਿਅਮ ਬਣਾ ਕੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਜੁਝਾਰੂ
	ਕਾਵਿ	ਵਿਦਰੋਹੀ ਭਾਵਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਉਸਦਾ ਇਹ ਜੀਵਨ ਅਨੁਭਵ ਕ <mark>ੋ</mark> ਮ ਵਿੱਚ
	ਪੁਸਤਕ	ਨਵੀਂ ਸੂਝ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਉਹ ਸਾਮਰਾਜਵਾਦ ਨੂੰ ਅਸਲ ਰੂਪ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੇਸ਼
	<u> </u>	

ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਨਾਂ ਕਿ ਜਬਰ, ਜੁਲਮ ਤੇ ਅਨਿਆਂ ਹੇਠ ਕੁਚਲੀ ਹੋਈ ਜਿੰਦਗੀ ਤੇ ਖੁਸ਼ੀ ਨੂੰ ਲਾਰਿਆਂ ਤੇ ਸੁਪਨਿਆਂ ਹੇਠ ਲਪੇਟਣਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਚਾਹੁੰਦਾ। CO2 ਸੰਤ ਰਾਮ ਉਦਾਸੀ-ਦੇ ਗੀਤ ਤੇ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਦੇਸ਼-ਪਿਆਰ ਤੋ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਸਰਮਾਏਦਾਰੀ, ਜਗੀਰਦਾਰੀ ਦੀ ਲੁੱਟ-ਖਸੁੱਟ ਨੂੰ ਖਤਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਭਾਵ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ ਕੀਤੇ ਹਨ। ਕਵੀ ਕਿਸਾਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਹੱਕ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਇਕੱਠੇ ਹੋ ਕੇ ਹੰਭਲਾਂ ਮਾਰਨ ਲਈ ਕਹਿੰਦਾ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਗਰੀਬ ਕਿਰਤੀ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀ ਦੁਰਦਸ਼ਾ ਭਰੀ ਹਾਲਤ ਨੂੰ ਬਿਆਨ ਕਰਦਿਆਂ ਕ੍ਰਾਤੀਕਾਰੀ ਭਾਵ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ <mark>ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਉਹ ਕ੍</mark>ਰਾਂਤੀ ਲਿਆ ਕੇ ਉਸਦੀ ਮਿਹਨਤ ਦੇ ਮਿੱਠੇ ਫਲ ਦੀ ਰਾਖੀ ਕ<mark>ਰਨ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰ</mark>ਨਾ ਦਿ<mark>ੰਦਾ ਹੈ</mark>। CO3 ਸਰਜੀਤ ਪਾਤ<mark>ਰ-ਕਵੀ ਸੰਘਰਸਸ਼ੀਲ ਰਹਿ ਕੇ ਬੰਦੇ ਨੂੰ ਵਫਾਦਾਰੀ</mark>, <mark>ਕੈਲਾਂ ਤੇ ਇਕਰਾਰਾਂ ਭਰੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਜਿਉਣ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਸ਼ਿਦਤ</mark> ਭਰਿਆ ਜੀਵਨ ਗੁਜਾਰਨ ਦੀ ਸਲਾਹ ਦਿੰਦਾ ਹੈ। <mark>ਮਾਂ ਦੀ ਸੰਵੇਦਨਾਂ</mark> ਨੂੰ ਬਿਆਨ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੋਇਆ ਦੱਸਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਮਾਂ ਆਪਦੇ ਪੁੱ<mark>ਤਰ</mark> ਦੇ ਕਾਗਜਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੀਨੇ ਨਾਲ ਲਾ ਕੇ ਰੱਖਦੀ ਹੈ। CO4 ਜਸਵੰਤ ਦੀਦ-ਕਵੀ ਇਹ ਦੱਸਣ ਦੀ ਕੋਸ਼ਿਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਵਰਤਮਾਨ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਲਈ ਮਾਪਿਆਂ, ਪ੍ਰੇਮਿਕਾ ਤੇ ਪਤਨੀ <mark>ਆਦਿ ਸਭ</mark> ਰਿਸ਼ਤੇ ਕੇਂਦਰਿਤ ਜੀਵਨ ਸਾਹਮਣੇ ਫਿੱਕੇ ਪੈ ਚੁੱਕੇ ਹਨ। <mark>ਕਵੀ ਅਸੰਤੁਲਿਤ</mark> ਜੀਵ<mark>ਨ</mark> ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਿਆਂ ਸੱਚ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਗੁਰੇਜ਼ <mark>ਕ</mark>ਰਦਾ <mark>ਹੈ।</mark> ਵੱਡੇ-ਵਡੇਰਿਆਂ ਦੂਆਰਾ ਰਸਮਾਂ-ਰੀ<mark>ਤਾਂ ਤੇ ਅੰਧ-ਵਿਸ਼ਵਾਸਾਂ</mark> ਵਿੱ<mark>ਚ ਬੰ</mark>ਨੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੇ ਵਰਤਾਰੇ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਉਦਾਸੀਨ<mark>ਤਾ ਦੇ ਭਾਵ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ</mark> ਤੇ ਅਗਲੀਆਂ ਪੀੜ੍ਹੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਤੋ ਮੁਕਤ <mark>ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਕੋਸ਼ਿਸ਼</mark> ਕਰ<mark>ਦਾ ਹੈ।</mark> CO5 ਨਵਤੇਜ ਭਾਰਤੀ- ਕਵੀ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਨੂੰ ਹਮੇਸ਼ਾ ਤੁਰਦੇ ਰਹਿਣ, ਵੇਖਦੇ <mark>ਰਹਿਣ ਤੇ ਪਿਆਰ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਰੇਂ ਨੂੰ ਚ</mark>ਲਦੇ ਰੱਖਣ ਦੀ ਇੱਛਾ ਬਣਾਈ ਰੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਤਿਆਰ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਕਵੀ <mark>ਮਨੁੱਖ</mark> ਦੀ ਅ<mark>ਸੰਤੁਸ਼ਟ ਮਾਨਸਿਕ ਅਵਸਥਾ ਨੂੰ</mark> ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ er the Ma <mark>ਹੈ। ਉਹ ਹਮੇਸ਼ਾ</mark> ਪੰਛੀ ਬਣਨਾ ਲੋਚਦਾ ਹੈ। ਉਹ ਪਰਮਾਤਮਾ ਤੋਂ ਮਨੁੱਖੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਮ-ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਮੇਲ ਮਿਲਾਪ ਦੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੀ ਮੰਗ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। CO6 ਸੁਖਵਿੰਦਰ ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤ- ਕਵਿਤਰੀ ਕਹਿੰਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਜਦੋਂ ਉਸਦੀ ਦੁਨਿਆਵੀ ਬਹਿਸ ਨਾਂ ਮੁੱਕੀ ਤਾਂ ਉਸਨੇ ਗੱਲ ਹੀ ਮੁਕਾ ਦਿੱਤੀ। ਉਹ ਮੁੰਹ ਮੋੜਨ ਤੇ ਇਕਰਾਰ ਤੋੜਨ ਨਾਲੋਂ ਤਾਂ ਮੌਤ ਨੂੰ ਤਰਜੀਹ ਦਿੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਕੱਲ ਉਹ ਪੇਕੇ ਘਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਰਾਈ ਸੀ ਤੇ ਅੱਜ ਸਹੂਰੇ ਘਰ ਵੀ ਪਰਾਈ ਹੈ, ਬੇਗਾਨੀ ਧੀ ਹੈ। ਉਸਨੇ ਭਾਰਤੀ ਸਮਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੁੜੀਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਹੋ ਕੇ ਵਿਤਕਰੇ, ਅਨਿਆਂ ਤੇ

ਨਾਵਲ 'ਬਲਚ ਦੀਵੇ′ ਲੇਖਿਕਾ-ਰਜੀਆ ਨੂਰ ਮੂਹੰਮਦ

ਧੱਕੇ ਦਾ ਜਿਤਕ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ। ਕਵਿਤਰੀ ਚਾਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਕੁੜੀਆਂ ਵਿਰੁੱਧ ਰਵੱਈਆ ਬੰਦ ਹੋਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ।

CO7 ਦਰਸ਼ਨ ਬੁਲੰਦਵੀ- ਕਵੀ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਆਪਣੇ ਪਿਛੋਕੜ ਨਾਲੋਂ ਟੁੱਟਦਾ ਜਾ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਵਿਛੋੜੇ ਦੀ ਜ਼ਹਿਰ ਨੂੰ ਲਗਾਤਾਰ ਪੀਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਜੀਵਨ ਜਿਊਣ ਅਤੇ ਲੋੜਾਂ ਪੂਰੀਆਂ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਸਦੀਵੀ ਸੰਘਰਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਨਾਂ ਸੰਦਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਸਖਤ ਮਿਹਨਤ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੋਇਆ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਪਿੱਠ ਉੱਤੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਜਿਊਣ ਦਾ ਭਾਰ ਚੁੱਕੀ ਫਿਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਹਨਾਂ ਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਛੁਟਕਾਰਾ ਪਾਉਣਾ ਸੌਖਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਤੇ ਉਹ ਦਿਨੋ ਦਿਨ ਪਿੰਜਰੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਘੁੱਟਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਕੰਮ ਵਾਲੇ ਹੱਥ ਵਗਦੇ ਪਾਣੀ ਉਪਰ ਲਿੱਖ ਕੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਰਚਾ ਦਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ।

CO8 ਜਸਵਿੰਦਰ- ਕਵੀ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਉਸਨੇ ਸੌ ਮੁਖੌਟੇ ਪਹਿਨ ਕੇ ਪਾਰਦਰਸ਼ੀ ਰਹਿਣ ਦੇ ਜਿੰਨੇ ਦੁੱਖ ਜਰੇ ਹਨ, ਉਹ ਹੀ ਜਾਣਦਾ ਹੈ। ਜਿੰਦਗੀ ਖੁਸ਼ੀਆਂ ਤੇ ਗਮੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਸੁਮੇਲ ਹੈ। ਅਸਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਉਹ ਪੱਤੇ ਸਮਾਨ ਹੈ, ਉਹ ਔੜਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਵੀਡਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਮੀਹਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਵੀ। ਸਮਾਜ ਇਕ ਮਾਰੂਥਲ ਹੈ ਦੂਜੋ ਪਾਸੇ ਪ੍ਰੇਮਿਕਾ ਰੂਪ ਇਕੱਲੀ ਨਦੀ ਹੈ। ਮਨੁੱਖ ਜਿਧਰ ਵੀ ਤੁਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਬਹਿਸਾਂ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਪਰ ਕਿਸੇ ਦਿਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਮੋਹ ਦੇ ਬੀਜ ਨਹੀਂ ਬੀਜਦੇ ਸਗੋਂ ਗੁਆ ਕੇ ਹੀ ਆਉਂਦੇ ਹਨ। ਕੋਈ ਕ੍ਰਾਂਤੀਕਾਰੀ ਹੀਲਾ ਹੀ ਇਸ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਤੋਂ ਛੁੱਟਕਾਰਾ ਪੁਆ ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ।

CO9 ਸੁਖਪਾਲ- ਕਵੀ ਅਨੁਸਾਰ ਦੀਵੇਂ ਦੇ ਬਲਣ ਨਾਲ ਅੰਦਰ ਚਾਨਣਾ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ਪ੍ਰੰਤੂ ਉਹ ਬਾਹਰ ਨੂੰ ਤੁਰ ਪੈਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਬੁੱਲਾਂ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਦੀਵੇ ਦੀ ਸਲਾਮਤੀ ਲਈ ਅਰਦਾਸ ਨਿਕਲਦੀ ਹੈ। ਅਸੀਂ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਨੇ ਜਾਣ-ਬੁੱਝ ਕੇ ਆਪਣੇ ਆਪ ਨੂੰ ਛੋਟਾ ਕਰ ਲਿਆ ਕਿ ਪੱਛਮੀ ਲੋਕ ਸਾਡੇ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਡੇ ਹਨ। ਇਕ ਮਾਂ ਹੀ ਹੈ ਜੋ ਕਿ ਸਾਡੀ ਹਰ ਲੋੜ ਨੂੰ ਬਿਨਾਂ ਦੱਸਿਆਂ ਸਮਝਦੀ ਹੈ। ਕਵੀ ਦੇ ਚਿੱਤੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਗਿਆਨ ਦੇਣ ਦੀ ਕੋਸ਼ਿਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਕਵੀ ਪੰਜ ਤੱਤਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਛੇਵੇ ਤੱਤ ਦੀ ਭਾਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੈ।

CO1: ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਜਿਥੇ ਡਾ. ਸਲੀਮ ਵਰਗੇ ਨੌਜਵਾਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਮਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਪਣੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਖਾਸ ਕਰਕੇ ਪੇਂਡੂ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਤੇ ਇਥੋਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਕੁੜੀਆਂ ਲਈ ਨਫਰਤ ਅਤੇ ਪੱਛਮੀ ਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਦੀ ਅਮੀਰੀ ਤੇ ਨੀਲੀਆਂ ਅੱਖਾਂ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਗੋਰੀਆਂ ਕੁੜੀਆਂ ਲਈ ਖਿੱਚ ਦੇ ਖੋਖਲੇਪਨ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ।

CO2 ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਾਕਿਸਤਾਨੀ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਬੰਧ, ਨੌਜਵਾਨਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਭਾਵਨਾਵਾਂ, ਜਾਗੀਰਦਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰੰਬਧ ਔਰਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਬੇਕਦਰੀ ਭਰੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ,

ਆਮ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੇ ਸ਼ੋਸ਼ਣ ਅਤੇ ਪਾਕਿਸਤਾਨ ਦੇ ਆਮ ਪੇਂਡੂ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਯਥਾਰਥਕ, ਮਨੋਵਿਗਿਆਨਕ ਤੇ ਸਜੀਵ ਝਲਕ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। CO3 ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦੀ ਲੇਖਿਕਾ ਦੇ ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦੇ ੳਦੇਸ਼ ਬਾਰੇ ਸਪਸ਼ਟ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਨੋਜਾਵਾਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਮਨਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੇਂਡੂ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਤੇ ਸੁਝ-ਬੁਝ ਬਾਰੇ ਤ੍ਰਿਸਕਾਰ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਭਰੀ ਹੋਈ ਹੈ।ਸਦੀਕਾ ਤੇ ਜ਼ਰੀਨਾ ਵਰਗੀ ਵਫਾਦਾਰੀ ਤੇ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਬਿਲਕੁਲ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੁੰਦੀ।ਇਸ ਕਰਕੇ ਨੌਜਵਾਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੱਛਮੀ ਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਦੀ ਚਕਾਚੌਂਧ ਤੇ ਕੜੀਆਂ ਪਿੱਛੇ ਨਹੀਂ ਭੱਜਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ। <mark>CO4 ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦਾ ਕਥਾਨਕ</mark> ਪਾਕਿਸਤਾਨ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਲਿਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। ਇਸ <mark>ਵਿੱਚ ਵਾਪਰਨ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਘਟਨਾਵਾਂ ਬੜੀਆਂ</mark> <mark>ਯਥਾਰਥਕ ਤੇ ਕਦਰਤੀ ਹਨ। ਇਹ ਸਾਰੀਆਂ ਘਟਨਾਵਾਂ ਚਾਰ</mark> ਕ ਮਹੀਨਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਾਪਰਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ। CO5 ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦੇ ਪਾਤਰ ਪਾ<mark>ਕਿਸਤਾਨ ਦੇ ਆਮ</mark> ਪੇਂ<mark>ਡੂ ਸ</mark>ਮਾਜਿਕ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਏ ਗਏ ਹਨ, ਇਹ ਸਾਰੇ ਪਾਤਰ ਕਦਰਤੀ ਤੇ ਜਿੳਂਦੇ ਜਾਗਦੇ ਹਨ। ਚਰਿਤਰ ਚਿਤਰਨ ਲਈ ਲੇਖਿਕਾ <mark>ਨੇ</mark> ਕਾਫੀ ਮਨੋਵਿਗਿਆਨਕ ਸੂਝ ਬੂਝ ਤੋਂ ਕੰਮ ਲਿਆ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਇਨਾਂ ਦੀ ਆਪਸੀ ਵਾਰਤਾਲਪ ਬੜੀ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵਸ਼ਾਲੀ ਹੈ। ਇਹ <mark>ਨਾਵਲ ਪੜ੍ਹ</mark>ਨ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੂਰਬੀ ਤੇ ਪੱਛਮੀ ਪੰ<mark>ਜਾਬ ਦੀ ਕਾ</mark>ਫੀ ਸੋਝੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO6 ਇਸ ਨਾਵ<mark>ਲ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਨਿੱਕੇ ਨਿੱਕੇ, ਭਾ</mark>ਵਪੂਰਕ, ਸੁਆਦਲੇ ਤੇ ਰਸ <mark>ਭਰੇ</mark> ਵਾਰਤਾਲ<mark>ਾਪਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਭਰਪੁਰ ਹੈ। ਵਿਦਿ</mark>ਆਰਥੀਂ ਇਸ ਵਾਰਤਾਲਾਪ ਰਾਹੀ ਯਥਾਰਥ, ਮਨੋਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਤੇ ਰੁਮਾਂਸ ਭਰੇ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਖੂਬ ਮਾਣਦੇ ਹਨ। CO7 ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਬੜੀ ਸਰਲ,ਸਾਦੀ ਤੇ <mark>ਮਨੋਵਿਗਿਆਨਕ ਹੈ। ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਮੁੱਖ ਤੌਰ</mark> ਤੇ ਬਿਆਨੀਆ ਵ<mark>ੀ ਹੈ</mark>, ਪਰ ਉਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਰਨਣੀ ਤੇ ਨਾਟਕੀ ਅੰਸ਼ ਵੀ ਹੈ। the Mai CO8 ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦਾ ਸਿਰਲੇਖ 'ਬਲਦੇ ਦੀਵੇ' ਢੱਕਵਾਂ ਤੇ ਫੱਬਵਾਂ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਦਾ ਸਿਰਲੇਖ ਇਸਦੇ ਉਦੇਸ਼ ਉੱਤੇ ਅਧਾਰਿਤ ਹੈ। ਸਾਹਿਤਿਕ ਦ੍ਸ਼ਟੀਕੋਣ ਤੋਂ ਨਾਵਲ ਲੇਖਿਕਾ ਦੀ ਇਹ ਰਚਨਾ ਪਾਕਿਸਤਾਨੀ ਨਾਵਲ <mark>ਸਾਹਿਤ ਵਿੱਚ ਇਕ ਵਿਲੱਖਣ</mark> ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤੀ ਹੈ। CO1: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਦੀ ਮਢਲੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ, ਆਧਨਿਕ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਕਾਲ 1901 ਈ:ਤੋਂ ਹਣ ਤੱਕ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦਾ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਨਾਲ ਸਾਂਝੀ ਕੀਤੀ

(1901-2000)CO2 ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਗਲਪ ਦੇ ਜਨਮ ਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ, ਕਾਵਲ ਤੇ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਆਧਨਿਕ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਚੇਤਕਤਾ ਪੱਛਮੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵਾਂ ਦੀ ਉਪਜ ਹੈ। ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਦੇ ਜਨਮ ਦਾਤਾਂ ਹਨ, ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਆਂ ਨੰ ਨਾਵਲ ਤੇ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਪੜਨ ਦੀ ਲਗਨ ਪੈਦਾਂ ਕੀਤੀ। Translation in English CO1: Pash presents his rebellious thoughts through the Nakash medium of signs and symbols. His life Nuhar experience creates new understanding in the Poetry community. He presents imperialism in its real Book form and he does not want to wrap the life and happiness which is crushed under coercion, oppression, injustice, false promises and dreams. CO2: In addition to the patriotism, Sant Ram Udasi has expressed the desire to end the exploitation of capitalism and feudalism. The poet exhorts the farmers to unite and fight for their rights and expressing a revolutionary sentiment he describes the plight of the poor hard-working people. He inspires them to protect the sweet fruits of his labour. CO3: Sarjit Patar- Poet advises a person that instead of living a life of loyalty and promises, he has to live a life full of devotion. Describing the feelings of the mother, he tells that the mother the Mai keeps the papers of her son close to her chest. CO4: Jaswant Deed- Poet tries to tell that all relationships that include parents, girlfriend and wife etc. have faded for a present man in front self-centred life. The poet refrains from presenting the truth while portraying an unbalanced life. He expresses his unhappiness

for the society that is tied to rituals and superstitions by ancestors and tries to liberate the next generations from it. CO5: Navtej Bharti - The poet prepares a man that he Should keep walking, watching and loving others. The poet presents the unsatisfied mental state of man. He always wanted to be a bird. He asks God for words of human love and reconciliation. CO6: Sukhwinder Amrit- The poetess says that when Her worldly debate had not stopped, she stopped talking. She prefers death than turning away and breaking the promise. She says that she remains a foreigner because when she was in her paternal house she was considered stranger and today she lives in her in-law's house but the situation has not changed. She discusses the injustice and discrimination meted out to women in the Indian society. Poetess wants that this sort of attitude against girls should come to end. CO7: Darshan Bulandavi- According to the poet, man is getting separated from his background and continuously drinks the poison of separation. He wages eternal struggle to live life and fulfill his needs. Man roams around carrying the weight of the Mai his life on his back. It is not easy to get rid of these situations and he feels choked and suffocated in a cage every day. Hard-working people create history by writing on water. CO8: Jaswinder- According to poet, only he knows the pains he has endured by wearing a hundred masks to remain transparent. Life is a

combination/mixture of happiness and sorrows. In fact, he is like a leaf, he is afraid of droughts and heavy rainfall. Society is a desert and on the other side there is a lonely river in the form of a girlfriend. People argue wherever they go, but they do not sow the seeds of attachment in any heart, rather they return after losing everything. Only a revolutionary effort can get rid of this situation. CO9: Sukhpal- According to the poet, when the lamp is lit, there is light inside, but it goes outside. Lips pray for the safety of the lamp. We have deliberately depreciated ourselves by thinking that Westerners are superior to us. Mother is the only one who understands our every need without expressing it. The poet also tries to give knowledge to the double-minded people. Apart from the five elements, the poet is in search of the sixth element. English CO1: comprehend theoretical devices used in English literature. CO2: read, analyze and write about a text independently. CO3: show skills to write clearly, coherently, and cohesively. CO4: detect errors and correct them. CO5: do paragraph writing for effective English Writing. CO6: use grammar and English communication skills accurately in various contexts. Hindi

	T	
	कवितालोक (काव्य-पुस्तक)	r विद्यार्थी मीराबाई के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
	r मीरा बाई	r विद्यार्थी मीराबाई के पदों यह सीखेंगे कि अपने आराध्य की भिक्त
	r तुलसीदास	के लिए प्रेम और विशुद्ध मन की आवश्यकता होती है। वे यह समझेंगे कि ईश्वर भक्त के मन की भावना को देखकर उस पर अपना
6	r गिरिधर कविराय	प्रेम बरसाता है। ईश्वर को प्राप्त करने के लिए समर्पण परमावश्यक है।
25	1	r विद्यार्थी तुलसीदास के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
10/	5	r विद्यार्थी तुलसीदास की रचनाओं के माध्यम से उनकी राम भिक्त
E'	S	से परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। विद्यार्थी तुलसीदास की रचनाओं के माध्यम से विविध मानवीय मूल्यों और नीति-आदर्शों का ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे। तुलसी के राम के सुखी और सहज जीवन जीने की कला से विद्यार्थी
	(型)	परिचित होकर लाभ प्राप्त करेंगे।
	12	r विद्यार्थी गिरिधर राय के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
Uno	MIED	r विद्यार्थी गिरिधर राय की विभिन्न कुण्डलियों के माध्यम से नीति और लोक व्यवहार सीखने का प्रयास करेंगे। लोक-व्यवहार और नीतिपरक लोक-परम्पराओं का ज्ञान प्राप्त करके विद् <mark>यार्थी</mark> सहज जीवन जीने की कला सीख पाएंगे।
	the Man	r विद्यार्थी उपन्यास के माध्यम से समाज और जीवन की विविध समस्याओं से अवगत होंगे और उन समस्याओं के समाधान के लिए प्रेरित होंगे। उनमें समस्या-समाधान की क्षमता विकसित होगी।
		3

	झांसी की रानी	r झांसी की रानी उपन्यास श्री वृन्दावन लाल वर्मा का एक ऐतिहासिक उपन्यास है। विद्यार्थी क्त्भ्स्त्र के स्वतंत्रता संग्राम की प्रसिद्ध वीरांगणा लक्ष्मीबाई की चारित्रिक विशेषताओं का ज्ञान प्राप्त करने के साथ-
	(उपन्यास)	साथ उन परिस्थितियों का ज्ञान भी प्राप्त करेंगे जिनके कारण यह संग्राम
	या ग्रह	विफल होकर पूरी तरह अंग्रेजों के अधीन हो गया था।
	Mio	r विद्यार्थी इसके माध्यम से फल/परिणाम की चिन्ता किये बिना कर्म
/		का महत्व जान पाएंगे। विद्यार्थी यह जान पाएंगे कि योजनाबद्ध कार्य
20	1/20	के द्वारा ही लक्ष्य को प्राप्त किया जा सकता है।
Hat	Se S	r विद्यार्थी यह जान पाएंगे कि कैसे सीमित साधनों के होते हुए भी उन साधनों का समयानुकूल उपयोग आपके श्रम को सफल बना सकता है। वे समझ पाएंगे कि एकता की ताकत किसी भी कार्य को सरल-सुगम बना सकती है।
	S	Museum I I
	हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास	r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
111	171	r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के सृजन की पृष्ठभूमि और साहित्यिक
	r भिितकाल	मान्याया हिन्दा साहर्त्य या सुर्वा या पृथ्वनूनि जार साहर्रिय
//		प्रवृतियों को समझने में सक्षम होंगे।
	LEI	r विद्यार्थी साहित्य के माध्यम से जीवन-मूल्यों और जीवन-दर्शन को
4	The same	समझने का प्रयास करेंगे।
70	the Man	r भिक्तकाल की राजनैतिक, सामाजिक, धार्मिक, आर्थिक परिस्थितियों, साहित्यिक प्रवृतियों, कबीर, नानक, जायसी, सूरदास, तुलसीदास, मीरा आदि संत-भक्त किवयों की रचनाओं से परिचित होकर विद्यार्थी भिक्तकाल के साहित्य के विषय में समुचित ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे और इस काल-खण्ड के साहित्य की निर्माण प्रक्रिया को समझने में सक्षम होंगे।

		r हिन्दी उपन्यास विधा की शास्त्रीय पद्धित से विद्यार्थियों का परिचय
	समीक्षा सिद्धांत	कराया जाएगा। समीक्षा सिद्धांत के महत्व को प्रतिपादित किया
		जाएगा।
	r हिन्दी उपन्यास	
	-118	r हिन्दी उपन्यास की परिभाषा, उपन्यास के विविध तत्व और
	19 2	उपन्यास के बहु-आयामी वर्गीकरण से विद्यार्थियों को परिचित
	Mi	कराया जाएगा।
4	0. // 0	KH ATT
10	11/1, 2"	r शुद्ध भाषा लिखने एक कला है। अतः यह आवश्यक है कि प्रत्येक
(8)	व्यावहारिक व्याकरण	वाक्य को शुद्ध रूप में पढ़ा/लिखा जाए। उसके लिए व्याकरण का
2/	//An'/	ज्ञान और अत्त्यास परमावश्यक है।
165	r मुहावरे <mark>/लोकोिvतयां</mark>	
5 11	70.	 r विद्यार्थी मुहावरे/लोकोक्तियों <mark>के ज्ञान और</mark> अत्त्यास से यह जान
R. I	r अनुच्छेद लेखन	 पाएंगे कि कैसे कोई वा∨ <mark>याँश सामान्य अर्थ के</mark> स्थान पर विशेष अर्थ
2.	(0)	का बोध करता है। इनके उचित प्रयोग से भाषा को प्रभावशाली बनाया
	r निजी पत्र-लेखन	जा सकता है।
	The reference of	3K / =
111	r पारिभाषिक शब्दावली	r अनुच्छेद और निजी पत्र-लेखन से विद् <mark>या</mark> र्थी अपने लेखन-कौशल
1	12	को निखार सकेंगे और भविष्य में इस कौशल को वे अपने व्यावसायिक
	1 Ou	जीवन में इस्तेमाल कर पाएंगे।
	12 TE	OF SERVE
		r पारिभाषिक शब्दावली का ज्ञान प्राप्त कर विद्यार्थी यह जान पाएंगे
9	y m	कि विविध कार्यालयों में हिन्दी की पारिभाषिक शब्दावली का सटीक
0	् रावा	प्रयोग कैसे किया जाता है और इसकी आवश्यक्ता एवं उपयोगिता
	Tree.	क्या है।
	hon	15.
	History	agament o'
0125	(History of India	After completion of this course, the students will be
	1200-1750 A.D)	able to:
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CO1: explain about the establishment of Turkish rule
		Under Muizzuddin of Ghor, Consolidation under

		Iltutmish and Balban.
		CO2: describe about the Khalji Dynasty, their
		administration, Agrarian and market reforms of
	0	Alauddin Khilji.
	15	CO3: explain about the Tughlaqs i.e. Muhammad Bin
	1149	Tughlaq's administrative experiments and its
	WIO -	impact, Feroz Shah Tughlaq's administrative and
	5111	economic reforms.
	9//50	CO4: state the Vijaynagar Kingdom, it's establishment,
~	11/16	Administration and Economics.
.01	11/20	CO5: state the Formation of the Mughal Empire, it's
2 /	1/20/	Political condition of India on the eve of Babur's
10 //	5/	Invasion conquests and Courses of his Success.
I	25	CO6: describe about the Afghans, establishment of
1:6	3	Afghan pow <mark>er under Sher Shah S</mark> uri,
	S	administrative reforms.
		CO7: explain about the Central, Provincial
1,1	1 7	Administration and land revenue system of the
111	121	Mughal period Mansabdari system and Jagirdari
	12	System.
	1 Ou	CO8: explain about the Decline of the Mughal Empire.
	ZEL	CO9: explain about the Rise of the Marathas, conquests
		of Shivaji and his administration.
9	y m	CO10: describe about Evolution and main features of
10	7197	Bhakti movement and Sufism.
	Tree.	CO11: state the Important historical places of medieval
	Cha.	India, Extent of Empire under Alauddin
	Man	Khalji and Mughal Empire in 1707.
	Mathematics	agemen
MAT-0145	(Solid Geometry)	After completing the course, students will be able
WIA1-0143	(Sond Ocomeny)	
		to:
		CO1: describe the concept of transformation of

	<u> </u>	· a r
		axes in three dimensions.
		CO2: analyze Sphere and its properties, power of
		point with respect to Sphere, coaxial family of
		spheres, limiting points.
		CO3: differentiate Cylinder, Ellipse, Parabola,
	1149	Hyperbolic Cylinder and Enveloping cylinder and
	10	their various properties.
	500	CO4: describe Cone, homogeneous equation of
/	9//5	Second degree in three variables, Right Circular
10	11/10	and Enveloping cones.
101	11/8/	CO5: solve problems regarding Paraboloids, plane
2 /	1/20/	sections of conicoids, generating lines and
10 /1	5/0	reduction of second degree equations.
MAT-0146	(Calculus-II)	After completing the course, students will be able
7.6	1 5	to:
	S	CO1: demonstrate concepts of Concavity, Convexity,
	1 111	Points of Inflexion and Asymptotes.
	1 % 1	CO2: analyze Curvature and Radius of Curvature in
111	12	Polar and Cartesian coordinates.
11	112	CO3: solve problems regarding the concept of Evolute,
	Our.	Involute and Chord of Curvature.
	1 VEI	CO4: analyze and find Integral of Hyperbolic and
1		Inverse Hyperbolic Functions.
5	7 25	CO5: find out the integration of functions using
0	1191	Trapezoidal, Simpson and Prismoidal rules.
1	Trans	CO6: differentiate the concepts of Summation of
	no .	Series, Quadrature, Rectification, Volumes and
	Man	Surfaces of Solids of Revolution.
MAT-0147	(Theory of Equations)	After completing the course, students will be able
		to:
		CO1: apply Euclid Algorithm, synthetic division.
		CO2: describe the relationship between Roots and
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

_		
		Coefficients of Equations using Virge Vieta
		method.
		CO3: describe the concept of Transformation of
		Matrices, calculate number of Real and Complex
	C	roots using Descarte's rule of signs.
	1149	CO4: find the Solutions of Cubic equations by using
	10	Cardon Method and Biquadratic equations by
	500	using Descarte and Ferrari method.
//	Agriculture	24 dis-
0115	(Agricultural Economics	After the course, the students will be able to:
~ 0/	and Agronomy)	CO1: explain about agricultural banking, agricultural
E	//C'/	loans – Its various types, repayment mode, form
10 11	10	filling for agricultural loans.
5.11	65	CO2: explain about National policy for agricultural
I.	15	loans.
	SE	CO3: state about the agriculture credit cards.
	m	CO4: state the fundamentals of land measurements and
111	171	land revenue.
	1151	CO5: explain about various legal aspects of import and
	1120	export of raw crop and crop products.
	Jan Win	CO6: explain about quarantine laws.
	LED	CO7: describe the fundamentals of agricultural
0		Economics, Psychological pressure on farmer
200	2701	and villagers of different classes.
9	0.	CO8: get skilled in the methods of storage of
	14	vegetables, fruits, grains at local and large level.
	10 11	Vegetable and fruit preservation.
	the Man	CO9: read about soil types, management, improvement
		and amendments.
		CO10: explain about the soil testing. Fundamental of
		fertilizers and manures, Important fertilizers
		and their uses and Nitrogen fixation.

0195	Retail Marketing	The students who successfully complete this course will be able to:
		CO1: identify the core concepts of marketing and
		understand the needs of the customer.
	0	CO2: apply the company orientation towards the
	4 718	market and also evaluate the market.
	119.	CO3: analyze and categorize segmentation, targeting
	SW	and positioning of the product and the consumer.
	9//55	CO4: explain what marketing means to business
Ko	11/40	executives and academics.
(0)	11/8	CO5: analyze the consumer behavior and can
2 /	//20/	recognize the different steps in buying decision
10	15/	process.
II	6	CO6: apply the essentials for successful implementation
To	1 3	of service management.
	Computer Science	THE STATE OF THE S
CS03	(Operating System Concepts)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
	12	CO1: explain how Operating System is important for
	112	Computer System.
	all our	CO2: describe the different types of Operating System
	LEI	and their services.
6		CO3: explain the process management, concurrent
3	7 242	processes and threads.
9	0.	CO4: handle deadlock and work on it.
,	1 11	CO5: describe about Memory Management: Logical and
	170 11	Physical memory, Segmentation, various
	Man	paging algorithms.
CS04	(C Programming)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
		CO1: explain the basic terminology used in computer
		Programming.

		,
		CO2: write, compile and debug programs in C language
		CO3: use different data types in a computer program
		CO4: design programs involving decision structures,
		loops, arrays and strings.
	C	CO5: describe about the various types of Functions and
	1149	String handling mechanisms.
	100	CO6: explain the difference between call by value and
	300	call by reference.
PCS02	(Practical Based on Paper CS04)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
10)	11/4/	CO1: read, understand and trace the execution of
2/	/AS'	programs written in C language.
K) /	5	CO2: implement programs using operators, data types,
5 11	12.	Decision, Loop, Case Control Statements.
R. II		CO3: design programs involving arrays, strings,
20	S	pointers, functions and implement the dynamics
	四	of memory by the use of pointers
0138	Physical Education	After the course, students will be able to:
	15	CO1: describe about Anatomy and Physiology of
1	11.2	huma <mark>n body.</mark>
	W.	CO2: explain about different body parts, its mechanism
	LEI	and its developing exercises.
6		CO3: follow the proper Rules, Judgment and Skills of
3	2 2100	Track and Field events.
9	0.	CO4: maintain proper Health and active life style and
	the Man	know about Health problems in India.
	1011	CO5: use the different therapy processes.
	Man	CO6: apply first aid.
		CO7: describe about components of physical
		education.
		CO8: describe about Olympic, Asians and Common
		Wealth games.

	Fashion Designing	
0179	(Fabric Study and	After the course the students will be able to:
	Design Concept)	CO1: describe about Fibers and their properties.
	0	CO2: explain about yarn size and properties.
	117	CO3: explain about the concept of Principles and
	21 99	Elements of art
	MIG	CO4: get skilled in different dyes and printing
/	5	techniques.
	9// 20	24 A 2 A 2 A 2 A 2 A 2 A 2 A 2 A 2 A 2 A
	(Basic Construction	CO1: get skilled in various seams and seams finishes.
~ 0/	Techniques and Sketching Practical for	CO2: do fancy and traditional embroidery stitches.
7	Sem 1 and 2 annual)	CO 3: figure sketching.
10 /	10	CO 4: draft and construct garments.
311	Economics	7
0110	5	A frag completing this course students will be able to
0118	(Macro Economics)	After completing this course, students will be able to:
	l iii l	CO2: explain the macro approach to the economy.
	17	CO2: recall the theory of trade cycles and different
	12	phases of trade cycles.
	112	CO3: analyze the theory of employment, multiplier and
	all our	acceleration.
	LEI	CO4: describe the theory of trade cycle, and explain
		various phases of trade cycle.
5	7 25	CO5: State the Concept of inflation, deflation and
0	1917	stagflation.
	Tre.	CO6: explain the working of money market, banking
	cha.	and financial system.
	the Man	CO7: describe economic planning, RBI and functions of
	ंपा।	RBI, various tools of monetary policy and fiscal
	100	policy.
		CO8: differentiate the role of commercial banks and
		central bank in Indian economy.
		CO9: distinguish monetary and fiscal policies and

		various tools used in these policies.
MUV0132	Music (Vocal)	On Completion of this course students would be able to:
		CO1: develop the ability to sing basic Alankaars, they
		will be introduced to Drut khayal and Vilambit
	1149	khayal which is the most important and popular
	WO -	form of Hindustani Vocal Music.
	SIL	CO2: perform as an artist in Hindustani Music after
	9//50	having understood the basic concepts like Laya,
100	11/16	Taal, Aalap, etc.
~0/	11/20	CO3: observe great contribution of Pt. Vishnu
2	1/20/	Digambar Paluskar and they will be able to read
10 //	10	and write compositions by studying notation
II	6	system created by the legends.
I.	5	CO4: identify Musical terms like Study of Naad,
	2	knowledge of Bhatkhande Thaat system, Maatra,
	iii l	Avartan, Sam, Tali, Kha <mark>li</mark> , Vib <mark>h</mark> ag, Aroh and
	17	Avaroh.
0135	Political Science	017 /3/
	(Political Theory II)	After the course, the students can:
	Ja Win	CO1: describe the concept of state, nation and civil
	LED	society.
0		CO2: explain the elements and factors of state and
72	2701	nation.
9	0.	CO3: explain the meaning sovereignty, types and
	14	characteristics.
	or the Man	CO4: analyze critically the theories of monism and
	wan.	pluralism.
		CO5: explain about the origin of the concepts such as
		Law, power, authority, and legitimacy.
		CO6: state the forms of government in various
		countries and their working pattern.

		CO7: compare with procedure of various social institutions and government institutions. CO8: analyze the meaning of organs of government and theory of separation of power.
	1 40	SEMESTER-III
	-4/10	ULSORY SUBJECTS
0201	English	After completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: differentiate between the genres like poetry, story and essay. CO2: comprehend the poems critically. CO3: read the texts analytically like their themes, characters and situations. CO4: improve and develop his/her reading and writing skills through Note-making. CO5: write correct sentences through Punctuation and use of Non-finite verb. CO6: transform one type of sentence into other type of sentences through transformation of sentences.
0203/0204	Punjabi/History and Culture of Punjab	After Punjabi course, students can: CO1: 'ਪੰਜ-ਆਬ' ਪਾਠ-ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਅਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਵਿਰਸੇ ਦੀਆਂ ਡੂੰਘਾਈਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਬਹੁਤ ਨੇੜੇ ਤੋਂ ਪਛਾਨਣ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਲੋਕ-ਵਿਰਸੇ ਅਤੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਜੜ੍ਹਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜਦੇ ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਦੂਸਰਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵੀ ਜੋੜਨ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ। CO2: ਦਫਤਰੀ, ਵਪਾਰਕ, ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਚਿੱਠੀ-ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖਣ ਸਮੇਂ ਜਿਥੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ, ਉਥੇ ਲੋੜ ਪੈਣ ਤੇ ਅਜਿਹੇ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਹੱਲ ਕਰਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਕਿਸ ਅਧਿਕਾਰੀ ਤੱਕ ਪਹੁੰਚ ਕਰਨੀ ਹੈ ਆਦਿ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਗ੍ਰਹਿਣ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ।

er the Mar

CO3: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਭਾਗ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਨਿਕਾਸ, ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਅਜੋਕੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਨੂੰ ਮਸਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਦੂਸਰੀਆਂ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧ ਅਤੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੀ ਅਹਿਮੀਅਤ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਇਸ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੀ ਅਜੋਕੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਰਖਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਇਸ ਦੀ ਹੋਂਦ ਨੂੰ ਬਚਾਈ ਰੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਯਤਨਸ਼ੀਲ ਰਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ।

CO4: ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ/ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਿਥੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਡੂੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਉੱਥੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਦੇ ਪਿੱਛੇ ਅੰਦਰੂਨੀ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਦੇ ਕਾਰਜਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਹੋਂਦ ਵਿਚ ਆਉਦਾ ਹੈ । ਫਿਰ ਸ਼ਬਦਾ ਤੋਂ ਵਾਕ, ਉਪਵਾਕ, ਪੈਰ੍ਹੇ ਅਤੇ ਫਿਰ ਸਮੁਚੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਤਿਆਰ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਿੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਅਤੇ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ ।

Punjabi Course outcomes translated into English
CO1: Through studying the Panj-Aab textbook, students
can get to know and understand the depth
of Punjabi culture and heritage of Punjab very
closely. Students connect with their roots through
heritage and culture and can connect with others.

CO2: While writing letters about office, commercial, social, and cultural issues, where students can understand the above issues, they acquire information about which authority to approach when solving such issues if necessary.

CO3: Students can understand the origin and development of mother tongue Punjabi while studying the section related to the Punjabi language. They can understand the relationship of

the Punjabi language with other languages and the importance of their mother tongue Punjabi. In this way, the students keep trying to preserve the existence of their mother tongue Punjabi while keeping information about the current situation. CO4: While learning/reading grammar, students gain indepth knowledge about their mother tongue, and they also gain information about the functions of internal rules behind each word of Punjabi. How each word of the language comes into being. Then how are sentences, sub-sentences, paragraphs, and then the entire composition prepared from words? Studying grammar is essential for learning any language. History and Culture of Punjab After completion of this course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the first civilization of India i.e. Indus Valley Civilization. CO2: explain about Vedic Age, growth of Jainism and Buddhism in 6th century B.C. in Punjab. CO3: explain about the society and culture under Mauryas and Guptas. CO4: explain about Cultural Orientation i.e. Bhakti Movement of India. CO5: describe about the youngest religion of the world i.e. Sikhism from Shri Guru Nanak Dev Ji to all ten Gurus. CO6: explain about Martyrdoms in Sikhism. CO7: explain about institutional development in Sikhism, New policy adopted by Shri Guru Hargobind Sahib Ji and Creation of Khalsa.

		-
		CO8: explain about changes in society in the 18th
		Century i,e. Social unrest, emergence of misls
		and institutions: Rakhi, Gurmata, Dal Khalsa.
		CO9: explain about society and culture of the people
	C	Under Maharaja Ranjit Singh.
	1149	CO10: explain about the Physical geographical map of
	MIG.	Punjab.
/.	ELE	CTIVE SUBJECTS
0209/0208/	Punjabi/Hindi/English	CO1: 'ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਰੰਗ' ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ
0205	Tunjaon/Timui/Engrish	ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਰਚੇ ਗਏ ਸਾਹਿਤ
.'0/		<mark>ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ</mark> ਹੈ। <mark>ਉ</mark> ਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀਆ
7	//20/ 5	ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਧਾਰਾਵਾਂ ਦੀਆ ਬਾਰੀਕੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਾਚਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਉਸ
10 /1	5	ਸਮੇਂ <mark>ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀਆ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆ</mark> ਉ <mark>ਜਾ</mark> ਗਰ ਹੂੰਦੀਆ
5 //	17.	ਹਨ।
76	3	CO2: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰ <mark>ਜਾਬੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਰੰਗ ਦੇ</mark> ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ
~	(O)	ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਗੁਰੂ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਵਿਚਾਰਧਾਰਾ
	m	ਦੀ ਵਿਸਥਾਰਪੁਰਵਕ ਸੈਲੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜ
	四	ਵਿੱਚ ਫੈਲੀ ਰਾਜਨੀਤਕ ਹਨੇਰ ਗਰਦੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ
111	171	ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਗੁਰੂ ਸਾਹਿਬਾਨ ਦੀ ਵਿਚਾਰਧਾਰਾ ਨਾਲ
	1151	ਜੁੜਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਭਗਤ ਕਬੀਰ ਜੀ ਅਤੇ ਭਗਤ
	THOME	ਰਵੀਦਾਸ ਜੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਵੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ।
	and the	ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਦੀ ਇਸ ਅਮ,ੀਰ ਪ੍ਰੰਪਰਾ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ
	LEI	ਹੋਏ <mark>ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨੈਤਿਕ</mark> ਤਾ ਦੇ ਧਾਰਨੀ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ।
		00 1010 041 01303 C 4 001 4CC 001
5	y man	CO3: 'ਦੁਨੀਆ ਇੱਕ ਮਹੱਲ ਹੈ' ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ
0	197	ਰ <mark>ਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ</mark> ਗੁਰਬਖਸ਼ <mark>ਸਿੰ</mark> ਘ ਦੇ ਸਫਰੀ
	Tra.	<mark>ਜੀਵਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਸੌਝੀ</mark> ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਉ <mark>ਹ ਗ</mark> ੁਰਬਖਸ਼ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੇ
	Cha.	ਸਫਰਨਾ, ਮੈਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਦੁਨੀਆ ਦੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਸ਼ਹਿਰਾਂ ਨਾਲ
	the Man	ਆਪਣਾ ਨਾਤਾ ਜੋੜਦੇ ਹਨ। ਬਸਰਾ-ਬਗਦਾਦ ਤੋਂ ਸ਼ੁਰੂ ਹੋ
	· · · · · an	ਕੇ ਅਮਰੀਕਾ,ਲੰਡਨ ਤੱਕ ਦੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਦੇਸ਼ਾ ਦੀ ਯਾਤਰਾ
		ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਬਿਨਾਂ ਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਦੀਆ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਰੀਤਾਂ ਦੀ
		ਵਿਸ਼ਾਲਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਮਾਣਦੇ ਹੋਏ, ਇਨ੍ਹਾ ਦੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਦੀ ਸੁੰਦਰਤਾ ਨੂੰ
		ਵੇਖ ਕੇ ੳਾਪਣੇ ਅੰਦਰ ਦੀ ਸੁੰਦਰਤਾ ਦੇ ਬੀਜ ਬੀਜਦੇ ਹਨ
		ਅਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਬਣਨ ਦੀ ਲੋਚਾ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ।

er the Mani

ਸੁੰਦਰਤਾ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੇ ਪਹਿਰਾਵੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਹੀਂ , ਉਸ ਦੇ ਵਿਚਾਰਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੋਣੀ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ ਹੈ। ਉਸਦੇ ਵਿਵਹਾਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੋਣੀ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ ਹੈ।

CO4: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਕਾਵਿ ਅਤੇ ਭਗਤੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕਾਰਾਂ ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਨੂੰ ਵਾਚਣ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਨੈਤਿਕ ਰੁਚੀਆਂ ਉਜਾਗਰ ਹੁੰਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ।ਉਸ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀ ਉਸਾਰੀ ਲਈ ਆਪਣਾ ਯੋਗਦਾਨ ਪਾਉਂਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਉਸਾਰੂ ਕਾਰਜਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਪਣਾ ਰੋਲ ਨਿਭਾਉਂਦੇ ਹਨ।

CO5: ਭਾਰਤੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਸ਼ਾਸਤਰ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਛੰਦ ਵਿਧਾਨ ਦੀ ਸੈਲੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਚਣ ਲਈ ਛੰਦਾ-ਬੰਦੀ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੋਣਾ ਬਹੁਤ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ। ਰਸ ਸੰਪਰਦਾਇ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੋਣਾ ਬਹੁਤ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ। ਰਸ ਸਮਪਰਦਾਇ ਵਿਕ੍ਰੋਕਤੀ ਸੰਪਰਦਾਇ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਹੀ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ।

CO6: ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆ ਨੂੰ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੇ ਟਕਸਾਲੀ ਰੂਪ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ ਦੀਆਂ ਉੱਪ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵੰਨਗੀਆ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।

Punjabi course outcomes translated into English

CO1: Through the study of medieval Punjabi poetry, the students get a detailed understanding of the ideology of Guru Nanak Dev Ji. They get information about the political darkness that spread in the society of that time. While connecting with the ideology of the Gurus, the students also learn about Bhagat Kabir Ji and Bhagat Ravidas Ji. By studying this rich tradition

of Gurmat, the students become moral bearers. CO2: Through the study of the book 'Duniya Ek Mahal Hai' they can relate to different cities of the world through Gurbakhsh Singh's Safarnama. Starting from Basra-Baghdad, they travel to different countries from America to London. Enjoying the vastness of cultural customs of other countries, and seeing the beauty of these countries, they sow the seeds of their inner beauty and aspire to become cultured people. Beauty should not be in a man's dress but in his thoughts. should be in his behavior. CO3: Through the history of Punjabi literature, students get information about Gurmat poetry and Bhakti poetry writers and their works. By reading this literature, the moral interests of the students are revealed. They play their role in constructive activities while contributing to the construction of that society. CO4: A study of Indian poetics leads to a study of classics. Knowledge of rhyme is very important for composing poetry. It is very important to know the Rasa sect. students come to know about Rasa Sampardaya Vikrokati Sampardaya Vidyarthiya through this course. CO5: Through Linguistics the students know classical forms of language and its sub-dialects. There is also information about the use of language and

		language.
		Hindi
	तरंगिणी	r विद्यार्थी मैथिलीशरण गुप्त के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत
	C	विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
	(काव्य-पुस्तक)	49 974
	r मैथिलीशरण गुप्त	r विद्यार्थी मैथिलीशरण गुप्त की उद्बोधन, बन्दा-वैरागी, आर्य-भाव, सिद्धार्थ और आ गया मेरा अंधेरा याम कविताओं का सार, व्याख्या
6	2	और मूल-संवेदना को पढ़/समझ कर गुप्त जी के काव्य में प्रतिपादित
10	r जयशंकर <mark>प्रसा</mark> द	विभिन्न आदर्शों/मूल्यों को रेखांकित कर पाएंगे। गुप्त जी की राष्ट्रीय
00)	r सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला	भावना से ओत-प्रोत कविताओं से सीख लेकर एक जिम्मेदार नागरिक बन पाएंगे।
10/1	r सुमित्रानंदन पंत	E 111E 1
I	25	r विद्यार्थी जयशंकर प्रसाद के जीवन, रचनाओं, काळ्यगत विशेषताओं
1.6	3	और दार्शनिक सिद्धां <mark>तों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे</mark> ।
	S	
	四	r विद्यार्थी जयशंकर प्रसाद की रचनाओं जाग री, विषा <mark>द, आँ</mark> सू, श्रद्धा
	12	और बढ़े चलो कविताओं के माध्यम से उनके छायावादी काव्य-
	121	आदशों से परिचय प्राप्त कर पाएंगे। प्रसाद जी की कविताओं के
11	12	माध्यम से वे छायावादी काव्य की विलक्षणताओं से परिचय पा सकेंगे।
	ME	r विद्यार्थी सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत
		विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
9	y m	CI C.
10	797	r विद्यार्थी सूर्यकांत त्रिपाठी निराला की मुक्ति, <mark>जुही की</mark> कली, सोचा
	9.	कवि ने, वीणा वादिनि वर दे और रानी और <mark>कानी</mark> कविताओं के माध्यम
	1/2	से उनकी वैविद्यमुखी काव्य-प्रतिभा से परिचय प्राप्त कर सकेंगे।
	the Man	कवि की राष्ट्रीयता और सामाजिक प्रतिबद्धता से विद्यार्थी सीख
	"dn	लेंगे।
		r विद्यार्थी सुमित्रानंदन पंत के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।

r विद्यार्थी सुमित्रानंदन पंत की स्नेह चाहिए, जीवन-यान, तेरा कैसा गान, दो मित्र और वाचाल कविताओं के माध्यम से पंत जी के काव्य-सिद्धांतों और उनके प्रकृति प्रेम से परिचित होंगे। पंत जी ने अपनी कविताओं में निष्प्राण प्रकृति में प्राण-प्रतिष्ठा करके अद्भुत कार्य किया है। r विद्यार्थी नाटक के माध्यम से समाज और जीवन की विविध मि. अभिमन्य समस्याओं से अवगत होंगे और उन समस्याओं के समाधान के लिए (नाटक) प्रेरित होंगे। उनमें समस्या-समाधान की क्षमता विकसित होगी। r नाटक के माध्यम से वर्तमान युग की विसंगतियों से विद्यार्थियों को परिचित करवाएगा। इस प्रतीकात्मक नाटक के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी पौराणिक और आज के अभिमन्यू के बुनियादी फर्क को समझ सकेंगे। जहां पौराणिक अभिमन्यू अनेक महारथियों से घिरा हुआ और अपनी मृत्यू के विषय में जानते हुए भी उनसे जुझता है, वहीं आज का अभिमन्यू कलैक्टर राजन अपनी ईमानदारी और आदर्शवादिता को ताक पर रखकर नौकरशाही और भ्रष्ट राजतंत्र के चक्रव्यह में फँस कर आत्म-समर्पण कर देता है और खुद को उस <mark>भ्रष्ट तंत्र का हिस्सा बना कर अपनी हार को स्वयं स्वीकार कर लेता</mark> है। विद्यार्थी इस तथ्य से अवगत होंगे कि आज की यही त्रासदी है कि हर ईमानदार व्यक्ति अंततः भ्रष्ट तंत्र का हिस्सा बन जाता है अथवा मार दिया जाता है। r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के सूजन की पृष्ठभूमि और साहित्यिक प्रवृतियों को समझने में सक्षम होंगे। r रीतिकाल r विद्यार्थी साहित्य के माध्यम से जीवन-मूल्यों और जीवन-दर्शन को समझने का प्रयास करेंगे। r रीतिकाल की राजनैतिक, सामाजिक, धार्मिक, आर्थिक परिस्थितियों, साहित्यिक प्रवृतियों, रीतिबद्ध, रीतिमुक्त आदि काव्यधाराओं और केशव, बिहारी, घनानंद की रचनाओं से परिचित

		होकर विद्यार्थी रीतिकाल के साहित्य के विषय में समुचित ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे और इस काल-खण्ड के साहित्य की निर्माण प्रक्रिया को समझने में सक्षम होंगे।
	समीक्षा सिद्धांत r हिन्दी नाटक	r हिन्दी नाटक विधा की शास्त्रीय पद्धित से विद्यार्थियों का परिचय कराया जाएगा। समीक्षा सिद्धांत के महत्व को प्रतिपादित किया जाएगा।
75	Ex an	r हिन्दी नाटक की परिभाषा, उपन्यास के विविध तत्व और उपन्यास के बहु-आयामी वर्गीकरण से विद्यार्थियों को परिचित कराया जाएगा।
F /	व्यावहारिक व्याकरण	r शुद्ध भाषा लिखने एक कला है। <mark>अत: यह आ</mark> वश्यक है कि प्रत्येक
E	r समाकृति भिन्नार्थक शब्द युग्म	वाक्य को शुद्ध रूप में पढ़ा/लिखा जाए। उसके लिए व्याकरण का ज्ञान और अत्त्यास परमावश्यक है।
	r स्वर और व्यंजन संधि	r विद्यार्थी एक जैसे दिखने वाले परन्तु भिन्न अथौँ वाले शब्दों का अंतर और ज्ञान प्राप्त कर सकेंगे। इससे उनकी विश्लेषण क्षमता में वृद्धि होगी।
1	r संधि-विच्छेद	वृद्वि होगा।
(r वाvय-शुद्धि	r संधि और संधि-विच्छेद से विद्यार्थी शब्दों के मेल से नये शब्दों के निर्माण की प्रक्रिया का ज्ञान प्राप्त कर सकेंगे।
70	r वि <mark>राम चिहन</mark>	r वाvय शुद्धि का अत्त्यास करके विद्यार्थी भाषा को शुद्ध और
	r तकनीकी श Ž दावली	व्याकरण-सम्मत लिखने में सक्षम हो पाएंगे।
	"ne Man	r विराम चिह्नों के अभाव में भाषा के भावों को सही तरीके से अभिव्यक्त करना कठिन हो जाता है, अत: भाव और विचारों की सही
		अभिव्यक्ति के लिए विराम चिह्नों का ज्ञान विद्यार्थियों के लिए अत्यंत उपयोगी होगा।

HARAGE	SEE SEE	r तकनीकी शब्दावली का ज्ञान प्राप्त कर विद्यार्थी यह जान पाएंगे कि विविध कार्यालयों में हिन्दी की पारिभाषिक शब्दावली का सटीक प्रयोग कैसे किया जाता है और इसकी आवश्यक्ता एवं उपयोगिता क्या है। English After completion of this course, the student will be able to: CO1: enhance their knowledge in different literary tradition, genres, literary movements and styles CO2: relate to various literary aspects through the texts which capacitate them to enrich their literary, research and cultural values and make them aware of self and society. CO3: describe the various forms of figures of speech and classify a detailed study of literary devices. CO4: comprehend extensive knowledge of english as language in its various textual forms and
111	121	construct them to be creative, thoughtful and effective communicator.
	12	CO5: classify different types of dialogue writing.
	History	JUE ALL
0224	(History of India 1750-19 <mark>64 A.D</mark>)	After completion of this course, the students will be able to:
5	1730-1704 A.D)	CO1: explain the broad development in the history
9	6.	of India in modern times.
	the Man	CO2: explain about Founder of British Rule,
	10 11-	Circumstances leading to the battles of
	wan	Plassey and Buxar and their significance,
		Reference of Warren Hastings.
		CO3: describe about Administrative Reforms under
		Cornwallis, William Bentinck and Dalhousie. CO4: explain about the uprising of 1857, Political,
		companies apribling of 1007, 1 officeur,

		Socio-religions, economic and immediate
		clauses, failure and results of uprising.
		CO5: explain about Economic changes, British
		Agrarian Policies and Commercialization of
	0	agriculture, rural indebtedness, Growth of
	1149	modern industry, theory of economics change.
	10	CO6: state the Socio-Religious Reform Movements i.e.
	500	Brahmo Samaj, Aligarh Movement, Arya Samaj,
	9//5	Ramakris <mark>hna Missi</mark> on.
Y.	11/10	CO8: explain about the Growth of Political
(0)	11/2	Consciousness, Foundation and Growth of
2 /	//20/	the Indian National Congress from 1885-7905,
10/1	10	Growth of Nationalism 1905-1919.
3 1	6 6	CO9: describe about the Indian National Movement,
I.	3	non-cooperation Movement 1920-1922, The
	S	Civil Disobedience Movement.
	I III I	CO10: explain about Rise of Communal Politics,
	17	Separate electoral, Muslim League and Pakistan
	12	Resolution.
	112	CO11: explain about Partition and Independence, Quit
	all our	India Movement, British Proposals for
	LEI	independence, Indian Independence Act of
		1947.
5	1 Har	CO12: explain about significant Developments after
0	6	independence 1947-1964, Making of the
	191	Constitution, integration of princely states, the
	"TAN	Re-organisation of States.
	Mathematics	adoment of
MAT-0241	(Advanced Calculus-I)	After completing the course, students will be able
		to:
		CO1: solve problems of Limit and Continuity of
		functions of Two or More Variables.

		CO2: describe the concept of Partial differentiation,
		derivability of real valued functions of two or
		three variables.
		CO3: differentiate Schwarz and Young's theorem and
	0	their applicability, statements of Inverse and
	1149	Implicit function theorems and applications.
	10	CO4: practice the concept of differentiation, gradient,
	500	curl, divergence and its applications.
	9//5	CO5: apply Euler theorem, Taylor theorem, Jacobians,
20	11/40	Envelopes and Evolutes.
(0)	11/2	CO6: solve problems of Maximum, Minimum and
2 /	//20/ 12	saddle point of functions of two and three
11 0	5	variables and Lagrange's method to solve
II	6	questions related to this topic
MAT-0242	(Differential Equations	After completing the course, Student will be able to:
	I)	CO1: differentiate and find solutions of first and
	I III I	higher order differential equations.
	17	CO2: examine the techniques for obtaining solutions to
111	1 5	ordinary differential equations.
10	112	CO3: investigate the qualitative and quantitative
	TOME	behavior of solutions of system of differential
	LEI	equations.
1		CO4: analyze the concept of simultaneous differential
5	7 2100	equations and orthogonality.
0	1917	CO5: calculate by using methods of solving differential
	1. 41	equations using variation of parameters,
	the Man	reduction of order.
	Man	CO6: apply the concept of solving and number of
	-411	problems related to natural phenomenon,
		engineering and many other situations.
		CO7: describe the concept of Charpit general method
		of solutions.
<u> </u>	I .	ı

MAT-0243	(Statics)	After completing the course, students will be able
		to:
		CO1: describe and apply the concept of composition
		and resolution of Concurrent Forces,
	C	Parallelogram and Triangle law of forces, Lami's
	त्र प्रव	theorem, Components of Forces and its
	100	applications in daily life.
	300	CO2: analyze the concepts of equilibrium conditions
	9//5	for coplanar concurrent forces, smooth inclined
You was	11/10	planes.
(0)	11/2	CO3: explain the concept of Parallel forces and its
2 /	1/20/	types (parallel like and unlike forces) and
10/1	15/	resultant of these forces.
II	65	CO4: solve problems related to Moment, Couple of
To	1 3	forces, reduction of coplanar forces to Single
	S	force and Couple.
	I III I	CO5: describe Friction, Laws of Friction, problems
	17	related to Ladders, Rods, Spheres and Circle.
	Agri <mark>culture</mark>	017 3
0216	(Agricultural Diversification and	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	Machinery)	CO1: aid on works such as dairy, poultry, fishery,
		mushroom cultivation, animal husbandry, bee
5	7 210	keeping.
0	191	CO2: maintain grassy lawns and flower beds.
	1. 41	CO3: raise winter and summer ornamental flowers
	DO 11-	(rose, gladioli, dahlias, dianthus, and foliage
	the Man	plants).
	- 411	CO4: get skills of landscape of an educational
		institute, factory, panchayat lands and office
		buildings.
		CO5: describe about medicinal, aromatic and spice

		plants.
		CO6: grow non-conventional plants.
		CO7: explain about Gentically Modified crops.
		CO8: describe the fundamentals of land measurements
	0	and land revenue.
	371	CO9: describe about the important parts of the tractor,
	19, 2	combine, thresher and their maintenance.
	Mi	
/	0.	CO10: explain about various agricultural tools and
	7/// 210	implements.
0295		The students who successfully complete this course will be able to:
2	1/20/	CO1: use the retail strategies, building up a sustainable
10/1	2	competitive advantage and core competence.
II	65	CO2: elucidate the main strategies adopted by retailers,
To C	3	internationalization as a strategy.
	S	CO3: outline the process of choosing a store location
	IHI	and to discuss the various criteria for evaluating
	17	general retail locations and the specific sites
	12	within them.
	112	CO4: discuss the functions and process of Human
	Ch.	resource management.
	LEI	CO5: analyze the structure of the Retail Organization
		across different retail formats.
5	7 2100	CO6: state the role of Merchandise Management in
0		retail business.
	1. 41	CO7: improve their practical skills in the retail sector.
	Computer Science	1013.
CS05	(Computer Organisation)	The students after completing this course, will be able
		to:
		CO1: explain the structure, function and characteristics
		of computer systems.
		CO2: identify, understand and apply different number

		systems and codes.
		CO3: describe the basic building block concepts in
		combinatorial logic design, sequential building
	0	block, Microinstructions.
	150	CO4: state the concept of Microinstructions,
	1149	Microprocessor and assembly language in detail.
CS06	(Object Oriented	The students after completing this course, will be able
	Programming Using C++)	to:
	9///58	CO1: differentiate between object oriented
20	11/40	programming and procedural oriented language
101	11/8	and data types in C++.
7-1	1/20/	CO2: C++ features such as composition of objects,
10 /1	5	constructor, destructor, Operator overloading,
I //	- E	inheritance, Polymorphism etc.
7.6	3	CO3: Students will understand the concept of Virtual
	(Practical Based on	and pure virtual functions.
PCS03	Paper CS06)	The students after completing this course, will be able
	TAO,	to:
		CO1: make programs on the concept of Classes and
		objects, access specifiers.
		CO2: do programming on declaring member function
	ZEF	inside and outside class, static and friend
		functions.
9	y m	CO3: design programs on Constructor and destructor,
0	7197	Inheritance with its types, Private, public
~	Pr	protected, Concept of polymorphism, operator
	Cha.	overloading, method overloading etc.
0229	Dhyrical Education	10 10
0238	Physical Education	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	10.0	CO1: describe about First Aid management.
		CO2: follow the techniques and benefits of Gymnastics
		and Yoga.

		CO3: explain about Psychology and Sociological
		aspects.
		CO4: explain the various techniques to make a good
		Athlete, the process, principles, importance of
	0	Sports Training.
	371	CO5: improve their personality, motivation and be
	19, 2	stress free.
	Mi	- 12
/	2. // 10	CO6: give suggestions for the improvement of sports performance.
	1// 2"	performance.
	Fashion Designing	C. C.XIII. CI
0274	(Traditional Textiles of	After the course the students can:
161	India)	CO1: explain about different types of Traditional
4	10	Indian textiles
5/	65	CO2: explain the importance and relevance of Indian
To	10	costumes
	SE	CO3: design creations.
	Economics	3 2
0218	(Public Finance And	After completing this course students will be able to:
	International Trade)	CO1: explain the concepts and functions of money,
	101	supply of money.
	1/ M/ F-	CO2: describe the value of money and theory of money.
	SON CO	CO3: analyze the concept of public finance, Govt.
0	2	income in the form of taxes, Govt. expenditure
20	MOT	and public debt.
~	94	CO4: review International trade and theories of
	the Man	international trade.
	10 110	CO5: restate the working of international organization
	man	such as WTO, IMF, IBRD etc.
		CO6: describe deficit financing, its need and
		drawbacks.
		CO7: explain determination of terms of trade, factor
		affecting terms of trade and its impact on

		international trade.
		CO8: explain and prepare the balance of payment.
		CO9: describe the foreign exchange rate determination.
MUV0231	Music (Vocal)	On Completion of this course students would be able to:
	19, 40	CO1: grasp the various theoretical aspects of prescribes Ragas, like how it originater, what are the general
	M	grammatical rules that govern the Ragas in this
\(\sigma\)	0, 150	course etc.
100	11/150	CO2: describe the concept of Taal and the use of
-,0/		various Taals in Hindustani music.
2 /	1/20/	CO3: describe the basic terminologies of Indian music
1011	2	as a whole.
五二	6	CO4: identify Gram, Upaj, Mukhda, Bol-baant,
106	3	Khatka, Murki, Kan.
	S	CO5: state about Lakshans of Raagas in modern
		period.
	CO6: describe the life stories of the legendary	
	12	Musicians and will get inspiration from their
10 WLET	lives.	
	CO7: get greater command over voice culture through	
	LEI	Vocal patterns.
		CO8: describe about genres like Sargamgeet in the
5	Mary Mary	prescribed ragas.
.0	Political Science	2 Halle
0234	(Indian Government and	After the course, the students can:
	Politics)	CO1: explain the philosophy of Indian constitutions.
	wan:	CO2: identify the causes, impact of British colonial
		rule.
		CO3: appreciate the various phases of Indian national
		movement.
		CO4: create value in young youth regarding the

	patriotism.
	CO5: explain about the various Government of Indian
	acts their provision and reforms.
	CO6: describe the salient features in making of Indian
	Constitution.
	CO7: appreciate the socioeconomic political factors
	which lead to the freedom struggle.
	CO8: appreciate the fundamental rights and duties and
	the directive principle of state policy
10	CO9: evaluate the evolution, functioning and
10)	consequences of political parties in India.
7-1	CO10: identify how electoral rules and procedure in
10 /1	India affect election
7 11	CO11: explain the working of the Union Legislature-
7.6	Parliament-Composition and Functions and the
	Composition and functioning of the State
	Legislature-Vidhan Sabha; Panchayati Raj
	Institutions
	SEMESTER-IV
//	COMPULSORY SUBJECTS
0301	English After completion of this course, student will be able to:
	CO1: critically analyse the poems.
	CO2: explain the current topics and come out with
0	his/her own perception and thought.
	CO3: improve his/her writing skills through the
	CO3: improve his/her writing skills through the practice of Report Writing. CO4: build vocabulary to use in their daily life. CO5: use the Idioms and phrases in his/her sentences.
	CO4: build vocabulary to use in their daily life.
	CO5: use the Idioms and phrases in his/her sentences.
	CO6: familiarise with the grammatical structure of the
	language to use in their daily life.

0303/0304 Punjabi/History and After Punjabi course, the students can: Culture of Punjab CO1: 'ਛੇ ਛੱਲਾਂ' (ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ) ਅਤੇ 'ਕੱਲਰ' (ਨਾਟਕ) ਪਾਠ-ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨਾਟਕ, ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਅਤੇ ਰੰਗਮੰਚ ਦੇ ਆਪਸੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਿਧਾਂਤਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿਚਲੇ ਅੰਤਰ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਸਮੂਹਿਕ ਰੂਪ ਵਿਚ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਅੰਦਰਲੇ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਅਤੇ ਕਲਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ <mark>ਨੂੰ ਹੁੰਗਾਰਾ ਮਿਲਦਾ ਹੈ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੇ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਸੁਤੰਤਰ ਰੂਪ</mark> <mark>ਵਿਚ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬ</mark>ਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨਿੱਜੀ, ਸਮਾਜਿਕ, ਆਰਥਿਕ, ਰਾਜਨੀਤਿਕ, ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਅਤੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸਿਕ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਨਣ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਮੰਚ (ਸਟੇਜ) ਉੱਪਰ ਪੇਸ਼ਕਾਰੀ ਲਈ ਉਤਸ਼ਾਹਿਤ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO2: ਅੰਗਰੇਜੀ ਤੋਂ ਪੰਜਾ<mark>ਬੀ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਦੁਆਰਾ</mark> ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦੋ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ <mark>ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ | ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ</mark>ਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਇਕ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਧ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਸਿਖਣ ਦੀ <mark>ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ</mark> ਹੈ । ਇਕ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਤੋਂ ਦੂਜੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਜਿਥੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਦੋ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਆਪਸੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਾਂ <mark>ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ</mark>, ਉੱਥੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ <mark>ਅੰਦਰ ਅਨੁਵਾਦਕ ਬਣਨ ਦੀ ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਕ</mark>ਰਕੇ ਰੋਜ਼ਗਾਰ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ <mark>ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰਨ ਵਿਚ ਮੱਦਦ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ</mark> । CO3: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਭਾਗ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼<mark>ਾ</mark> ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਨਿਕਾਸ, ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ <mark>ਅਜੋਕੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਨੂੰ ਮਸਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਪੰਜਾ</mark>ਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ <mark>ਦਾ ਦੁਸਰੀਆਂ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ</mark> ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧ ਅਤੇ ਆ<mark>ਪਣੀ ਮਾ</mark>ਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਪੰ<mark>ਜਾਬੀ ਦੀ</mark> ਅਹਿਮੀਅਤ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ <mark>ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ</mark> ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਇਸ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੀ ਅਜੋਕੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ <mark>ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਰਖਦੇ ਹੋਏ</mark> ਇਸ ਦੀ ਹੋਂਦ ਨੂੰ ਬਚਾਈ ਰੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਯਤਨਸੀਲ ਰਹਿੰਦੇ ਹਨ । CO4: ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਸਿੱਖਿਆ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ/ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਿਥੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਡੁੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਗਿਆਨ

erthe Mar

ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਉੱਥੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਦੇ ਪਿੱਛੇ ਅੰਦਰੂਨੀ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਦੇ ਕਾਰਜਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਇਕ-ਇਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਹੋਂਦ ਵਿਚ ਆਉਦਾ ਹੈ । ਫਿਰ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਵਾਕ, ਉਪਵਾਕ, ਪੈਰ੍ਹੇ ਅਤੇ ਫਿਰ ਸਮੁੱਚੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਤਿਆਰ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਿੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਅਤੇ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ ।

Punjabi course outcomes translated into English
CO1: Through the study of Chhe Chhallan (Solitary
Collection) and Kallar (Drama) textbooks,
Students gain knowledge about the
interrelationships and principles of drama and
theatre. Understand the difference between
drama and solitude. The feeling of working as a
group is created in the students. The creative and
artistic skills within them get a response.
Students become capable of expressing their
thoughts freely. Students become capable of
knowing and understandingpersonal, social,
economic, political, cultural, and historical
issues. Students are encouraged to perform on
stage.

CO2: Students gain knowledge of two languages through English to Punjabi translation. Students develop an interest in learning more than one language. While translation from one language to another language provides students with the knowledge of the interrelationship between two languages, it helps in providing employment opportunities by creating interest in the student to become a translator.

CO3: Students can understand the origin, development, and present status of their mother tongue Punjabi

while studying the section related to the Punjabi language. They can understand the relationship of the Punjabi language with other languages and the importance of their mother tongue Punjabi. In this way, the students keep trying to preserve the existence of their mother tongue Punjabi while keeping information about the current situation. CO4: While learning/reading grammar, students gain in-depth knowledge about their mother tongue, and they also gain information about the functions of internal rules behind each word of Punjabi. How each word of the language comes into being. Then how are sentences, subsentences, paragraphs, and then the whole composition prepared from the words? Studying grammar is essential for learning any language. History and Culture of Punjab After competition of this course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about colonial rule in Punjab i.e. Annexation of Punjab Board of Administration. CO2: explain about Western Education introduced by Britishers. CO3: explain about Agriculture Development. CO4: explain about early socio-religious reform in all religions. CO5: explain about Socio-Religious Reform Movement i.e. Arya Samaj Singh Sabha, Ahmadiyas, Ad Dharm Movement. CO6: explain about Development of press & Literature. CO7: explain about the emergence of political

		Consciousness i.e. Hadar movement, Jallianwala
		Bagh Massacre.
		CO8: describe about the Gurdwara Reform movement
		i.e major marchas, Activities of Babbar Akalis.
	10	CO9: describe about the freedom struggle i.e. all
	1149	Monuments.
	10	CO10: explain about the Partition of Punjab and its
	2111	Aftermath.
	9//5	CO11: explain about Post-Independence Punjab
10	11/40	and it gives knowledge about physical,
107	11/8/	geographical maps.
To 1	ELE	CTIVE SUBJECTS
0309/0308/ 0305	Punjabi/Hindi/English	C01: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਰੰਗ' ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਫ਼ੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਧਾਰਾ ਅਤੇ ਕਿੱਸਾ ਕਾਵਿ-ਧਾਰਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਵਿੱਚ ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਕਾਵਿ-ਧਾਰਾ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਸੂਫ਼ੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਵੀ ਮਹਾਨ ਪ੍ਰੰਪਰਾ ਰਹੀ ਹੈ। ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਤੋਂ ਲੈ ਕੇ ਬੁੱਲ੍ਹੇ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਤੱਕ ਦੇ ਸੂਫ਼ੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਵਿੱਚਵਾਤਾਵਰਣ ਮਿਲਿਆ ਹੈ। ਇਸਦਾ ਕਾਰਨ ਇਸ ਧਾਰਾ ਦੇ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਲੋਕ-ਪੱਖੀ ਸੂਝ ਅਤੇ ਮਹਾਨ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਵਾਲੇ ਗੁਯਾਂ ਦਾ ਧਾਰਨੀ ਹੋਣਾ ਹੈ। ਇਸੇ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਕਿੱਸਾ ਕਾਵਿ-ਧਾਰਾ ਦੇ ਅਧਾਰ ਵੀ ਲੋਕ ਚੇਤਨਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਹਨ। ਪ੍ਰੇਮ ਕਿੱਸਿਆਂ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੰਪਰਾ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਨੈਤਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਵੀਰ ਗਾਥਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਕਿੱਸੇ ਵੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਇਸ ਅਮੀਰ ਪ੍ਰੰਪਰਾ ਦਾ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਹਿੱਸਾ ਹਨ। ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਨੈਤਿਕ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਸੈਲੀ ਹੈ।।
	the Man	CO2: ਸੁਰਿੰਦਰ ਕੁਮਾਰ ਦਵੇਸ਼ਵਰ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਸੰਪਾਦਕ ਕੀਤੀ 'ਕਥਾ ਪੁਵਾਰ' ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਮਾਰਗਦਰਸ਼ਕ ਬਣਦੀ ਹੈ। ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਸੈਲੀ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ।
		'ਆਲ੍ਹਣੇ ਦੇ ਬੋਟ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਦੇਸ਼-ਭਗਤੀ ਦੀ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀ ਦੇ ਜ਼ਜ਼ਬੇ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ।
		'ਭੱਤਾ'ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਨਿਮਨ ਕਿਸਾਨੀ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਅਤੇ ਮਨੁੱਖੀ ਭਾਵਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੀ ਪੇਸ਼ਕਾਰੀ ਬੜੇ ਹੀ

ਮਨੋਵਿਗਿਆਨਕ ਫੇਰੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ। 'ਜੀਨਤ ਆਪਾ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਮਰਯਾਦਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਜਕੜੀ ਇਸਤਰੀ ਦੀ ਜੀਣ-ਥੀਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਬਲ ਇੱਛਾ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। 'ਸਵੇਰ ਹੋਣ ਤੱਕ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੇਡੂ ਕਿਸਾਨ ਦੇ ਥਕੇਵੇਂ 'ਦੁੱਖਾਂ ਬੇਅਰਾਮੀ ਭਰਪੁਰ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਪੇਸ਼ਕਾਰੀ ਕੀਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ। ਸ਼ੇਰਨੀਆਂ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਬਦਲ ਰਹੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀ ਝਾਕੀ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ। ਬਦਲ ਰਹੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਵਿਚ ਕੜੀਆਂ ਵੀ ਮਰਦਾਂ ਵਾਂਗ ਹਰ ਤਰ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਪਣਾ ਉਸਾਰੂ ਰੋਲ ਅਦਾ ਕਰ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਹਨ <mark>'ਗੋਈ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਕਦਰਾਂ</mark> ਕੀਮਤਾਂ <mark>ਕਾਰਨ ਘਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੋਣ ਵਾਲਾ ਤਣਾ</mark>ੳ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਨਵੀਨ ਅਤੇ ਮਨੋਵਿਗਿਆਨਿਕ ਹੈ। <mark>'ਸੱਗੀ ਫੁੱਲਾਂ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾਂ ਵੀ</mark> ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੀ ਨਿਮਨ ਕਿਸਾਨੀ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਪਹਿਲੂਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਦਰਸਾਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਕਿਸਾਨੀ <mark>ਦੀਆਂ ਤੰਗੀ</mark>ਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਰੀਕੇ ਬਾਜੀ ਨੂੰ ਬਾਖਬੀ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿ<mark>ਆ ਹੈ।</mark> 'ਕਬਰਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਸਿਵਿਆਂ<mark>' ਨੂੰ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ</mark> ਕੱ<mark>ਟੜ</mark>ਧਰਮੀ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਧਾਰਾ ਅਤੇ ਫਿਰਕੁ ਪਾਗਲਪਨ ਵਿਰੁੱਧ ਨਫ਼ਤਰ <mark>ਦੇ ਭਾਵ ਉਤਪੰਨ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। 'ਮੋਹਮਿੱਟੀ' ਕਹਾ</mark>ਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੀ ਮੱਧ ਵਰਗੀ ਕਿਸਾਨ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ। ਹੈ। ਜਿਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਇੱਕ ਕਿਸਾਨ ਸਖ਼<mark>ਤ</mark> ਮਿਹਨਤ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ, ਪਰ ਇ<mark>ਸ ਦੇ ਬਾਵਜੂਦ ਉਹ ਆਰ</mark>ਥਿਕ ਤੰਗੀਆਂ ਤੇ <mark>ਪਰੇਸ਼ਾਨੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਸਾਹਮਣਾ</mark> ਕਰ<mark>ਦਾ</mark> ਹੋਇਆ ਘਰੇਲੁ ਰਿਸ਼ਤਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਤ<u>ਣਨੀ</u>ਤ <mark>ਵਿਚੋਂ ਗ</mark>ੁਜ਼ਰਦਾ ਹੈ। <mark>'ਇੱਕਵੀਂ ਸਦੀ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਅਜੋਕੇ ਮਨ</mark>ੁੱਖ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ <mark>ਆਂਢ-ਗੁਆਢ ਤੇ ਰਿਸ਼ਤੇਦਾਰਾਂ</mark> ਨਾਲ ਮਿਲ-ਗਿਲ, <mark>ਅਪਣੱਤ ਤੇ ਸਾਂਝ ਨਾਲ ਰਹਿਣ</mark> ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ <mark>ਦੇ</mark>ਣਾ ਹੈ। '<mark>ਬਰਫ ਦਾ ਟਾਨਵ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਗਣੇਸ਼ੀਅਰ</mark> ਦੀ ਰਾਖੀ er the Mar ਕਰ ਰਹੇ ਸੈਟਿਕਸ ਦੀਆਂ ਦੁਸ਼ਵਰਗੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ <mark>ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। ਸੈਨਿਕ ਨਵੇਂ ਗਣੇਸ਼ੀਅਰ ਦੇ</mark> ਭਿਆਨਕ ਰੂਪ ਦਾ <mark>ਸਾਹਮਣਾ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ</mark> ਰਾਖੀ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। 'ਦਰਦ ਵਿਛੋੜੇ ਦਾ <mark>ਹਾਣੀ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਵੰ</mark>ਡ ਦੇ ਦੁਖਾਂਤ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਆਪਣਿਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਵਿਛੜਨ ਦੇ ਦਰਦ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। CO3: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਂਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸ਼ੁਫ਼ੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਅਤੇ ਕਿੱਸਾ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੀ ਅਮੀਰ ਪ੍ਰੰਪਰਾ ਨਾਲ ਜਾਣ-ਪਛਾਣ ਕਰਵਾਈ ਗਈ ਹੈ।

CO4: ਸਾਹਿਤ ਅਲੋਚਨਾ, ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਤੇ ਸਮਾਜ, ਸਾਹਿਤ ਤੇ ਸ਼ਖਸ਼ੀਅਤ , ਸਾਹਿਤ ਤੇ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ, ਸਾਹਿਤ ਤੇ ਮਨੋਵਿਗਿਆਨ, ਸਾਹਤ ਤੇ ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ , ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਸੈਲੀ ਕਰਵਾਈ ਗਈ ਹੈ। ਸਾਹਿਤ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੇ ਸੰਬੰਧਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਦਰਸਾਉਂਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਦਿਲਚਸਪ ਬਣਾਉਣ ਲਈ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਿਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ।

CO5: ਉਪਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਅਤੇ ਉਪਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀ ਪਛਾਣ ਵਿਧੀ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀਆਂ ਉਪਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਮਝ ਹੋਣੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਲਈ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ।

Punjabi course outcome translated into English:

the students get knowledge about Sufi poetry and Qisa poetry. In medieval literature, Gurmat poetry has been a great tradition as well as Sufi literature. Sufi literature from Baba Farid to Bulleh Shah has found a context in the history of Punjabi literature. The reason for this is the people-oriented understanding of this stream of literature and the adoption of great literary figures. Similarly, the basis of Kisa Kavi-Dhara is also in people's consciousness. Along with the tradition of love stories, moral and heroic tales are also an important part of this rich tradition of Punjabi.

Through the study of these poems, the students get knowledge about morality.

CO 2: 'Katha Puwar' edited by Surinder Kumar Daveshwar becomes a guide to the life of the students. Life has been told through different stories.

The spirit of patriotic sacrifice has been presented through the story of 'Alahne De Bot'.

Through the story 'Bhatta', the life of the lowly peasants and the presentation of human emotions have been presented through a very psychological visit. Through the story of 'Jeenat Apa', the strong desire of a poor woman to live and eat has been presented in social norms. Through the story of 'till dawn, the fatigue, suffering, and discomfort of the peasant farmer's life has been presented. A tableau of the changing society has been presented through the story of 'Sherniyan'. In the changing society, girls are also playing a constructive role in all kinds of work like men Through the story of 'Goi', there is tension in the home due to cultural values. Its subject matter is innovative and psychological. The theme of the story 'Sagi Phulan' also shows various aspects of the life of the lowly peasants of Punjab. The hardships of the peasantry and Sarike Baji have been well presented. Through the story of 'Kabaran Te Siwaan', sentiments of hatred against the sectarian ideology and communal madness are generated. The middle-class farmer of Punjab has been introduced through the story of 'Mohmitty'. Which a farmer works hard, but despite this, he goes through the strain of domestic relations while facing economic hardships and troubles. Through the story of 'First Century', the modern man

is to be inspired to live in harmony with his neighborhood and relatives. Through the story 'Barf da Tanav', the misdeeds of Satiks guarding Ganesha have been presented. Soldiers protect the country while facing the terrifying form of the new Ganesha. Through the story 'Dard Vikhode Da Haani', presenting the tragedy of the partition of the country, the pain of separation from oneself has been presented. CO3: Students are introduced to the rich tradition of Sufi poetry and Qisa poetry through the history of Punjabi literature. CO4: Literary Criticism, through the subjects of literature and society, literature and personality, literature and style, literature and psychology, and literature and science, a review of literature has been conducted. Literature is encouraged to make students interested in literature by showing the relationship between society. CO5: Language information and dialect identification methods are presented through dialect studies. Students get an understanding of the dialects of the Punjabi language. Hindi r विद्यार्थी धर्मवीर भारती के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं (काव्य-पुस्तक) और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। r महादेवी वर्मा

	r अज्ञेय	r विद्यार्थी धर्मवीर भारती की टूटा पहिया, अवशिष्ट, फूल,
	r धर्मवीर भारती	मोमबतियां, सपने और कनुप्रिया कविताओं के माध्यम से उनकी
		वैविद्यमुखी काव्य-प्रतिभा से परचिय प्राप्त कर सकेंगे।
	Wigi ris	r विद्यार्थी महादेवी वर्मा के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
8	S an	r विद्यार्थी महादेवी वर्मा की ऐसा तेरा लोक, फिर विकल हैं प्राण मेरे, यह मंदिर का दीप, निभृत मिलन और क्या पूजन क्या अर्चन रे
2/	1/AS / M	कविताओं का सार, व्याख्या और मूल-संवेदना को पढ़/समझ कर महादेवी जी के काव्य में प्रतिपादित विभिन्न आदशों/मूल्यों को
10/1	15/ 0	रेखांकित कर पाएंगे। आधुनिक मीरा महादेवी वर्मा की आध्यात्मिक
玉川	0 65	प्रेम-भावना और इष्ट के प्रति तड़्प से ओत-प्रोत कविताओं में प्रेमा
75.	S	भिक्त की पराकाष्ठा दिखाई देती है।
	問	r विद्यार्थी अज्ञेय जी के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं और
111	151	दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
11	12	r विद्यार्थी अ <mark>ज्ञेय की रचनाओं जो कहा न</mark> हीं गया, सो रहा है झोंप,
	WIL	मुक्त है आकाश और यह महाशून्य का शिविर कविताओं का सार,
	FED	व्याख्या और मूल-संवेदना को पढ़/समझ कर अज्ञेय जी के काव्य में
9	2 2101	प्रतिपादित विभिन्न आदर्शों/मूल्यों और प्रयोगवादी काव्य-आदर्शों से परिचय प्राप्त कर पाएंगे।
9	9	r विद्यार्थी धर्मवीर भारती के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्यगत विशेषताओं
	the Man	और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
	Man	
		r विद्यार्थी धर्मवीर भारती की टूटा पहिया, अवशिष्ट, फूल, मोमबतियां, सपने और कनुप्रिया कविताओं के माध्यम से उनकी
		वैविद्यमुखी काव्य-प्रतिभा से परचिय प्राप्त कर सकेंगे।

आदर्श एकांकी संग्रह r समुद्रगुप्त पराक्रमांक r मैत्री नये मेहमान r मेंड़ तोड़ दी ·दूर और पास

r विद्यार्थी एकांकी के माध्यम से समाज और जीवन की विविध समस्याओं से अवगत होंगे और उन समस्याओं के समाधान के लिए प्रेरित होंगे। उनमें समस्या-समाधान की क्षमता विकसित होगी।

r समुद्रगुप्त पराक्रमांक एकांकी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी सम्राट समुद्रगुप्त के कुशल प्रशासन, बुद्धि कौशल और राजनैतिक समझ का ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे और उसको अपने जीवन में उतार पाएंगे। विकट परिस्थ्तियों में कैसे सहज रह कर न्याय किया जाता है, इस एकांकी से भली-भांति पता चल जाता है।

r मैत्री एकांकी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी स्वार्थप्रियता और लोलुपता से होने वाले दुष्परिणामों से परिचित होंगे। लालच और स्वार्थप्रियता कैसे दो अभिन्न मित्रों को दुश्मन बना सकती है, यह इस एकांकी में अत्यंत नाटकीय ढंग से प्रस्तुत किया गया है। विद्यार्थी यह सीख पाएंगे कि सफल मैत्री में लालच, स्वार्थप्रियता और अहंकार का कोई स्थान नहीं होना चाहिए।

r नये मेहमान एकांकी मध्यवर्गीय परिवारों की सामाजिक-आर्थिक समस्यायों पर प्रकाश डालती है। लेखक ने इसके माध्यम से प्रेम और कर्त्तव्य के संबंध पर प्रकाश डाला है। विद्यार्थी यह जान पाएंगे कि कैसे अनचाहे मेहमान जीवन में उथल-पुथल ला सकते हैं।

r मेंड़ तोड़ दी एकांकी के माध्यम से लेखक ने ग्रामीण किसानों के जीवन और उनकी समस्यायों को अंकित किया है। अकसर देखा गया है कि गाँवों में बलिष्ठ और दबंग किसान आपनी गुण्डागर्दी से सारे गाँव को आतंकित करते हैं। विद्यार्थी यह सीख पाएंगे कि दया, सिहिष्णुता और एकता ऐसे मूल्य हैं जिन से किसी को भी सुधारा जा सकता है। दबंग से दबंग व्यक्ति भी एकता को हरा या दबा नहीं सकता।

r दूर और पास में लेखक ने टूटते संयुक्त परिवारों की समस्या को उठाया है परन्तु साथ ही यह भी सिद्ध करने का प्रयास किया है कि

_	T	
		नाखुनों से कभी माँस को अलग नहीं किया जा सकता। विद्यार्थी
		इस एकांकी से यह सीख लेंगे कि शारीरिक दूरी कभी दिलों को दूर
		नहीं कर सकती और नम से बंधे रिश्ते कभी नहीं टूटा करते।
	0	
	हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास	r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
	ार पा सार्थं में श्रीखारा	विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के सृजन की पृष्ठभूमि और साहित्यिक
	भाषाचिक काल	प्रवृतियों को समझने में सक्षम होंगे। विद्यार्थी साहित्य के माध्यम से
	r आधुनिक काल	
	0//88	जीवन-मूल्यों और जीवन-दर्शन को समझने का प्रयास करेंगे।
10	11/10	125/2/11/2/
10)	11/4/	r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के आधुनिक काल के भारतेन्दु युग और
0/	1/20	द्विवेदी युग के अतिरिक्त छायावाद, प्रगतिवाद, प्रयोगवाद और नयी
151	1 E	कविता जैसे वादों की पृष्ठभूमि, विशेषताएँ और काव्यादर्शों से
10/1	10	
5.11	65	परिचित होंगे। वे यह जान पा <mark>एंगे कि कैसे यह</mark> काल विविध वादों
Te	3	और विचारों को आत्मसात करता चलता है।
	S	Must H
	समीक्षा सिद्धांत	r हिन्दी एकांकी विधा की शास्त्रीय प <mark>द्</mark> धति से विद्यार्थियों का परिचय
111	समाबा सिद्यात	कराया जाएगा। समीक्षा सिद्धांत के महत्व को प्रतिपादित किया
	r हिन्दी एकांकी	जाएगा।
	Jan Win	
	LED	r हिन्दी <mark>एकांकी की</mark> परिभाषा, उपन्यास के विविध तत्व और
		उपन्यास के बहु-आयामी वर्गीकरण से विद्यार्थियों को परिचित
5	7 25	कराया जाएगा।
0	1917	B. Action 6.
	1.	- Ci.
	1/2	r शुद्ध भाषा लिखना एक कला है। अत: यह आवश्यक है कि प्रत्येक
	व्यावहारिक व्याकरण एवं	
	रचना	वाक्य को शुद्ध रूप में पढ़ा/लिखा जाए। उसके लिए व्याकरण का
	V111	ज्ञान और अत्त्यास परमावश्यक है।
	r सार लेखन	
	r सार लखन	

	r विस्तारण/विस्तार लेखन	r सार-लेखन, विस्तार-लेखन और कार्यालयीय पत्र-लेखन से
		विद्यार्थी अपने लेखन-कौशल को निखार सकेंगे और भविष्य में इस
	r कार्यालयीय पत्र-लेखन	कौशल को वे अपने व्यावसायिक जीवन में इस्तेमाल कर पाएंगे।
	0	
	r टिप्पणी लेखन	r टिप्पणी लेखन का ज्ञान प्राप्त कर विद्यार्थी यह जान पाएंगे कि
	49, 2	विविध कार्यालयों में हिन्दी की टिप्पणियों का सटीक प्रयोग कैसे
	m	किया जाता है और इसकी आवश्यक्ता एवं उपयोगिता क्या है।
	0, 1/15	English
8	11/40	After completion of this Semester student will be able to:
of 1	1/20	CO1: comprehend the richness of literature and make
15	15/ 0	the critical anaylsis of poems.
4	10	CO2: relate various literary aspects through the texts
	60	which capacitate them to enrich their literary,
16.	(0)	research and cultural values and make them
	mil	aware of self and society.
1	m	CO3: describe the various forms of figure of speech
	171	and classify a detailed study of literary devices.
	1121	CO4: compile and analyze the different ways in which
	110	the grammar has been described like precis
	Do Mr.	writing and comprehension.
	100	CO5: improve and develop his/her reading and writing
9	200	skills through one word substitution.
70	History	& DELLE S.
0397	(History of India	After completion of this course, the students will be
	1469-1849 A.D)	able to:
	Man	CO1: explain about the broad development in the
	ग्या।	History of the Punjab from the mid15th to the
		mid19th Century i.e. The medieval period.
		CO2: explain about the life and teachings of Shri Guru
		Nanak Dev ji.
	<u> </u>	

		CO3: explain about Shri Guru Hargobind ji, new policy
		And its identification, martyrdom of Shri Guru
		Tegh Bahadur ji and its significance.
		CO4: explain about circumstances leading to the
	0	creation of Khalsa and its significance the new
	1149	injunctions and symbols of the Khalsa.
	10	CO5: describe about the establishment of independent
	SIL	rule under Banda Bahadur, Socio-economic
/5	9//50	transformation.
Yo.	11/40	CO6: explain about the rule of Rakhi, Gurmata and Dal
(0)	11/2	Khalsa in 18th Century Policy, emergence of
7	//20/	autonomous chiefs.
10/1	12/	CO7: explain about unification under Ranjit Singh,
II	6	Expansion of the kingdom of Lahore, Civil and
I.	3	Provincial Administration, Land Reverse System
	S	Under Mahara <mark>ja Ranjit Singh.</mark>
	m	CO8: describe about social structure in the early 19th
	1 1	century Punjab. CO9: It provides knowledge
	15	to the students about Anglo-Sikh relations up to
	112	1839 <mark>, Political development</mark> 1839-1849.
	M. W.	CO10: explain about First and Second Anglo-Sikh
	LEI	Wars and the annexation of the Punjab.
		CO11: explain about important historical places of the
5	7 2100	Punjab in the outline map of Punjab, Battle of
9	0	Banda Bahadur, Kingdom of Lahore.
	Mathematics	C Q.
MAT-0341	(Advanced Calculus-II)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
	Man	CO1: explain the concept of Sequences, bounded
		sequences, Convergence and Divergence and
		Oscillation of sequences,
		CO2: analyse the theorems related to Sequences,
		Monotonic Sequences, and Cauchy's
<u> </u>	I	

	T	
		Convergence of sequences.
		CO3: explain the Sequential continuity and Uniform
		continuity of Functions of Single Variable.
		CO4: use Series and tests to check the convergence and
	2 5	non-convergence of series like comparison test.
	1149	CO5: perform many tests like Cauchy's Integral test,
	10	Cauchy's Root test, Ratio test, D'Alembert test
	Sur	etc. and their difference from one another to
	9//51	solve various problems.
10	11/10	CO6: rearrange absolute Convergent series and
(0)	11/8/	Riemann's Rearrangement Theorem.
MAT-0342	(Differntial Equations II)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
10 /1	5	CO1: solve questions of basic concepts of Power Series
II	25	methods, Bessel and Legendre functions.
106	1 5	CO2: describe about partial differential equations of
	S	first order, Integral Surfaces and Orthogonality
	間	of System of Surfaces.
1,1	1 % 1	CO3: describe the concepts of Laplace transforms,
	12	Inverse Laplace transforms and its applications.
11	112	CO4: verify the existence theorem for Laplace
	Our.	transformations and its applications.
MAT-0343	(Dynamics)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
1		CO1: describe and analyze Motion of particle with
5	7 25	constant acceleration, acceleration of Falling
0	1917	bodies and its practical applications.
	the second	CO2: analyze Motion of two particles connected with a
	the Man	string, motion along smooth inclined plane,
	Man	Constrained Motion along plane.
		CO3: verify motion under gravity and motion of any
		particle in vertically upward direction.
		CO4: describe the concept of Simple Harmonic Motion
		and Elastic String.
	I	

		CO5: apply Curvilinear motion of a particle and will
		able to solve day to day problems.
		CO6: apply the concepts of Work, Power, Potential
		Energy and the effect of gravitation on these
	C	Forces.
	1149	CO7: describe and solve problems regarding The
	100	concept of Relative Motion and various topics
	m	related to this concept like velocity and
	0//50	acceleration.
70	11/10	CO8: describe the various types of momentum like
10)	11/8/	Angular and Impulsive.
7 /	Agriculture	1031113
0316	(Cultivation Practices of	After the completion of the course, the students will be
0310	0	able to:
7.6	Vegetables, Timber and basic Statistical	CO1: describe about the tillage, fundamentals and
	Methods)	principles of tillage, zero tillage, and tillage
	四	implements.
	121	CO2: describe about the cultivation practices of potato,
111	121	tomato, bhindi, cabbage, onion and asparagus.
	12	CO3: explain about timbers and lumbers.
	Ou.	CO4: raise Dalbergia, Tectona, Poplar and
	1 TEN	Eucalyptus trees.
		CO5: apply statistical methods for agricultural work
9	7 20	including mean, mode, median, chi-square,
10	797	standard deviation.
0205	Dotoil Moulestin	CAN
0395	Retail Marketing	The students who successfully complete this course will be able to:
	"e Man	CO1: state the impact of consumers, manufacturers,
	ग्वा।	government, and competition in decision making
		during retail pricing.
		CO2: apply the retail pricing strategies and tools.
		CO3: use the various methods of advertising and sales
		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Т		
		promotion employed by the retailer.
		CO4: discuss the tools and techniques of personal
		selling.
		CO5: examine the role and impact of publicity for the
	2 10	retail organization.
	1149	CO6: explain the concept and techniques of retail store
	10	management and Visual merchandising.
/	Computer Science	
CS07	(Data Base Concepts)	The students after completing this course, will be able
	11/60	to:
~ 0/	11/25/	CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases
To 1	//Cc/ 2	and its applications.
10 //	10	CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the
五二	65	relational model.
I.	5	CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus.
	2	CO4: normalize the database & understand the internal
	l iii l	data structure.
CS08	(Data Structures)	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
	15	CO1: apply the basic concepts of data structures and
10	11/2/	algorithms.
	The Win	CO2: describe the concepts about searching and sorting
	LEI	techniques.
	and in	CO3: apply the basic concepts about stacks, queues,
3	2 2/2	lists, trees and graphs
0	0.	CO4: write the algorithms and follow step by step
	11/2	approach in solving problems with the help of
	100 11	fundamental data structures
PCS04	(Practical Based Paper CS08)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
		CO1: state how data can be stored in memory.
		CO2: implement Arrays and various operations on
		array.
		-

1		
		CO3: implement Stacks and Queues and various
		operations on them.
		CO4: implement the concept of Linked List.
		CO5: implement the concept of various types of Trees.
	0	CO6: implement various searching and sorting
	त प्रव	techniques along with their Complexity.
	40.	CO7: implement Graph and Graph traversal
	m	techniques.
0338	Physical Education	After the course, the students will be able to:
	11/60	CO1: describe about the Preliminary idea and History
~ 0/		of Physical Education.
To 1	//C'/ 5	CO2: describe about Biological and Sociological
10 //	10	foundation of Physical education.
7	65	CO3: state the meaning of respiration and the organs of
I.	5	respiratory system.
	S	CO4: develop exercise of human's Organic system.
	H	CO5: state about function of composition of blood
	17	system.
	1 5	CO6: state about control of heart rate, types of blood
	112	vessels and cardiac cycle.
	Fashian Designing	0 0 1111
0272	Fashion Designing	After the course, the students can:
0372	(History of Indian and World Costume)	CO1: explain the history and revolution of World
5	7 21	Costumes.
0	1917	CO2: explain the importance and relevance of Indian
1	Train .	and World Costumes.
	(Garment Designing and	\$ 5.
	Illustration-Practical)	CO1: explain about Fashion illustration.
		CO2: draft basic blocks.
		CO3: create various structural of Drafting and
		adaptation of collars and sleeves.
		CO4: design garments.
•		·

	(Pattern Making and	CO1: construct Garments.
	Construction Techniques Proctice()	CO2: describe about different aspects of Pattern
	Techniques-Practical)	Making.
		CO3: do Dart Manipulation.
	Economics	TIET -
0319	(Quantitative Methods)	After completing this course students will be able to:
0319	(Qualititative Methods)	CO1: calculate various types of averages like Mean,
	m	Median and Mode etc.
	0/10	CO2: calculate various measures of dispersion like
70	11/10	standard deviation, mean deviation, etc. and their
(0)	11/8/	uses.
2 /	1/20/	CO3: analyze data and use it further.
10 //	2	CO4: calculate the correlation between variables with
II	65	the help of different methods.
I.	5	CO5: use the statistical methods in daily life.
	5	CO6: use the methods to calculate index numbers and
	liii l	explain the problems in constructing them.
11	17	CO7: explain derivatives, matrices, set theory, maxima
	15	-minima and their application in Economics.
MUV0330	Music (Vocal)	On Completion of this course students would be able to:
	LEI	CO1: identify Musical terms like Importance of
1		Notation system, Murchhana, Gamak, Meend,
3	1 Hor	Bol-Alap, Andolan, Boltana and Badat.
10	0.	CO2: describe about the life history, contributions and
	1 11	achievements of different classical singers and
	170 11	musicians.
	er the Mana	CO3: describe the importance of Tanpura and Sahayak
		Nada for practical skills and theoretical
		knowledge.
		CO4: sing Drut Khayal with harmonium for practical
		skills.

		007 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		CO5: sing Aroh, Avroh and Pakar with tanpuraror
		practical skills.
		CO6: develop the ability to sing Drut khayal and
		Vilambit khayal which is the most important and
	C	popular form of Hindustani Vocal Music.
	Political Science	44 4455 ·
0334	(Indian Politics)	After the course, the students can:
/		CO1: analyze the Federalism and its Working with
10	7// 21	reference to Centre-State Relations,
	1116	CO2: recognise Demand for State Autonomy;
~		Emerging Trends in Indian Federalism.
Ki /	//c/ 2	CO3: explain the working of Election Commission,
10 //	10	Electoral Process and its Defects and Voting
5.11	65	Behavior, Electoral Reforms, Problem of
I.	3	Defection.
	S	CO4: analyze the Party System in India: National and
1 1	iii	Regional Political Parties, Interest and Pressure
	171	Groups.
	15	CO5: describe the role of Caste, Religion, Language,
	TOME	Regionalism in India, Politics of Reservation,
	and the	Emerging Trends and Challenges before Indian
	LEI	Political System.
0.	2	SEMESTER-V
70	COMF	PULSORY SUBJECTS
0401	English	After this course, the students will be able to:
0701	Liignsii	CO1: frame excellent pieces of prose and poetry in
	Man	English and thus learn to appreciate the beauty
	'पा	and communicative power of the Language.
		CO2: explain about insightful native cultural
		experiences and situations that help develop
		human values.

		CO3: improve their linguistic competence and
		communicative skills.
		CO4: develop reading habits and acquire competency
		in self-learning.
	0	CO5: appreciate excellent pieces of prose and poetry in
	1149	English.
	TO .	CO6: enhance the communication skills of the students
	Mr.	enabling them to express themselves in an
/*	1/50	effective manner.
20	11/40	CO7: describe the basics of English grammar.
(0)	110	CO8: get an opportunity to delve deep into the world of
2-11	10	literature.
11 0	5/	CO9: describe various literary genres including poetry,
I	6 25	prose, drama, and essay in a better way.
0402/0403	Punjabi/History and Culture of Punjab	CO1: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦਾ ਕਾਵਿ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਅਰੰਭਿਕ ਕਵੀ ਜੋ ਕਿ ਸੂਫ਼ੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਹੋ ਕੇ ਵਿਚਾਰਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਇੱਕਾਮਿਕ ਕਰਵਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ।ਇਸੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਹੋਏ ਭਾਰਤ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਨਾਲ ਵੀ ਜਾਣ ਪਛਾਣ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੀ ਬਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਵੀ ਇਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੀਤਾ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਦੇ ਸਰੋਕਾਰਾਂ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਅਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੀ ਸਮੁੱਚੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। CO2: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦਾ ਕਾਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਵਾ-ਮੰਡਲ ਧਾਰਮਿਕ ਹੈ। ਗੁਰਬਾਣੀ ਤੇ ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਤਾਂ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਆਤਮਿਕ ਤੇ ਪਾਰਲੌਕਿਕ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਿੱਧਾ ਹੀ ਮੁਖਾਤਿਬ ਹਨ। ਦੁਨਿਆਈ ਪ੍ਰੇਮ ਤੇ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਮਨੁੱਖੀ ਸਰੋਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਬਾਤ ਪਾਉਣ ਵਾਲਾ ਕਿੱਸਾ -ਕਾਵਿ ਵੀ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੀ ਅਮਰ-ਆਤਮਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਮਾਏ ਮੁੱਲਾਂ ਜਾਂ ਆਦਰਸ਼ਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਹੀ ਸਵੀਕਾਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਬੀਰ-ਕਾਵਿ ਵਿੱਚ ਪ੍ਰਮੁੱਖਤਾ ਭਾਵੇਂ ਦੁਨਿਆਵੀ ਬੁੱਧਾਂ ਦੇ ਬਿਆਨ ਨੂੰ ਹੈ, ਪਰ ਉਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਵੀ ਸੂਰਬੀਰਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਆਦਰਸ਼ਾਂ ਤੇ ਧਰਮ-ਆਧਾਰੀ ਮੁੱਲਾਂ ਦੀ ਤਾਬਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੀ ਰੱਖਿਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਲਹਿਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਨੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਨੂੰ ਨਵੀਂ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਚੇਤਨਾ ਅਤੇ ਕ੍ਰਾਂਤੀਕਾਰੀ ਵਿਚਾਰਧਾਰਾ ਦੇ ਲੜ੍ਹ ਲਾਇਆਂ। ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਚਾਰਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੋ ਕੇ

er the Mar

ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਨੂੰ ਸਹੀ ਰਾਹ ਉੱਤੇ ਤੋਰਨ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਹੋ ਜਾਂਦੇ ਹਨ।

CO3: ਪੈਰਾ ਰਚਨਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨਵੇਂ ਸੰਕਲਪਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਿਰਜਣ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਪ੍ਰਬਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।

CO4: ਲਿਪੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੀਆਂ ਲਿਖਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵੀ ਬਣਾਉਣ ਲਈ ਸਹਾਈ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।

CO5: ਵਿਆਕਰਨ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਦੇ ਸਿਧਾਂਤ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਹਾਰ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।

Punjabi course outcomes translated into English
CO1: While studying the poetry of medieval Punjabi, the
students are introduced to the ideas of early Punjabi
poets who are associated with Sufi poetry. They are
also introduced to the creation of Bharat Kavya which
took place at the same time. The verses of Gurmat
Kavi are also studied in it. While studying the concerns
of Gurmat, the students get an overall knowledge of
Punjab and Punjabi culture.

CO2: The theme of medieval Punjabi poetry is religious.

Gurbani and Sufi poetry directly address the spiritual and mundane issues of man. A story that talks about worldly love and social human concerns - the poet also accepts only the values or ideals embedded in the immortal soul of man. Although the predominance of heroic poetry is the statement of worldly sages, even in that, chivalry is kept in the context of human ideals and religious values. The poetry of these movements brought new cultural consciousness and revolutionary ideology to society.

By knowing these ideas, students can lead their lives

on the right path. CO3: Through paragraph creation, students develop a sense of creating new concepts. CO4: A rich knowledge of script helps students to make their writing more effective. CO5: While studying grammar, students get to know about its theory and practice. History and Culture of Punjab After completion of this course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about early British administration; Board Of Administration 1549-1853; Reforms under John Lawrence. CO2: explain about Colonial policy of Agriculture, Trade and Industry. CO3: explain about the spread of Modern Education. CO4: describe about the impact of Socio-Religion Reform movements i.e. Namdharis, Singh Sabha, Arya samaj and Ahmediyas. CO5: explain about the Uprising of 1907; its causes and consequences. CO6: explain about Ghadar movement, its origin and Activities. CO7: explain about Jallianwala Bagh Massacre; its circumstances and consequences. CO8: explain about Gurudwara reforms Movement, its causes & consequences. CO9: explain about response to Non-Cooperation and Civil-Disobedience Movement. CO10: describe about partition of Punjab; its

		Circumstances and Impact.
		CO11: explain about important historical places on the
		outline map of Punjab.
	ELE	CCTIVE SUBJECTS
0407/0405/ 0404	Punjabi/Hindi/English	C01: ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਤੇ ਮੁੱਢਲੇ ਬਸਤੀਵਾਲ ਕਾਲ ਦੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ' ਪੁਸਤਕ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੇ 1700 ਈ. ਤੋਂ ਲੈ ਕੇ 1900 ਈਂ ਤੱਕ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕੀਤੀ।
8	A an	CO2: ਵਾਰਿਸ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੇ ਜ਼ਗੀਰਦਾਰੀ ਸਮਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਔਰਤ ਦੀ ਦਸ਼ਾ, ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜ-ਪ੍ਰਬੰਧ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕੀਤੀ।
HOT	45. E	CO3: ਵਾਰਿਸ਼ਸ਼ਾਹ, ਹਾਸ਼ਮ, ਅਹਿਮਦਯਾਰ ਅਤੇ ਫਜ਼ਲ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੋਇਆ ਕਿ ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੁੜੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਬੰਦਸ਼ਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਿਆ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਸੀ।
H	SEEK	CO4: ਸ਼ਾਹ ਮੁਹੰਮਦ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਮਹਾਰਾਜਾ ਰਣਜੀਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਮੌਤ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਸਿੱਖ ਰਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਹੋਈ ਕਤਲੋਗਾਰਤ ਅਤੇ ਸਿੱਖਾਂ ਤੇ ਅੰਗਰੇਜ਼ਾਂ ਵਿਚਕਾਰ ਹੋਈਆਂ ਲੜਈਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੋਈ।
	1151	Punjabi Outcomes translated in English
	MIED	CO1: The book Maddkal Te Mudhale Bastiwal Kaal Di
	Ja Mir	Punjabi Kavita provided students information
	750	about the poetry of 1700 AD to 1900AD.
0	2	CO2: Through Waris Shah's poems, students learned
2	LHOT	about the plight of women in the feudal system
4	0.	and the social management of that time.
	the Man	CO3: The poems of Waris Shah, Ahmadyaar and Fazal
	10 111-	Shah acquainted the students with the fact that
	wan	the girls were not allowed to express themselves
		and kept in constraints during the medieval
		period.
		CO4: Through Shah Mohammad's works, the students
		got information about the massacre that took

er the Ma

place in the Sikh state after the death of Maharaja Ranjit Singh and the battles fought between Sikhs and the Britishers.

CO1: Through the play Jin Sach Plai Hoi, the students come to know that people were the victim of ignorance during the time of Guru Nanak Dev ji. They were superstitious. The rulers of that time used to commit atrocities upon them. There was no religious freedom. Through this play, students get to know about the personality of Guru Nanak Dev ji and his manner of logical talk. Whoever came to his company became bold and enlightened. He was freed from all superstitions. The students became aware of importance and relevance of Guru Nanak Dev ji's ideology in the present times.

Hindi

r विद्यार्थी राम<mark>धारी सिंह दिनकर के जीवन, रचनाओं, काव्य</mark>गत विशेषताओं और दार्शनिक सिद्धांतों का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।

r कुरुक्षेत्र एक पौराणिक खण्ड-काव्य है, जिसका मूल स्रोत
महाभारत है। इस काव्य ग्रंथ में भीष्म पितामह युधिष्ठिर को कर्म
और कर्ताव्य का उपदेश देते हैं। इस ग्रंथ में युद्ध और उसकी
समस्यायों पर गहन विचार किया गया है। युद्ध और शांति जैसे
विषयों पर प्रकाश डालते हुए दिनकर जी शांति को श्रेष्ठ मानते हैं
परन्तु जहां शांति अन्याय पर आधारित हो वहां युद्ध को श्रेष्ठ मानते
हुए उसका समर्थन भी करते हैं। कुरुक्षेत्र के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी
यह संदेश प्राप्त करेंगे कि अन्याय और अत्याचार पर आधारित शांति
कभी भी स्थाई नहीं होती और न्याय और अधिकार के लिए लड़ा

		जाने वाला युद्ध कभी पाप कर्म नहीं होता। इस ग्रंथ में विद्यार्थियों
		को राजतंत्र की निंदा, लोकतंत्र की प्रशंसा और समाजवादी
		विचारधारा को एक साथ देख-समझ कसते हैं।
	समीक्षा सिद्धांत	r हिन्दी काव्य की शास्त्रीय पद्धित से विद्यार्थियों का परिचय कराया जाएगा। समीक्षा सिद्धांत के महत्व को प्रतिपादित किया जाएगा।
	r काव्य की परिभाषा	r हिन्दी <mark>काव्य की परिभाषा, काव्य के बहु</mark> -आयामी वर्गीकरण से
5	r काट्य का वर्गीकरण	विद्यार्थियों को परिचित कराया जाएगा।
To /	r <mark>महाकाव्य एवं खण्डका</mark> व्य	r हिन्दी महाकाव्य एवं खण्डकाव्य के लक्षण, परिभाषा, विशेषताओं और इन दोनों के साम्य-वैषम्य से विद्यार्थियों के ज्ञान में वृद्धि होगी
長	r गीतिकाव्य	और वे प्राचीन शास्त्रीय काव्य विधाओं से परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
	r निबंध	r हिन्दी गीतिकाव्य काव्य के लक्षण, परिभाषा, विशेषताओं से विद्यार्थियों के ज्ञान में वृद्धि होगी और वे गेय काव्य विधा से परिचय
111	r जीवनी	प्राप्त करेंगे।
	r संस्मरण	r हिन्दी निबंध, जीवनी, संस्मरण और रेखाचित्र जैसी आधुनिक गद्य विधाओं के लक्षण, परिभाषा, विशेषताओं से विद्यार्थियों के ज्ञान में
	r रेखाचित्र	वृद्धि होगी और वे इन विधाओं से परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे।
70	र भवा	r हिन्दी काव्य की शास्त्रीय पद्धति से विद्यार्थियो <mark>ं</mark> का परिचय कराया
	अलंकार परिचय	जाएगा। अलंकार सिद्धांत के महत्व को प्रतिपादित किया जाएगा।
	10 111-	हिन्दी काव्य में अलंकारों की स्थिति एवं प्रयोग से विद्यार्थियों को
	wan	परिचित कराया जाएगा।
		r हिन्दी काव्य में प्रयुक्त होने वाले अनुप्रास, यमक, श्लेष, उपमा,
		रूपक, उत्प्रेक्षा, प्रतीप, विरोधाभास, अतिश्योक्ति और वक्रोक्ति
		अलंकारों के लक्षण, परिभाषा, प्रयोग आदि से विद्यार्थियों के ज्ञान

		में वृद्धि होगी।
		English
HHEY	SEEK KNOW	CO1: explain different genres of Literature by reading selected texts and poems. CO2: analyze various literary terms prescribed in the syllabus. CO3: develop a taste for specialized study of Indian literature written in the English language. CO4: explain the nature and importance of the English language in the present world. CO5: interpret Indian writing in English. CO6: analyze various dimensions of Indian English writing in poetry, especially its rustic philosophy. CO7: explain various literary terms like Orientalism, Postcolonialism, Gender, Race, Class, Caste, Nation etc. CO8: use language effectively by understanding the art of comprehension, note-making, one- word substitutes and changing the form of words.
0425	History (World History	After completion of this course, the students will be
1	1500-1870 A.D)	able to:
0	. 4	CO1: explain the history of the Modern world, World
	the Man	Around 1500; Feudalism, Features and its
	'AR HE	decline.
	Man	CO2: describe about Politico-Religious Changes.
	-411	CO3: describe about the rise of Parliamentary
		Government; The Glorious Revolution and
		its effects.
		CO4: explain about the American Revolution, Social,
		CO7. Capiani about the American Revolution, Social,

		Political and aconomic savess its Consequences
		Political and economic causes, its Consequences.
		CO5: explain about the French Revolution 1789.
		CO6: state the Napoleon Bonaparte, his Reforms and
		his continental system.
		CO7: state about Congress of Vienna 1815, its motives,
	1149	working, principal, provisions and significance.
	10	CO8: explain about the Industrial Revolution (1750-
	500	1880), spread to Europe, impact on Society.
	9//5	CO9: explain about the Eastern Question Greek War of
10	11/40	Independence, Mehmat Ali and Egypt, Crimean
(0)	11/8/	War.
2 /	1/2/	CO10: explain about the different stages in the
10 /1	5	unification of Italy, role of Mazzini, Cavour and
7 11	- E	Garibaldi.
7.6	75	CO11: explain about the important historical places of
	S	the world in the outline map of the world,
		unification of Germany and unification of
	1 12	Italy.
	Mathematics	012 /2/11
MAT-0443	(Analysis-I)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
14111 0113	(Finally Sis 1)	CO1: describe Countable and Uncountable sets and
	12 CEL	problems related to this topic
1		CO2: explain Riemann Integral and Integrality of
9	y m	Continuous, Monotonic functions and their
0	1191	Applications.
*	2/ 1.	CO3: explain Theorems like Fundamental theorem
	the Man	(3)
	"C Man	of Integral Calculus, Mean Value Theorem of
	ग्वा।	Integral Calculus and their applications by
		solving various problems.
		CO4: use Beta Gamma Functions, Improper Integrals,
		Comparison Tests to solve Improper Integral.
		CO5: perform Abel's test, Dirichlet's test to solve

	T	
		Improper integral, Frullani Integral
		CO6: explain about Continuity and Derivability of an
		Integral of a Function as a Parameter.
MAT-0444	(Modern Algebra)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
	C	CO1: differentiate and solve theorems of Groups,
	M U	Subgroups, Lagrange's Theorem, Normal
	10	subgroups Quotient Groups.
	Sur	CO2: describe Homeomorphisms, Isomorphism
\(\sigma^2\)	9//55	theorems and problems related to this concept.
70	11/10	CO3: analyze Conjugate elements, Class Equations,
(0)	11/8/	Permutation Groups, and Alternating Groups etc.
2 /	//20/	CO4: describe and solve problems of Rings, Subrings,
10 /1	5	Ideals and Integral Domain and problems and
I	25	theorems based on these concepts.
7.6	3	CO5: differentiate Quotient Rings, Prime and Maximal
	S	ideals, Homomorphism and Isomorphism based
	盟	on Rings.
MAT-0445	(Probability Theory)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
111	12	CO1: describe Probability, Conditional Probability by
11	112	solving practical problems related to this
1	Ou.	concept.
	12 TEI	CO2: solve Random Variables and topics on this fields
1		like probability density function, discrete and
9	7 25	continuous random variables, Moment
0	2191	Generating Functions, Skewness and Kurtosis.
	200	CO3: differentiate Discrete Distributions-Bernoulli,
	The .	Binomial, Negative Binomial, Geometric and
	the Man	Poisson Distributions and problems related to
	1411	these concepts.
		CO4: apply Continuous Distributions-Uniform,
		Exponential, Beta, Gamma, Chi-Square and
		Normal distributions on various problems.

		CO5: describe and analyze Bivariate Random
		Variables and distribution along with the
		concepts of joint expectation, correlation
		coefficient, Bivariate Normal Distribution.
	Agriculture	गत कारे
0442	(Agrodiversity and Physiology)	After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:
	500	CO1: explain the history of agroforestry,
	9//50	agroecological zonification, socioeconomic
20	11/16	aspects of agroforestry, agroforestry system for
101	11/2	small holdings arid land agroforestry.
2 /	1/20/	CO2: describe about the establishment of orchard basic
10 /1	5	cultural practices, elemental role and needs of
II	6	nutrients, propagation – principles and
I.	3	techniques, stock -scion relationship and their
	S	incompatibility, Fruit Physiology
	I III I	CO3: describe about the respiration-glycolysis, citric
	17	acid cycle, photorespiration, photosynthesis –
111	12	light reaction, dark reaction, C4 –cycle, CAM
	112	plants growth hormones and their role in
	TOME	agriculture.
	KEI	CO4: describe about the enzymes and vitamins,
		vernalization and photoperiodism.
5	7 210	CO5: explain about intellectual property right,
0	10	informatics in agriculture, seed production and
	1. 41	technology indigenous technical knowledge in
	Do .	agriculture introduction to crop biotechnology
	Man	agrobiodiversity.
0487	Retail Marketing	The students who successfully complete this course will be able to:
		CO1: express the significance of retail branding.
		CO2: elucidate the concept of customer services, its

	Т	1 1 1 1 1
		significance, levels and quality standards.
		CO3: formulate the Gaps models for improving retail
		customer service quality.
		CO4: state the development and use of Information
		Technology in retailing.
	1149	CO5: comprehend the various concepts of
	100	consumerism and ethics in retailing.
	200	CO6: familiarize themselves with practical experience
	9//518	of the work related to the retail sector.
1	Computer Science	283/11/89
CS09	(Project Management)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
11 0	5	CO1: explain the concepts of Project Management for
II	25	planning to execution of projects, Able to
To C	3	understand different phases of SDLC.
	S	CO2: use the feasibility analysis in Project
	1 1 1 1	Management and network analysis tools for cost
	1 7	and time estimation.
111	12	CO3: describe about Project Directions, Coordination
1	112	and Control, Project Management Performance,
	Our.	Report Writing.
CS10	(Relational Database	The students after completing this course, will be able
CD10	Management System)	to: TE SE
5	7 25	CO1: state the basic concepts and the applications of
0	10/1	database systems.
	Train .	CO2: retrieve any type of information from a data base
	The .	by formulating complex queries in SQL.
	the Man	CO3: describe the relational database design principles
	all	CO4: explain about Data Constraints, Grouping of data,
		Indexes, Sequences, Pl/SQL Concepts.
PCS05	Practical C-Practical	The students after completing this course, will be able
1 COO	Based on paper CS10)	to:
	<u> </u>	

		CO1: use the DDL commands, Primary key and Candidate keys.
		CO2: apply the various DML commands for retrieval of information
	0	CO3: perform all the Table join operations.
	त प्रव	CO4: develop simple applications using PL/SQL
	mrd.	procedure, cursor, triggers.
0414	Physical Education	After the course, the students will be able to:
10	11.20	CO1: follow the Rules and Skills of games.
	11/6/	CO2: discern the player's Psychology.
de /	1/20	CO3: maintain proper Health and active life style.
15	15/ 6	and Know about Hypo-kinetic Diseases, Postural
4	10	deformities and Physical activities.
511	65	CO4: Get knowledge about the tournament or
Te.	(0)	competition.
	mil	CO5: describe various theories of play and their
	一一	significance of physical education and sports.
	7	CO6: Students get knowledge about massage, benifits of
	12	blood circulation and muscle.
	Fashion Designing	
0477	(Fashion Designing and	After the course, the students can:
	Merchandising) (theory)	CO1: explain the different aspects of fashion.
0	725	CO2: explain the different aspects of merchandising.
20	- नवा	CO3: create Indian and Western designs.
7	Economics	G.
0427	(Economics of	After completing this course students will be able to:
	Development)	CO1: distinguish the concept of 'Economic
	-411	Development' and 'Economic Growth' and
		various theories of Economic Development and
		Growth.
		CO2: analyze the obstacles in economic development.

		CO3: explain the concept of capital formation and
		factors which can increase capital formation.
		CO4: describe the merits and demerits of capital
		intensive and labour intensive techniques of
	C	production.
	1149	CO5: analyze various factors helpful in the economic
	40	development of a country.
	300	CO6: explain the concept of poverty and its
	9/15	measurement.
10	11/40	CO7: describe the role of economic planning in the
10)	11/8/	development process.
2 /	1/20/	CO8: review various stages of economic development.
10 /1	5	CO9: describe the role of economic policies in the
II	6	development of a nation.
MUV0417	Music (Vocal)	On Completion of this course students would be able to:
	四	CO1: introduce to a specific Gayaki in
	12	their Khayal singing.
111	151	CO2: learn vilambit khayal in Ragas other those
11	112	Covered during the first year.
	all Our	CO3: introduce to the notions of vistar, Bol-Alapa and
	ZEF	Behelawa; various techniques of improvisation in
		khayal.
9	y m	CO4: explain about Badhat in Vilambit khayals.
0	1917	CO5: introduce to lok Sangeet of Punjab and stage
	Pres.	Performance techniques.
	The .	CO6: explain the salient features of Time Theory of the
	the Man	Indian Music and focus on Ragas prescribed in syllabus.
		CO7: describe about the life history, contributions and
		achievements of different classical singers and musicians.
		miletetane

	Political Science	
0426	(Comparative Political	After the course, the students can:
	Systems-UK and USA)	CO1: examine diverse political systems: Liberal-
	0	democratic, Authoritarian, Socialist forms of
	- 118	political systems.
	4	CO2: explore the Constitution of UK: salient features;
	MI	the executive – the Crown, Prime Minister and
/	2	cabinet; the legislature: House of Lords, House
18	11.20	Commons, speaker and Committees; Party
	11/6/	System in UK.
de /	16	CO3: appraise the US Constitution: salient features; the
161	1 Fc / E	executive: President; Legislature: Senate. House
411	10	of Representative; Speaker; Judiciary: the
5/1	65	composition and role of the Supreme Court; Bill
Te.	(8)	of Rights; Party System.
	E	CO4: make a comparative analysis of the following
	m	institutions of UK and USA: Legislature,
	171	Executive and party systems
	S	SEMESTER-VI
	COMP	ULSORY SUBJECTS
0501	English	After the course, the students will be able to:
0	· Com	CO1: have more grasp over the communicative
7	2 Har	language that will in turn create more job
. 0	0.	opportunities for them.
	14	CO2: have a better understanding of the texts after
	100 110	being familiarised with the analysis,
	the Man	interpretation, and understanding of the complex
		interrelationships between authors, texts, and
		specific social, political, and historical contexts.
		CO3: have enhanced literary, critical, and aesthetic
		awareness of diverse cultures and literary works

		and thus arrive at a broader world vision.
		CO4: have better linguistic competence after learning
		one-word substitution, changing the form of
		words, pair of words, and comprehension.
0502/0503	Punjabi/History and Culture of Punjab	CO1: ਹਰਨਾਮ ਦਾਸ ਸਹਿਰਾਵੀ ਨੇ ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਇੱਕ ਲੜੀ ਨੂੰ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਿਆਂ ਸਿੱਖ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਦੀ ਮਹੱਤਵਪੂਰਨ ਇਸਤਰੀ ਅਨੂਪ ਕੌਰ ਨੂੰ ਚਿਤਰਦਿਆਂ ਉਸਦੀ ਜਵਾਨੀ ਤੇ ਖੂਬਸੂਚਤੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਧੂੰਮਾਂ ਪੈਣ ਕਰਕੇ ਲਹੌਰ, ਸਰਹੰਦ ਤੇ ਮਲੇਰਕੋਟਲੇ ਤੇ ਨਵਾਬਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੇ ਛੋਕਰਿਆਂ ਸਮੇਤ ਰਾਜੇ ਭੀਮ ਚੰਦ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਉਸਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਤਰਲੋਮੱਛੀ ਹੋਣ ਦਾ ਜ਼ਿਕਰ ਹੈ। ਅਨੂਪ ਕੌਰ ਵੱਡੇ-ਵੱਡੇ ਰਿਸ਼ਤਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਟੋਕਰ ਮਾਰਕੇ ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਨੂੰ ਪਸੰਦ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਅਨੂਪ ਕੌਰ ਮਰਦਾਵੇਂ ਭੇਸ਼ ਵਿੱਚ ਸ਼ਸਤਰਧਾਰੀ ਤੇ ਘੋੜ ਸਵਾਰੀ ਸਿੱਘਨੀ ਦੇ ਰੂਪ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਿਚਰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਆਪਣੀ ਸਾਰੀ ਸ਼ਕਤੀ ਗਰੂ-ਪੰਥ ਦੇ ਲੜ ਲਗਾਉਂਦੀ ਹੋਈ ਸ਼ਹੀਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ।ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸਿੱਖਾਂ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਮੁਗਲ ਹਕੂਮਤ ਖ਼ਿਲਾਫ਼ ਜੰਗ ਲੜ੍ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਬਹਾਦਰੀ ਨਾਲ ਮੌਤ ਨੂੰ ਗਲੇ ਲਗਾਉਣ ਦੇ ਇਸ ਕਾਂਡ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ ਆਪਣੇ ਵਿਰਸੇ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਨ ਲਈ ਇਹ ਨਾਵਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਲਈ ਬਹੁਤ ਮਹੱਤਵ ਰੱਖਦਾ ਹੈ। CO2: ਅਖਬਾਰਾਂ ਲਈ ਪ੍ਰੈਸ ਨੋਟ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੀ ਰੁੱਚੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੀਆਂ :ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਰੁਚੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਲਿਖਤੀ ਰੂਪ ਦੇਣ ਲਈ ਸਹਾਈ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO3: ਗੁਰਮੁੱਖੀ ਲਿਪੀ ਸਿਰਫ਼ ਸਿੱਖਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਧਾਰਮਿਕ ਲਿਖਤਾਂ ਤੱਕ ਹੀ ਸੀਮਤ ਨਹੀਂ ਰਹੀ, ਸਗੋਂ ਇਹ ਇਸ ਤੋਂ ਆਪੰਹ ਸਾਤਰੇ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਲਿਪੀ ਬਣਗਈ ਹੈ ਇਸ ਸੰਬੰਧ ਵਿੱਚ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹੋਣੀ ਬੜੀ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ। ਛੋੱ4: ਵਿਆਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹੋਣ ਤੇ ਹੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੀ ਸਮਰੱਥਾ ਹੋਵੇਗੀ। ਉਹ ਸਾਹਤਕ ਕਿਰਤਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਹੀ ਰੂਪ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਮਝ ਸਕਣ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਹੋਣਗੇ। Punjabi course outcomes translated into English CO1: In this novel, Harnam Das Sehravi presented a series

of the life of Guru Gobind Singh Ji, portraying Anup Kaur, an important woman of Sikh history, who, due to her youthfulness and beauty, was admired by Lahore, Sarhand, Malerkotle, Nawabs and their sons along with Raje Bhim. Anup Kaur likes Guru Gobind Singh ji because of big relationships. Anup Kaur disguises herself as a man in armour and riding a horse as Sighni. She gets martyrdom with all her strength fighting the Guru-Panth. Through the study of this novel, the students get information about this incident of the Sikhs fighting against the Mughal rule and bravely embracing death. To know their heritage, this novel is very important for students. CO2: Interest in writing press notes for newspapers helps students to express their literary interests in writing. CO3: The students get the knowledge that the Gurmukhi script is not only limited to the religious writings of Sikhs, but it has become the script of all Punjab and Punjabis. CO4: Students have the ability to understand literature only when they know the grammar. They will be able to understand literary works correctly. History and Culture of Punjab After completion of this course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about migration and its socio-economic impact, Rehabilitation and Resettlement. CO2: explain about Demand for Punjabi Suba;

		Reorganization Act 1966.
		CO3: explain about the Green Revolution and its
		impact.
	1702	CO4: explain about Development of education,
	C	political and economic Development post
	1149	1966.
	TO .	CO5: explain about issues of Boundary; water,
	500	Chandigarh.
	9//50	CO6: state about Socio-economic Development in the
10	11/16	1980's.
(0)	11/2	CO7: explain about Operation Blue Star and its impact.
2 /	1/20/	CO8: explain about New social issues-gender
11 0	5	discrimination, drug menace.
II	6	CO9: explain about Development of Punjabi
106	3	Literature; Bhai Veer si <mark>ngh, Shi</mark> v Kumar Batalvi,
	S	Amrita Pritam.
	H	CO10: explain about the important historical places of
	17	Punjab during after importance.
	ELE	CTIVE SUBJECTS
0508/0507/	Punj <mark>abi/Hindi/English</mark>	Punjabi
0504	MED	CO1: ਮੁੱਧਕਾਲ ਤੇ ਮੁੱਢਲੇ ਬਸਰੀਵਾਦੀ ਕਾਲ ਦੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੇ ਮੁੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕੀਤੀ।
70	2 Har	CO2: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੇ ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਵਿੱਚ ਰਚੀ ਗਈ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇ ਵੱਖਰੇ-ਵੱਖਰੇ ਰੂਪਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕੀਤੀ।
	the Man	CO3: ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਲੋਕ-ਨਾਇਕਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕੀਤੀ, ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਤਾ ਲੱਗਿਆ ਕਿ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਲੋਕ ਨਾਇਕ ਅਮੀਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਲੁੱਟਕੇ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਗਰੀਬਾਂ ਦੀ ਮਦਦ ਕਰਦੇ ਸਨ।
		CO4: ਨਿਬੰਧ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆ ਨੂੰ ਚੰਗਾ ਇਨਸਾਨ ਬਣਨ ਲਈ ਜੋ ਗੁਣ ਚਾਹੀਦੇ ਹਨ, ਉਹਨਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੋਈ। ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਰਤ ਦਾ ਕੀ ਮਹੱਤਵ ਹੈ, ਇਨਸਾਨ ਨੂੰ

		ਸਾਰਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਭਲਾ ਸੋਚਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਵਿੱਦਿਆ ਦੀ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਆਦਿ ਵੱਖੋ-ਵੱਖਰੇ ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਨਣ ਦਾ ਮੌਕਾ ਮਿਲਿਆ।
		Punjabi course outcomes translated into English
		CO1: The study of book Maddkal Te Mudhale
	118	Bastiwal Kaal Di Punjabi Kavita enables
	1149	students to learn about the poetry of medieval
	WIO -	period.
/	5	CO2: Students obtained information about the different
/8	9// 20	forms of poetry composed in the medieval
1	11/6	period.
2		CO3: Students get information about the folk-heroes of
E.	/ Fc. / 2	the medieval period and how they used to rob the
10 11	D/	rich and help the poor.
511	65	CO1: Through the book Nibandh Prakash, the students
Te	10	got information about the qualities required to be
	SE	a good and righteous human being. They got an
	m	opportunity to learn about various topics like the
	171	importance of work and education in life and
	1151	ability to think for the welfare of all mankind.
	10	Hindi
	निबंध-लेखन	r विद्यार्थी निबंध-लेखन से अपने लेखन-कौशल को निखार सकेंगे
		GE DE'
9	y m	और भविष्य में इस कौशल को वे अपने व्यावसायिक जीवन में
10	7797	इस्तेमाल कर पाएंगे। किसी भी विषय पर निबंध लिखना सरल नहीं
	2/2	होता और इसके लिए निरंतर अत्त्यास की <mark>आवश्यक्ता</mark> होती है।
	Cha-	विद्यार्थी अपने विचारों को निबंध के माध्यम से व्यक्त कर पाने में
	The Man	सक्षम हो पाएंगे।
	ं'वा।	r विद्यार्थी गद्य-साहित्य के माध्यम से समाज और जीवन की विविध
	गद्य-फुलवारी	समस्याओं से अवगत होंगे और उन समस्याओं के समाधान के लिए
	1 4 6 7 1 11 11	प्रेरित होंगे। उनमें समस्या-समाधान की क्षमता विकसित होगी।
		। भारत होगा उनम समस्या-समायान का समता विकासत होगा।

r आँसुओं की होली r अकेली r चीफ की दावत त्सुभान खाँ r भाभी r सदाचार का ताबीज r महात्मा गांधी r मैं धोबी हूँ ∙गप-शप r यमुनोत्री की यात्रा

r आंसुओं की होली कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि कमजोर संकल्प वाले व्यक्ति जीवन के उच्च लक्ष्यों को प्राप्त करने में सफल नहीं हो सकते। जीवन में अपने लक्ष्यों की पूर्ति के लिए सभी उतरदायित्व निभाने के साथ यह भी जरूरी है कि व्यक्ति कर्मशील हो और उसका संकल्प दृढ़ हो।

r अकेली कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि अकेलापन एक अभिशाप की तरह होता है, जो मानसिक दु:ख की ओर ले जाता है। अतः हमें स्वयं को अकेलेपन से बचाने के लिए सामाजिक होना पड़ेगा और दूसरों के सुख-दु:ख में शामिल होकर खुद को व्यस्त रखना होगा।

r चीफ की दावत कहानी के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि आज के मध्यवर्गीय समाज में कैसे मानसिक्ता और संबन्धों में बदलाव आ रहा है। चमक-दमक और दिखावे की प्रवृति के कारण रिश्तों को घर के फालतू सामान की तरह इधर-उधर छुपाया जाने लगा है। कहानी के अन्त तक आते-आते विद्यार्थी यह समध जाते हैं कि कैसे मध्यवर्गीय लोगों का खून सफेद हो जाता है और वे केवल स्वार्थ में बंधकर घर के बड़े-बुजुगों को भी फालतू सामान समझ लेते हैं, पर यही रिश्ते जाते जाते भी उनको लाभ ही दे जाते हैं।

r सुभान खाँ रेखाचित्र के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी साम्प्रदायिक सद्भाव की जीती-जागती मूरत सुभान दादा से परिचित होकर यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि समाज में जातीयता और साम्प्रायिक्ता से बढ़कर इंसानियत और सद्भाव होता है।

r भाभी रेखाचित्र के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी समाज में विधवा की स्थित और नियित के विषय में जानने में सक्षम होंगे। भारतीय समाज में युगों-युगों से विधवा को दबाकर और चारदीवारी में कैद रखा जाता है और उसे लांछित किया जाता है। जरूरत इस बात की है कि उसके साथ भी सामान्य मनुष्य की तरह व्यवहार किया जाए।

r सदाचार का ताबीज़ पाठ में देश में व्याप्त भ्रष्टाचार तथा उसके उन्मूलन के खोखले रूपों पर कटाक्ष किया गया है। विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि आधुनिक समाज में व्याप्त भ्रष्टाचार कितना विकराल हो चुका है और नेता देश में जनता की सेवा और प्रगति से बढ़कर निजी स्वार्थ को तरजीहत देते हैं। r महात्मा गांधी संस्मरण के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी महात्मा गांधी को लेखक की दृष्टि से जानने में सक्षम होंगे। भारत की आज़ादी में गांधी <mark>जी के योगदान, उनके देश के प्रति सेवा भाव और कर्त्तव्य-निष्ठा से</mark> विद्यार्थी परिचित होंगे। r मैं धोबी हूँ निबंध में हल्के-फुल्के ढंग से एक धोबी की कर्त्तव्य-भावना का चित्रांकन करते हुए उसे पतित पावन बताया गया है। विद्यार्थी लेखक के लेखन-कौशल को जानने में सक्षम होंगे और यह जान पाएंगे कि व्यक्ति के गुण-अवगुण उसको समाज में सम्मान या अपमान दिलाते हैं। r गप-शप निबंध के माध्यम से विद्यार्थी यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि बेकार समझे जा<mark>ने वाले विषय या</mark> बातों से भी कई प्रकार की नयी चीजें सीखी-समझी जा सकती हैं। बेकार समझी जाने वाली बातों से कई बार किसी के व्यक्तित्व और चिरित्र की जानकारी प्राप्त की जा सकती है। r जमुनोत्री की यात्रा यात्रा-वृतांत के माध्यम से विद्<mark>यार्थी</mark> यह जानने में सक्षम होंगे कि पुरातन समयों में धार्मिक यात्राओं का क्या महत्व होता था और किन प्रकार की असुविधाओं से यात्री को दो-चार होना पड़ता था। r विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के इतिहास का परिचय प्राप्त करेंगे। हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास विद्यार्थी हिन्दी साहित्य के सृजन की पृष्ठभूमि और साहित्यिक r आधुनिक गद्य-साहित्य

प्रवृतियों को समझने में सक्षम होंगे। विद्यार्थी साहित्य के माध्यम से जीवन-मुल्यों और जीवन-दर्शन को समझने का प्रयास करेंगे। r हिन्दी साहित्य के आधुनिक काल के अन्तर्गत गद्य साहित्य (कहानी, उपन्यास, नाटक, निबंध, आत्मकथा, जीवनी आदि) की विशिष्टताओं का परिचय प्राप्त करके और इस युग के प्रतिनिधि लेखकों की लेखन शैलियों से परिचित होकर विद्यार्थी आधुनिक काल के साहित्य के विषय में समुचित ज्ञान प्राप्त करेंगे और इस काल-खण्ड के साहित्य की निर्माण प्रक्रिया को समझने में सक्षम होंगे। छंद-परिचय r हिन्दी काव्य की शास्त्रीय पद्<mark>धित से विद्</mark>यार्थियों का परिचय कराया जाएगा। छंद विचार के महत्व को प्रतिपादित किया जाएगा। हिन्दी काव्य में छंदों की स्थिति एवं प्रयोग से विद्यार्थियों को परिचित कराया जाएगा। r हिन्दी काव्य में प्रयुक्त होने वाले दोहा, रोला, सोरठा, चौपाई, कुण्डलिया, हरिगीतिका, सवैया, इन्द्रवज्ञा, उपेन्द्रवज्रा और द्रुतविलम्बित के लक्षण, परिभाषा, प्रयोग आदि से विद्यार्थियों के ज्ञान में वृद्धि होगी। हिन्दी भाषा और उसकी लिपि r शुद्ध भाषा लिखना एक कला है। अत: यह आवश्यक है कि प्रत्येक वाक्य को शुद्ध रूप में पढ़ा/लिखा जाए। आज का युग संचार-क्रांति r निमंत्रण पत्र का युग है। विभिन्न माध्यमों के लिए लेखन कार्य करने से विद्यार्थी आत्मनिर्भर हो सकेंगे। निमंत्रण-पत्र-लेखन, विज्ञप्ति/विज्ञापन-लेखन r विज्ञप्ति/विज्ञापन का प्रारूप से विद्यार्थी अपने लेखन-कौशल को निखार सकेंगे और भविष्य में इस कौशल को वे अपने व्यावसायिक जीवन में इस्तेमाल कर पाएंगे। r देवनागरी लिपि r हिन्दी भाषा को लिखने के लिए देवनागरी लिपि का प्रयोग होता है अतः देवनागरी लिपि के उद्भव और विकास-क्रम के साथ-साथ देवनागरी लिपि की विशेषताओं, सीमाओं और सुधार के उपायों पर

		चर्चा-परिचर्चा से विद्यार्थी देवनागरी लिपि के विषय में जान
		सकेंगे।
		English
		CO1: able to analyze the elements of social problems
	. 10	through Indian literature in English.
	1149	CO2: achieve a higher level of proficiency in English
	- NO -	in comparison to that achieved by students
	5111	pursuing compulsory courses in English.
	9//50	CO3: describe the various types of literary works and
1	11/60	literary concepts.
~'0/	11/20	CO4: pursue the subject at post-graduate level
2	1/20/	Communication Skills in English.
10 //	2	CO5: improve their Listening, Speaking, Reading and
II	65	Writing skills.
To	3	CO6: build up their confidence for participation in
	S	placement drives.
	liii l	CO7: show better performance in International English
	17	language testing examinations like TOEFL, and
	15	IELTS.
	11.2	CO8: write a report and essay.
	W.	CO9: explain various literary terms related to novels:
	LEI	Bildungsroman, Picaresque Novel, Gothic,
6		Historical, Realistic, Psychoanalytical, Political,
3	7 212	and Regional novel.
.0	History	2. Hair
0522	(History of India	After completion of this course, the students will be
	1871-1991 A.D)	able to:
	Man	CO1: explain the students to the history of the
		Modern world in the period of European
		Domination, New imperialism 1871-1914
		Partition of Africa.
		CO2: describe about Congress of Berlin 1878, its
		1

circumstances, Provisions and significance. CO3: explain about the Triple Alliance of 1882 an Triple Entente under Diplomatic Development Europe. CO4: explain about world war 1st and 2nd. CO5: describe about the Paris peace conference. CO6: describe about the Russian Revolution. CO7: state about the Nationalism and Communism China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	t in
Triple Entente under Diplomatic Development Europe. CO4: explain about world war 1st and 2nd. CO5: describe about the Paris peace conference. CO6: describe about the Russian Revolution. CO7: state about the Nationalism and Communism China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	t in
Europe. CO4: explain about world war 1st and 2nd. CO5: describe about the Paris peace conference. CO6: describe about the Russian Revolution. CO7: state about the Nationalism and Communism China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	in
CO4: explain about world war 1st and 2nd. CO5: describe about the Paris peace conference. CO6: describe about the Russian Revolution. CO7: state about the Nationalism and Communism China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	
CO5: describe about the Paris peace conference. CO6: describe about the Russian Revolution. CO7: state about the Nationalism and Communism China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	
CO6: describe about the Russian Revolution. CO7: state about the Nationalism and Communism China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	
CO7: state about the Nationalism and Communism China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	
China, Chinese Revolutions of 1911 and 199 CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	
CO8: explain about Modernization of Japan, Meji restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	1.
restoration. CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	1.
CO9: explain about the Great Depression of 1929, spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	1.
spread to Germany, France and Britain, it's impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	1.
impact, Roosevelt's New Deal. CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	1
CO10: explain about the Fascism and Nazism. CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	~ ~
CO11: describe about the important historical plac world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	Y
world war 1st and 2nd in the outline map o world. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	KC
World. Mathematics (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	s of
Mathematics MAT-541 (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	ļ
MAT-541 (Analysis-II) After finishing this course, students will be able to	
CO1, norform double Integration ever a Destangle	
CO1: perform double Integration over a Rectangle	
bounded area, unbounded regions. Double	
integrals as Volumes, change to Polar	
Coordinates.	
CO2: analyse Triple integral in Rectangular	
Coordinates, Repeated integrals in 3-dimensi	n.
Coordinates, Repeated integrals in 3-dimensi Change of Variables in a Triple Integral to Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates.	
Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates.	ļ
CO3: do Integration of line, surface and find volume	
using Gauss, Green and Stoke's theorems.	e by
CO4: apply Sequence and series of Functions and	e by
Various criteria to solve problems related to	e by

	T	
		check the convergence and divergence of Series
		of functions. Taylor's and Able's theorem for
		Power Series.
		CO5: perform Fourier expansion of Monotonic, Even,
	2 5	Odd functions, Fourier series in the interval [a,b],
	1149	$[0,2\pi].$
MAT-0542	(Linear Algebra)	After finishing this course, students will be able to:
	Sur	CO1: describe Vector space, subspace, algebra of
\(\sigma^2\)	9//50	Subspace, Linear dependence and independence
10	11/10	and theorems related to these concepts.
10)	11/8/	CO2: analyze Basis and Dimension of a Vector space
2 /	1/80/	as well as subspace, Direct Sum and
10 /1	5	Complements.
7 11	12.	CO3: apply Linear Transformations, Rank Nullity
7.6	3 5	theorem, Use of matrices with this topic, Change
	S	of Basis.
	四	CO4: solve Characteristic Roots and Characteristic
	1 %	Vectors, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem
111	12	Diagonalizable Operators and Matrices, Minimal
	1/2	polyn <mark>omial of a linear operat</mark> or.
MAT-0543	(Numerical Analysis)	This course will help students to:
	12 CEL	CO1: apply Bisection, Secant, Regula-Falsi and
1		Newtons's Method to solve various types of
9	7 20	equations and also to find roots of polynomial.
0	1191	CO2: solve Interpolation, Lagrange and Hermite
	Trans	method, Divided Difference method.
	the Man	CO3: solve Numerical Differentiation, Numerical
	Man	quadrature with the help of Newton-Cote's,
		Gauss Quadrature and Chebychev's formula.
		CO4: apply methods to solve Linear Equations and
		ordinary differential Equations.
	Agriculture	
	<u> </u>	

0515	(Insects, Pests and	After the completion of course, the students will be
	Diseases of Crops)	able to:
		CO1: protect plants and crops from diseases and
		describe about biological control, chemical
	0	control, systemic fungicides, Weedicides,
	4 118	Compatibility of various fungicides and
	49, 7	Weedicides and Rodenticides
	m	CO2: explain about the diseases of crop plants such as
	0, // 15	wheat, rice, maize, citrus, grapes, cotton,
10	11/10	vegetables, mustard and groundnut.
10)	11/8/	CO3: explain about general account of Insects and
7	1/A0"/	pests, classification of insects, parts of insect
18)	5 0	body, and control measures of insect pests and
5/	10.	diseases of crop.
F		CO4: explain about the insect and nematode diseases of
1	co \	cereal (wheat, maize, rice) crops, oil (sunflower,
	面	groundnut, mustard) crops, fruit (mango, guava,
	型	citrus) crops and Vegetable crops.
0594	Retail Marketing	The students who successfully complete this course will be able to:
	10	CO1: elucidate the significance and process of
	VIE.	customer relationship management.
	COMPLET	CO2: explain the tools and techniques of Loyalty
0	y m	Programmes.
20	707	CO3: state the development of modern international
-	9,	retail activity.
	the Man	CO4: assess international markets based on their
	'e Man	political, economic, social and competitive
	rian	environments.
		CO5: design an international marketing strategy for a
		retailer.
		CO6: develop an understanding regarding issues in

		rural markets like marketing environment,
		consumer behavior, distribution channels,
		marketing strategies etc.
	Computer Science	
CS11	(E-Commerce)	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
	IT YO	CO1: describe the basic business management
	WIO -	concepts.
/	5111	CO2: state about e-commerce, both the technical and
	9// 21	business aspects.
	11/60	CO3: explain the principles and practices of e-
~	160	commerce and its related technologies.
ET /	/Fc./ 2	CO4: state the payment details and security issues.
CS12	(Web Programming)	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
5/1	65	CO1: describe the fundamental concepts of Internet,
To	10	Internet technologies.
	E S	CO2: differentiate the features of different browsers.
	m	CO3: develop colorful web pages using tags, bullets
	171	and alignment on texts.
	TOMIE	CO4: explain the table handling tags, Frames and
	10	Frameset for designing web pages.
	Do Win	CO5: explain java script – client-side objects, Event
	12.00	handling, built in objects.
0.	10 h	CO6: do programming with PHP.
PCS06	(Practical based on	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
4	Paper CS12)	CO1: develop web pages using HTML, DHTML and
	the Man	Cascading Styles sheets.
	10 111-	CO2: develop a dynamic web pages using JavaScript
	wan	(client side programming).
		CO3: do programming in PHP.
0535	Physical Education	After the course, the students will be able to:
		CO1: follow rules and regulations of different games
		and sports.

		CO2: explain about the Fitness tests.
		CO3: explain about the various games officiating and
		skills.
		CO4: know about career aspects in physical education.
	C	CO5: explain about the students general physiology
	47 719	concept and effects of physical exercise and
	40.	sports training.
	m	CO6: explain about nervous, excretory, endocrine
	4/15	system.
1	Fashion Designing	1283/11/29
0576	(Apparel Industry and	After the course, the students can:
151	Entrepreneurship Development) (theory)	CO1: get acquainted with Entrepreneurship.
10/1	Development) (alcory)	CO2: do Quality control, labeling and packaging.
511	65	CO3: explain about Main centers of trade.
To	(Fashion Designing and	CO4: use Special purpose machines in Apparel
		marketing.
1	Advance Construction	THE STATE OF THE S
	Techniques-Practical)	CO1: follow Drafting techniques.
	15	CO2: use the techniques of Garment Construction.
	112	CO3: explain the concept of fitting and pattern
	a la la	alteration.
	LED	CO4: design garments.
6	(Draping and Advance	GE ST
3	Construction Techniques-Practical)	CO1: use Drafting and Construction techniques.
0	0.	CO2: follow drafting Techniques.
	184	CO3: do Computer aided designing.
	'70 M	CO4: explain about Fashion illustration.
	Economics	agement
0517	(Indian Economy)	After completing this course, students will be able to:
		CO1: explain about the economic development of India
		since independence.
		CO2: describe the role of the population in economic

		development.
		CO3: state the reasons for major economic problems
		of India like poverty, unemployment, population
	0	etc. and various steps taken by Govt.to overcome
	- 117	these problems.
	21 44	CO4: compare the contribution of different sectors of the
	MIC	Indian economy in the GDP.
/		CO5: review the role of agriculture, industry and service
123	1/1/20	sector in development.
	11/6	CO6: describe the various land reforms and economic
~	1/20	reforms done by the Govt. of India.
E	/Cc/	CO7: explain the importance of planning undertaken by
10 //	10	the government of India, and also various
5.11	65	achievements and failures of planning in India.
Te	3	CO8: compare the changes in foreign trade of India since
	2	independence.
MUV0529	Music (Vesal)	
1410 4 0329	Music (Vocal)	On Completion of this course students would be able to:
110 (032)	Wusic (Vocal)	
100 00329	Music (Vocal)	to:
100 00327	Music (Vocal)	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas.
100 00329	Music (Vocal)	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in
100 00329	Music (Vocal)	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries).
100 00329	Music (Vocal)	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans
100 00329	Music (Vocal)	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans while extending the Raga.
100 00329	THOMIED MOTO	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans while extending the Raga. CO4: describe the different singing styles like Dhamar,
100 0022	THOMIED MOTO	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans while extending the Raga. CO4: describe the different singing styles like Dhamar, Bhajan, Shabad, Thumri.
100 00029	THOMIED MOTO	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans while extending the Raga. CO4: describe the different singing styles like Dhamar, Bhajan, Shabad, Thumri. CO5: describe about the contributions made to music
100 00029	Music (vocal)	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans while extending the Raga. CO4: describe the different singing styles like Dhamar, Bhajan, Shabad, Thumri. CO5: describe about the contributions made to music by famous Artists of classical music from their
MO VOSZ	THOMIED MOTO	to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4 th to 13 th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans while extending the Raga. CO4: describe the different singing styles like Dhamar, Bhajan, Shabad, Thumri. CO5: describe about the contributions made to music by famous Artists of classical music from their biographies.
MO VOSZ	THOMIED MOTO	 to: CO1: learn genres like Tarana in the prescribed ragas. CO2: describe the value of Indian Classical Music in ancient period (4th to 13th centuries). CO3: describe the different varieties of the taans while extending the Raga. CO4: describe the different singing styles like Dhamar, Bhajan, Shabad, Thumri. CO5: describe about the contributions made to music by famous Artists of classical music from their biographies. CO6: describe about the scope of music as a subject in

		CO7: tune different instruments such as stringed,
		rhythmic and electrical.
	Political Science	
0532	(International Politics-	After the course, the students can:
Theory and F	Theory and Practice)	CO1: critically analyze the theories of international
	T 49	politics.
	MIO	CO2: evaluate the concept of power and its changing
/	5"	nature. Explore the instruments for the
/8	7/1/20	promotion of national interest.
	11/6	CO3: explain about various dimensions and emerging
of /	1/20	issues of international politics.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs) At the end of the three-year B.C.A. programme the students will be able to: PO1: describe, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithm, web design and networking for efficient design of computer-based system. PO2: work in the IT sector as system engineer, software tester, junior programmer, web developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages. PO5: develop interdisciplinary approach among the		issues of international pointies.			
students will be able to: PO1: describe, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithm, web design and networking for efficient design of computer-based system. PO2: work in the IT sector as system engineer, software tester, junior programmer, web developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (B.C.A.)				
programs in the areas related to algorithm, web design and networking for efficient design of computer-based system. PO2: work in the IT sector as system engineer, software tester, junior programmer, web developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)				
design and networking for efficient design of computer-based system. PO2: work in the IT sector as system engineer, software tester, junior programmer, web developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.		PO1: describe, analyze and develop computer			
computer-based system. PO2: work in the IT sector as system engineer, software tester, junior programmer, web developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.		programs in the areas related to algorithm, web			
PO2: work in the IT sector as system engineer, software tester, junior programmer, web developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.		design and networking for efficient design of			
software tester, junior programmer, web developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	11112	computer-based system.			
developer, system administrator, software developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	1110	PO2: work in the IT sector as system engineer,			
developer etc. PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	WE.	software tester, junior programmer, web			
PO3: apply standard software engineering practices and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	E L	developer, system administrator, software			
and strategies in software project development using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	C 22	developer etc.			
using open-source programming environment to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	70 200	PO3: apply standard software engineering practices			
to deliver a quality of product for business success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	C.	and strategies in software project development			
success. PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	th-	using open-source programming environment			
PO4: state the nature, scope and application of computer and computer languages.	16 110-	to deliver a quality of product for business			
computer and computer languages.	"dn	success.			
		PO4: state the nature, scope and application of			
PO5: develop interdisciplinary approach among the		computer and computer languages.			
		PO5: develop interdisciplinary approach among the			

students.



At the end of the three-year BCA programme the students will be able to:

PSO1: perform the roles pertaining to computer applications and IT industry.

PSO2: describe each and everything about the computers starting from the basics till the end of the programme.

PSO3: develop programming skills, networking skills, learn applications, packages, programming languages and modern techniques of IT.

PSO4: use programming language such as Java, C++, HTML, SQL, etc.

PSO5: use and apply various computer applications and latest development in IT.

PSO6: show skills in IT like networking, computer graphics, web development, trouble shooting, and hardware and software skills.

PSO7: do jobs like that of a software programmer, system and network administrator, web designer faculty for computer science and computer applications

PSO8: equip themselves to potentially rich and employable field of computer applications.

PSO9: take up self-employment in Indian and global software market.

PSO10: meet the requirements of the Industrial standards.

COURSE OUTCOMES

SEMESTER – I		
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
BCA-16-101	English (Compulsory)-A	After completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: comprehend the poems critically CO2: read the texts analytically like their themes, characters and situations. CO3: improve and develop his/her and writing skills through paragraph writing. CO4: use the Idioms and phrases in their sentences. CO5: transform one type of sentence into other type of sentences through transformation of sentences.
BCA-16-102	Fundamental of Mathematical Statistics	After the completion of this course the student will be able to: CO1: describe the basic Statistics, its types, limitations, collection methods, organization, graphs, and frequency distribution. CO2: use measures of Central Tendency-Arithmetic Mean, Geometric Mean, Harmonic Mean CO3: calculate Median, Mode and Measures of Dispersion (Range, Mean Deviation, S.D. for continuous and discrete series and their Coefficients) CO4: perform Correlation Analysis, calculate Correlations like Karl Pearson and Scatter Diagrams Graphic Method etc. and recall the difference among these methods. CO5: state the Regression Analysis, its Types, Objectives, Regression Lines, Properties, and Limitations.
BCA-16-103	Computer	At the end of the course the students will be able to:

	Fundamentals and	CO1: identify computer hardware and peripheral
	Computing Software	devices.
		CO2: use the various software applications.
		CO3: perform file management.
	C	CO4: create basic documents, worksheets, presentations
	त प्रव	with their properties.
	MIG.	CO5: use email and recognize email netiquette.
BCA-16-104	Problem Solving	After completing the course the students will be able to
10	Through C	CO1: describe the basic terminology used in computer programming
201	1/A	CO2: recall the different data types in a computer program.
HOH	2.	CO3: explain the structure of c program and design programs involving decision structures, loops and functions.
I.	3	CO4: describe the user defined functions, categories of
	S	function and recursion
1.11	恩	CO5: state about arrays, arrays types, string handling function.
111	121	CO6: describe the dynamics of memory by the use of
	12	pointers.
	101	CO7: explain the concept pointers, fire handling, input
	1 TED	output operations.
BCA-16-105	Lab Based on BCA-16-	At the end of the course the students will be able to
70	103	CO1: use computers at user level, including operative systems and programming environments.
~6	the Mana	CO2: use computer equipment, including both hardware and software
	10 11-	CO3: solve the problems properly, achieving an
	wana	implementation that is correct, effective and efficient.
		CO4: identify information needs to solve problems, recovering information and applying it to the resolution.

BCA-16-106	Lab Based on BCA-16-	After completing the course, the students will be able to:
	104	CO1: read, understand and trace the execution of
		programs written in C language.
	0	CO2: write the C codes for a given algorithms.
	यवा ग्रंह	CO3: implement programs with pointers and arrays, perform pointer arithmetic, and use the preprocessor.
/	M	CO4: write programs that perform operations using derived data types.

SEMESTER – II		
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
BCA-16-201	English (Compulsory)-B	After completion of this Semester student will be able to: CO1: comprehend the poems critically. CO2: read the texts analytically like their themes, characters and situations CO3: improve and develop his/her and writing skills through paragraph writing. CO4: use the Idioms and phrases in their sentences. CO5: transform one type of sentence into other type of sentences through transformation of sentences.
BCA-16-202	Computer Organization	After the completion of the course the students will be able to: CO1: explain about digital computer and their fundamental architectures. CO2: define the function units of computer architecture CO3: explain the Input and Output peripheral devices and their communication with the rest of the computer components. CO4: find the various instruction type and addressing modes used for programming

in signed ementation
in signed ementation
ementation
et memory
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
hierarchy.
ACHE and need for
rage
7
17
ements and
Cascading
ript (client-
ublishing.
1
*
HTML and
HTML and
JavaScript
: lems using

		CO2: write programs to demonstrate the implementation
		of constructors, destructors and operator overloading.
		CO3: apply fundamental algorithmic problems
	0	including type casting, inheritance, and
	- 117	polymorphism.
	AT 44	CO4: explain about generic programming, templates,
	Mich	file handling.
393	Environmental and	After the course, the students will be able to:
10	Road Safety Education	CO1: describe about plant and animal distribution
10)	11/4/	patterns in relation to biotic and biotic factors.
7	1/AC / IL	CO2: explain about essential characteristics underlying
10 //	5 2	Natural ecosystems.
5	N. / A.	CO3: describe about the model population and
766 11		community-level dynamics.
~	S	CO4: interpret and present ecological results.
	四	CO5: identify Global environmental problems.
	121	CO6: explain about Social issues and Environment
111	121	issue.
	12	CO7: describe the significance of road safety.
	100	CO8: state about Police-Public relationship, Traffic
	1 TEN	rule and Traffic signs.
		CO9: describe about Protective provisions against
9	y m	domestic and sexual violence.
10	797	CO10: explain about the Protective laws for women.
-6	1	CO11: explain about the problem of drugs abuse.
	Cha.	CO12: describe about the drugs and its effects.
	The Man	CO13: describe about the prevention and management
	rian	of drug abuse.

SEMESTER – III

COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
BCA-16- 301/BCA-16- 302	Punjabi A/History and Culture of Punjab A	Punjabi (ਸੁਰ-ਸੰਵੇਦਨਾ) CO1: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO2: ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਕੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਕਿਰਤੀ ਪਿਆਰ, ਰੱਬੀ ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਖੁਸ਼ ਰਹਿਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। CO3: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
HHE	ER SEEK KNOWLED	CO4: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਧਨੀ ਰਾਮ ਚਾਤ੍ਰਿਕ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਦੇਸ਼ ਪਿਆਰ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO5: ਮੋਹਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਮਾਂ ਦੀ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ, ਦੇਸ਼ ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਜਿੰਦਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੰਘਰਸ਼ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO6: ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਾ ਪ੍ਰੀਤਮ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਵੰਡ ਦੇ ਦੁਖਾਂਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO7: ਬਾਵਾ ਬਲਵੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਹਮੇਸ਼ਾਂ ਆਸ਼ਾਬੰਦ ਰਹਿਣ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਤੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਮਨੋਰਥ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
Under	the Mana	(ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਥਾ ਕਿਤਾਬ) CO1: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੇਖੋਂ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਏਹੁ ਨਿਦੋਸਾ ਮਾਰੀਐ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਿਸਾਨਾਂ ਦੀ ਆਰਥਕ ਦਸ਼ਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। CO2: ਸੁਜਾਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਸਵਰਗ ਦੀ ਝਲਕ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਗਰੀਬ ਵਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO3: ਸੰਤੋਖ ਸਿੰਘ ਧੀਰ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਮਾਮਲਾ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਬੇਜਮੀਨੇ ਕਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਆਰਥਿਕ ਮੰਦਹਾਲੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।

	C04: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਕੁਲਵੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਵਿਰਕ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਉਜਾੜ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਆ ਰਹੀ ਤਬਦੀਲੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਇਆ।
ता पर्ध	CO5: ਨਵਤੇਜ ਸਿਘ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਬਸ਼ੀਰਾ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦਾ ਗਰੀਬੀ ਕਾਰਨ ਅਨਪੜ੍ਹ ਰਹਿ ਜਾਣ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੋਈ।
SMILE	CO6: ਦਲੀਪ ਕੌਰ ਟਿਵਾਣਾ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਰੱਬ ਤੇ ਰੁੱਤਾਂ' ਬਾਰੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦਾ ਕੁਦਰਤੀ ਸੋਮਿਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਦੂਰ ਰਹਿਣ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ।
10,11,9,	ਲੇਖ ਲਿਖ <mark>ਣ ਸ਼ਬਦ</mark> ਤੇ ਵਾਕ ਸ਼ੁੱਧੀ
70/16	ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਉੱਤੇ ਲੇਖ ਲਿਖਣ, ਸੁੱਧ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲਿਖਣ ਲਈ ਵਿਅਕਾਰਣਕ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਸਥਾਰ ਸਹਿਤ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ।
K) // 5/ 0	Punjabi course outcomes translated into English
5 11 2	Sur-Savedana
F(Students become familiar with modern poetry.
0	CO1: By reading the poetry of Bhai Vir Singh, students
一一一	get inspiration to love God and be happy in life.
	CO2: The poems of Pooran Singh provide the
	information about culture of Punjab to students.
1112	CO3: The poetry of Dhani Ram Chatrik gives birth to
111011	the feeling of patriotism among the students.
1 TER	CO4: Mohan Singh's poems highlight the importance
	of mother, love for country and prepare the
3 72	students for the struggle of life.
0	CO5: Amrita Pritam's poems provide information
Ch.	about the tragedy of the partition of country.
the Man	CO6: Through the poems of Bawa Balwant Singh, one
Man	learns the lesson of being optimistic in life and
ग्या।	understands the purpose of life.
	Punjabi Katha
	Kitab

		Students get the basic information about Punjabi
		Kahani
		CO1: Sant Singh Sekhon's story Eh Nidosha Mariye
		makes the students aware of the economic
	0	condition of farmers of Punjab.
	र ग्रि	CO2: Sujan Singh's story Sawarg Di Jhalak provides
	49, 5	information about the life of poor people.
	m	CO3: Santokh Singh's story Mamla provides
(w	0, // 150	information about the economic plight of
10	11/10	landless workers.
107	11/4/	CO4: Students got information about the changes
7	/AC/	which are taking place in the lives of Punjabi
10 11	5 2	people through Kulwant Singh Virk story Ujaarh.
5 1	~ (E)	CO5: Navtej Singh's story Bashira provides the
7:6	3 5	information about the people who fail to become
	S	literate because of poverty.
	四	CO6: Dalip Kaur Tiwana's story Rab Te Rutan makes
	12	the people aware of the consequences of ignoring
111	12	the natural resources.
	12	7111/ 25///
	Our	Essay Writing and Correction in sentences and words
	1 CEL	OF CERV
1		Students learn how to write an essay on any topic, how
9	7 25	to write correct in Punjabi and rules of grammar
0	-1017	and its application.
C	1. 21	History and Culture of Punjab:
	DO 11-	CO1: describe about the first civilization of India i.e.
	the Man	Indus Valley Civilization.
		CO2: describe about Vedic age, Growth of Jainism and
		Buddhism in 6th century B.C. in Punjab.
		CO3: state about the society and culture under Maurayas
		and Guptas.

		COA. avalain about Cultural Descientation and
		CO4: explain about Cultural Reorientation and
		development of Sufism.
	0	CO5: describe about the youngest religion of the world i.e. Sikhism, from Shri Guru Nanak Dev Ji to all ten Gurus.
	371	CO6: state about martyrdoms in Sikhism.
	17 9	CO7: explain about institutional development in
	Mi	Sikhism, New policy adopted by Shri Guru Hargobind Sahib Ji and Creation of Khalsa.
/s"	1/20	CO8: describe about changes in society in the 18th
1	11/60	century i,e. Social unrest, emergence of misls and
~ 0/	1100	institutions: <mark>Rakhi, Gurma</mark> ta, Dal Khalsa.
7. //	/CC/	CO9: state about society and culture of the people under
11 0	10	Maharaja Ranjit Sing <mark>h.</mark>
玉二	6	CO10: describe the physical geographical map of
I.	3	Punjab.
BCA-16-303	Information System	After completing the course, the students can:
Design and Implementatio	Design and Implementation	CO1: state the categories of Information System (IS) and its various operations support systems.
	12	CO2: use various IS like Accounting System, Inventory Control System and Office Automation System.
	John To	CO3: explain various phases of software development life cycle (SDLC).
	-ED	CO4: state the managerial issues related to the
0	2	information systems.
nor the	र भवार	CO5: analyze a problem and identify and to define the computing requirements appropriate to its solution.
	The .	CO6: evaluate a computer-based information system.
	Man	CO7: assist in the creation of an effective Project plan.
BCA-16-304	Computer Oriented	After completing the course, the students can:
	Numerical Methods	CO1: use Bisectin, Secant, Regula-Falsi and Newton's
		Method to solve various types of equations and
		also to find roots of polynomial.

		CO2: solve Interpolation, Lagrange and Hermite
		method, Divided Difference method.
		CO3: solve Numerical Differentiation, Numerical
		quadrature with the help of Newton-Cote's, Gauss
	C	Quadrature and Chebychev's formula.
	4 118	CO4: find the measures of accuracy, absolute error,
	49, 2	relative error, computational error etc,
	m	relationship between errors.
(4	0, // 150	CO5: Solve the Ordinary Differential Equations by
10	11/20	using Euler method, Runga-Kutta method.
DG1 15 205		
BCA-16-305	Data Structures	After completing the course, the students can:
18) //	5 0	CO1: state about how data can be stored in memory.
4 11	10.	CO2: implement arrays and various operations on array.
		CO3: implement Stacks and Queues and various
76.	(0)	operations on them.
111	mil	CO4: implement the concept of Linked List.
1 1	m	CO5: implement the concept of various types of Trees.
111	171	CO6: implement various searching and sorting
	151	techniques along with their complexity.
	10	CO7: implement Graph and Graph traversal techniques.
BCA-16-306	Lab Based on BCA-16-	At the end of the course, the students can:
	304	CO1: derive numerical methods for various
0	2	mathematical operations and tasks, such as
200	2701	interpolation, differentiation, integration, the
40	2	solution of linear and nonlinear equations, and the
	14	solution of differential equations.
	the Mana	CO2: analyze and evaluate the accuracy of common
	wan:	numerical methods.
		CO3: implement numerical methods in Computer lab.
BCA-16-307	Lab Based on BCA-16-	After completing the course, the students can:
	305	CO1: design and analyze the time and space efficiency

of the data structure.
CO2: identity the appropriate data structure for given
problem.
 CO3: use the applications of data structures.

	SI	EMESTER – IV
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
CODE BCA-16- 401/BCA-16- 402	Punjabi/History and Culture of Punjab	Punjabi (ਸੂਰ-ਸੰਵੇਦਨਾ) CO1: ਫੀਰੋਜ਼ਦੀਨ ਸ਼ਰਫ਼ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਅਤੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਪਿਆਰ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਕਰਵਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ। ਮਾਂ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਮਾਂ-ਪਿਆਰ ਦਾ ਸ਼ੰਦੇਸ਼ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਦਿੱਤਾ। CO2: ਨੰਟ ਲਾਲ ਨੂਰਪੁਰੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸਿੱਖ ਧਰਮ ਵਿੱਚ ਕੁਰਬਾਨੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਪਰੰਪਰਾ, ਅਜੌਕੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਹਿੰਦੁਸਤਾਨ ਦੀ ਹਾਲਤ ਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਝ ਪੁਵਾਈ। CO3: ਸ਼ਿਵ ਕੁਮਾਰ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੋਏ CO4: ਪਾਸ਼ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਨਕਸ਼ਲਵਾਦੀ ਲਹਿਰ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੋਇਆ। CO5: ਸੁਰਜੀਤ ਪਾਤਰ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਰਤਮਾਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਲਿਖੀ ਜਾ ਰਹੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੋਇਆ। ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਥਾ ਕਿਤਾਬ CO1: ਗੁਰਦਿਆਲ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਗਧੀ ਵਾਲਾ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਮੱਧ ਵਰਗੀ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੇ ਸੁਭਾਅ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੋਏ। CO2: ਰਘਬੀਰ ਢੰਡ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਕੁਰਸੀ' ਰਾਹੀਂ
		ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਨਕਸਲਵਾਦੀ ਲਹਿਰ ਦੌਰਾਨ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਉੱਤੇ ਹੋਏ ਤਸੱਦਦ, ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕ-ਕਲਾਵਾਂ

		ਦੀ ਹੋ ਰਹੀ ਬੇਕਦਰੀ ਤੇ ਅਮੀਰ-ਗਰੀਬ ਲੋਕਾ ਦੇ ਅੰਤਰ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੋਈ।
	ता पर्व	CO3: ਮੋਹਨ ਭੰਡਾਰੀ ਦੀ ਪੁਸਤਕ 'ਬਾਕੀ ਸਭ ਸੁਖ ਸਾਂਦ ਹੈ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੇ ਸੁਭਾਅ ਬਾਰੇ ਪਤਾ ਲੱਗਿਆ ਜਿਹੜੇ ਅਤਿ ਦੁੱਖੀ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵੀ ਆਖਦੇ ਹਨ ਕਿ 'ਬਾਕੀ ਸਭ ਸੁਖ ਸਾਂਦ ਹੈ'।
8	W. aus	CO4: ਗੁਰਬਚਨ ਭੁੱਲਰ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਰੋਹੀ ਬੀਆਬਾਨ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸ਼ਹਿਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਇਕੱਲਤਾ ਦੀ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਭੋਗ ਰਹੇ ਲੋ <mark>ਕਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ</mark> ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆ ਨੂੰ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੋਇਆ।
10/	E CO	CO5: 'ਜਿੱਥੋਂ ਸੂਰਜ ਉੱਗਦਾ ਹੈ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪਿੰਡਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਸਰ ਰਸੂਖ ਵਾਲੇ ਬੰਦਿਆਂ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਕੀਤੀਆਂ ਜਾਂਦੀਆ ਵਧੀਕੀਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲੀ।
HE	S 25	CO6: ਵਰਿਆਮ ਸੰਧੂ ਦੀ ਕਹਾ <mark>ਣੀ 'ਪ੍ਰਫਾਵੇਂ' '</mark> ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ 194 <mark>7 ਦੀ ਵੰ</mark> ਡ ਦੌਰਾਨ ਹੋਈ ਕਤਲੋਗਾਰਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲੀ।
	田石	CO7: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰੈਸ ਨੌਟ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ ਦੀ ਸਿਖਲਾਈ ਨਾਲ ਅਖਬਾਰਾਂ ਲਈ ਖ਼ਬਰਾਂ ਭੇਜਣ ਅਤੇ ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ ਭੇਜਣ ਦੀ ਮੁਹਾਰਤ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੋਈ, ਜਿਸ ਨਾਲ ਉਹ ਪੱਤਰਕਾਰੀ ਦਾ ਕਿੱਤਾ ਅਪਣਾ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਨ।
	Our	Punjabi course outcomes translated in English
	KEN	CO1: Firozshahdin Sharaf's poems make the students
1		aware of the feeling of love for Punjab and the
3	7 Harr	country. The message of motherly love has been
100	141	given to the students through the poem Maa.
9	* 51	CO2: Nand Lal Noorpuri's poems make the students
	170 11	aware of the tradition of sacrifices in the Sikh
	the Mana	religion, the condition of India in present times and the culture of Punjab.
		CO3: Through the poems of Shiv Kumar, students get
		acquainted with the culture of Punjab.
		CO4: Pash's poems provide the students knowledge

about the Naxalite movement. CO5: Through the poems of Surjit Patar, students get knowledge about the poems being written in the present time. Punjabi Katha Kitab CO1: Through Gurdial Singh's story Gadhi Wala, students get to know about the behavior of the middle class people. CO2: Raghbir Dhad's story Kursi provides the information about the torture of people during the Naxalite movement, the disrespect of Punjabi folk-arts and the difference between rich and poor. CO3: Mohan Bhandari's book Baki Sab Sukh Sand provides the information about the nature of Punjabi people who, even when they suffer, say that everything else is fine. CO4: Through Gurbachan Bhullar's story Rohi Biaban, students got to know about the people living in isolation in the city. CO5: The story Jitho Suraj Ugada Hai provides students the information about the abuses done to the people by the influential men of the villages. CO6: The study of Variyam Sandhu's story Parshavein provides students information about the massacre that took place during the partition of 1947. CO7: Students learned the skill of making press notes and forming advertisement for newspapers which would enable them to pursue the profession of journalism. History and Culture of Punjab

		CO1: describe about Colonial Rule in Punjab i.e.
		Annexation of Punjab Board of Administration
		CO2: state about the western education introduced by
		Britishers.
	C	CO3: explain about Agriculture development.
	त प्रव	CO4: describe about early socio-religious reform in all
	10	religions.
	m	CO5: describe about Socio-Religious Reform
\cdot\(\text{o}\)	0 // 558	Movement i.e. Arya Samaj, Singh Sabhas and
10	11/10	Ahmadiyas.
10)	11/8/	CO6: state about Development of Press and Literature.
7	1/AC/	CO7: describe about the emergence of political
10 //	5 / 2	consciousness.
5	7.	CO8: describe about the Gurdwara Reform movement
7:6	-	i.e Major marchas, Activities of Babbar Akalis.
~	S	CO9: explain about the freedom struggle i.e. all
111	四	Monuments.
	12	CO10: explain about the partition of Punjab and its
111	121	aftermath.
BCA-16-403	Software Project	After completing the course the students con-
BCA-10-403	Management Management	After completing the course, the students can:
	1 TER	CO2: develop the software project.
		CO2: develop the methodology of software project.
9	y m	CO3: use the tools and techniques of software
10	7797	Engineering.
-6	1.	CO4: verify and validate the problem of software
	Cha.	programming CO5- resistain the resulting for freeze and in the
	Ve Man	CO5: maintain the quality of software project.
BCA-16-404	Operating System	After completing the course, the students can:
	Concepts and Linux	CO1: describe the basic working process of an operating
		system.
		CO2: explain the importance of process and scheduling.
		CO3: state the issues in synchronization and memory

		management
		CO4: describe the key mechanisms in design of
		operating systems modules.
		CO5: state about process management, concurrent
	- 1	processes and threads, memory management,
	1149	virtual memory concepts, deadlocks.
	100	CO6: check and learn the comparison performance of
	30	processor scheduling algorithms - produce
, o	0//50	algorithmic solutions to process synchronization
10	11/10	problems.
~ (0)	118	CO7: use the UNIX structure, commands, and utilities.
BCA-16-405	Database Management	After completing the course, the students can:
[0]	System	CO1: explain about DBMS, data models, a schema, E-R
5.11	65	Diagram, relational database and benefits of
I.	5	database.
	SI	CO2: design a good database using normalization,
	in	decomposition and functional dependency
	17	CO3: explain the concepts of database architecture,
	15	client server architecture, parallelism concepts and
	12	distributed database concepts
	I Chi	CO4: use indexes, sequences, data integrity, creating
	LED	and maintaining tables and user privileges.
		CO5: apply the basic concepts of PL/SQL programming,
5	7 25	cursors, triggers, packages, procedures, functions
0	1/9/1	and transactions
	1 51	0.
BCA-16-406	Lab Based on BCA-16- 404	After completing the course, the students can:
	404	CO1: describe and understand the LINUX file system.
	1911	CO2: write shell scripts in order to perform shell
		programming.
		CO3: explain the text processing utilities, process
		management and system operation of LINUX.

BCA-16-407	Lab Based on BCA-16- 405	After completing the course, the students can: CO1: explain the underlying concepts of database
		Technologies.
	0	CO2: design and implement a database schema for a
	- 117	given problem-domain.
	AT 44	CO3: normalize a database and populate and query a
	MIC	database using SQL DML/DDL commands.
/-		CO4: declare and enforce integrity constraints on a
18	11.20	Database.

To /	50	SEMESTER – V
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
BCA-16-501	Computer Networks	After completing the course students will be able to: CO1: differentiate between different Network Models. CO2: use and apply different network technologies. CO3: run a smooth network after getting aware of various hardware and software. CO4: recall the concept of Communication channel. CO5: transmit the data wirelessly. CO6: describe the various layers of Network architecture. CO7: implement the switching techniques. CO8: solve the security threats and provide security services after getting the knowledge about the design issues in network security.
BCA-16-502	Discrete Mathematics	On completing this course students will be able to: CO1: explain about Sets, Subsets, Partition of Sets, Minset, Maxset, Basic Set Operations, Venn

		diagrams.
		CO2: describe about Relation and Functions, their
		graphic representation, their properties and types.
		CO3: solve questions related to Recurrence Relation
	0	with constant coefficients, their Homogenous
	त प्रव	Solutions, Particular Solutions, Total Solutions.
	49.	CO4: solve the practical problems using Graphs and
	m	Graph Theory and can find shortest path in
\cdot\(\text{o}\)	0/158	Graphs using different Methods and to solve
10	11/10	their practical problems.
101	118	CO5: describe the language of Finite State Machines,
2- /	1/2/	analysis of Algorithms and their Time
10/1	18/ 0	Complexity problems.
BCA-16-503	Java Programming	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	S	CO1: apply the principles and practice of object-
111	四	oriented programming in the construction of
	12	robust maintainable programs which satisfy the
111	12	requirements.
	TOMLED	CO2: design and implement an application that
	Ou.	demonstrates their competency with Java syntax,
	1 VED	structure and programming logic, incorporating
		basic features of the language as well as some
9	y man	features from the I/O (Input/output) or GUI
0	101	libraries.
C	1- 21	CO3: use Java Programming language in the
	The Mana	development of small to medium sized application
	Man	programs that demonstrate professionally
	-4116	acceptable coding and performance standards.
BCA-16-504	Web Application Development using	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	РНР	CO1: use the fundamentals of web and develop basic

[
		Webpages.
		CO2: use different styles to the webpage elements and
		create, modify and format the contents of
		webpage with CSS
	C	CO3: create dynamic, interactive Webpages using
	त पव	JavaScript and apply basic controls of elements
	10	with JavaScript.
	m	CO4: use JavaScript to validate form entries and study
(4	0 // 188	the server-side scripting language, PHP
10	11/10	CO5: develop knowledge of MySQL commands and
10)	11/8/1	Use PHP to access a MySQL database.
DGA 45 505	// 60 /m A	1031113
BCA-16-505	Lab Based on BCA-16- 503	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
4		CO1: explain about the model of object-oriented
		programming and fundamental features of an
4.	(0)	object-oriented language.
111	m	CO2: test, document and prepare a professional looking
1.11	m	X0
111	171	package for each business project.
	15.	CO3: write a computer program to solve specified
	10	problems and to use the JavaSDK environment to
	Jan Win	create, debug and run simple Java programs.
	TO SED	CO4: explain and develop programs for inheritance,
6		multithreading, applets, exception handling and
0	1 Hor	file handling.
BCA-16-506	Lab Based on BCA-16- 504	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	Char	CO1: design a basic website using HTML and CSS to
	The Mana	demonstrate responsive web design
	ग्वा (CO2: implement dynamic Webpages with validation
		using JavaScript objects by applying different
		event handling mechanism
		CO3: use PHP scripts to handle html forms
		COS. use 1111 scripts to handle hum forms

	CO4: create PHP programs that use various PHP library
	functions
	CO5: develop PHP programs to understand the
	difference between GET & POST Methods
C	CO6: implement PHP programs of cookie and session
त पव	CO7: develop simple web application using server side
- OTA	PHP and database connectivity using MySQL

SEMESTER – VI		
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
BCA-16-601	E-Commerce	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	S	CO1: explain about e-commerce, its components,
1.11	田	structure of e-banking, rules and regulations on ecommerce.
111	121	CO2: describe about the technical and business aspects
	12	of e-commerce.
	FROMLET	CO3: state the principles and practices of e-commerce
	1 TER	and its related technologies.
पत्र माव भाव		CO4: discuss the trends in e-Commerce and the use of
	र अवग	the Internet.
		CO5: explain the economic consequences of e-
46	1.	Commerce.
BCA-16-602	Application Development using	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	VB.Net	CO1: contrast and compare major elements of the .NET
		Framework and explain how C# fits into the
		.NET platform.
		CO2: analyze the basic structure of a C# application and

	Wigi rig	be able to document, debug, compile, and run a simple application. CO3: create methods (functions and subroutines) that can return values and take parameters. CO4: demonstrate use of common objects and reference types. CO5: demonstrate ability to create a C# Windows and web application using Visual Studio
BCA-16-603	Computer Graphics and Multimedia Applications	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to: CO1: work and interact, through hands-on experiences, to design, develop, and modify electronically generated imaginary using a wide range of sophisticated graphical tools and techniques. CO2: summarize different hidden surface elimination algorithms and shading techniques used in computer graphics and digital media production CO3: apply the basics of computer graphics, different display devices and applications of computer graphics. CO4: explain about algorithmic development of graphics primitives like; point, line, circle, ellipse etc. CO5: describe about the basic building blocks of multimedia and a study about how these blocks together with the current technology and tools.
BCA-16-604	Lab Based on BCA-16-603	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to: CO1: demonstrate an understanding of contemporary graphics hardware. CO2: create interactive graphics applications in C using one or more graphics.

		CO3: create interactive graphics applications in C using
		one or more graphics application programming
		interfaces.
		CO4: write program functions to implement graphics
	C	primitives.
BCA-16-605	Major Project and Seminar	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	SIL	CO1: use languages to code front end and back end of
/s"	1/58	software.
~	11/40	CO2: initiate into the process of designing, coding and
(0)	115	testing a software module.
2	100	CO3: develop a complete software module.
11 0	5/	CO4: get skilled in applying Software Development
I	6 25	Cycle to develop a software module.
7.6	3	CO5: use the techniques, skills and modern engineering
-	S	tools necessary for software development.
111	四	CO6: develop a software product along with its
	17	complete documentation.
111	12	CO7: meet the requirements of the industry and develop
	12	skills in presentation and discussion of research
	Our	topics in a public forum.
	MIET	CO8: get exposure to a variety of research projects and
		activities in-order-to enrich their academic
3	7 2100	experience.

BACHELOR OF COMMERCE (B.COM.)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	After the completion of B.Com. programme, the
"ana	students will be able to:
	PO1: do business and recall its implications in the
	society.
	PO2: get skilled in maintaining accounts.

	PO3: get skills of entrepreneurship, law and
	management.
	PO4: identify the avenues of marketing and banking
	both traditional and modern.
C	PO5: develop the skills and techniques of
रा पव	communication to be successful in business and
100	personal life.
No.	PO6: improve competency to be eligible and
100	employable in job market.
6///	PO7: recognize different value systems and ethics
101/1/2	PO8: follow moral dimensions and accept
2 /// 2	responsibility.
10/1/5/	PO9: apply their knowledge in the field of Commerce
I 1 6	and Finance.

	1 77	1	1.11
PROGRAM (PSOs)	SPECIFIC	OUTCOMES	After the completion of B.COM. Program, students will be able to:
11	115		PSO1: apply the skills gained in the course in the real
		0,	world.
		WIT	PSO2: become a Manager, Accountant, Management
	1	V-ED	Accountant, cost Accountant, Bank Manager,
0	0	2	Auditor, Company Secretary, Teacher,
7	. 2	200	Professor, Stock Agents, Government
Ç		1.0	employee and so on.
	14		PSO3: prove themselves in different professional
	116		exams like CA, CS, CMA, and UPSC.
		Mana	PSO4: get skilled in different areas of communication,
			decision making, innovations and problem
			solving in day-to-day business activities.
			PSO5: Gain thorough systematic and subject skills
			within various disciplines of Finance, Auditing

_	,
	and Taxation, Accounting, Management,
	Communication, Computer, etc.
	PSO6: practical skills to work as Accountant,
	Audit Assistant, Tax Consultant, and Computer
C	Operator as well as other Financial Supporting
रा पव	Services.
10	PSO7: get skills related to an Advanced Accounting
Z.C.	career and apply both quantitative and
STO STO	qualitative knowledge to their future careers in
6///	business.
10) // 3	PSO8: pursue their higher education and can contribute
7-11/6/	to research in the field of Finance and
0 1151	Commerce.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):

SEMESTER-I		
COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE OUTCOME
BCM 101A/BCM 101B	Punjabi/History and Culture of Punjab	After completing the course, the students will be able to: Punjabi CO1: 'ਗਲੀਏ ਚਿਕੜ ਦੂਰਿ ਘਰੁ' (ਸਵੈ ਜੀਵਨੀ) ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਲੇਖਕ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ-ਸੰਘਰਸ਼ ਬਾਰੇ ਡੂੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਜੀਵਨੀ ਅਤੇ ਸਵੈ-ਜੀਵਨੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਜਿਥੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀਆਂ ਬਰੀਕੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹਨ ਉੱਥੇ ਬੁੱਧੀਜੀਵੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਪ੍ਰੇਚਨਾ ਲੈ ਕੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਨੂੰ ਸਹੀ ਸੇਧ ਦੇਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਨਾਗਰਿਕ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਇਹ ਰੂਪ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਵਰਗ ਨੂੰ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿਚ ਆਉਣ ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਦੁਸ਼ਵਾਰੀਆਂ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਸਹਿਜਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਹੌਸਲੇ ਨਾਲ ਜੀਊਣ ਦੇ ਕਾਬਿਲ ਬਣਾਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ । ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਇਹ ਵਿਧਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਅਤੇ ਦੂਸਰਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੀ ਸੇਧ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੋਈ ਲੇਖਕ/ਸਾਹਿਤਕਾਰ ਬਣਨ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ ।

er the Man

CO2: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ, ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆਂ ਉੱਪਰ ਨਿਬੰਧ ਰਚਨਾ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਜੀਵਨ ਅਤੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੇ ਅਲੱਗ-ਅਲੱਗ ਪਹਿਲੂਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਨਜ਼ਰੀਏ ਤੋਂ ਦੇਖਣ-ਪਰਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਚਲੰਤ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਉੱਪਰ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ ਨੂੰ ਉਤਸ਼ਾਹ ਮਿਲਦਾ ਹੈ।

CO3: ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ/ਵਿਗਿਆਪਨ ਦਾ ਇਕ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਤੋਂ ਦੂਜੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਕਰਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਕਿਸੇ ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ/ਵਿਗਿਆਪਨ ਦੀ ਬਣਤਰ, ਤਿਆਰੀ, ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਤੇ ਇਸਦੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਪਸਾਰਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ। ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਛਪੇ ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ, ਸਮਝਣ ਅਤੇ ਖੁਦ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ। ਸਿਲੇਬਸ ਦਾ ਇਹ ਭਾਗ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਕੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਰੋਜ਼ਗਾਰ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਕ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਤੋਂ ਦੂਸਰੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਅਨੁਵਾਦਕ ਬਣਨ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ ਵੀ ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੇ ਕਿੱਤੇ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।

CO4: ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸ਼ੁੱਧ ਕਰਕੇ ਲਿਖਣ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਸ਼ੁੱਧ ਕਰਕੇ ਲਿਖਣ, ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਬੋਲਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀ ਵਾਕ ਬਣਤਰ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹਨ । ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਵਾਕਾਂ ਦਾ ਸਹੀ ਉਚਾਰਨ ਕਰਨਾ ਸਿੱਖਦੇ ਹਨ। ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਲਿਖਣ, ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਬੋਲਣ ਦੀ ਰੁਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।

Punjabi Course outcomes translated into English

CO1: Through the study of Galiye Chikar Doori Gharu (Autobiography) students gain in-depth knowledge about the life struggle of the writer. Through biography and autobiography where students understand the subtleties of life, they become capable citizens who give the right guidance to society by taking inspiration from the works of intellectuals and writers. This form of literature

enables the student class to live with ease and courage after the hardships that come in life. This genre of literature provides opportunities for the student to become a writer/writer by being guided to write about his own life and that of others. CO2: Students can examine different aspects of life and society from their perspective through essay writing on various topics and students can write on current issues. The creative skills of students are encouraged. CO3: While translating an advertisement/advertisement from one language to another language, students can acquire knowledge about the structure, preparation, importance, and various dimensions of an advertisement/advertisement. Students become able to read, understand and write advertisements printed in any language. This part of the syllabus provides employment opportunities to the students by developing creative skills in them. Translation from one language to another language also provides opportunities for students to become translators. With this, students can understand the relevant language related to their profession in their mother tongue. CO4: Students can write, read and speak the Punjabi language in a refined way while writing words and sentences. Understand the sentence structure rules of their language. Learn to pronounce Punjabi language words and sentences correctly. They develop an interest in writing, reading, and speaking their mother tongue.

-		
		History and Culture of Punjab:
		CO1: describe about the first civilization of India i.e.
		Indus Valley Civilization.
		CO2: describe about Vedic age, Growth of Jainism and
		Buddhism in 6th century B.C. in Punjab.
	1149	CO3: state about the society and culture under Maurayas
	200	and Guptas.
	3111	CO4: explain about Cultural Reorientation and
/5	9//55	development of Sufism.
40	11/16	CO5: describe about the youngest religion of the world
.'0/	11/5	i.e. Sikhism, from Shri Guru Nanak Dev Ji to all
7 /	//20/	ten Gurus.
10 /	10	CO6: state about martyrdoms in Sikhism.
五二	6	CO7: explain about institutional development in
Te (Sikhism, New policy adopted by Shri Guru
	S	Hargobind Sahib Ji and Creation of Khalsa.
	l iii l	CO8: describe about changes in society in the 18th
111	171	century i,e. Social unrest, emergence of misls and
	1151	institutio <mark>ns: Rakhi, Gurma</mark> ta <mark>, D</mark> al Khalsa.
1	11.20	CO9: state about society and culture of the people under
	all his	Maharaja Ranjit Singh.
	VALE	CO10: describe the physical geographical map of
6	and .	Punjab.
BCM 102	English and Business	After completing this course, students will be able to:
Q	Communication	CO1: develop an appreciation of Language by
	11	broadening their vocabularies.
	70 14	CO2: describe the knowledge of authors and their
	the Man	works prescribed in the book 'Ten Mighty Pen'.
		CO3: enhance their Communicative skills through
		Language and Literature.
		CO4: improve their Writing Skills that are relevant and
		can empower in real life experiences in Interview
L	<u> </u>	I

F	T	
		and professional fields, in everyday life.
		CO5: distinguish between formal and informal modes of
		communication.
		CO6: write effective business documents (such as notice,
		advertisement, memos etc. which enables them to
	1 US	think analytically.
	49.	CO7: state the meaning of business communication and
	m	the methods to overcome business communication
	4/15	barriers.
BCM 103	Interdisciplinary	After the completion of this course student will be able to:
~ 0/	psychology for	CO1: describe the concepts of Human Behavior.
2 /	Managers	CO2: explain the techniques of Human Behavior.
10	10	CO3: apply the various concepts of Motivation,
7	6	Leadership and Conflict Management in a business
156	1	concern.
	S	· Market -
BCM 104	Business Economics – I	After studying the Business Economics students will be able to:
111	171	CO1: explain the basic concept of Micro-Economics
	1151	relevant for Business decision making.
	112	CO2: apply the economic principles in Management.
	The Win	CO3: analyze how individual decision maker both the
	VA LE	consumers and producers, behave in a variety of
6	and .	economic environment.
3	2 270	CO4: describe the working of free market economy.
0	0.	CO5: utilize the scarce resources effectively & efficiently
	11	avoiding the wastage of resources.
	the Man	CO6: explain how the prices of different goods and factors
	Man	of production can be determined.
BCM 105	Principles of Financial	After completing this course, the students will be able to:
	Accounting	CO1: describe the meaning of GAAP, Accounting
		concepts and conventions.
		tontopis and ton online.

	,	,
		CO2: differentiate between Financial and Cost
		Accounting.
		CO3: express the different concepts of consignment and
		Joint Ventures.
		CO4: apply accounting treatment of sole proprietor and
	11 43	partnership.
BCM 106	Commercial Laws	On completion of this course student will be able to:
	3	CO1: describe the relevance of Law of Contract Act,
	1// 2	1872.
	11/5	CO2: state the legal framework of formation,
~		performance, discharge of contract and its
Ki /	// Fc. / 2	Remedies in case of breach of contract.
10/	10	CO3: apply basic knowledge about entering into special
5	65	contracts like indemnity, guarantee, bailment,
TE.	10	pledge and agency.
	SE	CO4: describe the provisions of Right to Information Act,
1	m	2005.
	171	CO5: describe the Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
BCM 107	Principles and Practices	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
	of Management	CO1: express the meaning, concept and history of
	ME	business management.
	CONT CI	CO2: describe the process and various functions
9	2 mm	performed by management.
20	199	CO3: apply the techniques for effective and efficient
~	94	management.
	the Man	CO4: make and implement decisions in an organization
	'e Man	effectively.
	rian	CO5: demonstrate the qualities of a good manager.
		SEMESTER-II
1		·

After the completion of course, the students can: **BCM** Punjabi/History and 201A/BCM Culture of Punjab Puniabi 201B CO1: 'ਗਲੀਏ ਚਿਕੜ ਦੂਰਿ ਘਰੂ' (ਸਵੈ ਜੀਵਨੀ) ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਲੇਖਕ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ-ਸੰਘਰਸ਼ ਬਾਰੇ ਡੁੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਜੀਵਨੀ ਅਤੇ ਸਵੈ-ਜੀਵਨੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਜਿਥੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀਆਂ ਬਰੀਕੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹਨ ਉੱਥੇ ਬੁੱਧੀਜੀਵੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਲੈ <mark>ਕੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਨੂੰ ਸਹੀ ਸੇਧ ਦੇ</mark>ਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਨਾਗਰਿਕ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ। <mark>ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਇਹ ਰੂਪ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ</mark> ਵਰਗ ਨੂੰ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿਚ ਆਉਣ <mark>ਵਾਲੀਆਂ ਦੁਸ਼ਵਾਰੀਆਂ ਉਪਰੰਤ</mark> ਸਹਿਜਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਹੌਸਲੇ ਨਾਲ ਜੀਉਣ ਦੇ <mark>ਕਾਬਿਲ ਬਣਾਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ। ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਇਹ ਵਿਧਾ ਵਿ</mark>ਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਅਤੇ ਦੁਸਰਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੀ ਸੇਧ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੋਈ ਲੇਖਕ/ਸਾਹਿਤਕਾਰ ਬਣਨ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ <mark>ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰ</mark>ਦੀ ਹੈ। CO2: ਦਫਤਰੀ, ਵਪਾਰਕ, <mark>ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ</mark>ਕ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਚਿੱਠੀ-ਪੱਤਰ ਲਿਖਣ ਸਮੇਂ ਜਿਥੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ੳਪਰੋਕਤ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ, ਉਥੇ ਲੋੜ ਪੈਣ ਤੇ ਅਜਿਹੇ ਮਸਲਿਆਂ ਦਾ ਹੱਲ ਕਰਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਕਿਸ ਅਧਿਕਾਰੀ ਤੱਕ ਪਹੁੰਚ ਕਰਨੀ ਹੈ ਆਦਿ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਗਹਿਣ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO3: ਵਿਰਾਮ <mark>ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ ਵਾਲੇ ਭਾਗ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹਦੇ</mark> ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਿਥੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਵਰਤੇ ਜਾਣ ਵਾਲੇ ਵਿਰਾਮ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ <mark>ਉਥੇ ਪੰ</mark>ਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਸ਼ੁੱਧ ਕਰਕੇ ਲਿਖਣ, <mark>ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਬੋਲਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹ</mark>ੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀ ਵਾਕ <mark>ਬਣਤਰ ਦੇ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹਨ</mark> । ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਅਤ<mark>ੇ ਵਾਕਾਂ</mark> ਦਾ ਠੀਕ ਉਚਾ<mark>ਰਨ ਕਰਨਾ ਸਿਖ ਕੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ</mark> ਮਹਾਰਤ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO4: ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ ਲੇਖਣ, ਇ<mark>ਸ਼</mark>ਤਿਹਾਰਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਕਿੱਤੇ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜੀ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਵਲੀ ਦਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਕਰਨ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਕਿਸੇ ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ / ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਦੀ ਬਣਤਰ, ਤਿਆਰੀ. ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਇਸਦੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਪੁਸਾਰਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਕਿਸੇ ਵੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਛਪੇ ਇਸ਼ਤਿਹਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ, ਸਮਝਣ ਅਤੇ ਖੁਦ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਦੇ

ਹਨ । ਸਿਲੇਬਸ ਦਾ ਇਹ ਭਾਗ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਕੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਰੋਜ਼ਗਾਰ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਕ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਤੋਂ ਦੂਸਰੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਅਨੁਵਾਦਕ ਬਣਨ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ ਵੀ ਪ੍ਰਦਾਨ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੇ ਕਿੱਤੇ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਿਤ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੀ ਮਾਤ-ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਚ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। Punjabi Course outcomes translated into English CO1: Through the study of Galiye Chikar Door Gharu (Autobiography) students gain in-depth knowledge about the life struggle of the writer. Through biography and autobiography where students understand the subtleties of life, they become capable citizens who give the right guidance to society by taking inspiration from the works of intellectuals and writers. This form of literature enables the student class to live with ease and courage after the hardships that come in life. This genre of literature provides opportunities for the student to become a writer/writer by being guided to write about his own life and that of others. CO2: While writing letters about office, commercial, social and cultural issues, where students can understand the above issues, they acquire the Mar information about which authority to approach while solving such issues if necessary. CO3: While reading the punctuation section, students gain knowledge about the punctuation used in their mother tongue and can write, read and speak the Punjabi language in a refined way. Understand the rules of sentence structure of their language. They gain proficiency in their mother tongue by learning

	,	
		to pronounce words and sentences correctly.
		CO4: Students can acquire knowledge about the structure,
		preparation, importance, and its various dimensions
		of an advertisement/science while translating
		advertisement writing, advertisement, and
	M U	profession related vocabulary into the Punjabi
	100	language. Students become able to read, understand
	300	and write advertisements printed in any language.
	9//55	History and Culture of Punjab
8	11/16	Students, after completing this course, will be able to:
~ 0/	11/5	CO1: describe about Colonial Rule in Punjab i.e.
7 /	//Cc/	Annexation of Punjab Board of Administration
10	10	CO2: state about the western education introduced by
天二	6 65	Britishers.
Te a		CO3: explain about Agriculture development.
	5	CO4: describe about early socio-religious reform in all
	l iii l	religions.
11	171	CO5: describe about Socio-Religious Reform Movement
	1151	i.e. Arya <mark>Samaj, Singh Sabhas a</mark> nd Ahmadiyas.
1	11.20	CO6: state about Development of Press and Literature.
	all his	CO7: describe about the emergence of political
	VALE	consciousness.
	and .	CO8: describe about the Gurdwara Reform movement i.e
3	7 242	Major marchas, Activities of Babbar Akalis.
-0	0.	CO9: explain about the freedom struggle i.e. all
	11	Monuments.
	170 11	CO10: explain about the partition of Punjab and its
	Man	aftermath.
BCM 202	English and Business Communication	After the completion of this course, students will be able to:
		CO1: enhance their knowledge and understanding of
		English literature.
	<u> </u>	

		T
		CO2: write précis, short formal reports and captivativing
		CVs.
		CO3: use modern forms of communication in a better
		way.
		CO4: develop the skills of group discussion along with
	1149	speaking skills and cognitive abilities.
	100	CO5: equip them with skills to participate independently
	500	in group discussions.
BCM 203	Interdisciplinary E	After the completion of this course student will be able to:
	Commerce	CO1: describe about E-commerce and its related concepts.
~ 0/	11/25/	CO2: perform in any area of operation related to E-
E	// Cc. / 2	commerce and can excel in the field of commerce
10/1	10	with IT specialization.
51	65	CO3: explain about various types of Electronic payment
Te	10	system, cryptography, digital-signatures, Electronic
	SE	data interchange.
BCM 204	Business Economics –	Students will acquire the skill to:
	TI	CO1: explain the basic concepts of the distribution and
	1121	modern tools of macro-economic analysis.
	10	CO2: evaluate the overall performance of the economy
	11/10	and helps to understand the functioning of a
	CONT CI	complicated modern economic system.
0	225	CO3: explain many international trade aspects like effects
20	1991	of tariff determination of exchange rates, gains from
¥	Sp.	international trade.
	Ch	CO4: integrate macroeconomic analysis into business
į i	7 / / / / /	
	"e Man	decisions.
	the Man	decisions. CO5: describe key macroeconomic variables and their
	"e Man	0
	"e Man	CO5: describe key macroeconomic variables and their
	"e Man	CO5: describe key macroeconomic variables and their behavior, and enable to critically evaluate different

BCM 205	Corporate Accounting	After completing this course, the students will be able to:
		CO1: state the meaning of accounting and sources of
		Finance.
	0	CO2: describe about buyback of shares.
	- 115	CO3: analyze the banking and insurance companies.
	12 4	CO4: express the redemption of shares and debentures.
BCM 206	Business Laws	After completion of the course, students will be able to:
	0, // 18	CO1: apply basic legal knowledge to business
(0	1/10	transactions.
10)	11/4/	CO2: identify the rules of The Sale of Goods Act, 1930
1	//AC	and rights of an unpaid seller.
15	15/0	CO3: differentiate between express & implied conditions
4/	14.	and warranties.
R.	0 60	CO4: handle and minimize the Industrial Disputes and
TF.	(0)	promote industrial Peace under Industrial Dispute
		Act, 1947.
1.	一回	CO5: identify various negotiable instruments and how
111	171	these documents can be used in day-to-day business
	1151	transactions.
1	10,	CO6: state the legal provisions of Factories Act 1948.
BCM 207	Human Resource Management	After the completion of this course, student will be able to:
0		CO1: state the different aspects of managing human
7	270	resource in organization.
0	0.	CO2: recognize various techniques of job analysis and job
	11/	design.
	170 11	CO3: describe the concepts of Performance appraisal,
	the Man	Internal mobility and transfers
		agom
393	Environmental and	After the completion of course, the students will be able
	Road Safety Education	to: COL describe about plant and animal distribution
		CO1: describe about plant and animal distribution

		patterns in relation to biotic and biotic factors.
		CO2: explain about essential characteristics underlying
		Natural ecosystems.
		CO3: describe about the model population and
		community-level dynamics.
	47 715	CO4: interpret and present ecological results.
	10.	CO5: identify Global environmental problems.
	m	CO6: explain about Social issues and Environment
	0, 1/8	issue.
70	11/10	CO7: describe the significance of road safety.
10)	11/8/	CO8: state about Police-Public relationship, Traffic
2 /	1/20/	rule and Traffic signs.
10 /	15/	CO9: describe about Protective provisions against
I	1 25	domestic and sexual violence.
15:6		CO10: explain about the Protective laws for women.
-	S	CO11: explain about the problem of drugs abuse.
		CO12: describe about the drugs and its effects.
1,1	1 %	CO13: describe about the prevention and management
	12	of drug abuse.
	117	SEMSTER-III
	0	
BCM 301	Interdisciplinary Issues in Indian	After finishing the course, the students will be able to:
	Commerce In Indian	CO1: explain information regarding investors protection
9	y m	in India.
0	2797	CO2: describe about various stock exchanges and
	Sp	commodity exchanges of India.
	the Man	CO3: state about the scheme "Make in India".
	10 Man	CO4: explain FDI & FPI.
"'all	CO5: describe the concept of International Finance and	
		the various sources of International Finance.
BCM 302	Cost Accounting	After completing this course, student will be able to:
		CO 1: define the various elements of Cost.
	1	

	न्याता ग्रह	CO2: use the various methods of pricing material in an organization. CO3: determine the labor cost by applying the different methods. CO4: use their knowledge regarding reconciliation of cost and financial accounts & service costing in industry.
BCM 303	Company Law	After completing this course, the students will be able to: CO1: express the meaning, concept and types of companies. CO2: explain the steps involved in the formation of a company. CO3: describe various terms related to a company law. CO4: follow the provisions of per Companies Act, 2013. CO5: employ the procedure followed in convening various types of company meetings.
BCM304	Business Mathematics and Statistics	After completing the course, students will be able to: CO1: apply mathematical and statistical tool in business decision. CO2: use math in departments of accounting, inventory management, marketing, sales forecasting. CO3: assess the financial performance of the business. CO4: estimate the income and expenditure along with risk analysis. CO5: maintain Record and manage the business operations.
BCM 305	Banking and Insurance	After finishing this course, students will be able to: CO1: recall the structure and functions of banking system. CO2: explain the functions of RBI including banking ombudsman.

		CO3: describe the features, principles of insurance. CO4: review the different types of insurance including insurance Ombudsman.
BCM 306	Goods and Services Tax (GST)	After the completion of this course student will be able to: CO1: describe the concept of indirect tax. CO2: compute the assessable value of transactions related to goods and services for levy and determination of tax liability. CO3: calculate tax liability and identify taxable entities. CO4: explain the concept of various types of GST (CGST, SGST, IGST, UTGST) CO5: evaluate the taxation structure before and after the implementation of GST, types of taxes under GST, eligibility and conditions for taking input tax credit. CO6: explain the tax subsumed under CGST And SGST, place of supply of goods and services. SEMESTER-IV
BCM 401	Interdisciplinary Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	At the end of the course, students will be able to: CO1: state the meaning and concepts of Securities issued in security market CO2: recall the dealing of securities in market. CO3: differentiate between different stock exchanges CO4: apply different methods of analyzing risk and return.
BCM 402	Advanced Accounting	At the end of this course, students will be able to: CO1: compute value of goodwill & shares CO2: calculate insurance claims CO3: express their knowledge regarding hire purchase accounting. Amalgamation, internal reconstruction, holding companies accounts etc.

		CO4: apply their knowledge to prepare liquidator final statement at the time of liquidation of company.	
BCM 403	Auditing and Secretarial Practice	Students after finishing this course, will be able to: CO1: state the meaning, concept and types of audits. CO2: explain the various terms used in auditing and their statutory requirements. CO3: recall various duties and liabilities of an Auditor. CO4: discuss the role and responsibilities of a Company Secretary. CO5: frame an audit report of a company.	
BCM 404	Cost Management	After the completion of this course, students will be able to: CO1: get acquainted with the various methods of cost Determination. CO2: apply various tools and techniques of cost control CO3: analyze contemporary concepts like: Activity based costing, Life cycle costing, Value chain analysis.	
BCM 405	Marketing Management	At the end of this course, students will be able CO1: define the basic concepts of marketing. CO2: apply their knowledge regarding philosophies, process and techniques of marketing in the competitive world. CO3: relate with the emerging trends in Online marketing; e- marketing, mobile marketing and social media marketing. CO4: apply their knowledge in Pricing Decision, Distribution Decisions, Promotion Decisions. CO5: use various Promotion Tools while marketing the products.	
SEMESTER-V			
BCM 501	Income Tax Law	At the end of course, students will be able to:	

DCM 502	Wal Ag	CO1: explain the various concepts of Income Tax laws in India. CO2: determine the residential status of person. CO3: compute income under different heads of income. CO4: determine the total income of assesses. CO5: recall the various exempted incomes.
BCM 502	Management Accounting	Students after completing this course, will be able to: CO1: express the meaning and the concept of Management Accounting. CO2: analyze the financial statements of a company by making Comparative financial statements, Common-Size statements and can use Trend Analysis. CO3: recall the new concepts of Social Accounting, Human Resource Accounting, and Price level Accounting and Responsibility. CO4: do Ratio analysis, make Cash flow and Funds flow statements.
BCM 503	Indian Economy	At the end of the course students will be able to: CO1: explain the fundamentals of Indian economy. CO2: explain about the Indian agriculture, manufacturing, services and trade sector. CO3: interpret the financial framework, market size, Profits and business motives of the country. CO4: compare and analyze India's economic position compared to the world economy. CO5: explain the craft of writing great answers, opinion, articles and blogs on economic issues. CO5: find economic data, demystify it and extract key indicators from it.

BCM 504 Production and After		
Operation Management to:	the completion of this course, student will be able	
CO1:	assess in detail the various concepts of Production	
	and Operation Management.	
CO2:	analyze concepts like work study and work	
ल प्रथप	Measurement.	
CO3:	keep production process up-to-date.	
	end this course, students will be able to:	
Small Business CO1:	describe the different concepts of entrepreneurs.	
CO2:	analyze the concessions given to men and women	
c /// 60 /	entrepreneurs.	
CO3:	find the different facilities provided to	
(t)	entrepreneurs.	
CO4:	express the concepts of MSME, Commerce and E-	
E. 1	Commerce.	
BCM 506 Financial Markets and At the	end of the course, students will be able to:	
Services CO1:	explain the structure of the traditional and modern	
	financial markets and services.	
CO2:	analyze the concepts related to capital market,	
1011	money market, and bill market.	
CO3:	describe the Mutual Fund industry and Merchant	
E D G	Banking.	
CO4:	define the role and function of the Financial System	
0 2797	in the economy.	
CO5:	outline the participants in the Financial Markets.	
CO6:	take investment decisions in future.	
SEMESTER- VI		
BCM 601 Direct Tax Laws At the	end of this course, students will be able to:	
CO1:	apply the provisions regarding clubbing, set off and	
	apply the provisions regarding clubbing, set off and carry forward of losses.	

		deductions under section 80 while computing total
		income.
		CO3: apply their knowledge in the assessment of
		individual, HUF, AOP&; firm.
		CO4: explain the various Income Tax Authorities,
	17 U2	Procedure of Assessment (Practical aspects of
	10.	Filing of Return to be stressed),
	m	CO5: define Penalties, Deduction & Collection of Tax at
	0//88	Source, Advance Payment of Tax, Appeals &
X°	11/60	Revision.
BCM 602	Financial Management	This course will help students in:
ki /	// Fc / 6	CO1: expressing the meaning, need and importance of
10/	10	Financial management.
5	65	CO2: calculating the Time Value of money with different
TE !		techniques.
	SEL	CO3: computing the Cost of Debt, Preference Shares,
1	l iii l	Equity Capital and Retained Earnings
11	171	CO4: estimating the Working Capital requirements and its
	1151	management and its role in decision making
	TOME	CO5: applying the various techniques used for Financial
	Win .	Management.
	VA LE	CO6: relating the concept and various theories behind
6	and in	these techniques.
BCM 603	Issues in Financial Reporting	After the completion of this course, student will be able to:
	11	CO1: list recent developments in financial reporting.
	the Man	CO2: recognize various issues arises in financial reporting
	Man	at national and international level.
		CO3: explain the concepts of Segment reporting, Interim
		reporting, Leases and Intangible assets.
BCM 604	Social and Business Ethics	After completion of the course students will be able to:

	T	
		CO1: explain the relationship between ethics, morals and
		values at the workplace.
		CO2: explain about the adoption of business ethics by
		organizations.
		CO3: comprehend the ethical implications of business
	114	policies and decisions.
	100	CO4: apply ethics at workplace and in the development of
	V.	society.
	0//5	CO5: explain about important issues under corporate
20	11/10	social responsibility.
BCM 605	Operation Research	After finishing this course, students will be able to:
2 /	1/20/	CO1: recall the different concepts of OR.
10 /1	15/	CO2: state the practical applicability of OR techniques in
I	6 6	different fields.
II.		CO3: acquire skills to solve the problems of OR.
	S	CO4: describe the techniques of OR for problem solving.
D CD 1 60 6		
BCM 606	Sectoral Aspects of Indian Economy	After finishing this course, students will be able to:
		CO1: explain about various sectoral aspects of Indian
10	112	Economy.
	W.	CO2: analyze agricultural problems and new initiatives
	1/4E	towards organic farming.
		CO3: explain about small scale and large scale industries
5	7 25	and their problems.
0	6	CO4: state the problems of Indian Economy.
	F 21	CO5: explain the role of public and private sector in
	man.	solving economic problems.
	Mar	B.SC.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	After the program, the students will be able to:
	PO1: demonstrate quality knowledge of Physics,
	Chemistry/Computer Science, Mathematics

/Agriculture with solid fundamentals to understood the global problems.

PO2: exhibit professional efficiency in different fields like Industry, Academics and research etc.

PO3: apply knowledge to build up small scale industry for developing endogenous product.

PO4: hold professional ethics as employee, entrepreneurs in facing the challenges at the global level.

PO5: employ critical thinking and the scientific knowledge to design, carry out, record and analyze the results of the experiments.

PO6: use modern techniques, lab equipment to have experiment knowledge about subject.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

the Mai

After the program, the students will be able to:

PSO1: explain the basic concepts, fundamental principles, and the scientific theories related to various scientific phenomena and their relevancies in the day-to-day life.

PSO2: develop scientific attitude and temperament and give emphasis on the development of experimental skills, data analysis, calculation, measurements and also on the limitations and precautions about the experimental method data and results obtained.

PSO3: Understand the conceptual development of the subject and its application in emerging areas of Physics, Chemistry/Computer Science,

Mathematics/Agriculture.

PSO4: describe the scientific theories and its relevance in present context.

PSO5: enhance experimental skill through experiments in diverse fields.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

SEMESTER-I		
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
0002/0092	Punjabi/History and	Punjabi (ਕਾਵਿ -ਸੁਮੇਲ)
200	Culture of Punjab	C01: ਕਵੀ ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ- ਦੀਆਂ 'ਕਵਿਤਾ' ਪੜ੍ਹਾਕੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਕੁਦਰਤ ਦੀ ਖੂਬਸੂਰਤੀ, ਰੱਬੀ ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਰੱਝਵਿਆਂ ਚੋਂ ਖੁਸੀ ਲੈਣ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਅਨੇਕਾਂ ਵਿਧੀਆਂ ਸਮਝਾਉ_ਣੀਆਂ।
E	15.	C02: ਪ੍ਰੋ: ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ:- ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀ ਕੁਦਰਤ, ਕਿਸਾਨ, ਮਜ਼ਦੂਰ ਤੇ ਮਾਂ- ਬੋਲੀ ਦੀ ਅਹਿਮੀਅਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦੇਣੀ।
E	SE	CO3: ਧਨੀ ਰਾਮ ਚਾਤ੍ਰਿਕ- ਦੀਆਂ ਕ <mark>ਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ</mark> ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਤੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਭਗਤੀ ਨਾਲ ਜੋੜਨ ਦੀ ਤਜਬੀਜ਼ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਸਾਂਝ ਪਾਉਦੀ ਹੈ।
		CO4: ਪ੍ਰੋ:ਮੋਹਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਮਾਂ ਬੋਲੀ, ਮਾਂ ਦੇ ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਰਾਖੀ ਲਈ ਸਿਪਾਹੀ ਦੇ ਮਨੋਭਾਵਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਬਿਆਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਮਾਂ ਬੋਲੀ ਦੀ ਅਹਿਮੀਅਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸਿਆ ਹੈ।
/	ONLE	CO5: ਬਾਬਾ ਬਲਵੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਹਾਲਤਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਜੂਝਣ ਤੇ ਚੜ੍ਹਦੀ ਕਲਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਰਹਿਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
5	The Mai	CO6: ਸਿਵ ਕੁਮਾਰ ਬਟਾਲਵੀ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾਂ ' ਬੇਸ਼ੱਕ ਬ੍ਰਿਹਾ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਹੈ ਪਰ ਜਿਉਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਤੇ ਅਸਲੀਅਤ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਕਰਵਾਉਦੀ ਹੈ।
•		CO7: ਸੁਰਜੀਤ ਪਾਤਰ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ' ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੀ ਅਸਲੀਅਤ ਨੂੰ ਬੜੀ ਸਮਸ਼ਟਤਾ ਨਾਲ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦੀ ਸੋਚ ਨੂੰ ਉਤਸ਼ਾਹਤ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ।
	Mai	CO8: ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਾ ਪ੍ਰੀਤਮ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇਸ਼ ਵੰਡ ਤੋਂ ਲੈ ਕੇ ਰਾਜਨੀਤੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਉਲਝਵਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਖੋਲ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਹੈ।
		CO9: ਐਸ.ਐਸ ਸੀਮਾ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਉਸਾਰੂ ਤੇ ਮੌਜੂਦ ਹਾਲਾਤ ਨਾਲ ਲੋਹਾ ਲੈਣ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਨਾਲ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਹੈ।
		Translation into English

		CO1: By teaching 'poetry' -Sumail Kavi Bhai Vir Singh-
		to the students learn to appreciate nature.
		CO2: Through the poems of Prof. Puran Singh, to give
		information about the importance of Nature,
	7 15	farmers, workers, and mother tongue
	49, 5	CO3: Punjabi culture and patriotism through the poems of
	SM	Dhani Ram Chatrik Communicates with students
/	9//5	about the practice of connecting with their mother
	11/60	tongue.
ob of	1/60	CO4: Prof. Mohan Singh's poem, Narrates the sentiments
15	1/5/	of a soldier
5/1	10.	CO6: The poems of Shiv Kumar Batalvi are of course the
Fig 1		poetry of Briha.
	S	CO7: Surjit Patar's poem 'The reality of life with great
		clarity to Expresses and encourages the student's
	17	thinking.
	1151	CO8: Amrita Pritam's poem explores the problems of
	10	politics from the partition of the country
	MIE	CO9: The poem of S.S. Seema makes the students aware
	E CONTRACTOR	of the current situation.
9	7 20	History and Culture of Punjab:
0	19	CO1: describe about the first civilization of India i.e.
	C/- 51	Indus Valley Civilization.
	"DO IL	CO2: describe about Vedic age, Growth of Jainism and
	the Mar	Buddhism in 6th century B.C. in Punjab.
		CO3: state about the society and culture under Maurayas
		and Guptas.
		CO4: explain about Cultural Reorientation and development of Sufism.
		development of Surisin.

		COE: describe about the years cost religion of the world
		CO5: describe about the youngest religion of the world
		i.e. Sikhism, from Shri Guru Nanak Dev Ji to all
		ten Gurus.
		CO6: state about martyrdoms in Sikhism.
		CO7: explain about institutional development in
	114	Sikhism, New policy adopted by Shri Guru
	100	Hargobind Sahib Ji and Creation of Khalsa.
	Zu.	CO8: describe about changes in society in the 18th
	0,115	century i,e. Social unrest, emergence of misls and
10	11/10	institutions: Rakhi, Gurmata, Dal Khalsa.
10)	11/8/	CO9: state about society and culture of the people under
7-1	1/8	Maharaja Ranjit Singh.
10/	15	CO10: describe the physical geographical map of
5 11	1 A	Punjab.
TE C	Physics	E (Eug)
0046	(Mechanics-I)	After the course, the students will be able to:
	iii	CO1: discuss the various coordinate systems and study two
	171	and three-dimensional coordinate systems.
11	12	CO2: explain various physical quantities and know the
	11/2	potential and kinetic energy of particles.
	W.	CO3: explain the various conservation laws and
	UK YE	symmetries of space and time.
	CON .	CO4: explain various forces in nature.
5	7 212	CO5: explain about motion under central force and
-0	6	understand Kepler's laws.
	C/ 41	CO6: describe elastic collision in lab and C.M. system and
	the Ma	study Rutherford scattering.
	Mar	logomont U
0047	(Vibrations, Waves	CO1: explain SHM and its energy to know about the
	and EM Theory-I)	pendulum and oscillations.
		CO2: describe Lissajous curves by graphical and analytical
		method.
		memou.

·		
		CO3: explain the types of oscillators and study damping
		and various damping coefficients.
		CO4: describe the forced mechanical and electrical
		oscillations and study their transient and steady state
		behaviors.
	11 4	CO5: explain the power and its variation with driving force
	10	frequency along with quality factor and Bandwidth.
	Van	CO6: state about Stiffness, Coupled Oscillators and study
	0, 1/8	the normal co-ordinate and modes of vibration.
10	11/10	1500
0048	(Electricity and	CO1: describe about gradient, Divergence, Curl and their
7 /	Magnetism-I)	physical significance.
10/	15	CO2: explain about Gauss's divergence theorem, Stoke's
5 11	1 E	theorem and Green's theorem in a plane.
117:4		CO3: describe about Coulomb's and Gauss's law along
~	S	with their applications.
1		CO4: explain about electric potential due to a monopole,
	12	dipole and quadrupole and acquaint with Poisson's,
	11/2/	Laplace's equations and the method of electrical
	12	images.
	100	CO5: explain about Polarization of matter and Atomic
	12 TE	Polarizability.
		CO6: explain about Gauss's law in dielectrics and
9	1 20	understand electric displacement vector.
10	Chemistry	B delle
0049	(Inorganic Chemistry	After the course, the students will be able to:
0049	A)	CO1: give details of Atomic Structure with special
	Mar	reference to de Broglie matter waves, Heisenberg
	-141	uncertainty principle, atomic orbitals, quantum
		numbers, shapes of orbitals.
		•
		CO2: recognize electronic configurations of the elements
		and ions and related principles.

	CO3: define the arrangement of elements in the periodic
	table and the periodic properties.
	CO4: explain Chemistry of Noble Gases and s-Block
182	Elements.
	CO5: identify the nature of chemical bond as well as the
11 4	existence of special types of compounds through
40.	weak chemical forces and related concepts.
m	C.
(Organic Chemistry	Students will be able to:
A)	CO1: explain the nature of bonding involved in organic
11181	compounds.
1/20/	CO2: describe the types and mechanisms of reactions in
5	organic chemistry.
28	CO3: predict about reaction intermediates involved in
	organic reactions.
S	CO4: explain about different techniques used or
	determination of reaction mechanism.
1 7	CO5: express the chemistry of Alkanes and Cycloalkanes.
12	CO6: illustrate basics of stereochemistry such as types of
12	representation of 3-D structures, enantiomers,
1 Our	diastereoisomers, racemic mixtures, resolution and
1 TE	geometrical isomerism and conformational
	isomerism.
y m	ET C.
(Physical Chemistry	Students will be able to:
of an	CO1: analyze mathematical Concepts and evaluation of
no.	Analytical Data.
Mar	CO2: explain about kinetic theory of gases, deviation from
	ideal behavior, Van der Waal's equation.
	CO3: express critical phenomena and molecular velocities
	of Gaseous state.
	CO4: explain the kinetics of chemical reactions including
	SEEK KNOWLE

		their factors affecting their rate.
		CO5: describe the importance and limitations of collision
		theory and transition state theory.
		CO6: explain about Homogenous catalysis, acid base and
		enzyme catalysis including their mechanism.
	11 4	444 dY>5
	.40.	Students will be able to:
	(Laboratory	CO1: qualitatively analyze, separate and identify the
	Practicals)	different cations and anions from Groups I, II, III, IV,
10	1/10	V and VI present in a salt.
10)	1118/	CO2: explain about quantitative analysis involving
7 /	1/20/	volumetric titrations like acid-base, KMnO4 and
10/	15	K2Cr2O7.
5 11	12/ 6	CO3: determinate strength of Na2Co3 solution by titrating
I Fire		it against a standard solution of HCl.
	S	CO4: determinate molarity of KMnO4 solution by titrating
1	四	it against a standard solution of Oxalic acid.
1,1	12	CO5: standarise the given K2Cr2O7 solution by titrating it
	1/2/	against a standard solution of Mohr's Salt.
11	Mathematics	
MAT-0043	(Plane Geometry)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
1	VA LE	CO1: analyze the concept of transformation of axes in
6	and.	two dimensions.
1	220	CO2: describe the pair of straight lines, condition of
4	0.	parallelism and perpendicularity, joint equation
	11	of angle bisectors.
	the Mai	CO3: solve the problems related to the concepts of
	Mai	circle and properties of circle, chord of contact,
		radical axis, co- axial family of circles, limiting
		points.
		CO4: discriminate about tangents, normals and their
		properties.
	<u> </u>	

	T	T ===
		CO5: calculate the properties of ellipse, Conjugate
		diameter of ellipse, hyperbola, asymptote and
		rectangular hyperbola.
		CO6: identify conics in general second degree
		equations.
	114	CO7: examine the general equations of second
	100	degree, tracing of ellipse, hyperbola and parabola
	200	and also get to know about the conics. They get
	0,115	to know whether a given second degree equation
20	11/10	is a hyperbola or ellipse or parabola.
10)	1118/	
MAT-0044	(Calculus-I)	After completing the course, students will be able
10/	15.1	to:
7 /	1 25	CO1: describe fundamental concepts of real numbers.
1156		CO2: solve the problems of Indeterminate forms and
	S	L'Hospital's Rule to find their limits
1 1	1 1 1 1	CO3: verify the value of the limit of a function at a
	1 % 1	point using the definition of the limit.
11	12	CO4: examine whether function is continuous or not,
10	12	understand the consequences of the intermediate
	Ou.	value theorem for continuous functions.
	12 CE	CO5: apply various general Theorems like Rolle's
		Theorem, Lagrange's theorem, Cauchy Mean
9	7 25	Value theorem, Taylor's theorem and their
0	19	geometrical interpretation.
	or e.	CO6: analyze Hyperbolic and inverse hyperbolic
	The .	functions, Successive differentiation and
	Mar	Leibnitz's theorem.
	(Trignometry and	ragemen
MAT-0045	Matrices)	After completing the course, students will be able
		to:
		CO1: operate methods to solve the equations
	1	I

	1	,
		CO2: recognize consistent and inconsistent system of
		linear equations by using row and column
		echelon form of the augmented matrix.
		CO3: solve linear equation using matrix method.
		CO4: apply Cayley Hamilton Theorem for finding the
	11 4	inverse of matrix.
	10	CO5: describe rank, Linear independence and
	VIII.	dependence of matrices.
	0,1/5	CO6: appraise the importance of roots of real and
20	11/10	complex polynomials.
10)	11/8/	CO7: apply the applications of De Moivre's theorem to
7-1	1/2/	solve numerical problems.
10/	15/	CO8: check diagonalisibility of matrices by finding
I	28	Eigen values and vectors.
1156		CO9: calculate Hermitian and skew Hermitian matrices
~	S	and their properties.
	Computer Science	List Supplied to the state of t
CS01		The students after completing this course, will be able
CS01	(Computer Fundamentals)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
CS01	(Computer	to:
CS01	(Computer	
CS01	(Computer	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer
CS01	(Computer	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system.
CS01	(Computer	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology.
CS01	(Computer	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals.
CS01	(Computer	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals. CO4: describe the memory management.
CS01	(Computer	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals. CO4: describe the memory management. CO5: state the different types of software.
CS01	(Computer	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals. CO4: describe the memory management. CO5: state the different types of software.
Uno	(Computer Fundamentals)	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals. CO4: describe the memory management. CO5: state the different types of software. CO6: explain about the operating system and its types.
Uno	(Computer Fundamentals)	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals. CO4: describe the memory management. CO5: state the different types of software. CO6: explain about the operating system and its types. The students after completing this course, will be able
Uno	(Computer Fundamentals)	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals. CO4: describe the memory management. CO5: state the different types of software. CO6: explain about the operating system and its types. The students after completing this course, will be able to:
Uno	(Computer Fundamentals)	to: CO1: identify the components of a personal computer system. CO2: do conversions in basic computer terminology. CO3: describe the basic hardware peripherals. CO4: describe the memory management. CO5: state the different types of software. CO6: explain about the operating system and its types. The students after completing this course, will be able to: CO1: solve common problems related to operating

	Г	D
		Presentation Graphics Software skills.
		CO3: compose, format and edit a word document,
		Excel, Presentation Slides.
PCS01	(Practical Based on	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
	Paper CS02)	CO1: state the working of Input and output devices.
	10.	CO2: run Internal and external DOS commands.
	m	CO3: create Word, Excel, Presentation files and apply
<i>/</i>	4/15	various commands on it.
8	Agriculture	268/11/8
0015	(Basics of Agricultural Botany and Forestry	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
15	Bottary and Forestry	CO1: explain about the plant morphology - root, stem,
4	10.	leaf -their types and modifications.
FALL	0 50	CO2: explain about the Inflorescence - types and
т.	SEE	classification.
		CO3: explain about flower parts and their functions.
1.1		CO4: describe about fruit - Types and classification.
	121	CO5: state about pollination - types, significance,
	TAOMIE	emasculation, techniques, mode of reproduction
	10,	and their significance Life cycle of a typical
	11/1/2	angiosperm.
	SAM I E	CO6: get skilled in plant breeding, introduction to self
0	2	
2	270	Incompatibility.
-	94	CO7: explain about the cultivation practices including
	th	Soil requirements, water requirements, and
	1/0 ///-	improved varieties of the region for: Cereals
	the Mar	(wheat, rice, maize), Fibres (cotton, Jute), oil
		citrus, sapota).
		CO8: explain the importance of forests, important
		forest trees of India and status of forestry in

		Punjab, its significance. Raising of Nurseries for forestry. Social forestry: Definition, concept
		and its significance.
		SEMESTER-II
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
0102/0192	Punjabi/History and Culture of Punjab	Punjabi (12 ਕਰਾਣੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਸੁਮੇਲ) CO1: ਕਥਾ - ਕਿਤਾਬ': ਪਹਿਲੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਪੁਹਤਾ ਪਾਂਧੀ' ਗੁਰਬਖਸ਼ ਸਿੰਘ ਪ੍ਰੀਤ ਲੜੀ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਲਿਖੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਮੇਜਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਦੇ ਸੁਭਾਅ ਦੇ ਸੁਲੀਕੇ, ਬੋਲ ਚਾਲ ਤੇ ਦੂਸਰਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਆਉਣ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸਿਆ ਹੈ। CO2: ਪ੍ਰਿੰ: ਸੁਜਾਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਬਾਗਾਂ ਦਾ ਰਾਖਾ' ਕਹਾਣੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਕਾਮਿਆ ਦੀ ਅਪਮਾਨ ਜਨਕ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਦਾ ਵਰਣਨ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ। CO3: ਕੁਲਵੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਵਿਰਕ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ' ਧਰਤੀ ਹੇਠਲਾ ਬਲਦ। ਮਾਝੇ ਦੇ ਲੋਕ ਮੁਸੀਬਤਾਂ ਭਰੀ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਨੂੰ ਜਿਉਣਾ ਜਾਣਦੇ ਹਨ। CO4: ਸੁਖਵੰਤ ਕੌਰ ਮਾਨ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਚੱਟੂ' 1947 ਦੀ ਭਾਰਤ ਪਾਕ ਵੰਡ ਦੇ ਉੁਜਾੜੇ ਦੇ ਦੁੱਖਾਂ ਤਕਲੀਫਾਂ ਦਾ ਵਰਨਣ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ। CO5: ਗੁਲਜ਼ਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੰਧੂ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਠੰਗੀ' ਵਿੱਚ ਮੌਤ ਦੀ ਉਡੀਕ ਰਹੇ ਨਿਰਾਸ਼ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਇਸ ਨੂੰ ਸਮੂਹਿਕ ਹੋਣੀ ਵਜੋਂ ਭੋਗਣ ਵਿੱਚ ਤੱਸਲੀ ਅਨੁਭਵ ਕਰਨਾ ਹੈ। CO6: ਮੋਹਣ ਭੰਡਾਰੀ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਘੋਟਣਾ' ਨਵੀ ਉਦਯੋਗਿਕ ਸਭਿਅਤਾ ਦੇ ਲਿਹਾਜੇ ਹੋਏ ਹੁਨਰਮਦ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੀ ਪੀੜ ਤੇ ਲੋਚਾ ਦਾ ਕਰੁਣਾਮਈ ਚਿਤਰਨ ਹੈ। CO7: 'ਬੱਚੇ ਦੀ ਸ਼ਰਾਰਤ' ਪੰ੍ਰਮ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਹੈ। ਔਰਤ ਮਨ ਦੇ ਵੇਗਾਂ, ਤਰੰਗਾਂ, ਇਛਾਵਾਂ ਦੁਵਿਧਾਵਾਂ, ਚਲਾਕੀ, ਸਿਆਣਪਾਂ ਤੇ ਖੁਆਰੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਅੰਗਮਈ ਅੰਦਾਜ਼ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ। CO8: 'ਵਰਿਆਮ ਸੰਧੂ' ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ' ਚੌਥੀ ਕੂਟ' ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਅੱਜ ਕੱਲ ਦੇ ਵਾਤਾਵਰਨ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਬਣਾਇਆ ਹੈ। CO9: ਜਗਜੀਤ ਬਰਾੜ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ' ਚਿੱਟੀ ਕਬੂਤਰੀ' ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਗੌਰੀ ਨਸਲ ਦੀ ਇਸਤਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਆਕਾਸ਼ਣ, ਦੋਗਲਾ ਰੱਵਈਆ ਤੇ ਨੀਵੀ ਸੋਚ ਹੈ। CO10: ਕਿਰਪਾਲ ਕਜ਼ਾਕ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਗੁੰਮਸ਼ਦਾ' ਵਿੱਚ ਕਾਮ ਰੁਚੀਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਕੀਤੀ ਖਿਲਵਾੜ ਕਾਰਨ ਮਨੁੱਖੀ ਜੀਵਨ ਵਿੱਚ ਮਚੀ ਉਥਲ- ਪੁਥਲ ਹੈ।

CO11: ਜਸਵਿੰਦਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾਂ 'ਖ਼ਹ-ਖਾਤੇ' ਵਿੱਚ ਵਰਤਮਾਨ ਸ਼ਹਿਰੀ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੇ ਦੂਜਿਆਂ ਜਿਥੋਂ ਤੱਕ ਆਪਣਿਆਂ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਸੁਆਰਥੀ, ਕੋਰੇ, ਮੌਕਾ ਪ੍ਰਸਤ, ਸ਼ੱਕੀ ਤੇ ਅਕ੍ਰਿਤਘਣ ਰਵੱਈਏ ਦੇ ਦੀ ਝਲਕ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO12: ਬਲਵਿੰਦਰ ਗਰੇਵਾਲ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾਂ ਮੋਹ- ਪਾਸ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਸਮਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਬਦਲੇਖੋਰੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਆਰਥ ਵਿੱਚ ਫਸੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਸੋਚਾਂ, ਸਾਜ਼ਿਸਾਂ ਤੇ ਕਾਰਜਗਾਰੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਸਾਹਮਣੇ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਵਿਆਕਰਨ: ਮੁਹਾਵਰੇ, ਪ੍ਰੈਸੀ ਰਚਨਾ, ਲੇਖ ਰਚਨਾ, ਧੁਨੀ ਗ੍ਰਾਮ, ਪਰਿਭਾਸ਼ਾ, ਖੰਡੀ ਤੇ ਅਖੰਡੀ ਧਨੀਆਂ ਧਨੀਆਂ, ਲਗਾਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂਦੀ ਢੱਕਵੀ ਜਾ<mark>ਣਕਾ</mark>ਰੀ ਦੇ<mark>ਣੀ।ਵਿ</mark>ਆਕਰਨ ਹਰੇਕ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੀ ਰੀੜ ਦੀ ਹੱ<mark>ਡੀ ਹੂੰ ਦੀ ਹੈ। ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਸਮਝਣ</mark> ਲਈ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਲਈ ਇਸ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਜਰੂਰ<mark>ੀ</mark> ਹੈ ਜੀ। Translated into English CO1: Katha - Kitab': First story 'Puhta Pandhi' by Gurbaksh Singh portrays major sahib's character. CO2: Kavita Kamiya in the story 'Baagan Da Rakha' by Sujan Singh described a humiliating situation. CO3: Kulwant Singh Virak's story 'The Bull under the Earth' tell the people of Punjab know how to live life to the fullest. CO4: Sukhwant Kaur Mann's story 'Chattu' is about the sufferings of the 1947 partition of India and Pakistan. CO5: In Gulzar Singh Sandhu's Kahani Thaggi' is a despondent man waiting for death. CO6: Mohan Bhandari's story 'Ghotna' was brought about by the new industrial civilization CO7: 'Bachche Di Shararat' is a work of Prem Prakash that presents the experience in a satirical way. CO8: The story of 'Varyam Sandhu' 'Chauthi Koot' to presents the period of terrorism Punjab.

		CO9: The subject of Jagjit Brar's story 'Chitti Kabutri' is
		about a white woman.
		CO10: Kirpal Kazak's story 'Gumushoda' plays with lust
		due to the upheaval in human life.
	- 10	CO11: Jaswinder Singh's work 'Khuh-Khate' presents
	49, 5	urban man's problems
	SM	CO12: Balvinder Grewal's works Moh-Pas' theme is
/	9//5	revenge in society and the thoughts, plots, and
1	11/60	activities of people trapped in selfishness.
Ch. O/	116	184111
121	1/6/	History and Culture of Punjab
4	10.	Students, after completing this course, will be able to:
E I	62	CO1: describe about Colonial Rule in Punjab i.e.
THE !	(0)	Annexation of Punjab Board of Administration
	m	CO2: state about the western education introduced by
	四	Britishers.
111	121	CO3: explain about Agriculture development.
11	12	CO4: describe about early socio-religious reform in all
	Ou.	religions.
	1 TE	CO5: describe about Socio-Religious Reform Movement
		i.e. Arya Samaj, Singh Sabhas and Ahmadiyas. CO6: state about Development of Press and Literature.
9	7 20	CO7: describe about the emergence of political
0	19	consciousness.
	cre.	CO8: describe about the Gurdwara Reform movement i.e
	the Mar	Major marchas, Activities of Babbar Akalis.
	Mar	CO9: explain about the freedom struggle i.e. all
		Monuments.
		CO10: explain about the partition of Punjab and its
		aftermath.
		<u>L</u>

393	Environmental and	After the course, the students will be able to:
	Road Safety Education	CO1: describe about plant and animal distribution
		patterns in relation to biotic and biotic factors.
		CO2: explain about essential characteristics underlying
	- 10	Natural ecosystems.
	11 4	CO3: describe about the model population and
	who -	community-level dynamics.
	3"	CO4: interpret and present ecological results.
	1//2	CO5: identify Global environmental problems.
	11/60	CO6: explain about Social issues and Environment
~ 0/	11/25/	issue.
Te /	//Cc./	CO7: describe the significance of road safety.
10	12	CO8: state about Police-Public relationship, Traffic
玉二	6	rule and Traffic signs.
Ti I		CO9: describe about Protective provisions against
	S	domestic and sexual violence.
	l iiii l	CO10: explain about the Protective laws for women.
11	171	CO11: explain about the problem of drugs abuse.
	1151	CO12: describe about the drugs and its effects.
1	11.20	CO13: describe about the prevention and management
	W.	of drug abuse.
	Physics	DOE SERVI
0147	(Mechanics-II)	After the course, the students will be able to:
0147	(Wicehames-II)	CO1: explain about the Rigid Body Motion and Euler's
- 0	0	equations.
	F 51	CO2: describe about Inertial and Non-Inertial Frames.
	"TO "	
	the Mar	CO3: explain about Centrifugal and Coriolis force due to
	-41	rotation of earth.
		CO4: explain the understand postulates of special theory
		of Relativity and Lorentz transformation equations.
		CO5: explain about the variation of mass with velocity
		and relativistic energy and momentum.

		CO6: explain about the concept of Minkowski space and
		four vector formulation.
0148	(Vibrations, Waves and EM Theory-II)	CO1: describe about the types of waves and the wave equation with its solution. CO2: explain about Impedance of a string and to study the
	49, 5	matching of Impedances and its uses.
	m	CO3: explain about the reflection and transmission
	0, // 1	coefficients of amplitude and energy.
6	11/40	CO4: build a mathematical background for the Maxwell's
~ 0/	11/20/	equations and their significance.
Ki /	1/ Ec. /	CO5: explain about the electromagnetic waves and study
10/	10	the Impedance of a medium to the EM waves.
51	65	CO6: use the Maxwell's equations in deriving various
TE.	(0)	expression for normal and oblique incidence.
0140	(Electricity and	COL surplein shout the misses are in form of Ohm's law
0149	Magnetism-II)	CO1: explain about the microscopic form of Ohm's law and its failure.
111	171	CO2: explain about invariance of charge and derive the
	12	transformation equations of electric field.
	0,	CO3: describe the behaviour of various substances in
	1 TE	magnetic field.
		CO4: describe the Biot Savart's law and its applications.
9	7 20	CO5: find the divergence and curl of magnetic field and
0	119	study vector potential.
	Cr si	CO6: familiarize with Faraday's laws of EM induction
	1000	and understand self inductance and mutual
	Mar	inductance.
	Chemistry	ragemor
0151	(Inorganic Chemistry-	Students will be able to:
	B)	CO1: describe different Ionic structures such as NaCl,
		Zinc blende, Wurtzite, CaF2 and antiflourite and

	T	
		use their properties to corelate other inorganic
		molecules.
		CO2: distinguish ionic and covalent bond using Fajan's
		rule.
		CO3: express the diagonal relationship between alkali and
	114	alkaline earth metals.
	10	CO4: explain the chemistry of hydrides of boron-diborane
	VIII.	and higher boranes, borazine, borohydrides,
	0,1/8	fullerenes, carbides, fluorocarbons.
70	11/10	CO5: discuss the comparative study of groups 15-17
10)	11181	elements along with properties and preparation of
7 /	1/12/	halogens, interhalogens and polyhalides.
10/	15.	2500 139111 3
0152	(Organic Chemistry-	Students will be able to:
Tree	B)	CO1: explain the nomenclature, methods of formation,
	S	physical and chemical properties of alkenes and
1 1	四	cycloalkenes (with mechanism of selected
		reactions).
11/		CO2: explain Saytzeff's Rule, Hofmann elimination,
11	1121	Markownikoff's and anti- Markownikoff's rule.
	10	CO3: recognize the nomenclature, methods of formation,
	1/1/2	physical and chemical properties of Dienes and
-	SON IS	Alkynes (with mechanism of selected reactions).
0	22	CO4: discuss the concepts Arenes and Aromaticity.
20	770	CO5: explain in detail about Aromatic electrophilic
-	94	substitution reactions.
	the Mar	CO6: memorize the nomenclature, methods of formation,
	10 11	physical and chemical properties of Alkyl and Aryl
	"Mal	I a name ()
0152		Halides (with mechanism of selected reactions).
0153	(Physical Chemistry-	Students will be able to
	B)	Students will be able to:
		CO1: recognize Fundamental concepts of
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

		Thermodynamics.
		CO2: explain the First Law of Thermodynamics and
		related concepts like Heat capacity, Joule's Law-
		Joule-Thomson coefficient, and inversion
		temperature, Calculations of w, q, dU & dH for the
	114	expansion of ideal gases.
	100	CO3: memorize all concepts of Thermochemistry.
	V.	CO4: recognize definition, classification, preparation and
	9//5	all properties of colloids.
100	11/40	CO5: explain chemistry of solutions, dilute Solutions and
(0)	1118/	colligative properties.
2 /	1/10/	7 1111 3
10 /	5	Students will be able to:
I	(Laboratory	CO1: explain the essential laboratory skills required for
100	Practicals)	organic synthesis by performing synthesis of
	S	important organic compounds.
	IBI	CO2: describe different purification techniques in organic
	17	chemistry like recrystallization and distillation.
11	11 5	CO3: prepare the solution of the desired concentration and
	112	the desired volume.
	W.	CO4: determine Refractive indices, Viscosity and Surface
	JA YE	Tension of samples.
		CO5: define waste management of the laboratory.
7	Mathematics	ME TO
MAT-0145	(Solid Geometry)	After completing the course, students will be able
	1 1/2	to:
	the Mar	CO1: describe the concept of transformation of
	Mai	axes in three dimensions.
		CO2: analyze Sphere and its properties, power of
		point with respect to Sphere, coaxial family of
		spheres, limiting points.
		CO3: differentiate Cylinder, Ellipse, Parabola,

	T	** 1 1 0 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		Hyperbolic Cylinder and Enveloping cylinder and
		their various properties.
		CO4: describe Cone, homogeneous equation of
		Second degree in three variables, Right Circular
		and Enveloping cones.
	114	CO5: solve problems regarding Paraboloids, plane
	100	sections of conicoids, generating lines and
	ZUL.	reduction of second degree equations.
	0,115	BH dis
MAT-0146	(Calculus-II)	After completing the course, students will be able
10)	11/8/	to:
7-1	1/2/	CO1: demonstrate concepts of Concavity, Convexity,
10 /	5	Points of Inflexion and Asymptotes.
I	28	CO2: analyze Curvature and Radius of Curvature in
1156		Polar and Cartesian coordinates.
	S	CO3: solve problems regarding the concept of Evolute,
1		Involute and Chord of Curvature.
1,1	1 % 1	CO4: analyze and find Integral of Hyperbolic and
	11/4	Inverse Hyperbolic Functions.
10	1/2	CO5: find out the integration of functions using
	Ou.	Trapezoidal, Simpson and Prismoidal rules.
	12 CE	CO6: differentiate the concepts of Summation of
1		Series, Quadrature, Rectification, Volumes and
9	7 25	Surfaces of Solids of Revolution.
0	19	क पर्नाट
MAT-0147	(Theory of Equations)	After completing the course, students will be able
	The .	to:
	The Mar	CO1: apply Euclid Algorithm, synthetic division.
	-141	CO2: describe the relationship between Roots and
		Coefficients of Equations using Virge Vieta
		method.
		CO3: describe the concept of Transformation of
	l	<u> </u>

	Г	
		Matrices, calculate number of Real and Complex
		roots using Descarte's rule of signs.
		CO4: find the Solutions of Cubic equations by using
		Cardon Method and Biquadratic equations by
		using Descarte and Ferrari method.
	Computer Science	12HB BBB
CS03	(Operating System	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
	Concepts)	CO1: explain how Operating System is important for
12	7/// 3	Computer System.
	///	CO2: describe the different types of Operating System
~ 0/	11/20/	and their services.
E	//Cc./	CO3: explain the process management, concurrent
10 /	10/	processes and threads.
玉二	65	CO4: handle deadlock and work on it.
TE !		CO5: describe about Memory Management: Logical and
	S	Physical memory, Segmentation, various
	l iiii l	paging algorithms.
11	17	77
CS04	(C Programming)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
	112	CO1: explain the basic terminology used in computer
	a win	Programming.
	VA LE	CO2: write, compile and debug programs in C language
6	and .	CO3: use different data types in a computer program
3	7 212	CO4: design programs involving decision structures,
- 0	0	loops, arrays and strings.
	- F 1	CO5: describe about the various types of Functions and
	the Mai	String handling mechanisms.
	Mai	CO6: explain the difference between call by value and
	- 41	call by reference.
PCS02	(Practical Based on	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
- 0202	Paper CS04)	CO1: read, understand and trace the execution of
		201. Icad, dilaciplana and trace the execution of

	T	
		programs written in C language.
		CO2: implement programs using operators, data types,
		Decision, Loop, Case Control Statements.
		CO3: design programs involving arrays, strings,
		pointers, functions and implement the dynamics
	114	of memory by the use of pointers
	Agriculture	
0115	(Agricultural	After the course, the students will be able to:
/2	Economics and Agronomy)	CO1: explain about agricultural banking, agricultural
	Agronomy)	loans – Its various types, repayment mode, form
~ 0/	116	filling for agricultural loans.
Ki /	1/Lc./	CO2: explain about National policy for agricultural
10/	10	loans.
51	6 65	CO3: state about the agriculture credit cards.
TE'		CO4: state the fundamentals of land measurements and
	SE	land revenue.
	l mil	CO5: explain about various legal aspects of import and
11	171	export of raw crop and crop products.
	TOME	CO6: explain about quarantine laws.
	112	CO7: describe the fundamentals of agricultural
	Ja Wi	Economics, Psychological pressure on farmer
	A LE	and villagers of different classes.
0		CO8: get skilled in the methods of storage of
7	270	vegetables, fruits, grains at local and large level.
Ç	0.	Vegetable and fruit preservation.
	11	CO9: read about soil types, management, improvement
	the Mai	and amendments.
	Mai	CO10: explain about the soil testing. Fundamental of
		fertilizers and manures, Important fertilizers
		and their uses and Nitrogen fixation.
	I	SEMESTER-III

COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
0202	English	After the course, the students will be able to:
		CO1: explain the different aspects and forms of modern
	- 10	communication.
	21 4	CO2: get skilled in listening, speaking, reading and
	MIC	writing.
	2	CO3: improve their vocabulary.
10	7/// 2	CO4: build their confidence for participation in placement
1	11/6	drives.
OL /	1/20	CO5: show better performance in English language testing
15	1/6/	examinations like TOEFL, IELTS
4/	Physics	CAND TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
0247	(Statistical Physics	After the course, the students will be able to:
П.	and Thermodynamics- I)	CO1: describe the basic ideas of statistical physics and
- 1		probability.
1.1	1 12 1	CO2: explain the distribution of various particles in
11/	1121	various compartments of equal size.
	1121	CO3: describe about deviation from the state of
	10	maximum probability and distribution of n particles
	1 TE	in k compartments of unequal size.
	The same of the sa	CO4: explain the three kinds of statistics: MB, BE & FD
9	y m	and their distribution laws.
10	79	CO5: explain the Planck's Law, Wein's displacement law,
	Or .	Stefan's law and the concept of Fermi Energy.
	the Mai	CO6: explain the concept of most probable, average and
	"d Mar	rms speeds of molecules and their mathematical
	- q	expression.
22.15		
0248	(Optics and Laser-I)	CO1: explain about Optics and a knowledge of the
		interference of light.
		CO2: explain about the interference fringes by studying

		interference by wavefront and amplitude division.
		CO3: explain about Michelson's & Fabry-Perot
		interferometer with their applications.
		CO4: describe about Diffraction and the types of
	2.50	Diffraction alongwith its use for rectagular and
	114	circular apertures.
	100	CO5: explain the resolving power of optical instruments
	200	and their mathematical expression.
	9//5	CO6: explain about polarization of light and study about
20	11/40	polarised, elliptically and circularly polarised light.
0249	11181	CO1: explain the fundamental postulates of quantum
2 /	(Quantum Physics-I)	mechanics.
10/	5	CO2: explain Planck's formula of black body radiation.
I	6 25	CO3: describe the wave function and Schrodinger's
130		equation.
-	S	CO4: solve and understand the problems in one and three
		dimensions.
	17	CO5: explain the Quantum theory of hydrogen atom in
	11 5	detail along with its energy levels and eigen
	112	functions.
	Ch.	CO6: explain the various quantum numbers and their
	1 LE	applications.
	Chemistry	OGE ST.
5	7 212	After the course, the students can:
0250	(Inorganic Chemistry-	CO1: explain the chemistry and geometry of elements of
	A)	first transition series
	'ne Mar	CO2: explain the details of chemistry of elements of
	Mar	second and third transition series along with their
		magnetic behaviour, spectral properties and
		stereochemistry.
		CO3: describe all concepts, properties and uses of co-
		ordination compounds.

		L 21.2
		CO4: express details of Werner's coordination theory and
		Valence bond theory.
		Students will be able to:
0251	Organic Chemistry-A	CO1: memorize the nomenclature, methods of formation,
	114	physical and chemical properties of Alcohols and
	10	Phenols.
	200	CO2: describe mechanisms of Fries rearrangement,
	0,115	Claisen rearrangement, Gatterman synthesis and
70	11/10	Reimer-Tiemann reaction.
10)	11/8/	CO3: explain the nomenclature, methods of formation,
2 /	1/2/	physical and chemical properties of Aldehydes and
10/	15/	Ketones.
I	25	CO4: describe mechanisms of benzoin, aldol, Perkin,
11:0		Knoevenagel condensations, Wittig and Mannich
	S	reaction.
1 1		CO5: explain in detail about use of acetals as protecting
	1 7	group, Oxidation of aldehydes, Baeyer-Villiger
11	12	oxidation of ketones, Cannizzaro reaction, MPV,
10	11/2	Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAIH4 and NaBH4
	Oh:	reductions.
	12 CE	CO6: discuss the nomenclature, methods of formation,
		physical and chemical properties of Carboxylic
9	7 20	acids.
0	719	OF THEFT
0252	Physical Chemistry-A	Students will be able to:
	The Mar	CO1: explain about qualitative description of
	Mar	Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids.
		CO2: discuss the chemistry of Liquid Crystals in detail.
		CO3: recognize the concepts of chemical equilibrium in
		terms of equilibrium constant, various laws and
		concepts involved, reaction isotherm and Clausius-

		,
		Claperyron equation.
		CO4: memorize Reaction isotherm and Reaction isochore-
		Clapeyron equation, law of mass of mass action and
		Le -Chatelier's principle.
		CO5: explain all concepts of second and third Law of
	114	Thermodynamics
	100	
	(Laboratory	Students will be able to:
	Practicals)	CO1: determine Estimation of calcium content, hardness
20	11/10	of water, ferrous and ferric and copper using
10)	1118	volumetric analysis.
2-1	1/20/	CO2: analyse Cu as CuSCN and Ni as Ni
10 /	15/	(dimethylgyoxime) using Gravimetric Analysis.
HH	5	CO3: determine the solubility of benzoic acid at different
		temperatures and to determine ΔH of the
	S	dissolution process.
	181	CO4: determine the enthalpy of neutralization of a weak
	17	acid/weak base versus strong base/strong acid.
	11 51	CO5: explain the enthalpy of ionization of the weak
	10 m	acid/weak base.
		CO6: find pH of a Buffer solution and determination of
	JA ZE	ionization constant of a weak acid.
	Mathematics	OGE ST
MAT-0241	(Advanced Calculus-I)	After completing the course, students will be able
- 0	0	to:
	-1- 11	CO1: solve problems of Limit and Continuity of
	'no II	functions of Two or More Variables.
	the Mar	CO2: describe the concept of Partial differentiation,
		derivability of real valued functions of two or
		three variables.
		CO3: differentiate Schwarz and Young's theorem and
		their applicability, statements of Inverse and

		Implicit function theorems and applications.
		CO4: practice the concept of differentiation, gradient,
		curl, divergence and its applications.
		CO5: apply Euler theorem, Taylor theorem, Jacobians,
		Envelopes and Evolutes.
	114	CO6: solve problems of Maximum, Minimum and
	100	saddle point of functions of two and three
	Zu.	variables and Lagrange's method to solve
	9//5	questions related to this topic
20	(Differential	25/11/20
MAT-0242	Equations I)	After completing the course, Student will be able to:
2-1	1/2/	CO1: differentiate and find solutions of first and
10/	15/	higher order differential equations.
I	25	CO2: examine the techniques for obtaining solutions to
1156		ordinary differential equations.
	S	CO3: investigate the qualitative and quantitative
	1 111	behavior of solutions of system of differential
1,1	1 7	equations.
11	12	CO4: analyze the concept of simultaneous differential
10	112	equations and orthogonality.
	Ou.	CO5: calculate by using methods of solving differential
	1 CE	equations using variation of parameters,
		reduction of order.
9	7 200	CO6: apply the concept of solving and number of
0	19	problems related to natural phenomenon,
	cr s.	engineering and many other situations.
	no.	CO7: describe the concept of Charpit general method
	The Mar	of solutions.
	- 41	agemen
MAT-0243	(Statics)	After completing the course, students will be able
		to:
		CO1: describe and apply the concept of composition
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

		and resolution of Concurrent Forces,
		Parallelogram and Triangle law of forces, Lami's
		theorem, Components of Forces and its
		applications in daily life.
		CO2: analyze the concepts of equilibrium conditions
	11 4	for coplanar concurrent forces, smooth inclined
	MO.	planes.
	Val.	CO3: explain the concept of Parallel forces and its
	0,1/8	types (parallel like and unlike forces) and
70	11/10	resultant of these forces.
10)	11/8/	CO4: solve problems related to Moment, Couple of
7- /	1/80/	forces, reduction of coplanar forces to Single
10/	15.	force and Couple.
7 /	1 CE	CO5: describe Friction, Laws of Friction, problems
1156		related to Ladders, Rods, Spheres and Circle.
	Computer Science	- L
CS05	(Computer	The students after completing this course, will be able
	Organisation)	to:
11	11 5	CO1: explain the structure, function and characteristics of
1	112	computer systems.
	W.	CO2: identify, understand and apply different number
	1 LE	systems and codes.
		CO3: describe the basic building block concepts in combinatorial logic design, sequential building
5	7 212	block, Microinstructions.
0	6	CO4: state the concept of Microinstructions,
	F 41	Microprocessor and assembly language in detail.
	170 11	25.
CS06	(Object Oriented	The students after completing this course, will be able
	Programming Using C++)	to:
	· · · /	CO1: differentiate between object oriented
		programming and procedural oriented language
		and data types in C++.
		· ·

	T	
		CO2: C++ features such as composition of objects,
		constructor, destructor, Operator overloading,
		inheritance, Polymorphism etc.
		CO3: Students will understand the concept of Virtual
		and pure virtual functions.
	(Practical Based on	The students after completing this course, will be able
PCS03	Paper CS06)	to:
	VIII.	CO1: make programs on the concept of Classes and
	0,1/5	objects, access specifiers.
20	11/10	CO2: do programming on declaring member function
10)	11/8/	inside and outside class, static and friend
7-1	1/2/	functions.
10/	15	CO3: design programs on Constructor and destructor,
H.	1 25	Inheritance with its types, Private, public
		protected, Concept of polymorphism, operator
	S	overloading, method overloading etc.
	Agriculture	13 TO 15
0216	(Agricultural Diversification and	After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:
	Machinery)	CO1: aid on works such as dairy, poultry, fishery,
	1 Ou	mushroom cultivation, animal husbandry, bee
	2 TE	keeping.
		CO2: maintain grassy lawns and flower beds.
9	7 25	CO3: raise winter and summer ornamental flowers
10	119	(rose, gladioli, dahlias, dianthus, and foliage
	Cr.	plants).
	The .	CO4: get skills of landscape of an educational
	the Mar	institute, factory, panchayat lands and office
	-141	buildings.
		CO5: describe about medicinal, aromatic and spice
		plants.
		CO6: grow non-conventional plants.
		- *

	,	,
		CO7: explain about Gentically Modified crops.
		CO8: describe the fundamentals of land measurements
		and land revenue.
		CO9: describe about the important parts of the tractor,
		combine, thresher and their maintenance.
	114	CO10: explain about various agricultural tools and
	- NOTO "	implements.
	2	SEMESTER-IV
0302	English	After the course, the students will be able to:
10)	11/4	CO1: use English as a language in its various textual
05	1/20	forms and to become thoughtful, imaginative and
15	1/5/	effective communicators in a changing society.
4	10.	CO2: write an effective business document (notice,
KK (62	advertisement, etc.)
	(0)	CO3: enhance their writing skills.
	mil	CO4: explain various literary aspects through the text
	m	which capacitates them to enrich their literary and
	1/2/	cultural values.
		CO5: make English learning a pleasurable endeavor.
	10	CO6: show better performance in International English
	MIE	language testing examinations like TOEFL, IELTS.
	Physics	OGE SELL
0347	(Statistical Physics	After the course the students, will be able to:
0	and Thermodynamics-	CO1: explain the entropy and its use in the three laws of
	II)	Thermodynamics.
	Cha.	CO2: explain the PV and ST diagrams graphically and
	the Mar	mathematically.
	-141	CO3: explain the entropy for a perfect gas and heat death
		of the universe.
		CO4: derive Maxwell's Thermodynamical relations and
		their applications.

		CO5: explain the Clausius Clapeyron equation and Joule
		Thomson effect.
		CO6: explain the mathematical expressions for Thermo
		emf, Peltier and Thomson coefficients for a
	(0.11	Thermocouple as a reversible heat engine.
02.40	(Optics and Lasers-II)	
0348	MIC	CO1: explain the lasers fundamentals and Einstein's
	3"	coefficients.
12	7/// 2	CO2: explain the Natural, Collision and Doppler
	11/5	Broadening of spectral lines theoretically and
~		mathematically.
Ki /	//Kc/	CO3: explain the various lasers schemes and types of
10/	10/	lasers with applications.
5	65	CO4: familiarize to fiber optics and various losses in
TE .		optical fibre.
	S	CO5: explain about Optical fibre-based communication
	l iiii l	system and the medical applications of laser and
	171	fiber optics.
11	(Quantum Physics-II)	677 5
0349	11/2	CO1: explain about the specimen of Hydrogen atom in
	W.	detail.
	JA YE	CO2: explain the Zeeman effect, Stark effect and Auger
	CON .	effect.
5	7 212	CO3: explain the symmetric and antisymmetric wave
-0	6	functions and the concept of L-S and J-J coupling.
	F 41	CO4: explain about the rotational vibrational levels and
	the Mai	spectrum of diatomic molecules.
	Mar	CO5: describe the Franck Condon principle.
	-41	CO6: state the Raman effect and familiarize with
		magnetic resonance experiments.
	Chemistry	

0050	/I : 01 : :	0. 1
0350	(Inorganic Chemistry-B)	Students will be able to:
	Б)	CO1: explain about lanthanide contraction, complex
		formation, occurrence and isolation of lanthanide
		compounds.
		CO2: explain about General features and chemistry of
	114	actinides, chemistry of separation of Np, Pu and
	100	Am from U, similarities between the later actinides
	2111	and the later lanthanides.
	9//5	CO3: define Arrhenius, Bronsted-Lowry and Lewis
40	11/40	concepts of acids and bases along with Lux-Flood
(0)	11/8/	and solvent system.
2 /	1/20/	CO4: explain detailed chemistry of Oxidation and
10 /	15/	Reduction.
I	6 6	CO5: explain about physical properties, types and general
100		characteristics of solvents, reactions in non-aqueous
	S	solvents with reference to liquid NH3 and liquid
	1 121	SO2.
	12	* -
0351	(Organic Chemistry-	Students will be able to:
10	(1)	CO1: express Structure, nomenclature, preparation,
	Ou.	Physical and chemical properties of carboxylic acid
	12 CE	derivatives.
		CO2: explain about interconversion of acid derivatives by
9	7 25	nucleophilic acyl substitution and mechanisms of
0	19	esterification and hydrolysis (acidic and basic).
	Cre.	CO3: explain the chemistry of ethers, epoxides, fats, oils
	The .	and detergents.
	the Mai	CO4: describe the nomenclature, methods of formation,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	physical and chemical properties of organic
		compounds of Nitrogen.
		CO5: recognize mechanisms of Gabriel-phthalimide
		reaction, Hofmann bromamide reaction.

(Physical Chemistry-B) CO1: explain the Phase equilibrium concept of one and two component systems. CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. (Laboratory Practicals) Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.			CO(1111'
quinoline, isoquinoline their methods of synthesis and reactions. (Physical Chemistry-B) CO1: explain the Phase equilibrium concept of one and two component systems. CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. (Laboratory Practicals) Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.			
(Physical Chemistry-B) CO1: explain the Phase equilibrium concept of one and two component systems. CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.			
(Physical Chemistry-B) CO1: explain the Phase equilibrium concept of one and two component systems. CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.			quinoline, isoquinoline their methods of synthesis
O352 B) CO1: explain the Phase equilibrium concept of one and two component systems. CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. (Laboratory Practicals) Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.			and reactions.
two component systems. CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. (Laboratory Practicals) Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		(Physical Chemistry-	गाल जा
CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	0352	B)	CO1: explain the Phase equilibrium concept of one and
applications of Nernst distribution law. CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		100 .	two component systems.
CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		m	CO2: explain about thermodynamic derivation and
diagram and Gibb's phase rule. CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		0,1/8	applications of Nernst distribution law.
CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry. CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	10	1//	CO3: describe the various terms involved in phase
CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	10)	11181	diagram and Gibb's phase rule.
CO5: mention and explain various methods for the determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	7-1	1/80/	CO4: explain the details of electrochemistry.
determination of transport number. CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	10 /	15	CO5: mention and explain various methods for the
CO6: explain the concepts of electrolytic conduction and dilution. Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	5/	1 CE	
(Laboratory Practicals) Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	The l		··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··
(Laboratory Practicals) Students will be able to: CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	~	S	
Practicals) CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8: 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		四	
CO1: determine of Rf values and identification of organ compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8: 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	1.1		Students will be able to:
compounds. CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.	11	Practicals)	
CO2: separate isometric mixture of Ortho and para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		1121	
para nitroaniline using hexane and ethyl acetate (8 : 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		101	
: 1.5) by thin layer chromatography.		1/1/2	
	_	SON I	DIEE SEL
(CO3: perform extraction of caffeine from tea leaves	0	22	CO3: perform extraction of caffeine from tea leaves.
	20	770	CO4: recognize detection of elements (N, S and halogens)
and functional groups (phenolic, carboxylic,	~	O.	
		th.	
carbonyl, esters, carbohydrates, amines, amides,		10 11	. 01
nitro and anilide), in simple organic compounds.		'var	intro and animae), in simple organic compounds.
Mathematics		Mathematics	90111
MAT-0341 (Advanced Calculus- After completing the course, students will be able to:	MAT-0341	,	After completing the course, students will be able to:
II) CO1: explain the concept of Sequences, bounded		II)	CO1: explain the concept of Sequences, bounded
sequences, Convergence and Divergence and			sequences, Convergence and Divergence and

		Oscillation of sequences,
		CO2: analyse the theorems related to Sequences,
		Monotonic Sequences, and Cauchy's
		Convergence of sequences.
		CO3: explain the Sequential continuity and Uniform
	MU	continuity of Functions of Single Variable.
	100	CO4: use Series and tests to check the convergence and
	Zu.	non-convergence of series like comparison test.
	0,115	CO5: perform many tests like Cauchy's Integral test,
20	11/10	Cauchy's Root test, Ratio test, D'Alembert test
101	11/8/	etc. and their difference from one another to
2-1	1/12/	solve various problems.
10/	15/	CO6: rearrange absolute Convergent series and
I	6 25	Riemann's Rearrangement Theorem.
1000		ECT EUR EIII)
MAT-0342	(Differential	After completing the course, students will be able to:
	Equations II)	CO1: solve questions of basic concepts of Power Series
1,1	17	methods, Bessel and Legendre functions.
	11 1	CO2: describe about partial differential equations of
1	112	first order, Integral Surfaces and Orthogonality
	Oh.	of System of Surfaces.
	1 CE	CO3: describe the concepts of Laplace transforms,
		Inverse Laplace transforms and its applications.
9	7 25	CO4: verify the existence theorem for Laplace
0	19	transformations and its applications.
	Cr si	C.G.
MAT-0343	(Dynamics)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
	Mai	CO1: describe and analyze Motion of particle with
	-41	constant acceleration, acceleration of Falling
		bodies and its practical applications.
		CO2: analyze Motion of two particles connected with a
		string, motion along smooth inclined plane,
	L	<u>I</u>

		Constrained Motion along plane.
		CO3: verify motion under gravity and motion of any
		particle in vertically upward direction.
		CO4: describe the concept of Simple Harmonic Motion
	-	and Elastic String.
	11 4	CO5: apply Curvilinear motion of a particle and will
	100	able to solve day to day problems.
	Val.	CO6: apply the concepts of Work, Power, Potential
	0//5	Energy and the effect of gravitation on these
70	11/10	Forces.
10)	11181	CO7: describe and solve problems regarding The
7-1	1/8/	concept of Relative Motion and various topics
10/	15.	related to this concept like velocity and
7 /	1 CE	acceleration.
1150		CO8: describe the various types of momentum like
- /	S	Angular and Impulsive.
	Computer Science	List Survey Living
CS07	Computer Science (Data Base Concepts)	The students after completing this course, will be able
CS07	Computer Science (Data Base Concepts)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
CS07		to:
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications.
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model.
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus.
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus. CO4: normalize the database & understand the internal
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus.
Uno	(Data Base Concepts)	to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus. CO4: normalize the database & understand the internal data structure.
CS07		to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus. CO4: normalize the database & understand the internal data structure. Students after completing this course, will be able to:
Uno	(Data Base Concepts)	to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus. CO4: normalize the database & understand the internal data structure. Students after completing this course, will be able to: CO1: apply the basic concepts of data structures and
Uno	(Data Base Concepts)	to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus. CO4: normalize the database & understand the internal data structure. Students after completing this course, will be able to: CO1: apply the basic concepts of data structures and algorithms.
Uno	(Data Base Concepts)	to: CO1: discuss Database management systems, databases and its applications. CO2: state about the good formal foundation on the relational model. CO3: explain about relational algebra and calculus. CO4: normalize the database & understand the internal data structure. Students after completing this course, will be able to: CO1: apply the basic concepts of data structures and

		CO3: apply the basic concepts about stacks, queues,
		lists, trees and graphs
		CO4: write the algorithms and follow step by step
		approach in solving problems with the help of
		fundamental data structures
PCS04	(Practical Based Paper	The students after completing this course, will be able
	CS08)	to:
	Val.	CO1: state how data can be stored in memory.
	0,1/5	CO2: implement Arrays and various operations on
10	11/10	array.
10)	11/8/	CO3: implement Stacks and Queues and various
2/	1/10/	operations on them.
10/	15	CO4: implement the concept of Linked List.
7 /	1 (E	CO5: implement the concept of various types of Trees.
15.6		CO6: implement various searching and sorting
	S	techniques along with their Complexity.
	四	CO7: implement Graph and Graph traversal
	121	techniques.
	Agriculture	M7 /3///
0316	(Cultivation Practices	After the completion of the course, the students will be
	of Vegetables, Timber	able to:
	and basic Statistical Methods)	CO1: describe about the tillage, fundamentals and
	Wielious)	principles of tillage, zero tillage, and tillage
5	7 20	implements.
0	19	CO2: describe about the cultivation practices of potato,
	Cr.	tomato, bhindi, cabbage, onion and asparagus.
	Cha.	CO3: explain about timbers and lumbers.
	the Mar	CO4: raise Dalbergia, Tectona, Poplar and
	· d	Eucalyptus trees.
		CO5: apply statistical methods for agricultural work
		including mean, mode, median, chi-square,
		standard deviation.
		omitate actuatori

SEMESTER-V		
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	Physics	
0448	(Condensed Matter	After the course, the students will be able to:
	Physics-I)	CO1: explain about Crystal Structure and Symmetry
	m	Operations.
	0, // 5	CO2: describe the concept of Reciprocal Lattice and able
10	11/10	to use it as a tool.
10)	11/8/	CO3: explain about Crystal Diffraction and understand
7-1	1/8/	diamond and sodium chloride structures.
10 /	15/	CO4: describe about the fundamental principles of Fermi
I	25	levels and Band gap in semi-conductors.
1150		CO5: explain about Instrinsic and Extrinsic semi-
	S	conductors.
	1 1111	CO6: explain about Hall effect in metals and its
	1 7	applications.
0440	(Electronics and Solid-	COL applies the agreet of agric conductor devices
0449	State Devices-I)	CO1: explain the concept of semi-conductor devices,
	W.	biasing techniques, rectifiers and characteristics of
	VA LE	different types of photo conductive devices.
6	and in	CO2: Analysis of efficiency and ripple factor in filter circuits and different configuration of a transistor.
3	2 210	CO3: explain about CRO in detail along with its
- 0	0.	applications.
	14	CO4: explain about the various amplifiers using H
	the Mai	parameters.
	war	CO5: describe various junction diodes and their uses.
		-90111
0450	(Masleon of J. D. att. 1	CO1: explain the general properties of Nuclei, formation
	(Nuclear and Particle Physics-I)	of Nuclei and their binding energy.
	,	CO2: explain about the Liquid drop model and Shell

		model along with their applications and limitations.
		CO3: explain Radioactivity, α, β and γ decoy.
		CO4: explain about a nuclear reaction and its types,
		conservation laws and kinematics of Q-value
		equation.
	- 10	CO5: explain about Rutherford scattering cross section
	121 4	
	Mi	and distance of closest approach.
/	2	CO6: analyse the energy released during nuclear fission
/2	7///2	and fusion.
	<u>Chemistry</u>	Students will be able to:
0451	(Inorganic Chemistry-	CO1: explain about limitations of Valence Bond Theory,
151	A)	crystal field splitting in octahedral, tetrahedral and
4	10/	square planar complexes, factors affecting the
5	65	crystal – field parameters and their Spectro chemical
TE.	(0)	Series.
- 1	SE	CO2: explain thermodynamic and Kinetic stability of
1 \	m	metal complexes, factors affecting the stability and
	171	substitution reactions of square planar complexes.
	1151	CO3: describe nomenclature and classification of
	112	organometallic compounds.
	Ja Wi	CO4: explain preparation, properties, bonding and
1	VA LE	applications of alkyls and aryls of Li, Al, Hg, Sn
6	and .	and Ti.
7	270	CO5: explain about metal – ethylenic complexes and
4	0.	homogeneous hydrogenation, mononuclear
	14	carbonyls and the nature of bonding in metal
	the Mar	carbonyls.
	Mar	CO6: describe the details of Bioinorganic Chemistry.
		ageme
0452	(Organic Chemistry- A)	Students will be able to:
	Δ)	CO1: explain principles, types of electronic transitions,
		effect of conjugation, concept of chromophore,
		cheet of conjugation, concept of emomophote,

		auxochrome, different shifts and UV spectra of
		conjugated enes and enones.
		CO2: explain Woodward Fisher Rules and their
		applications in calculating maximum values of
		conjugated alkenes and conjugated carbonyl
	114	compounds.
	1000	CO3: explain about Molecular vibrations, Hooke's law,
	Zu.	selection rules, intensity and position of IR bands,
	0,115	measurement of IR spectrum, fingerprint region,
20	11/10	characteristic absorptions of various functional
10)	11/8/	groups.
2-1	1/2/	CO4: memorize the interpretation of IR spectra of simple
10/	15/	organic compounds and structure elucidation of
I	25	simple organic compounds using UV, IR and PMR
1000		spectroscopic techniques.
-	S	CO5: explain basics of 1H NMR spectroscopy,
	1 1111	interpretation of PMR spectra of simple organic
1,1	1 % 1	molecules such as ethyl bromide, ethanol,
	11 6	acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-tribromoethane, ethyl acetate,
10	112	toluene and acetophenone.
	Ou.	CO6: discuss the nomenclature, classification, methods of
	1 CE	formation, physical and chemical properties of
1		Carbohydrates.
9	7 25	to C.
0453	(Physical Chemistry-	CO1: recognize the significance of quantum mechanics
	A)	and quantization of energy.
	cho.	CO2: define Black-body radiations, Planck's radiation
	'ne Mar	law, photoelectric effect, heat capacity of solids,
		Compton effect, Bohr's model of hydrogen atom
		and its defects.
		CO3: derive Schrodinger wave equations for particle in a
		box and H-atom and apply the concept of

	<u></u>	
		quantization of energy to different orbitals and
		calculate the energy levels.
		CO4: explain quantum numbers and derive radial wave
		functions and angular wave functions.
		CO5: describe details of Molecular orbital theory, valence
	114	bond model and comparison between both.
	100	CO6: differentiate between thermal and photochemical
	Zu.	processes, application of Grothus-Drapper and
	0,1/5	Stark-Einstein laws of photochemistry to calculate
10	11/10	quantum yield.
10)	1118/	CO7: use Jablonski diagram to depict fluorescence and
2-1	1/2/	non- radiative processes (internal conversion,
10/	15/	intersystem crossing).
I	25	CO8: explain photosensitized reactions and
15:4		Photochemistry of carbonyl compounds and alkenes
	S	- Human
	(Laboratory Practicals)	Students will be able to:
		CO1: explain preparation of sodium trioxalatoferrate (III),
		Na3[Fe(C2O4)3] and determination of its
		composition by permaganometry.
	Ou.	CO2: prepare Copper tetraammine complex
	1 CE	[Cu(NH3)4]SO4.
		CO3: prepare cis-and trans-bisoxalatodiaqua chromate
9	7 200	(III) ion.
0	119	CO4: memorize Separation and estimation of Mg(II) and
	Or a.	Fe(II).
	the Mai	CO5: determine strength, solubility, saponification and
	"d Ma	ionization constant of samples conductometrically.
	· · · q	CO6: explain the distribution of iodine between water and
		CC14.
		CO7: explain about the distribution of benzoic acid
		between benzene and water.

		CO8: determine molecular weight of a non – volatile
		solute by Rast method.
		CO9: determine apparent degree of dissociation of an
		electrolyte (e.g. NaCl) in aqueous solution of the
		substance.
	- 11	substance.
	Mathematics	1727
MAT-0443	(Analysis-I)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
	2.	CO1: describe Countable and Uncountable sets and
10	7/// 2	problems related to this topic
	11/6	CO2: explain Riemann Integral and Integrality of
Ch /	1/6	Continuous, Monotonic functions and their
Kil	1/40/	Applications.
10/	10	CO3: explain Theorems like Fundamental theorem
51	65	of Integral Calculus, Mean Value Theorem of
TE.		Integral Calculus and their applications by
	SE	solving various problems.
	l mil	CO4: use Beta Gamma Functions, Improper Integrals,
11	171	Comparison Tests to solve Improper Integral.
	1151	CO5: perform Abel's test, Dirichlet's test to solve
1	112	Imprope <mark>r integral, Fru</mark> llani Integral
	Ja Wi	CO6: explain about Continuity and Derivability of an
	VA LE	Integral of a Function as a Parameter.
6	and .	GE ST
MAT-0444	(Modern Algebra)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
Q	0.	CO1: differentiate and solve theorems of Groups,
	11	Subgroups, Lagrange's Theorem, Normal
	17011	subgroups Quotient Groups.
	the Mar	CO2: describe Homeomorphisms, Isomorphism
		theorems and problems related to this concept.
		CO3: analyze Conjugate elements, Class Equations,
		Permutation Groups, and Alternating Groups etc.
		CO4: describe and solve problems of Rings, Subrings,

		Ideals and Integral Domain and problems and
		theorems based on these concepts.
		CO5: differentiate Quotient Rings, Prime and Maximal
		ideals, Homomorphism and Isomorphism based
	257	on Rings.
MAT-0445	(Probability Theory)	After completing the course, students will be able to:
	100	CO1: describe Probability, Conditional Probability by
	Zu.	solving practical problems related to this
	0,115	concept.
70	11/10	CO2: solve Random Variables and topics on this fields
10)	11/8/	like probability density function, discrete and
7-1	1/18	continuous random variables, Moment
10/	15	Generating Functions, Skewness and Kurtosis.
5/	1 A	CO3: differentiate Discrete Distributions-Bernoulli,
Tres		Binomial, Negative Binomial, Geometric and
~	S	Poisson Distributions and problems related to
1	四	these concepts.
		CO4: apply Continuous Distributions-Uniform,
11/		Exponential, Beta, Gamma, Chi-Square and
10	1121	Normal distributions on various problems.
	01	CO5: describe and analyze Bivariate Random
	11/1/2	Variables and distribution along with the
	SAV LE	concepts of joint expectation, correlation
0	2	1 3 1
2	770	coefficient, Bivariate Normal Distribution.
9	Computer Science	W HO
CS09	(Project Management)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
	1/0 //	CO1: explain the concepts of Project Management for
	Mar	planning to execution of projects, Able to
		understand different phases of SDLC.
		CO2: use the feasibility analysis in Project
		Management and network analysis tools for cost
		and time estimation.
	<u> </u>	

		CO3: describe about Project Directions, Coordination
		and Control, Project Management Performance,
		Report Writing.
CS10	(Relational Database Management System)	The students after completing this course, will be able to:
	Mig.	CO1: state the basic concepts and the applications of database systems.
	2.	
10	7/// 2	CO2: retrieve any type of information from a data base
	11/6	by formulating complex queries in SQL.
~	11/20/	CO3: describe the relational database design principles
F	//Cc./	CO4: explain about Data Constraints, Grouping of data,
10 /	10	Indexes, Sequences, Pl/SQL Concepts.
I	6 25	
PCS05	Practical C-Practical	The students after completing this course, will be able
	Based on paper CS10)	to:
1 1	1 111	CO1: use the DDL commands, Primary key and
	121	Candidate keys.
11/		CO2: apply the various DML commands for retrieval of
10	1121	information
	0,	CO3: perform all the Table join operations.
	Do Win	
	700	CO4: develop simple applications using PL/SQL
6		procedure, cursor, triggers.
7	Agriculture	THE A
0442	(Agrodiversity and Physiology)	After the completion of the course, the student will be able to:
	Cha.	CO1: explain the history of agroforestry,
	Me Mai	agroecological zonification, socioeconomic
	· · · d/	aspects of agroforestry, agroforestry system for
		small holdings arid land agroforestry.
		CO2: describe about the establishment of orchard basic
		cultural practices, elemental role and needs of
		cultural practices, elemental fole and needs of

		nutrients, propagation – principles and
		techniques, stock -scion relationship and their
		incompatibility, Fruit Physiology
		CO3: describe about the respiration- glycolysis, citric
		acid cycle, photorespiration, photosynthesis –
	MU	light reaction, dark reaction, C4 –cycle, CAM
	10.	plants growth hormones and their role in
	m	agriculture.
	0,1/5	CO4: describe about the enzymes and vitamins,
70	11/10	vernalization and photoperiodism.
10)	1118/	CO5: explain about intellectual property right,
2 /	1/8/	informatics in agriculture, seed production and
10 /	15/	technology indigenous technical knowledge in
I	25	agriculture introduction to crop biotechnology
150		agrobiodiversity.
	S	SEMESTER-VI
COLIDGE	NAME OF THE	COLUBER OF MECONALS
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
- 11	Dhyaiga	677
0544	Physics (Candanaed Matter)	A from the course the students come
0544	(Condensed Matter Physics-II)	After the course, the students can:
	146	CO1: explain about Lattice dynamics and magnetic classification of materials.
-	and the same	
3	2 212	CO2: explain about Langevin theory of Diamagnetism
- 0	0	and Paramagnetism, Weiss theory of
	11	Ferromagnetism.
	the Mai	CO3: explain about liquids crystals, their types, properties and applications.
	Mai	CO4: describe the knowledge of Superconductivity.
		3 0 111
1		CO5: explain the basic ideas of materials at Nano scale
		and Nano particles
		and Nano particles.
		and Nano particles. CO6: describe the Carbon Nano Structures and the

		applications of Nanotechnology in various fields.
	(Electronics and Solid	
0545	State Devices-II)	CO1: describe the structure and working of JFET and
		MOSFET.
		CO2: describe the feedback in amplifiers and familarize
	7 15	with LC oscillators, Colpitts and Hartlery
	19, 2	oscillators.
	M	- 12
	2	CO3: explain the Analog and Digital circuits along with
/2	7/// 2	the various gates.
	///	CO4: explain Boolean Algebra and De-Morgan's theories.
201	11/25/	CO5: explain the analog and digital communication
1	//Cc./	systems along with amplitude and frequency
10	10	modulation.
I	6	CO6: explain the sky wave, satellite and mobile
11:0		communication.
	S	C. Mulatina
0546	(Nuclear and Particle	CO1: describe the interaction of nuclear radiation with
	Physics-II)	matter and derive Bethe Bloch formula.
		CO2: explain about Gamma ray interaction with matter to
	17	study Photoelectric effect, Compton effect and Pair
	101	Production.
	11/1/2	CO3: explain the various nuclear detectors and their use in
	SAM LE	Nuclear Physics.
0	2	
2	770	CO4: explain the four basic interactions and the
Ç	0.	classification of Elementary particles, their
	14	properties and their decay modes
	the Mar	CO5: describe the various quantum numbers and Gell
	Mai	Mann Nishijima formula.
		CO6: explain the Quark Model and its properties.
		CO7: explain the various particle accelerators and their
		use in Particle Physics.
	Chemistry	
	<u> </u>	

05.15	(T : C' :	
0547	(Inorganic Chemistry-B)	Students will be able to:
) D)	CO1: define Silicones and phosphazenes as examples of
		inorganic polymers and nature of bonding in
		triphosphazenes.
		CO2: explain the chemistry of Hard and Soft Acids and
	M U	Bases.
	10.	CO3: explain different types of electronic transitions, L –
	200	S coupling, selection rules for d-d transitions,
	9//5	spectroscopic ground states, Orgel –energy level
100	11/40	diagram for d1 and d9states, discussion of the
(0)	11/8/	electronic spectrum of [Ti(H2O)6]3+ complex ion.
7- /	1/2/	CO4: explain magnetic behaviour, methods of
10/	15/	determining magnetic susceptibility, correlation of
7 /	- LE	μs and μeff values, orbital contribution to magnetic
117.6		moments and application of magnetic moment data
	S	for 3d-metal complexes.
1	四	
	121	Students will be able to:
0548	(Organic Chemistry-	CO1: discuss classification, structure, stereochemistry,
	В)	preparation and reactions of amino acids.
	NO W	CO2: explain structure, nomenclature, classification,
	12 TE	synthesis and reactions of peptides and proteins.
		CO3: explain the constituents of nucleic acids,
9	y m	Ribonucleosides and ribonucleotides, and double
0	79	helical Structure of DNA.
	Op.	CO4: describe the chemistry of Synthetic Polymers in
	Cha.	detail.
	the Mai	CO5: explain organic Synthesis via Enolates.
	· · · q	CO6: discuss the formation, structure and chemical
		reactions of Organomagnesium, Organozinc and
		Organolithium Compounds.
		B

07.40	(DI 1 CI 1 CI	CO1 1 '1 W 1'00 ' B
0549	(Physical Chemistry-B)	CO1: describe X-ray diffraction, Bragg equation,
	D)	determination of crystal structure of NaCl, KCl and
		CsCl and applications of Powder diffraction for
		structure determination.
		CO2: explain about Thermal and photochemical reaction
	114	in solid state.
	10	CO3: explain details of Electromagnetic radiation, regions
	200	of the spectrum, basic features of different
	9//5	spectrometers, Born-Oppenheimer approximation
20	11/10	and degrees of freedom.
10)	1118/	CO4: give details of Rotational, Vibrational and
7-1	1/8/	Electronic Spectrum.
10/	15	2322 13711 7
7 /	(Laboratory Practicals)	Students will be able to:
11:0	Fracticals)	CO1: explain Column Chromatography to Separate
	SEEK	fluorescein and methylene blue, and leaf pigments
		from spinach leaves.
		CO2: prepare iodoform from ethanol and acetone.
		CO3: prepare nitro and Iodo derivatives of given samples.
	112	CO4: discuss halogenation of organic compounds using
	Ou.	oxidation and reduction reactions.
	12 CE	CO5: explain stereochemical study of Organic
		Compounds via Models.
	Mathematics	FO Y C'
MAT-541	(Analysis-II)	After finishing this course, students will be able to:
WIA1-341	The state of the s	CO1: perform double Integration over a Rectangle,
	the Mar	bounded area, unbounded regions. Double
	"c Ma	integrals as Volumes, change to Polar
	-iq	Coordinates.
		CO2: analyse Triple integral in Rectangular
		Coordinates, Repeated integrals in 3-dimension.
		Change of Variables in a Triple Integral to

	Τ	T
		Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates.
		CO3: do Integration of line, surface and find volume by
		using Gauss, Green and Stoke's theorems.
		CO4: apply Sequence and series of Functions and
	2.57	Various criteria to solve problems related to
	114	check the convergence and divergence of Series
	100	of functions. Taylor's and Able's theorem for
	Zu.	Power Series.
	9//5	CO5: perform Fourier expansion of Monotonic, Even,
20	11/40	Odd functions, Fourier series in the interval [a,b],
(0)	1118	$[0,2\pi].$
2-1	1/20/	2 11150
MAT-0542	(Linear Algebra)	After finishing this course, students will be able to:
I	6 6	CO1: describe Vector space, subspace, algebra of
120		Subspace, Linear dependence and independence
	S	and theorems related to these concepts.
	1 1111	CO2: analyze Basis and Dimension of a Vector space
	17	as well as subspace, Direct Sum and
11	11 5	Complements.
1	112	CO3: apply Linear Transformations, Rank Nullity
	W.	theorem, Use of matrices with this topic, Change
	1 VE	of Basis.
		CO4: solve Characteristic Roots and Characteristic
3	7 210	Vectors, Cayley-Hamilton Theorem
0	-19	Diagonalizable Operators and Matrices, Minimal
	P 41	polynomial of a linear operator.
	120 11	2, 2.
MAT-0543	(Numerical Analysis)	This course will help students to:
	-41	CO1: apply Bisection, Secant, Regula-Falsi and
		Newtons's Method to solve various types of
		equations and also to find roots of polynomial.
		CO2: solve Interpolation, Lagrange and Hermite
•		1

		method, Divided Difference method.
		CO3: solve Numerical Differentiation, Numerical
		quadrature with the help of Newton-Cote's,
		Gauss Quadrature and Chebychev's formula.
	- 10	CO4: apply methods to solve Linear Equations and
	114	ordinary differential Equations.
	Computer Science	
CS11	(E-Commerce)	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
	7///	CO1: describe the basic business management
	///	concepts.
~ 0/	11/20/	CO2: state about e-commerce, both the technical and
E	// Lc. /	business aspects.
10 /	10	CO3: explain the principles and practices of e-
玉二	6	commerce and its related technologies.
Te		CO4: state the payment details and security issues.
	S	I I
CS12	(Web Programming)	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
	171	CO1: describe the fundamental concepts of Internet,
	1151	Internet technologies.
	112	CO2: differentiate the features of different browsers.
	Ja Wi	CO3: develop colorful web pages using tags, bullets
	VA LE	and alignment on texts.
6	and .	CO4: explain the table handling tags, Frames and
7	220	Frameset for designing web pages.
4	0.	CO5: explain java script – client-side objects, Event
	14	handling, built in objects.
	170 110	CO6: do programming with PHP.
	Mai	12gament U
PCS06	(Practical based on	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
	Paper CS12)	CO1: develop web pages using HTML, DHTML and
		Cascading Styles sheets.
		CO2: develop a dynamic web pages using JavaScript
1		

		(client side programming).
		CO3: do programming in PHP.
	Agriculture	
0515	(Insects, Pests and Diseases of Crops)	After the completion of course, the students will be able to:
	114	CO1: protect plants and crops from diseases and
	Mo.	describe about biological control, chemical
	200	control, systemic fungicides, Weedicides,
	9//5	Compatibility of various fungicides and
100	11/60	Weedicides and Rodenticides
(0)	11/2	CO2: explain about the diseases of crop plants such as
2 /	1/20/	wheat, rice, maize, citrus, grapes, cotton,
10/	15/	vegetables, mustard and groundnut.
五二	6 65	CO3: explain about general account of Insects and
150		pests, classification of insects, parts of insect
	S	body, and control measures of insect pests and
	IEI	diseases of crop.
	17	CO4: explain about the insect and nematode diseases of
	11 5	cereal (wheat, maize, rice) crops, oil (sunflower,
	112	groundnut, mustard) crops, fruit (mango, guava,
	W.	citrus) crops and Vegetable crops.

B.SC. (AGRICULTURE)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	After this program, the students will be able to:
YO.	PO1: accommodate insightful information of Agriculture
the	principles necessary for the applications of
10 1/10	Agriculture.
·"Id	PO2: describe recent trends in technology and solve
	problem in industry and farmers.
	PO3: apply practical experience and interpersonal skills to
	work both in local and international environments.

PO4: possess creative professionalism, understand their
ethical responsibility and committed towards society.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC	After this program, the students will be able to:
OUTCOMES (PSOs)	PSO1: describe about agricultural practices from ancient
19,	times to modern era.
m	PSO2: apply practical knowledge in crop cultivation
12.	Practices.
10///3	PSO3: describe about Agri-allied sectors.
0///4	PSO4: work with different farm implements.
7 // AC	PSO5: serve the rural agricultural population.
10/1/5/	PSO6: disseminate recent agricultural technologies through
5 11 2 6	extension.
RILL	PSO7: perform various Agri-Business activities.
S	PSO8: perform Horticulture and Sericulture practices

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

SEMESTER-V		
COURSE CODE	NA <mark>ME OF THE</mark> COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
351	Farm Forestry	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the ecological and physiological factors influencing vegetation, natural and artificial regeneration of forests. CO2: apply the nursery and planting techniques-nursery beds, polybags and maintenance. Water budgeting, grading and hardening of seedlings; special approaches; establishment and tending. Clear felling, uniform shelter wood selection, coppice and conversion systems. CO3: manage silviculture systems of temperate,

subtropical, humid tropical, dry tropical and coastal tropical forests with special reference to plantation silviculture, choice of species, establishment and management of standards, enrichment methods, technical constraints, intensive mechanized methods, aerial seeding thinning. CO4: recall the traditional and recent advances in tropical silvicultural research and practices. CO5: apply skills for silviculture of some of the economically important species in India such as Acacia catechu, Acacia nilotica, Albizzia lebbeck, Azadirachta indicaButea monosperma, Cassia siamea, Cedrus deodara, Dalbergia sisoo, Emblica officinlalis, Eucalyptus spp, Pinus roxburghi, Populus spp, Prosopis juliflora, Santalum album, Shorea robusta, Salmalia malabaricum, Tectona grandis, Terminalis tomemtosa, Tamarindus indica. CO6: describe about agroforestry - scope and necessity; role in the life of people and domestic animals and in integrated land use. Agro forestry systems under different agro-ecological zones; selection of species and role of multipurpose trees and NTFPs, techniques, food, fodder and fuel security. CO7: explain about social/urban forestry: objectives, scope and necessity; people's participation. Joint Forest Management (JFM) - principles, objectives, methodology, scope, benefits and role of NGOs. CO8: explain about the normal forest growing stock: objective and principles; techniques; stand structure and dynamics, sustained yield relation; rotation. Regulation of yield; management of forest plantations, commercial forests, forest cover

		monitoring.
		CO9: explain about the need and importance of wood
		seasoning and preservation; general principles of
		seasoning, air and kiln seasoning, solar
		dehumidification, steam heated and electrical kilns.
	114	Plywood manufacture-properties, uses, fibre board-
	MO.	manufacture: properties, uses; particle board
	VIII.	manufacture; properties uses. Present status of
6	0///	composite wood industry in India and future
4	11/10	expansion plans.
352	Applied Plant	After the course, the students will be able to:
552	Breeding and Bio-	CO1: apply the breeding methods in self-pollinated crop:
101	Technology	Introduction, selection and hybridization. Mass
I	25	Selection – application, procedure, advantages,
15.6	SEEK	disadvantages and achievements. Pureline selection:
		Characteristics, history, uses, application, procedure,
		advantages, disadvantages and achievements.
		Difference between mass selection and pure line.
11		CO2: use the pedigree method: maintenance of pedigree
	11/2	record, application and procedure of pedigree
	W.	method, selection basis, early generation test,
1	1 X YE	advantages, disadvantages and achievements. Bulk
		method: Application, procedure, duration of bulking
3	7 210	and artificial selection during bulk period.
3	70	Modification of bulk method, advantages,
	C/- 51	disadvantages and achievements. Comparison
	TAN.	between bulk and pedigree method.
	the Ma	CO3: explain about back cross method: requirements of
	- 01	back cross programme. Applications of back cross.
		Genetic basis of repeated back crossing. Selection of
		parents. Procedure of back cross method. – Transfer
		of single dominant and recessive gene. Transfer of
		5- 26-1 22 3

er the Ma

two or more traits into a single recurrent parents. Modification, advantages, disadvantages and achievements.

CO4: do comparison between pedigree method and back cross method. Multiline variety concept, its advantages, disadvantages and achievements.

Breeding methods in cross pollinated crop:

Population improvement (interapopulation improvement) mass selection and its advantages, disadvantages.

CO5: explain about the modifications of mass selection.

Family Selection: Half sib (ear to row, modified ear to row selection), full sib selection, s1/s2 family selection, modified s1, family selection based on test cross. Interpopulation improvement: recurrent selection (simple recurrent selection, recurrent selection for general combining ability, recurrent selection for specific combining ability, reciprocal recurrent selection. Comparison between different recurrent selection schemes.

CO6: explain the heterosis breeding: introduction & history, production of hybrids (development of inbred lines, evaluation of inbred lines, production of hybrid seed). Improvement of available inbred lines, advantages, disadvantages and achievements of hybrid varieties. Give information about the breeding methods in asexual pollinated crop: characteristics of asexual pollinated crop, breeding approaches asexual pollinated crop. Breeding of apomictic crops.

Advantages and disadvantages of asexual reproduction.

CO7: explain polyploidy in plant breeding: types of

		polyploids, induction of polyploidy, phenotypic
		effects of polyploidy. Significance of polyploids.
		Mutation breeding: induction of mutations, mutation
		treatment and selection of mutants, induction of
		mutations through tissue culture. Significance of
	114	induced mutations in plant breeding.
	100.	CO8: explain about the wide hybridization and
	V.	biotechnology in crop improvement: applications,
/	0)//5	techniques & barriers to production of distant
4	11/40	hybrids in crop improvement. Limitations of distant
(0)	1118/	hybridization.
2 1	1/12/	C09: apply skills of the plant biotechnology: tissue culture
10/	1151	in crop improvement- micropropagation, somaclonal
I	25	variations, protoplast culture and somatic
156		hybridization. Molecular biology in crop
	S	improvement- basic tenents of molecular biology,
		Gene cloning, molecular markers. Applications of
	17	DNA markers in plant breeding. Gene transfer
	11 5	method. Genetic markers in transformation and
	11/2	confirmation of transformation. Engineering crops
	W.	for useful traits for increasing agricultural potential.
353	Rural Sociology and	CO1: explain about the sociology and rural sociology –
	Rural Psyc <mark>hol</mark> ogy	meaning, definition, scope, importance of Rural
5	7 212	Sociology. Interrelationship between rural sociology
- 4	6	and agricultural extension. Indian Rural Society –
	C/ 51	Important characteristics, differences and
	'AR II-	relationship between rural and urban societies.
	er the Mai	CO2: explain about social groups - meaning, definition,
		classification, factors considered in formation and
		organization of groups. Motivation in group
		formation and role of social groups in Agricultural
		Extension.

		CO3: explain about social stratification - meaning,
		definition, functions, basis for stratification, forms of
		social Stratification. Characteristics and differences
		between class & caste System. Culture, customs,
		folkways, mores, taboos, rituals and traditions –
	114	Meaning, Definition and their role in Agricultural
	Mo.	Extension Social Values and Attitudes - Meaning,
	200	definition, types and role of social values and
/	0,1/5	attitudes.
4	11/40	CO4: explain about the social institutions - meaning,
(0)	11/8/	definition, major institutions in rural society:
2	1/20/	marriage, family and religion, functions and their role
10	15	in agricultural extension. Social organizations —
E	6 65	Meaning, definition, types of organizations and role
Tes		of social organizations in Agricultural Extension.
	S	CO5: explain about the social control – Meaning,
	1 1111	definition, Need of social control and means of
	17	social control. Social change - Meaning, definition,
	11 51	nature of social change. Dimensions of social change
	11/2	and factors of social change.
	W.	CO6: explain about leader - Meaning, definition, types and
	148	their role in Agricultural Extension. Psychology and
-	and the	educational Psychology - Meaning, definition, scope,
3	7 212	and importance of Educational Psychology in
- 4	6	Agricultural Extension.
	C/ 11	CO7: apply skills about Intelligence - Meaning, definition,
	17011	types, factors affecting intelligence Personality –
	the Mai	Meaning, definition, types, Factors influencing the
		personality. Role of personality in Agricultural
		Extension. Perception and motivation.
354	Dairy and Poultry	After the course, the students will be able to:
		CO1: explain about the Indian status of dairy industry.

Principles of production, processing and marketing of milk types. Importance of livestock in agriculture and relationship between plant and animal husbandry. Important breed of buffaloes, cows and goats. CO2: explain about the housing requirement: objective and advantages of adequate housing. Factors related to selection of site and layout of dairy farm. Methods of housing animals. Management of livestock, important diseases of animals, care of cows at and after calving, raising of calves, Care and management of heifers. CO3: take care of bulls, maintenance of livestock records. Milking systems—methods and principles of clean milk productions. Control of external and internal parasites. Nutrients and their functions in animal body. Feed stuff and their classification, Indian feeding standard and daily nutrient requirement of cattle. Principles of rationing. CO4: explain about the present status and future scope of poultry industry in India. Formation of egg, classification of poultry feeds, composition of poultry feeds. Method / system of feeding, anti nutritional factors, metabolic disorders. CO5: apply their knowledge in the selection and storage of hatching eggs, factors effecting fertility, embryo er the Mai development, sexing of chicks. Origin of domestic fowls, classification of poultry, Interspecific crossing and parthenogenesis, mating plans for eggs, meat and selection. Population size and flock structure. Control measure and prevention of poultry diseases. Vaccination programme Egg structure and its nutrients, abnormal eggs, Evaluation of egg quality.

		I
355	Agricultural	After the course, the students will be able to:
	Engineering	CO1: explain about the sources of farm power, status of
		farm power in India, farm power from renewable
		energy resources. Advantages and disadvantages of
	- 15	various forms of power.
	4	CO2: explain about the engine types, Internal Combustion
	MIC	(IC) engines: introductions, classification
	2	constructional features of IC engines. Components'
12	5/// 3	of IC Engine and their functions. Principal of
	11/6	operation of IC engines:- two and four stroke cycle
Ch Ch	11/60/	diesel engine; four stroke spark ignition engine, two
151	1/20/	stroke cycle petrol engine. Advantages and
10/	10/	disadvantages of two stroke over four stroke cycle.
5	65	Comparison of CI and SI engines.
TE.	(0)	CO3: explain about the basic terminology of heat engines.
	mil	Firing order and firing intervals. Power balance in
	m	single, two, three and four cylinders engines. Air
	17	cleaners necessity and utility. Types of air cleaners
	1151	and mufflers. Acquire skill about the types of
	10	tractors.
	Do Wi	CO4: explain about the parts of the tractors. Selection of
	1	tractor:- operations of tractor operation. Power tillers
0	2	engine system: classification & features of power
7	270	tillers, construction of power tillers. Tillage
S .	O.	implements -mould board plough & disc plough –
	the Ma	constructional features, preparation for operation,
	1/0 1/1	ploughing with MB plough.
	Ma	CO5: explain about the Sub soilers:- constructional
		features and operation. Rotary tiller components and
		its principal of operation. Applications of rotatvators.
		CO6: explain about harrow and their different types,
		constructional features. Operational techniques and

		procedure of Harrow. Seed drills – types,
		constructional features. Calibration of seed cum
		fertilizer drill, Planters types, method of planting.
		Constructional features of planters, drive mechanism,
		field operation and adjustment of planters. Special
	11 4	crop planters. Rice transplanters and their types.
	MO.	CO7: explain about the harvesting and threshing
	m	machines:- reapers windrower and their types.
6	0,//	Threshers-their constructional features and working
4	11/10	principle. Plant protection equipments – types and
10)	11181	size of sprayers types (Stirrup pump sprayer, hand
2	1/180/	compression sprayer, foot sprayer, rocking sprayer,
10/	115	knapsack sprayer and power sprayer), types of
7/	~ (5	nozzles. Dusters, moterized knapsack mistblower cum
15.6		duster, spinning disc applicators and thermal foggers.
356	Introductory Seed	After the course, the students will be able to:
	Technology	CO1: explain about the definition, uses of seed. Seed
	17	morphology. Male and female gametogenesis, types
	11 51	of seed, Morphology and anatomy of seed parts.
	11/2/	Physiology of seed Seed health, factors affecting seed
	W.	health, production of healthy seed Seed viability and
	146	germination of seed- factor affecting germination.
	and .	Seed vigour: - vigour and germination of seed, factor
3	7 212	affecting seed vigour.
- 6	0.	CO2: explain about the seed dormancy:- classification and
	CF \$1	induction of dormancy, regulation and breaking seed
	'na II	dormancy. Seed deterioration: - manifestation,
	the Mai	causes and prevention of seed deterioration.
		CO3: explain about the definition, uses of seed. Seed
		morphology. Male and female gametogenesis, types
		of seed, Morphology and anatomy of seed parts.
		Physiology of seed Seed health, factors affecting seed

	I	
		health, production of healthy seed Seed viability and
		germination of seed- factor affecting germination.
		CO4: apply skills about the seed vigour :- vigour and
		germination of seed, factor affecting seed vigour.
		Seed dormancy:- classification and induction of
	114	dormancy, regulation and breaking seed dormancy.
	مرام .	Seed deterioration :- manifestation, causes and
	200	prevention of seed deterioration.
6	9///	CO5: explain about the seed morphology. Male and female
1	/// /	gametogenesis, types of seed, Morphology and
(0)	11/20/	anatomy of seed parts. Physiology of seed Seed
2	1/20/	health, factors affecting seed health, production of
101	115/	healthy seed Seed viability and germination of seed-
I	25	factor affecting germination. Seed vigour: - vigour
1000		and germination of seed, factor affecting seed vigour.
~	S	Seed dormancy:- classification and induction of
		dormancy, regulation and breaking seed dormancy.
	1 7	Seed deterioration: - manifestation, causes and
11	11/2/	prevention of seed deterioration.
	1120	SEMESTER-VI
COURSE	NAME OF THE	COURSE OUTCOMES
CODE	COURSE	DGF SEN
361	Plant Pat <mark>hology</mark>	After the course, the students will be able to:
7	2 79	CO1: explain about plant pathology- what is plant disease,
	Or.	importance of plant disease, terminology. History of
	the Ma	plant pathology. Causes of plant disease—inanimate
	10/1/2	causes, animate causes, plant viruses, classification
	"Ma	of plant diseases. Symptoms and identification of
		plant diseases.
		CO2: explain about epidemiology – simple interest and
		compound interest diseases, slow and rapid

epiphytotics, essential conditions for epiphytotics, disease svearity, analysis of epidemics. Role of toxins in plant pathogenesis-pathotoxins, vivotoxins, and phytotoxins, effect of toxins on plant tissue, selective and non-selective toxins. CO3: explain about defence mechanism of plants-pre existing structural defence, pre existing biochemical defence, post infectional structural and biochemical defence, phytoalexins. Forecasting of plant diseasespractical advantages of forecasting, conditions for practical gains for forcasting, computerised system of disease forcasting, management of disease-through host resistance and chemicals. CO4: explain about the effect of infection on physiology of host–permeability changes, photosynthesis, paths of carbon fixation, respiration under pathogenesis, changes in nitrogen metabolism, phenols, growth regulators in plant diseases. CO5: explain about the dissemination of plant pathogens. Nutrition of plant pathogens – growth, methods of measurement, factors influencing growth, culture media, classification of media. CO6: state about the control of plant diseases: cultural methods, chemical methods, use of fungicides, insecticides, nematicides etc. for treatment of soil, seeds, plants. Spraying and dusting instruments. CO7: explain symptoms, disease cycle, control measures for wheat (rust and smut), rice (rice blast, false smut of rice), maize (Maydis leaf blight), vegetables (white rust of crucifers, powdery mildews of pea) and fruits (citrus canker, mango malformation).

362	Crop Experimentation	After the course, the students will be able to:
	and Applied Statistics	CO1: explain the concept of crop Experiment-introduction,
		types, salient points of good expt, purpose & step in
	- 15	experimentation.
		CO2: explain about the basic statistical terms in relation to
	21 4	crop experimentation (variate, frequency, probability,
	MIC	mean, variance and level of uncertainty). Basic
	5	Concept related to experiment design and their
12	5/// 3	applications (experiment error & its reduction,
	11/5	principles of experiment design).
of O	11/60/	CO3: apply the test of significance (large sample and small
Ki /	1/ Ve.	sample), steps in test of significance. Analysis of
10/	10	variance (assumption and techniques). Test of
5	65	significance (large sample and small sample), steps in
TE'		test of significance. Analysis of variance (assumption
	SEE	and techniques).
		CO4: explain about the split plot designs, Test for
	11 7	goodness of fit, Sampling techniques and their
	1151	application, Path Coefficient analysis: Theoretical
	112	description, direct, indirect and residual effects.
363	Applied Entomology	After the course, the students will be able to:
	SON I'S	CO1: explain about the evolution of plants and insect pests,
0	2	Types of insect-pests, Crop losses due to insect pests.
2	00 1 HO	Characteristics of insect population and factors
-		influencing pest population. Modern agriculture and
	th	insect-pest problems.
	the Ma	CO2: explain about the legislative control of insect-pests:
	"VIA	pest and pesticide legislations viz., Destructive
		Insect-pest Act, plant quarantine order and
		Insecticide Act. Cultural control and mechanical
		control of insect-pests. Host plant resistance concept.
		Biological control of insect pests with reference to
	l	

		predators and parasitoids.
		CO3: apply skills for the legislative control of insect-pests:
		pest and pesticide legislations viz., Destructive
		Insect-pest Act, plant quarantine order and
		Insecticide Act. Cultural control and mechanical
	114	control of insect-pests. Host plant resistance concept.
	مرام .	Biological control of insect pests with reference to
	200	predators and parasitoids.
6	9///	CO4: explain about the major insect pests of maize (maize
~	11/40	stem borer, maize aphid and maize shoot fly), rice (
(0)	1118/	rice stem borer, rice leaf folder, hispa), sugarcane
2	1/20/	(sugarcane top borer, sugarcane leaf hopper,
10	15	Gurdaspur borer) and their control measures.
I	6 6	CO5: explain about the major insect pests of Cucurbits (red
I III		pumpkin beetle <mark>, melon fruit fly, had</mark> da b <mark>eet</mark> le),
	S	brinjal (fruit and shoot borer, stem borer, lacewing
	181	bug), bhindi (spotted boll worm, blister beetle, white
	17	fly) and cabbage (cabbage butterfly, semi-looper,
	11 51	and cabbag <mark>e aphid) and the</mark> ir c <mark>ont</mark> rol measures.
	11/2	Major pests of citrus (lemon butterfly, leaf miner and
	W.	psylla) and mango (mango hoppers, mango mealy
	1 TE	bug, stone weevil, fruit-fly).
364	Introductory Food	After the course the students can:
3	Technology	CO1: explain food – science food groups. Cereal and
- 4	0.	Cereal products – structure, composition and
	11	nutritive value, specific cereals.
	100 110	CO2: explain about pulses – composition and nutritive
	the Mai	value, processing. Nuts and oil seeds – nutritive
		value and toxins Vegetables and fruits –
		classification, nutritive value, post harvest changes
		and storage enzymatic browning. Meat, poultry, fish
		– composition and nutritive value. Spices – common
	1	ı

		1
		spices name and uses.
		CO3: do evaluation of food quality. Sensory evaluation—
		characteristics, requirement for conducting sensory
		tests. Types of tests, Difference test, Rating test,
		Sensory test, Descriptive test. Objective test – basic
	MU	guidelines, chemical methods, physiochemical
	MO.	methods, microscopic examination.
	m	CO4: explain about food adulteration- types, law,
	0,//	standards and tests. Food preservation. Methods by
10	11/10	low temp., high temp., preservative, high osmotic
10)	11/19/	pressure, dehydration, radiation.
265		1031113
365	Economic Zoology	CO1: explain the fundamentals of Apiculture, Seri culture,
5	10. G	Lac culture, Carp culture, Pearl culture, Prawn
(Fee	0 50	culture, Vermi culture. The scope of these fields at
14:	(0)	global level and in north India. Transgenic animals-:
	m	Concept, definition, their importance in agriculture
	四	with special reference to north India.
	17	CO2: explain about the principles of ornamental fisheries
	1121	management in India. Fishing methods, management
	110	with special reference to fishes of north India and
	Do Wi	Punjab in particular. Mammals of north India useful
	1200	and harmful to agriculture. Quarantine law:
0	2	Meaning and its implementation in India, insecticide
	270	Act.
5	0.	CO3: apply skills for various breeds of domesticated dogs,
	11/2	importance of dogs in agriculture, their feeding
	the Ma	behavior, important diseases, kennel management.
	Ma	CO4: study farming, role of horse in Indian agriculture and
		Punjab culture, important breeds of horse in north
		India, their feeding behavior, important diseases and
		cure. Stud management.
366	Agricultural Extension	After the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: explain about Education – Meaning, Definition, Types – Formal, Informal and Non-formal education and their Characteristics. Extension Education and Agricultural Extension – Meaning, Definition, Concepts. Objectives and Principles. Rural development – Meaning, Definition, Concepts, Objectives, Importance and Problems in rural development. Understand about the developmental programmes of pre-independence era – Sriniketan, Marthandam, Gurgaon experiment and Gandhian constructive proprogramme. CO2: explain about the development programmes of Post independence era, Firka Development, Etawah -Pilot project and Nilokheri Experiment. Community Development Programme – Meaning, Definition, Concepts. Panchayat Raj system – Meaning of Democratic – Decentralization and Panchayat Raj, Three tiers of Panchayat Raj system, Powers, Functions and Organizational setup. CO3: explain about the agricultural Development Programmes with reference to year of start, objectives & salient features – Intensive Agricultural District Programme (IADP), High Yielding Varieties Programme (HYVP), Institution Village Linkage Programme (IVLP), Watershed Development Programme (WDP), National Agricultural Technology Project (NATP), ATMA, ATIC. CO4: explain about the social Justice and Poverty alleviation programmes – Integrated Tribal Development Agency (ITDA), Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP), Swarna Jayanthi Gram Swarojgar Yojana (SGSY), Prime Minister

		Employment Yojana (CMEY).
		CO5: apply skills of new trends in extension, privatization.
		Women Development programmes – Development
		of Women and Children in Rural Areas (DWCRA),
		Rashtriya Mahila Kosh (RMK), Integrated Child
	M U	Development Scheme (ICDS) and Mahila Samriddi
	100.	Yojana (MSY). Reorganized extension system (T&V
	V.	System) – Salient features, Fort night Meetings,
6	0///	Monthly workshops, Linkages, Merits and Demerits,
4	11/10	Emergence of Broad Based Extension (BBE).
0	11/60/	SEMESTER-VII
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
471	Project Planning,	After the course, the students will be able to:
TO:	Evaluation and Implementation	CO1: make the student familiar with writing of project
	imprementation	proposal.
472	Sericulture and	After the course, the students will be able to:
11	Apiculture	CO1: apply skills for beekeeping. History & development
\ \	112	of beekeeping in India. Bee keeping equipment,
	I Ou	Species and races of bees, bee hive and its
`	1 1/2/	characterization. Bee castes, biology, ecology,
1		behavior, communication, foraging strategies.
9	7 25	Swarming and absconding. Apiary establishment-
1	7	beekeeping equipment, bee pasturage.
	Cr s.	CO2: explain about the colony management, seasonal
	the Mal	management. Managing colonies for production of
	Ma	honey, other hive products such as Bee pollen, Royal
		jelly and Bee venom. Artificial queen rearing. Bee
		health management. Bee poisoning. Production,
		properties, uses and marketing of good quality honey,
		bee pollen, royal jelly, propolis, beewax, bee venom,
	i .	ı

		and value added products of honey.
		CO3: apply skills about the establishment and maintenance
		of apiaries. Beekeeping for pollination- role of honey
		bees in pollinating, agricultural, horticultural and
		tree crops. Beekeeping in integrated farming systems
	114	and organic farming. History, origin and
	MO.	development, study of different species of
	200	silkworms, characteristic features.
/5	0)//5	CO4: explain about the host plants and their cultivation,
~	11/10	comparative morphology, biology. Rearing and
(0)	1118/	management of silk worms, appliances. Pests and
2	1/2/	diseases of silkworms, Silk worm seed technology,
10/	115	Cocoon production and post harvest operations.
I	25	Reeling and testing of silk, marketing. Recent
150		advances in sericulture.
473	Medicinal and	After the course, the students can:
	Aromatic Plants	CO1: explain about the importance of medicinal and
	1 7	aromatic plants in human health, national economy
	1151	and related industries, classification of medicinal and
	11/2	aromatic plants according to botanical characteristics
	a win	and uses, conservation of medicinal plants.
	146	CO2: explain about the climate and soil requirements;
6	and.	cultural practices; yield and important chemical
7	2 2/0	constituents and uses of medicinal plants (Aloe vera,
- <	0.	Terminalia bellerica, Stevia, Tinospora cordifolia,
	11	Black Musali, Thippali, Nux vomica, etc).
	the Mai	CO3: explain about the climate and soil requirements;
	Mai	cultural practices; yield of varieties in rose, jasmine,
		crossandra, chrysanthemum, marigold, tuberose, cut
		rose, gladiolus, carnation.
		CO4: explain about the climate and soil requirements;
		cultural practices; yield of important medicinal,

		spice and aromatic crops like Cellery, Coriander,
		Fennel, Dill Seed, Honey Plant, Funugreek and
		Mentha.
47EH01	Pomology-I	After the course, the students will be able to:
	- 15	CO1: explain about the origin and domestication of
	21 4	horticultural plants and definitions. Scope and
	MIC	impact of horticultural crops. Classification of
	5	horticultural plants based on botanical, geographical
12	5/// 3	position and parts used. Horticultural zones of India
	11/5	and Punjab including hilly and high rainfall zone
~	11/60/	crops.
Ki /	1/ Ve.	CO2: explain about the development of horticulture in
10/	10	India – phases in development after independence –
5	65	institutions involved in horticulture. Nutritive value
TE'		and nutra- ceutical properties of horticultural crops
- / \	SE	Growth and development of horticultural plants —
	m	different stages of growth – juvenile phase,
	1 7	flowering and fruiting Physiological changes in
	1151	growth and development – respiration and
	1120	photosynthesis Factors influencing seed, dormancy
	Ja Wi	and germination. Factors influencing growth and
	1	development – soil and light.
0	and .	CO3: apply skills about the factors influencing growth and
7	270	development – temperature, rainfall, humidity and
5	0.	wind, Propagation – definition, merits and demerits
	11	 sexual and a sexual propagation.
	the Mai	CO4: explain about the seed propagation – seed treatments,
	Mai	sowing and seedling establishment. Vegetative
		propagation and factors influencing the success of
		vegetative propagation Methods of vegetative
		propagation – cutting and layering. Methods of
		vegetative propagation – grafting and budding.
	<u> </u>	

CO5: explain about the Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. CO6: explain about the factors influencing growth and development – temperature, rainfall, humidity and wind, Propagation – definition, merits and demerits – sexual and a sexual propagation. Seed propagation – seed treatments, sowing and seedling establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment, seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing irrigation systems – nutrient management – water soluble and liquid fertilizers – use of biocontrol			
and structure for propagation. CO6: explain about the factors influencing growth and development – temperature, rainfall, humidity and wind. Propagation – definition, merits and demerits – sexual and a sexual propagation. Seed propagation – seed treatments, sowing and seedling establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation – cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment, seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water			CO5: explain about the Influence of rootstock on scion,
CO6: explain about the factors influencing growth and development – temperature, rainfall, humidity and wind, Propagation – definition, merits and demerits – sexual and a sexual propagation. Seed propagation – seed treatments, sowing and seedling establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation Methods of vegetative propagation – cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water			stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs
development – temperature, rainfall, humidity and wind, Propagation – definition, merits and demerits – sexual and a sexual propagation. Seed propagation – seed treatments, sowing and seedling establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation – definition methods of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment, seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water			and structure for propagation.
wind, Propagation – definition, merits and demerits - sexual and a sexual propagation. Seed propagation - seed treatments, sowing and seedling establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation Methods of vegetative propagation – cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. 47EH02 Nursery Production After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – pre- sowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water			CO6: explain about the factors influencing growth and
- sexual and a sexual propagation. Seed propagation - seed treatments, sowing and seedling establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation Methods of vegetative propagation - cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation - grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts - Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses - growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation - seed germination - dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy - pre- sowing seed treatment, seed hardening - seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing - irrigation systems- nutrient management - water			development – temperature, rainfall, humidity and
- seed treatments, sowing and seedling establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation Methods of vegetative propagation – cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – pre- sowing seed treatment, seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water		114	wind, Propagation – definition, merits and demerits
establishment. CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation — cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation — grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts — Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses — growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation — seed germination — dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy — presowing seed treatment. seed hardening — seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing — irrigation systems- nutrient management — water		100	 sexual and a sexual propagation. Seed propagation
CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors influencing the success of vegetative propagation Methods of vegetative propagation — cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation — grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts — Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses — growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation — seed germination — dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy — presowing seed treatment. seed hardening — seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing — irrigation systems- nutrient management — water		200	 seed treatments, sowing and seedling
influencing the success of vegetative propagation Methods of vegetative propagation – cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – pre- sowing seed treatment, seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	6	9///	establishment.
Methods of vegetative propagation – cutting and layering. Methods of vegetative propagation – grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. Nursery Production After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	4	/// 6	CO7: explain about the vegetative propagation and factors
layering. Methods of vegetative propagation — grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts — Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses — growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation — seed germination — dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy — pre- sowing seed treatment. seed hardening — seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing — irrigation systems- nutrient management — water	(0)	1118/	influencing the success of vegetative propagation
grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	2	1/20/	Methods of vegetative propagation – cutting and
scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized organs and structure for propagation. After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	10	15	layering. Methods of vegetative propagation —
Nursery Production After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	I	6 65	grafting and budding. Influence of rootstock on
After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts — Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses — growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation — seed germination — dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy — presowing seed treatment. seed hardening — seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing — irrigation systems- nutrient management — water	I III		scion, stock / scion relationship. Use of specialized
CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts — Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses — growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation — seed germination — dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy — presowing seed treatment. seed hardening — seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing — irrigation systems- nutrient management — water		S	organs and structure for propagation.
and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water			
topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	Nursery Production	After the course, the students can:
office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts — Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses — growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation — seed germination — dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy — pre- sowing seed treatment. seed hardening — seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing — irrigation systems- nutrient management — water	47EH02	Nursery Production	Colle
containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – pre- sowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	Nursery Production	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable
Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses - growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation - seed germination - dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy - pre- sowing seed treatment. seed hardening - seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing - irrigation systems- nutrient management - water	47EH02	Nursery Production	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil,
chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	Nursery Production	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds,
media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	Nursery Production	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water,
saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – pre- sowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	Nursery Production	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts –
sowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	Nursery Production	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist
sowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	Nursery Production	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of
sowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	THOMIE MO	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould,
priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing – irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	THOMIE MO	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat.
irrigation systems- nutrient management – water	47EH02	THOMIE MO	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination –
	47EH02	THOMIE MO	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – pre-
soluble and liquid fertilizers – use of biocontrol	47EH02	THOMIE MO	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts – Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses – growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation – seed germination – dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy – presowing seed treatment. seed hardening – seed
soluble and figure formizers— ase of blocoliuor	47EH02	THOMIE MO	CO1: explain about the scope and importance of vegetable and flower nurseries planning I - location, soil, topography, layout, paths, roads, nursery beds, office, store, potting yard planning II - water, containers, electricity, fencing, shelter belts — Propagation structures - greenhouses, Mist chambers, polyhouses — growing media - selection of media, quality of media, soil, sand, peat, leaf mould, saw dust, sphagnum moss, coco peat. CO2: explain about the propagation — seed germination — dormancy-methods of breaking dormancy — presowing seed treatment. seed hardening — seed priming-seed pelleting- methods of sowing —

		agents-growth regulators-plant protection-techniques
		to harden the seedlings Transport and packing of
		nursery plants – quality control-sales promotion.
		CO3: explain about the varieties and F1 hybrids – seed rate
		 seed treatments –sowing – media-management for
	11 4	water, nutrients and plant protection, hardening,
	10.	packaging, storage, transport and marketing of
	VIII.	tomato, brinjal, chilli, capsicum, cucurbits, cabbage,
6	0,1/3	cauliflower, carrot, radish, china aster, marigold,
6	///	gaillardia, zinnia, petunia, gomphrena.
10)	1118/	CO4: apply skills for the varieties and F1 hybrids – seed
2-1	1/2/	rate – seed treatments –sowing – media-management
10/	115/	for water, nutrients and plant protection, hardening,
I	25	packaging, storage, transport and marketing of
11:0		mango, citrus, lichi, lemon, apple, pear, peach, guava,
~	S	forest trees like popular, eucalyptus and important
	1 111	ornamental trees.
47EH03	Insects, Pests of	After the course, the students can:
11	Horticulture and	CO1: explain about the pest: definition and its categories,
	Vegetables	losses from pests to agricultural crops and their
	W.	products. Natural Control of insect-pests, factors
	14	causing pest outbreak in agriculture. Concept of
1	and the second	economic injury and economic thresh hold level.
3	7 212	Principal and methods of pest control in reference to
- <	6	IPM- its components viz., physical, legal, cultural,
	C/ 51	biological and chemical.
	"MAN	CO2: explain about the distribution, host range, life cycle,
	the Ma	damage and control of insect-pests of winter
		vegetables (potato tuber moth, potato aphid, white
		grubs; onion maggots, onion thrips; pea leaf miner,
		pea aphid, pea pod borer).
		CO3: apply skills for the distribution, host range, life cycle,
1		

		damage and control of insect-pests of summer
		vegetables (melon fruit fly, red pumpkin beetle,
		hadda beetle; sweet potato weevil) Distribution, host
		range, life cycle, damage and control of insect-pests
		of chillies (thrips, aphid, pod borer) and turmeric
	11 4	(rhizome scale, leaf roller).
	149.	CO4: explain about the distribution, host range, life cycle,
	V.	damage and control of insect-pests of temperate fruits
6	0///	(Apple root borer, apple stem borer, Apple woolly
6	///	aphis, Tent caterpiller, codling moth, peach stem
10)	11181	borer, peach leaf curl aphid, peach fruit fly, cherry
7-1	1/20/	stem borer, walnut weevil, almond weevil)
10/	115	Distribution, host range, life cycle, damage and
I	6	control of insect-pests of Sub tropical fruits (citrus
1000		caterpillar, citrus psylla, citrus leaf miner, citrus
-	S	white fly, bark caterpillar, citrus mealy bug, citrus
1 1		mite, ber fruit fly, ber beetle, litchi bug, bark eating
	12	caterpillar of loquat).
- 11	115	SEMESTER-VIII
COURSE CODE	NA <mark>ME OF THE</mark> COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
481	Recent Trends in	After the course, the students can:
0	Agriculture Agriculture	CO1: acquire skills about the cultivation of crops for
7	2 79	biofuels Molecular marker assisted introgression
	On.	Zero tillage concepts
	the Ma	CO2: explain about the vertical farming Genetically
	10 Ma	engineered crops Advantages and Disadvantages
	-Md	Baby corn cultivation and other frozen vegetable
		food.
		CO3: explain about the organic crop cultivation New
		agronomic practices growing crops on raised beds
-		

		e.g. wheat Drip irrigation system.
		CO4: explain about green house cultivation E-commerce,
		the sales in agriculture has been improving WTO –
		Agreement on Agriculture.
482	Irrigation and Water	After the course, the students will be able to:
	Management	CO1: explain about the Irrigation and its importance, Time
WIO -	of irrigation. Principal of irrigation, soil moisture	
	5"	relationship and tension curve. Methods of moisture
12	5/// 3	estimation in soils. Basis for scheduling irrigation to
	11/6	crops: plant basis and climatological approach.
d	11/60/	CO2: gain skills about the sources and modes of irrigation,
E /	1/ Fc. /	irrigation system of Punjab, Flood irrigation, furrow
10/	10	irrigation, sub surface irrigation and sprinkler
5	65	irrigation. Methods of measurement of irrigation
TE.		water. Efficiency of irrigation. Water requirement of
- 1	SE	different crops.
	m	CO3: acquire skills of waterlogging, different types of
	1 7	water movement in soil. Principal of drainage:
	1151	surface drainage and sub surface drainage. Kind of
	11 6	sub surface drains.
	Ja Wi	CO4: explain about the crop response to quality of
	1	irrigation water. Irrigation management and problem,
6		Soil irrigation for frost protection. Erosion problems
7	270	in Punjab and India.
- 4	0.	CO5: explain about causes and effects of erosion, Factors
	er the Mai	responsible for water and wind erosion. Universal
		soil loss equation. Land use capability classification.
		Form of wind and water erosion. Different methods
		of water conservation. Erosion control measures.
483	Internship in	After the course, the students can:
	Agricultural related	CO1- Students familiar with practical area of agriculture
	Ind./Vet	and its allied area.

	Hop./Village/Govt. Nurseries	
48EH01		CO1: apply knowledge of principles of breeding of horticultural crops improvement of fruits. Importance of fruits and vegetable in human nutrition. CO2: explain the area, production and Contribution of Horticulture fruit crops in National Economy and exports. Programmes of development - National Horticulture Mission. CO3: explain about the growth and development physiology of flowering, fruit set and development, parthenocarpy and seedlessness. Maturity and ripening plant growth regulators and their role. Physiological basis and morphology of flowering and fruiting (berry, stone, pome, nut). CO4: gain skills about the Improved production
Unc	EEK KNOWLE	technology of fruits, high density planting. Integrated nutrient and water management, fertigation precision farming in horticulture watershed management for promotion of horticulture. CO5: explain about the protected cultivation training. pruning and canopy management. Genetic terminology relation to fruit breeding like self incompatibility, type of dichogamy, allopolyploids, auto polyploidy, vivipary and heterostyly. Biotic and abiotic stress breeding, biotechnological tools for breeding for fruits. Micropropogation, meristem culture, ovule culture, in vitro pollination. CO6: explain about production of bio-agents and biofertilizer and green house management stionic relations and rootstock.
48EH02	Culturing Vegetable	After the course, the students can:

		CO1: explain the types of vegetable garden: kitchen
		garden, market garden, truck garden, floating garden.
		Botanical classification of vegetables crops. Nursery
		raising, seed bed preparation and transplanting of
		vegetable crops.
	114	CO2: explain about Seed rate, climate and soil requirement
	MO .	of important vegetable crops (tomato, brinjal, potato,
	200	chilli, capsicum, cucarbits, cole crops, root crops)
/5	0///	Weed management and irrigation, fertilizers and
6	11/10	manure requirement of tomato, brinjal, potato, chilli,
(0)	1118/	capsicum, cucarbits, cole crops, root crops.
2	1/20/	CO3: explain about the harvesting and yield of vegetable
10/	15	crops. Tolerance of vegetable crops to soil acidity
I	25	and soil salinity. Isolation distance for certified seed
11:0		production in vegetables.
	S	CO4: explain about the preservation and processing of
		vegetables. Genetically modified vegetable crops for
	12	human welfare. Storage life and storage methods for
	11/2/	vegetables. Growing of off season vegetables in
	112	green houses and polyhouses.
4051102	Di CE i 1	No. d. al. al.
48EH03	Diseases of Fruits and	After the course, the students can:
	Vegetables	CO1: explain about the symptoms, life cycle, host range
9	1 m	their management and control of different diseases of
1	7 79	fruit. like apple, peach, mango, citrus, papaya, sapota,
	Or.	grapes, guava.
	Ch-	CO2: explain about the symptoms, life cycle, host range,
	the Ma	their management and control of different diseases of
	.ud	fruit, fruits like pear, peach, plum, apricot, cherry,
		walnut, almond, strawberry, ber, loquat.
		CO3: explain the symptoms, life cycle, host range their
		management and control of different diseases of
		winter vegetables (cabbage, potato, onion and peas)

CO4: explain about the symptoms, life cycle, host range their management and control of different diseases of summer vegetables (brinjal, melon, pupkin, sweet potato) Symptoms, life cycle, host range their management and control of different diseases of chillies and turmeric.

CO5: explain about symptoms, life cycle, host range their management and control of different diseases of ornamental plants such as rose, jasmine, gladiolus, tulip, carnation, marigold, chrysanthemum.

B.SC. (FASHION DESIGNING)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	After the completion of this program, the students will be able to:
琛"	PO1: describe about various principles of Fabric
	Construction, Textile Science, History of Art,
l litil	Textile, Costumes, Fashion theories, Styles,

PO2: create futuristic design on various domains and develop prototypes using draping, flat pattern making and stitching.

Marketing and Merchandising.

PO3: demonstrate Event Management, Teamwork, Leadership, Entrepreneurial and Business.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

After finishing the program, students will be able to: PSO1: demonstrate their basic foundation in designing

and have the ability to visually represent by illustrations, and visual display of merchandising.

PSO2: convert their designs into a garment using Appropriate construction techniques.

PSO3: have a strong foundation and understanding of the

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	الما م	SEMESTER-I
0002/0092	Punjabi/History and Culture of Punjab	Punjabi (ਕਾਵਿ -ਸੁਮੇਲ) CO1: ਕਵੀ ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ- ਦੀਆਂ 'ਕਵਿਤਾ' ਪੜ੍ਹਾਕੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਕੁਦਰਤ ਦੀ ਖੂਬਸੂਰਤੀ, ਰੱਬੀ ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਰੱਝਵਿਆਂ ਚੋਂ ਖੁਸੀ ਲੈਣ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਅਨੇਕਾਂ ਵਿਧੀਆਂ ਸਮਝਾਉਣੀਆਂ। CO2: ਪ੍ਰੋ: ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ:- ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀ ਕੁਦਰਤ, ਕਿਸਾਨ, ਮਜ਼ਦੂਰ ਤੇ ਮਾਂ- ਬੋਲੀ ਦੀ ਅਹਿਮੀਅਤ ਬਾਰੇ
HH	SEEKK	ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦੇਣੀ। CO3: ਧਨੀ ਰਾਮ ਚਾਤ੍ਰਿਕ- ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਤੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਭਗਤੀ ਨਾਲ ਜੋੜਨ ਦੀ ਤਜਬੀਜ਼ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਸਾਂਝ ਪਾਉਦੀ ਹੈ। CO4: ਪ੍ਰੋ:ਮੋਹਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਮਾਂ ਬੋਲੀ, ਮਾਂ ਦੇ ਪਿਆਰ ਤੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਰਾਖੀ ਲਈ ਸਿਪਾਹੀ ਦੇ ਮਨੋਭਾਵਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਬਿਆਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਮਾਂ ਬੋਲੀ ਦੀ ਅਹਿਮੀਅਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸਿਆ ਹੈ।
	MIE	CO5: ਬਾਬਾ ਬਲਵੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਹਾਲਤਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਜੂਝਣ ਤੇ ਚੜ੍ਹਦੀ ਕਲਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਰਹਿਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। CO6: ਸਿਵ ਕੁਮਾਰ ਬਟਾਲਵੀ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾਂ ' ਬੇਸ਼ੱਕ ਬ੍ਰਿਹਾ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਹੈ ਪਰ ਜਿਉਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਤੇ ਅਸਲੀਅਤ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ
noer the Mar	ਕਰਵਾਉਦੀ ਹੈ। CO7: ਸੁਰਜੀਤ ਪਾਤਰ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ' ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੀ ਅਸਲੀਅਤ ਨੂੰ ਬੜੀ ਸਮਸ਼ਟਤਾ ਨਾਲ ਪ੍ਰਗਟ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦੀ ਸੋਚ ਨੂੰ ਉਤਸ਼ਾਹਤ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO8: ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤਾ ਪ੍ਰੀਤਮ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇਸ਼ ਵੰਡ ਤੋਂ ਲੈ ਕੇ	
		ਰਾਜਨੀਤੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਉਲਝਵਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਖੋਲ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਹੈ। CO9: ਐਸ.ਐਸ ਸੀਮਾ ਦੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਉਸਾਰੂ ਤੇ ਮੌਜੂਦ ਹਾਲਾਤ ਨਾਲ ਲੋਹਾ ਲੈਣ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਨਾਲ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਹੈ। Translation into English

	CO1: By teaching 'poetry' -Sumail Kavi Bhai Vir Singh-
	to the students learn to appreciate nature.
	CO2: Through the poems of Prof. Puran Singh, to give
	information about the importance of Nature,
7 117	farmers, workers, and mother tongue
49, 5	CO3: Punjabi culture and patriotism through the poems
m	of
100	Dhani Ram Chatrik Communicates with students
6///	about the practice of connecting with their mother
(0) /// (5)	tongue.
2 ///20/	CO4: Prof. Mohan Singh's poem, Narrates the sentiments
0 110	of a soldier
E 1 65	CO6: The poems of Shiv Kumar Batalvi are of course the
120	poetry of Briha .
	CO7: Surjit Patar's poem 'The reality of life with great
	clarity to Expresses and encourages the student's
	thinking.
111/2	CO8: Amrita Pritam's poem explores the problems of
Win -	politics from the partition of the country
THE STATE	CO9: The poem of S.S. Seema makes the students aware
C. Dan	of the current situation.
201 219	The stills
TO.	History and Culture of Punjab:
Cho.	After completion of this course, the students will be
the Mar	able to:
	CO1: explain about the first civilization of India i.e.
	Indus Valley Civilization. CO2: explain about Vedic Age, growth of Jainism and
	Buddhism in 6th century B.C. in Punjab.
	CO3: describe about the society and culture under

	I	Marriage
		Mauryas and Guptas.
		CO4: explain about cultural Orientation i.e. Bhakti
		Movement of India.
		CO5: explain about the youngest religion of the world i.e.
		Sikhism from Shri Guru Nanak Dev Ji to all ten
	1149	Gurus.
	100	CO6: explain about Martyrdoms in Sikhism.
	Sur	CO7: explain about institutional development in Sikhism,
<i>S</i>	0//55	New policy adopted by Shri Guru Hargobind Sahib
10	11/10	Ji and Creation of Khalsa.
107	11/8/	CO8: explain about changes in society in the 18th century
2-1	1/20/	i,e. Social unrest, emergence of Misls and
10 //	15/	institutions: Rakhi, Gu <mark>rma</mark> ta, D <mark>a</mark> l Khalsa.
I	- LE	CO9: explain about society and culture of the people under
15.6		Maharaja Ranjit Singh.
	S	CO10: explain about the Physical geographical map of
	I III I	Punjab.
1033	English	After the course, the students will be able to:
	15	CO1: explain different aspects and forms of
	11.20	communication.
	all his	CO2: enhance their listening, speaking, reading and
	JA LE	writing skills.
6		CO3: develop their personality.
7	2 210	CO4: develop confidence to participate in placement
- 0	0.	drives.
	141	CO5: show better performance in International English
	170 11-	testing language examinations like TOEFL,
	Man	IELTS.
	Basics of Computer	After the course, the students will be able to:
		CO1: describe about the basics of computer.
		CO2: use the knowledge of CAD based application in
		fashion designing.

		CO3: use MS Office.
		CO4: make work assignments in word file and giving
		power point presentations.
	Basic of Design-I	After completing this course, the students will be able to:
	- 155	CO1: define design fundamental, elements and principles
	114	of design.
	WIO -	CO2: demonstrate figure sketching and drawing.
/	5	CO3: explain what, why and how of illustration
	9//2	techniques.
A	11/60	CO4: describe about Fashion Design concepts and colour
d'O	1/60	Theories.
15	Needle Crafts-I	After this course, the students will be able to:
4/	(Theory and Practical)	CO1: do traditional Indian embroidery and the different
C I	0 60	Fabric construction Techniques.
Tr.	(0)	CO2: do the basic embroidery stitches.
	mil	CO3: make and products with the help of basic
1	m	embroidery stitches.
111	171	CO4: apply various techniques of patchwork, appliqué
	15	and open work.
10	10	CO5: apply these techniques to develop various products.
1001	100	SIE K
1031	Garment Construction- I	After this course, the students will be able to:
6	(Theory and Practical)	CO1: use various finishing techniques related to
2	2 20	stitching.
9	0.	CO2: determine the seams and stitches according to the
,	1 11	design and specification.
	er the Man	CO3: apply the special features, attachments,
	Man	advancements in all aspects of manufacturing.
		CO4: describe about machines and tools used for sewing.
		CO5: differentiate between different garment
		components.
	Garment Design-I	After this course, the students will be able to:

(Theory and Practical)	CO1: develop the aesthetic and creative sense for
	designing through knowledge of principles of
	design.
	CO2: apply design sense through color aspects in
	designs.
11 U2	CO3: describe the importance of colour and colour
WIO .	schemes.
Textile Science-I	After the course, the students will be able to:
(Theory and Practical)	CO1: identify different types of Fibers
11/6	CO2: describe about different fibers through Microscopic
	appearance, burning test and solubility test for to
//C/	know the fabric type.
10	CO3: apply the concept of Fabric Identification on the
65	basis of fabric construction. Woven knitted Non-
10	woven Fabric analysis on the basis of the thread
SEL	count.
四	SEMESTER-II
NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
Punjabi/History and	After the course, the students will be able to:
Culture of Punjab	Punjabi (12 ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਸੁਮੇਲ)
	CO1: ਕ <mark>ਥਾ - ਕਿਤਾਬ</mark> ': ਪਹਿਲੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਪੁਹਤਾ ਪਾਂਧੀ'
1 20	ਗੁਰਬਖਸ਼ ਸਿੰਘ ਪ੍ਰੀਤ <mark>ਲੜੀ ਦੁਆ</mark> ਰਾ ਲਿਖੀ ਗਈ ਹੈ। ਇਸ
1191	ਵਿੱਚ ਮੇਜਰ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਦੇ ਸੁਭਾਅ ਦੇ ਸੁਲੀਕੇ, ਬ <mark>ੋਲ</mark> ਚਾਲ ਤੇ ਦੁਸਰਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਕੰਮ ਆਉਣ ਬਾਰੇ ਦੱਸਿਆ ਹੈ।
re.	ਟ02: ਪ੍ਰਿੰ: ਸੁਜਾਨ ਸਿ [°] ਘ ਦੀ ਕਹਾ <mark>ਣੀ 'ਬਾਗਾਂ</mark> ਦਾ ਰਾਖਾ' ਕਹਾਣੀ
1000	ਵਿੱਚ <mark>ਕਵ</mark> ਿਤਾ ਕਾਮਿਆ ਦੀ ਅਪਮਾਨ ਜਨਕ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਦਾ
Man	ਵਰਣਨ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ।
- all	CO3: ਕੁਲਵੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਵਿਰਕ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ' ਧਰਤੀ ਹੇਠਲਾ ਬਲਦ। ਮਾਝੇ ਦੇ ਲੋਕ ਮੁਸੀਬਤਾਂ' ਭਰੀ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਨੂੰ ਜਿਉਣਾ ਜਾਣਦੇ ਹਨ।
	Textile Science-I (Theory and Practical) NAME OF THE COURSE Punjabi/History and

CO4: ਸੁਖਵੰਤ ਕੌਰ ਮਾਨ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਚੱਟੁ' 1947 ਦੀ ਭਾਰਤ ਪਾਕ ਵੰਡ ਦੇ ਉ ਜਾੜੇ ਦੇ ਦੁੱਖਾਂ ਤਕਲੀਫਾਂ ਦਾ ਵਰਨਣ ਕੀਤਾ CO5: ਗੁਲਜ਼ਾਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੰਧੂ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਠੱਗੀ' ਵਿੱਚ ਮੌਤ ਦੀ ਉਡੀਕ ਰਹੇ ਨਿਰਾਸ਼ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਇਸ ਨੂੰ ਸਮੂਹਿਕ ਹੋਣੀ ਵਜੋਂ ਭੋਗਣ ਵਿੱਚ ਤੱਸਲੀ ਅਨਭਵ ਕਰਨਾ ਹੈ। CO6: ਮੋਹਣ ਭੰਡਾਰੀ ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਘੋਟਣਾ' ਨਵੀ ੳਦਯੋਗਿਕ ਸਭਿਅਤਾ ਦੇ ਲਿਹਾਜੇ ਹੋਏ ਹੁਨਰਮਦ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੀ ਪੀੜ ਤੇ ਲੋਚਾ ਦਾ ਕਰਣਾਮਈ ਚਿਤਰਨ ਹੈ। CO7: 'ਬੱਚੇ ਦੀ ਸ਼ਰਾਰਤ' ਪ੍ਰੇਮ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ ਹੈ। ਔਰਤ ਮਨ ਦੇ ਵੇਗਾਂ, ਤਰੰਗਾਂ, ਇਛਾਵਾਂ ਦਵਿਧਾਵਾਂ, ਚਲਾਕੀ, ਸਿਆਣਪਾਂ ਤੇ ਖੁਆਰੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਅੰਗਮਈ ਅੰਦਾਜ਼ ਵਿੱਚ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤਾ ਹੈ। CO8:. 'ਵਰਿਆਮ ਸੰਧੂ' ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ' ਚੌਥੀ ਕੁਟ' ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਅੱਜ ਕੱਲ੍ਹ ਦੇ ਵਾਤਾਵਰਨ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਬਣਾਇਆ ਹੈ। CO9: ਜਗਜੀਤ ਬਰਾੜ ਦੀ ਕਹਾ<mark>ਣੀ' ਚਿੱਟੀ ਕਬੂਤਰੀ</mark>' ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਗੋਰੀ ਨਸਲ ਦੀ ਇਸਤਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਆਕਾਸ਼ਣ, ਦੋਗਲਾ ਰੱਵਈਆ ਤੇ ਨੀਵੀ ਸੋਚ ਹੈ। CO10: ਕਿਰਪਾਲ ਕਜ਼ਾਕ <mark>ਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ 'ਗੰਮਸ਼ਦਾ</mark>' ਵਿੱਚ ਕਾਮ ਰਚੀਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਕੀਤੀ ਖਿਲਵਾੜ ਕਾਰ<mark>ਨ ਮਨੱਖੀ</mark> ਜੀ<mark>ਵਨ</mark> ਵਿੱਚ ਮੂਚੀ ਉਥਲ- ਪੂਥਲ ਹੈ। CO11: ਜਸਵਿੰਦਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾਂ 'ਖ਼ਹ-ਖਾਤੇ' ਵਿੱਚ <mark>ਵਰਤਮਾਨ ਸ਼ਹਿਰੀ ਮਨੁੱਖ ਦੇ ਦੂਜਿਆਂ ਜਿਥ</mark>ੋਂ ਤੱਕ ਆਪਣਿਆਂ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਸੁਆਰਥੀ, ਕੋਰੇ, ਮੌਕਾ ਪ੍ਰਸਤ, ਸ਼ੁੱਕੀ ਤੇ ਅਕ੍ਰਿਤਘਣ <mark>ਰਵ</mark>ੱਈਏ ਦੇ ਦੀ ਝਲਕ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO12: ਬਲਵਿੰਦਰ ਗਰੇਵਾਲ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾਂ ਮੋਹ- ਪਾਸ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਸਮਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਬਦਲੇਖੋਰੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਸੁਆਰਥ ਵਿੱਚ ਫਸੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਸੋਚਾਂ, ਸਾਜ਼ਿਸਾਂ ਤੇ ਕਾਰਜਗਾਰੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਸਾਹਮਣੇ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਵਿਆਕਰਨ: ਮਹਾਵਰੇ, ਪ੍ਰੈਸੀ ਰਚਨਾ, ਲੇਖ ਰਚਨਾ, ਧਨੀ ਗਾਮ, ਪਰਿਭਾਸ਼ਾ, ਖੰਡੀ ਤੇ ਅਖੰਡੀ ਧਨੀਆਂ ਧਨੀਆਂ, ਲਗਾ<mark>ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂਦੀ ਢੁੱਕਵੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦੇਣੀ।ਵਿ</mark>ਆਕਰਨ ਹਰੇਕ ਭਾਸ਼<mark>ਾ ਦੀ ਰੀੜ ਦੀ ਹੱਡੀ ਹੰ ਦੀ ਹੈ। ਭਾਸ਼ਾ</mark> ਸਮਝਣ ਲਈ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਲਈ ਇਸ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਜਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ ਜੀ। Translated into English CO1: Katha - Kitab': First story 'Puhta Pandhi' by Gurbaksh Singh portrays major sahib's character. CO2: Kavita Kamiya in the story 'Baagan Da Rakha' by

Sujan Singh described a humiliating situation. CO3: Kulwant Singh Virak's story 'The Bull under the Earth' tell the people of Punjab know how to live life to the fullest. CO4: Sukhwant Kaur Mann's story 'Chattu' is about the sufferings of the 1947 partition of India and Pakistan. CO5: In Gulzar Singh Sandhu's Kahani Thaggi' is a despondent man waiting for death. CO6: Mohan Bhandari's story 'Ghotna' was brought about by the new industrial civilization CO7: 'Bachche Di Shararat' is a work of Prem Prakash that presents the experience in a satirical way. CO8: The story of 'Varyam Sandhu' 'Chauthi Koot' to presents the period of terrorism Punjab. CO9: The subject of Jagjit Brar's story 'Chitti Kabutri' is about a white woman. CO10: Kirpal Kazak's story 'Gumushoda' plays with lust due to the upheaval in human life. CO11: Jaswinder Singh's work 'Khuh-Khate' presents urban man's problems CO12: Balvinder Grewal's works Moh-Pas' theme is revenge in society and the thoughts, plots, and activities of people trapped in selfishness. History and Culture of Punjab After competition of this course, the students will be able to:

		,
		CO1: explain about Colonial Rule in Punjab i.e.
		Annexation of Punjab Board of Administration.
		CO2: explain about Western Education introduced by
		Britishers.
		CO3: explain about Agriculture Development.
	1143	CO4: explain about early socio-religious reform in all
	100	religions.
	Sur	CO5: explain about Socio-Religious Reform
\cdot	0//5	Movement i.e. Arya Samaj Singh Sabha,
20	11/10	Ahmadiyas, Ad Dharm Movement.
107	11/8/	CO6: explain about Development of press & Literature.
2-/	1/2/	CO7: explain about the emergence of political
10 //	15	Consciousness i.e. Hadar movement, Jallianwala
I	25	Bagh Massacre.
1136		CO8: describe about the Gurdwara Reform movement
	S	i.e major marchas, Activities of Babbar Akalis.
	1 1 1 1	CO9: describe about the freedom struggle i.e. all
	1 % 1	Monuments.
111	12	CO10: explain about the Partition of Punjab and its
	112	Aftermath.
1	Ou.	CO11: explain about Post-Independence Punjab
	1 TE	and it gives knowledge about physical,
		geographical maps.
1037	English	After the course, the students will be able to:
0	0	CO1: explain different aspects and forms of
	1. 51	communication.
	the Man	CO2: enhance their listening, speaking, reading and
	Man	writing skills.
		CO3: develop their personality.
		CO4: develop confidence to participate in placement
		drives.
		CO5: show better performance in International English

		testing language examinations like TOEFL, IELTS.
	Computer Applications	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: use spreadsheet. CO2: do formatting and calculations. CO3: apply worksheet functions CO4: use internet and its applications effectively.
HAP OF	Basics of Design-II (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: use & apply design elements like Lines, Shapes, Texture & color to form and good design. CO2: explain about various types of motifs and their placements. CO3: develop a design sense through color aspects in designs. CO4: differentiate between different textures.
	Needle Craft-II (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: apply various techniques of smoking, quilting and ribbon work. CO2: apply these techniques to develop various products.
1035	Garment Construction-II (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: handle different fabrics and their suitability. CO2: describe about different garment components. CO3: use various construction techniques.
1036	Textile Science-II (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: describe about different types of yarns CO2: identify and remove various stains. CO3: explain about different types of spinning and laundry reagents
	Garment Design-II (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: do various fashion details and their sketching.

		CO2: style and estimate material for different garments.
		CO3: design children garments.
393	Environmental and Road Safety Education	After the completion of course, the students will be able to:
		CO1: describe about plant and animal distribution
	1143	patterns in relation to biotic and biotic factors.
	100	CO2: explain about essential characteristics underlying
	Sur	Natural ecosystems.
/5	9//5	CO3: describe about the model population and
~	11/40	community-level dynamics.
(0)		CO4: interpret and present ecological results.
2	//ce/	CO5: identify Global environmental problems.
10	15/	CO6: explain about Social issues and Environment
E	6 65	issue.
I II		CO7: describe the significance of road safety.
	S	CO8: state about Police-Public relationship, Traffic
	H	rule and Traffic signs.
11	17	CO9: describe about Protective provisions against
	15	domestic and sexual violence.
	11.2	CO ₁ 0: explain about the Protective laws for women.
	W.	CO11: explain about the problem of drugs abuse.
	JA LE	CO12: describe about the drugs and its effects.
1		CO13: describe about the prevention and management
3	7 212	of drug abuse.
SEMESTER-III		
COURSE	NAME OF THE	COURSE OUTCOME
CODE	COURSE	10 10
	Fashion Illustration on	After the course, the students will be able to:
	Computer (Practical)	CO1: acquire skill to design on full figure croquis to
		detailed specification illustrations.
		CO2: acquire skill to design the basis of research and

		innovative experiment on CAD and function for any specialized apparel category. CO3: work outward from a point of focus or inspiration to develop a complete collection on Computer.
8	Garment Design-III (Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: do designing and style reading of garments. CO2: do designing of adult garments. CO3: do style interpretation and material estimation of different garments.
1038	Traditional Textiles (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about traditional textiles. CO2: explain about different fabrics, stitches, motifs and colors used in traditional embroideries. CO3: explain the different traditional textiles of various places and their origin. CO4: describe the history of traditional textiles through the ages in relation to art, techniques. CO5: describe about resist dyed, printed textiles and other traditional woven textiles.
Una	Garment Construction-III (Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: describe about the basic fundamentals of kid's wear. CO2: acquire skill to construct sleeves and collars of kids. CO3: acquire knowledge and skill to make maximum usage of fabric with minimum wastage. CO4: acquire skill to stitch and present a design kids garment.
1039	Pattern Making-I (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: acquire knowledge of dart manipulation techniques in creating patterns.

		CO2: explain the language of pattern making and develop the ability to create designs through the flat pattern method. CO3: draft child's bodice block, sleeve block and collars and manipulate and draft any design.
1040	Fabric Construction-I (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: differentiate between different types of fabric formation methods. CO2: describe the different types of looms. CO3: describe different type of weaves and special weave effects. CO4: differentiate between graphical representations of weaves.
1041	Fashion Concepts-I (Theory)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about clothing culture. CO2: explain about clothing communication and fashion expression in students. CO3: explain the concepts related to the various fashion processes. CO4: identify different art mediums and its application. CO5: create an overview of elements and principles of design.
9	7 712	SEMESTER-IV
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	Fashion Illustration (Practical)	After completion of the course, the student will be able to: CO1: acquire skill to design on full figure croquis to detailed specification drawings with swatches, trimmings and details. CO2: acquire skill to design the basis of research and

		innovative experiment on fabric & amp; function for any specialized apparel category. CO3: work outward from a point of focus or inspiration to develop a design.
1045	History of Indian Costumes (Theory)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: describe the different traditional Indian costumes of various places and their origin. CO2: explain the history of costume through the ages costumes in relation to art, fabric. CO3: explain about footwear, head dress and other accessories during different periods.
1046	Traditional Embroideries (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: describe the different traditional embroideries of various places and their origin. CO2: describe the history of traditional embroideries through the ages in relation to thread, stitch and fabric. CO3: explain colors, motifs and other techniques of different traditional embroideries.
1047	Fabric Construction-II (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about different types of fabric formation methods. CO2: describe the different types of knitting machines. CO3: explain about different type of knitting machine needles and their working. CO4: explain about decorative fabric construction.
	Garment Construction-IV (Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: acquire construction skills for basic garments for children. CO2: acquire skill to design a kid's wear draft a pattern and layout of paper drafts on the fabric.

		CO3: acquire knowledge and skill to make maximum usage of fabric with minimum wastage. CO4: acquire skill to stitch and present kids garment.
	Pattern Making-II (Practical)	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about methods/techniques of creating pattern for a design Interpret and design and obtain knowledge on body measurement. CO2: experimental practical exercise.
1918	Fashion Concepts-II (Theory) Knitting	After the course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about clothing culture. CO2: describe the impact of clothing communication and fashion expression in students. CO3: explain the concepts related to the various fashion terms. CO4: identify source of inspiration. CO5: create an overview of concepts of design process. After the course, the students will be able to:
	(Practical)	CO1: develop practical skills of knitting. CO2: explain about knitting tools and material. CO3: explain about different types of knitting methods.
6		SEMESTER-V
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
	Pattern and Marker Making on Computer- I (Practical)	After completion of course the students will be able to: CO1: use advanced computer aided designing and presentation software's. CO2: apply the knowledge of pattern making software for making patterns and grading. CO3: develop the skill of computer aided pattern making.

	Pattern Making-III	After the course, the students can:
	(Practical)	CO1: acquire knowledge of dart manipulation techniques
		in creating patterns.
		CO2: describe the language of pattern making and
	15	develop the ability to create designs through the flat
	114.	pattern method.
	WIO -	CO3: draft basic skirt block, adaptation of skirt into
/	5111	different styles and grading of basic bodice, sleeve
18	9/// 2	block and basic skirt block.
8	Line Development and	After the course, the students can:
7	Portfolio-I	CO1: apply the principles and knowledge of garment
18) //	(Practical)	design development to create a collection.
5/	14.	CO2: explain the meaning and importance of making a
FC I	0 50	good portfolio.
т.	(0)	CO3: identify, organize, and gather documentation to
	m	build portfolios.
1.1	四	CO4: explain the importance and significance of
111	121	portfolios and presentations.
	12	CO5: prepare a creative portfolio which includes the
1	10	best of their skills and talents.
1910	History of World	After the course, the students can:
	Costumes	CO1: develop an in-depth understanding of the evolution
9	(Theory)	of clothing.
0	1191	CO2: realize the importance of Ancient civilization
-(Tra.	costumes.
	er the Man	CO3: explain about Egyptian, Greecian, Roman and
	Man	French costumes & amp; accessories.
		CO4: acquire knowledge on the Medieval and
		Renaissance period.
		CO5: explain the history of world costume through the
		ages costumes in relation to art, fabric.
	<u> </u>	

		CO6: explain about footwear, head dress and other accessories during different periods.	
	Garment Construction-V	After the course, the students can: CO1: acquire knowledge about construction skills for	
	(Practical)	different garments. CO2: get skilled to design adult wear draft a pattern and	
6	EM!	layout of paper drafts on the fabric. CO3: get skilled to make maximum usage of fabric with minimum wastage.	
8	1116	CO4: acquire skill to stitch blouse and other garments.	
1053	Apparel Manufacturing	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the Apparel Industry and its type.	
4/1	Technology	CO2: explain about work flow and machineries used in	
FR I	(Theory)	Apparel sector.	
12.	SE	CO3: describe about production process in Apparel sector.	
	學	CO4: tell about different departments of apparel industry and its work.	
1911	Textile Dyeing	After the course, the students can:	
	(Theory and Practical)	CO1: explain the different processing methods in	
	10	textiles. CO2: explain about textile dyeing & conting	
0	220	techniques.	
20	279	CO3: explain about various dyeing method.	
	or as	CO4: acquire a practical knowledge on textile dyeing	
	SEMESTER-VI		
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES	
	Pattern and Marker	After the course, the students can:	
	Making on Computer- II (Practical)	CO1: use advanced computer aided designing and presentation software.	
		•	

		CO2: use pattern making software for making patterns and grading.
1054	Marketing and Merchandising (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students can: CO1: get awareness regarding marketing. CO2: study and analyze the fashion market. CO3: explain the concept of merchandising. CO4: explain regarding customer relationship.
THE CONTE	Pattern Making-IV (Practical)	After the course, the students can: CO1: acquire knowledge of draping techniques. CO2: describe the language of pattern making and develop the ability to create designs through draping method. CO3: drape basic bodice block, top, basic skirt and skirt with flare.
	Line Development and Portfolio-II (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain the importance and significance of portfolios and presentations. CO2: prepare a creative E portfolio which includes the best of their skills and talents.
Uno	Garment Construction-VI (Practical)	After the course, the students can: CO1: acquire construction skills for basic garments. CO2: design different garments draft a pattern and layout of paper drafts on the fabric. CO3: acquire knowledge and skill to make maximum usage of fabric with minimum wastage. CO4: stitch and present a design top, skirt and one piece dress.
1055	Textile Printing and Finishing (Theory and Practical)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain the different processing methods in textiles. CO2: acquire a practical knowledge on textile printing

		techniques.
1056	Entrepreneurship and	After the course, the students can:
	Development	CO1: prepare the platform where the students view
	(Theory)	entrepreneurship and self-employment as a
	- 155	desirable career option.
	114	CO2: develop entrepreneurial orientation to innovation
	WIO -	and creativity.
/.	5	CO3: explain the basic principles involved in starting and
18	1/10	managing a new enterprise.
8	Seminar	After the course, the students can:
7	1/A:	CO1: explain the topics related to fashion designing.
10 //	Internship	After the course, the students can:
7 /	6	CO1: develop practical skills of knitting.

M.A. (PUNJABI)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	PO1: ਐਮ.ਏ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨੂੰ ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਤੇ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। ਗੁਰੂ ਗ੍ਰੰਥ ਸਾਹਿਬ, ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀਆਂ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸਤਾਵਾਂ, ਸੂਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਦਾ ਮੌਕਾ ਮਿਲਦਾ ਹੈ।
W Chi	PO2: ਐਮ. ਏ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਰਿਸਾਰਚ, ਐਮ.ਫਿਲ, ਪੀ.ਐਚ.ਡੀ ਦੀ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਕਈ ਸੋਮੇ ਮਿਲਦੇ ਹਨ।
Charles And Miles	PO3: ਐਮ.ਏ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਉਚ ਯੋਗਤਾ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ, ਲੈਕਚਰਾਰ, ਸਕੂਲ, ਅਧਿਆਪੁਕ, ਵਿਸ਼ਾ- ਮਾਹਿਰ ਤੇ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਭਾਗ ਦੀਆਂ ਅਨੇ ਕਾਂ ਪੋਸਟਾਂ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ ਲੈ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਨ।
er th	PO4: ਐਮ.ਏ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਵਿਦੇਸ਼ਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਦੀ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ, ਉਧਰ ਵੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਅਧਿਆਪਕ ਦੀ ਨੌਕਰੀ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ।
"e Ma	PO5: ਵਿਸ਼ਾ ਮਾਹਿਰ ਦੀ ਪੋਸਟ, ਅਨੁਵਾਦਿਕ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਟਾਈਪਿਸਟ ਸਟੈਨੋ ਦੀ ਨੌਕਰੀ ਉਪਲਬਧ ਹੋ ਸਕਦੀ ਹੈ।
	Translation in English
	PO1: A student gets inspiration to read medieval and modern literature. He/She has an opportunity to study Guru

Granth Sahib, features of medieval literature and Sufi poetry.

PO2: After the completion of this programme, a student has many opportunities like to pursue the Research, M. Phil. and Ph.D.

PO3: After obtaining higher qualification, one can avail manifold opportunities like teacher, lecturer, subject-specialist and linguist in the department of language.

PO4: This programme is taught abroad and where one can also get a job as a Punjabi teacher.

PO5: Posts of subject expert, translator, and Steno Typist (Punjabi) are available for the students.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)	PSOI: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦੇਣਾ।
11112	PSO2: ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ, ਸਿਧਾਂਤ ਤੇ ਪ੍ਰਵਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਲਗਨ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਨਾ।
1000	PSO3: ਲੋਕ ਸਾਹਿਤ <mark>, ਲੋਕ ਕਾਵਿ ਤੇ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ</mark> ਕਾਵਿਤਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣੂ ਕਰਵਾਉਦਾ।
	PSO4: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਲਾਇਬ੍ਰੇਰੀ ਦੀ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ, ਲੋੜ ਤੇ ਚੰਗੇ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਚਾਨਣ ਪਾਉਣਾ
Joe 2 34	PSO5: ਨਾਵਲ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਲਈ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਿਤ ਕਰਨਾ ਖਾਸ ਕਰਕੇ ਨਾਨਕ ਸਿੰਘ ਨਾਵਲਕਾਰ, ਦਲੀਪ ਕੌਰ ਟਿਵਾਣਾ ਤੇ ਪਾਕਿਸਤਾਨੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਦੀ ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਨਾ
Char	Translation in English
. G W	PSO1: To give information about Punjabi language and
	literature to the students.
	PSO2: To create interest among students for culture,
	Principles and practices.

	DCO2. T
	PSO3: To acquaint students with folk literature, folk poetry
	And modern poetry.
	PSO4: To encourage the students to read Eastern and
	Western literature that throws flood of light on various
12	topics.
LIG.	PSO5: To motivate students to read novels written by Nanak
Sm	Singh, Dalip Kaur Tiwana and Pakistani novels and
100	prepare them to read fiction and stories.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

SEMESTER-I		
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
2364	Paper-1st 'ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ'	CO1: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀਨ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਨ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਗੁਰਬਾਣੀ, ਗੁਰੂ-ਕਾਵਿ, ਪੂਰਵ ਨਾਨਕ ਕਾਲ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੁੱਚਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ, ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੇ ਯਾਨੀ 1500 ਤੋਂ ਪਹਿਲਾਂ ਤੇ ਬਾਅਦ ਨਾਥ ਜੋਗੀ, ਸੂਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੀ ਡੂੰਘੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਤੇ ਗੁਰੂ ਗ੍ਰੰਥ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਦੇ ਦੀਆਂ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਲਗਨ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।
	MIEL	CO2: ਗੁਰੂ ਕਾਵਿ ਤੇ ਲੋਕ ਕਾਵਿ ਨੂੰ ਆਧਨਿਕ ਵਿਧੀ ਦੇ ਤੁਲਨਾਤਮਕ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੀ ਦਿਲਚਸਪੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਵਿਚ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ ।
	न मला	CO3: ਮੁੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ (1501–1850) ਈ. ਤੱਕ ਸੂਫੀ-ਕਾਵਿ, ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਕਾਵਿ, ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦਾਰਸ਼ਨਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਅਧਿਆਤਮਕ ਗਿਆਨ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤੀ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ।
	the Man	CO4: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੂਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ, ਲੋਕ ਕਾਵਿ ਤੇ ਸਮੁਚੇ ਪੁਰਾਤਨ ਤੇ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ
		C05: ਇਨਾਂ ਵਿਧਾਵਾ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਨਾਲ ਸਮੁੱਚੀ ਮਾਨਵਤਾ ਦੀ ਬਿਹਤਰੀ ਅਤੇ ਪੂਰਵ ਨਾਲ ਕਾਲ ਤੇ ਨਾਨਕ ਕਾਲ ਤੋਂ ਬਾਅਦ ਦੇ ਸਮੁੱਚੇ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਵਿਧੀ ਪੂਰਵਕ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ।

CO6: ਮੁੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਸਮੁੱਚੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੀ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ, ਆਰਥਿਕ ਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਪਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਪਾਪਤ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ । ਕਿੱਸਾ ਕਾਵਿ, ਬੀਰ ਕਾਵਿ, ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਵਾਰਤਕ ਦਾ ਨਿਕਾਸ ਤੇ ਨਿਕਾਸ ਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੇ ਡੂੰਘੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੀ ਲਗਨ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਅਤੇ ਇਸਦੀ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹਨ। С07: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਉਸ ਸਮੇ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਰਾਜਨੀਤਿਕ, ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਅਤੇ ਲ<mark>ੋਕਧਾਰਈ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂ ਹੁੰਦੇ</mark> ਹਨ। ਇਨਾਂ ਕਲਾਵਾਂ <mark>ਨੂੰ</mark> ਸਮਝਣਾ ਤੇ ਅਨਭਵ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO8: ਸਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਵਿੱਚ ਬਾਬਾ ਫਰੀਦ ਦੇ 112 'ਸਲੋਕ ਜਿਹੜੇ ਕਿ ਗਰ ਗੁੰਥ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਵਿੱਚ ਦਰਜ ਹਨ, ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਬੋਲੀ ਤੇ ਵਾਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਧਨੀ ਦਾ ਜਿਕਰ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਅੰਦਰ ਗਰ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਲਈ ਸਭ ਤੋਂ ਵੱਡਾ ਜਰੀਆ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ। CO9: ਸਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਤੇ ਗਰਮਤਿ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਝ ਤੇ ਇਸਦਾ ਤੁਲਾਨਤਮਕ <mark>ਅਧਿਐਨ ਵਿਦਿਆ</mark>ਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਮੌਜੂਦਾ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਸੰਧਰਭ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਾਉਦਾ ਹੈ। Translation in English CO1: The study of medieval literature enables students to understand Gurbani, Guru-Kav, Pre Nanak Era, Naths and Jogis of 15th century and creates interest to study Sufi poetry and Guru Granth Sahib. CO2: It encourages students to make the comparative the Ma study of poetry composed by Gurus and folk poetry with modern methods. CO3: Students acquire philosophical and spiritual knowledge of the history of medieval Punjabi literature (1501-1850) AD through the study of Sufi-poetry and Gurmat poetry. CO4: Students get knowledge about the Sufi poetry

		especially of Baba Farid, folk poetry and
		complete ancient and modern culture.
		CO5: The study of these genres teaches us the lesson of
		human betterment and provides the systematic
	0	knowledge of the entire literature of the pre and
	MUS	post Nanak period.
	100	CO6: With the overall study of medieval Punjabi
	500	literature, students come to know about the social,
/	9/15	economic and cultural conditions of that time. The
20	11/10	genres like Kissa Kav, Veer Kav and the
101	11/8/	emergence and evolution of medieval prose
2-/	1/10/	encourage students to have a deep knowledge of
10/1	5	culture and understand its importance.
I	25	CO7: Medieval literature familiarizes students with the
15.6	75	literary, political, cultural and folkloric contexts
	S	of the time and enables them to understand and
	1 1 1 1	experience these arts.
	17	CO8: There are 112 Sufi slokas of Baba Farid inscribed
111	12	in the Guru Granth Sahib. The knowledge of
	112	Punjabi language and the sound of the vaars
	Oh:	Encourage students to know and understand the
	1 VEI	Gurus and poets.
		CO9: A comparative study of the relationship between
5	y man	Sufi poetry and Gurmat poetry enables the
0	101	students to understand life in the current context.
2365	ਪੇਪਰ ਦੂਜਾ- ਸਾਹਿਤ	CO1: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਆਲੋਚਨਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ
	ਸਿਧਾਂਤ, ਸਨਾਤਨੀ	ਦੀਆ ਪਰਤਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਾ <mark>ਜ ਅਤੇ ਸ</mark> ਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ
	wan	ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਹੋ ਜਾਂਦੇ ਹਨ।
	ਕਾਵਿ-ਸ਼ਾਸਤਰ ਅਤੇ	CO2: ਸ਼ਾਹਿਤ ਸਿਧਾਂਤ ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਜਦੋਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ
	ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਆਲੋਚਨਾ	ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਤਾਂ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਉਸ ਦੇ

ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਪਸਾਰਾਂ ਜਿਵੇਂ ਪ੍ਰਕਿਰਤੀ, ਪ੍ਰਯੋਜਨ ਆਦਿ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO3: ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀਆਂ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਧਾਰਾਵਾਂ, ਰਹੱਸਵਾਦ, ਰਮਾਂਸਵਾਦ, ਪਦਾਰਥਵਾਦ ਆਦਿ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਕਿਰਤੀ ਸੰਬੰਧੀ ਸਮੁੱਚੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO4: ਗਰੀਕੋ ਰੋਮਨ ਕਾਵਿ-ਸ਼ਾਸਤਰ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਅਰਸਤ, ਲੌਜਾਂਇਨਜ਼ ਆਦਿ ਜਿਹੇ ਵਿਦਵਾਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਝ ਵੱਧਦੀ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਬਿਰਤੀ ਉਜਾ<mark>ਗਰ ਹ</mark>ੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO5: ਭਾਰਤੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਸ਼ਾਸਤਰ <mark>ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐ</mark>ਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਰਸ ਸੰਪਰਦਾਇ, ਧੂਨੀ ਸੰਪਰਦਾਇ, ਅਲੰਕਾਰ ਸੰਪਰਦਾਇ ਦੀ ਸਮਝ <mark>ਪੈਂਦੀ ਹੈ।</mark> ਇ<mark>ਸ ਤ</mark>ਰ੍ਹਾਂ Literary Theory, <mark>ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਰਚਨਾ</mark> ਕਰ<mark>ਨ</mark> ਵਿੱਚ ਸੁਖੈਨਤਾ Traditional Poetics, ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। and, Punjabi Criticism Punjabi outcomes translated into English CO1 Through Punjabi criticism students can understand the layers of literature in different contexts of society and culture. CO2 Regarding literaryTheory When students study, er the Ma they have knowledge about literature in its various aspects like nature, purpose, etc, CO3 Through the knowledge of various streams of literature, mysticism, romanticism, materialism, etc,., the students get the overall knowledge about the nature of literature.

		CO4 Through Greco-Roman poetry, the association of
		students with the literature of scholars like
		Aristotle, etc. increases, and, the creative spirit is
	0	revealed in them.
	- 118	CO5 While studying Indian poetics, students get to
	49, 2	understand the rather sect, sound sect, meta, and or
	m	sect. In this way, students get ease in creating
8	0, 10	literature.
2366	Paper 3 Opt 1 ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ	CO1: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ
of /	ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਾਵਿ	<mark>ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਨ ਦੇ</mark> ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਰਹੱਸਵਾਦ,
165 /	15/0	ਅਧਿਆਤਮਵਾਦ ਅਤੇ ਗੁਰਮਤਿ <mark>ਦੇ ਸਿਧਾਂਤਾ</mark> ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ
4/1	10.	ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਮਾ <mark>ਜਿਕ, ਆ</mark> ਰਥਿਕ <mark>,</mark> ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ
FC I	0 20	,ਰਾਜਨੀਤਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਇਤਿ <mark>ਹਾਸਕ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ</mark> ਜਾਣਨ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ
12.	so \	ਨੈਤਿਕ ਮੁੱਲਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਜੁੜ ਕੇ ਚੰਗੀ ਜੀਵ ਨ ਸਿੱਖ <mark>ਣ ਦੇ</mark> ਸਮਰ <mark>ੱਥ</mark> ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ।
	四	ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਗੁਰੂ ਸਾਹਿਬਾਨਾਂ, ਸੂਫੀ <mark>ਕਵੀਆਂ ਅ</mark> ਤੇ ਕਿੱ <mark>ਸ</mark> ਾਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ
1.1	121	<mark>ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਮੁਢਲੇ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾ</mark> ਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ
111	121	ਕਰਕੇ ਰਚਨਾਕਾ <mark>ਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਉਚੇਰੀ ਤੇ ਡੂੰ</mark> ਘੀ <mark>ਸੂਝ</mark> ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ
	12	<mark>ਹੁੰਦੇ</mark> ਹਨ । ਮੱਧ <mark>ਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ</mark> ਵੰਨਗੀਆਂ (ਵਾਰ, ਸ਼ਲੋਕ,
	Ou.	ਸ਼ਬਦ, ਕਾਫੀ <mark>ਅਤੇ ਕਿੱਸੇ ਆਦਿ) ਦੇ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਗ</mark> ਤ ਅਤੇ ਕਲਾਤਮਕ ਨਿਯਮਾਂ
	12 VEI	ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁ <mark>ੰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਮੱਧ</mark> ਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ
		ਅਤੇ ਵੱਖ <mark>-ਵੱ</mark> ਖ ਪ੍ਰ <mark>ਵਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱ</mark> ਥ ਬਣਦੇ ਹੋਏ
3	y Han	ਮੱ <mark>ਧਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਦਾਰਸ਼ਨਿਕ ਪਿਛੋਕੜ ਬਾ</mark> ਰੇ ਸੂਝ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ <mark>ਕ</mark> ਰਦੇ ਹਨ ।
-0	0	CO <mark>2: ਸ਼੍ਰੀ</mark> ਗੁਰੂ ਨਾਨਕ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ 'ਜਪੁਜੀ ਸਾਹਿਬ' ਦੇ
	1 11	ਅਧਿ <mark>ਐਨ ਦੁ</mark> ਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦਾਰਸ਼ਨਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਅਧਿਆਤਮਕ ਪੱਖਾਂ
	the Man	ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਕੇ ਨੈਤਿਕ ਗੁਣਾਂ ਦੇ ਧਾਰਨੀ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ । ਗੁਰੂ
	Wan	ਸਾਹਿਬਾਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਦਰਸਾਏ ਅਧਿਆਤਮਕ ਗਿਆਨ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤੀ ਦੇ
		ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਗੁਰਮਤਿ ਦੇ ਕਲਾ ਪੱਖਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ
		ਹਨ । ਸਿਲੇਬਸ ਦੇ ਇਸ ਭਾਗ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮੁੱਚੀ
		ਮਾਨਵਤਾ ਦੀ ਬਿਹਤਰੀ ਲਈ ਚੰਗੇ ਕਾਰਜ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਮਿਲਦੀ
		ਹੈ । ਇਸ ਰਚਨਾ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਅਕਾਦਮਿਕ

the Man

ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਅਸਲੀ ਮਨੋਰਥ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ।

CO3: 'ਸੂਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ' ਦੇ ਅੰਤਰਗਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਿਥੇ ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਚ ਹੋਏ ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਸਥਾਰ ਵਿਚ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ ਉੱਥੇ ਸੂਫੀ-ਕਾਵਿ ਦੇ ਨਿਕਾਸ, ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਪਤਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਸਥਾਰਪੂਰਵਕ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵੀ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਹੁਸੈਨ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ (ਕਾਫੀਆਂ) ਵਿਚਲੀ ਸੂਫੀ ਵਿਚਾਰਧਾਰਾ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਨ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਕਾਫੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਰੂਪ ਦੇ ਕਲਾਤਮਕ ਪੱਖਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ, ਰਾਜਨੀਤਿਕ, ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਅਤੇ ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾਈ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਕਾਵਿ-ਅਨੁਭਵ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।

CO4: ਕਿੱਸਾ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੇ ਅੰਤਰਗਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਕਿੱਸੇ ਦੀ ਉਤਪਤੀ, ਵਿਕਾਸ ਤੇ ਪਤਨ ਦੇ ਕਾਰਨਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਕਿੱਸਾ ਕਾਵਿ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਇਤਿਹਾਸਕ ਅਤੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਹਾਸ਼ਮ ਦੇ ਕਿੱਸੇ ਸੱਸੀ ਪੁੰਨੂ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਤਸਵੀਰ ਨੂੰ ਡੂੰਘਾਈ ਵਿਚ ਜਾ ਕੇ ਦੇਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। ਕਿੱਸਿਆ ਦੇ ਕਲਾਤਮਕ ਗੁਣਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹਨ।

Translated into English

CO1: Through the study of medieval Punjabi poetry, students can know the medieval period as well as understand the principles of mysticism, spiritualism, and Gurmatism. Along with knowing the social, economic, cultural, political, and historical conditions of that time, they are capable of learning a good life by connecting with moral values. Through the works of Gurus, Sufi poets, and storytellers, the students can understand the

high and deep insight of the authors by getting information about the early literature of Punjabi. It is known from the thematic and artistic norms of different genres (var, shloka, Shabad, kafi, and kise, etc.) of the medieval period. Students gain insight into the philosophical background of the Middle Ages, being able to understand the conditions and various tendencies of the medieval period. CO2: Through the study of Sri Guru Nanak Dev Ji's work Japuji Sahib students acquire knowledge about philosophical and spiritual aspects and become possessors of moral qualities. Along with acquiring the spiritual knowledge shown by the Gurus, they get information about the artistic aspects of Guru Mati. Through this section of the syllabus, the students get inspiration to do good work for the betterment of the entire humanity. After studying this work, students get knowledge of the real purpose of life along with academic studies. CO3: Under Sufi poetry, where the students get detailed information about the lives of Sufi poets in the medieval period, they get detailed knowledge about the emergence, development, and decline of Sufi poetry. Along with knowing the Sufi ideology the Mar in the works (Kafis) of Sufi poet Shah Hussain, one gets knowledge about the artistic aspects of Kafi's literary form. Through the works of Sufi poets, students get to know about the literary, political, cultural, and folkloric conditions of that time. Students can understand the poetic experience of Sufi poets.

	T	
		CO4: Under Kissa Kavi, students gain knowledge about
		the origin, development, and decline of Kissa
		during the medieval period. After reading the short
		story, the students know the social history, and
	0	cultural conditions of the society at that time.
	MUS	Through the study of Hashem's story Sassi
	10	Punnu, students are able to see the social and
	Sur	cultural picture of the society of that time in depth.
\cdot \(\sigma^2 \)	0/155	They understand the artistic qualities and cultural
10	11/10	significance of the story.
2368	ਪੇਪਰ ਚੌਥਾ : (ਆਪਸ਼ਨ I)	CO1: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀਆਂ
2300	ਪੰਜਾ <mark>ਬੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐ</mark> ਨ	ਉਹ ਪਰਤਾਂ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਹੋ ਜਾਂਦੇ ਹਨ, ਜਿਹਨਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ
10/1	15/	ਪਹਿਲਾ ਕ <mark>ੋਈ ਗਿਆਨ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੁੰਦਾ।</mark>
7 /	~ (B)	CO2: ਪਵਿੱਤਰ ਪਾਪੀ, ਨਾਵਲ ਦੇ ਪ <mark>ਾਠ ਉਪਰੰ</mark> ਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ
117.6		ਜਾਨਣ ਦਾ ਮੌਕਾ ਮਿਲਿਆ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਆਰਥਿਕ ਮੰਦਹਾਲੀ ਦੀ ਹਾਲਤ ਵਿੱਚ
	S	ਜਿੰਦਗੀ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਬਤੀਤ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ। ਦੂਜਿਆਂ ਦੀ ਮੱਦਦ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ
	四	ਭਾਵਨਾ ਵੀ ਇਸ ਨਾਵਲ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।
	121	CO3: ਜੂਗ ਬਦਲ ਗਿਆ' ਨਾਵਲ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ
111	121	ਇਹ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਆਰਥਿਕ ਮਜ਼ਬੂਰੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਦੇ
	12	ਤਿ੍ਸਕਾਰ ਦੇ ਬ <mark>ਾਵਜੂਦ ਇਨਸਾਨ ਮਿਹਨਤ ਦੇ</mark> ਸਹਾਰੇ ਸਵੈ-ਨਿਰਭਰ ਹੋ
1	10	ਸਕਦਾ ਹੈ।
	TOME	-DVF
_	CONTEL S	CO4: ਪੂਰਨਮਾਸ਼ੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਸਾਨੀ ਜੀਵਨ,
0	24	ਜਗੀਰਦਾਰੀ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਔਰਤ ਦੀ ਦਸ਼ਾ ਆਦਿ ਪੱਖਾਂ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ।
20	2707	Idimio dei o I
~	94	Translation in English
	the Man	CO1: The study of the Punjabi novel enables students
	16 110	4 01
	wan	to have understanding of the layers of the society
		of which they have no prior knowledge.
		CO2: After reading the novel Pavitar Pappi, the
		students have got an opportunity to know how to

		11 110 1 1 11 11 11
		live life in the condition of economic depression.
		The feeling of helping others also arises from this
		novel.
	0	CO3: The novel Jug Badal Gaya teaches the students
	ता पुर	a lesson that despite economic constraints and
	Mil	humiliations a person can become self-reliant
1	0, // 55	with the help of hard work.
8	11/60	CO4: The study of novel Poornmashi provides students
de /	1/65	an opportunity to know about peasant life, status
10/1	5	of women in feudal culture etc.
2369	Paper IV (Opt.II) ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ	CO1: ਸੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੇਖੋਂ ਦੇ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ 'ਸਮਾਚਾਰ' ਦੀਆਂ ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ ਪੜ੍ਹਕੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਗਤੀਵਾਦੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਪਤਾ ਲੱਗਦਾ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦੇ ਕੁਸਾਨੀ ਜੀਵਨ, ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਿਸਾਨੀ ਦੀਆ ਸਮੁੱਸਿਆਵਾਂ ਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੇ ਹੋਰ ਅਨੇਕ ਪੱਖਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। CO2: ਕੁਲਵੰਤ ਸਿੰਘ ਵਿਰਕ ਦਾ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ 'ਦੁਆਦਸ਼ੀ' ਪੜ੍ਹਕੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਆ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਤਬਦੀਲੀਆਂ , ਇਨਸਾਨ ਦੀਆ ਮਨੋ-ਵਿਗਿਆਨਕ ਗੁੰਝਲਾਂ ਤੇ ਦੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਵੰਡ ਦੇ ਦੁਖਾਂਤ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ CO3: ਵਰਿਆਮ ਸਿੰਘ ਸੰਧੂ ਦੇ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ 'ਚੌਥੀ ਕੂਟ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੇ ਦੁਖਾਂਤਕ ਦੌਰ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ਜਦੋਂ ਇਨਸਾਨ ਦਾ ਇਨਸਾਨ ਤੋਂ ਭਰੋਸਾ ਖ਼ਤਮ ਹੋ ਗਿਆ ਸੀ। ਇਸ ਤੋਂ ਇਲਾਵਾ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਿੱਕੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਰੂਪਕ ਤਬਦੀਲੀਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। Translation in English CO1: By reading the stories from Sant Singh Sekhon's Collection Samachar, the students get to know

	Ī	1 (1 ' CD '1' TI
		about the progressive story of Punjabi. The
		students get information about the life of peasants,
		their problems and other aspects of Punjabi
		culture.
	वा पुर	CO2: By reading Kulwant Singh Virak's collection
	W.	of stories Duadashi, students get to know about the
\cdot \(\text{\cdot} \)	0, 155	changes that are taking place in Punjabi culture,
8	11/60	the psychological complexities of human beings
2/	1/20	and the tragedy of the partition of the country.
10/1	5	CO3: The study of Waryam Singh Sandhu's story
五二	6	Collection Chauthi Koot provides knowledge
压。	(0)	About the tragic period of Punjab when people lost
	凹	trust in each other. Apart from this, the students
1,1	121	also get information about the metaphorical
	12	changes of the Punjabi short story.
	Oh.	SEMESTER-II
2372	Paper 5 ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਦਾ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ	CO1: ਸੰਕ੍ਰਾਤੀ ਕਾਲ (1850-1900 ਈ: ਹੱਕ) ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਤੇ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਬੋਧ ਵਿੱਚ ਅੰਤਰ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
0	or the	CO2: ਸੰਕ੍ਰਾਤੀ ਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਲੱਛਣਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਗੱਲਬਾਤ ਕਰਦਿਆਂ ਧਾਰਮਿਕ ਤੇ ਇਸਾਈ ਮਿਯਨਰੀਆਂ ਦੀਆ ਲਹਿਰਾਂ ਦੇ ਯੋਗਦਾਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। ।
	er the Man	CO3: 1850 ਤੋਂ 1900 ਈ: ਤੱਕ ਰਚਿਆ ਕਿੱਸਾ-ਕਾਵਿ, ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵਿ ਵਾਰਾਂ ਤੇ ਜੰਗਨਾਮਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।
		CO4: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਨਵ ਰਹੱਸਵਾਦੀ, ਰੁਮਾਟਿਕ ਪ੍ਰਗਤੀਵਾਦੀ, ਜੁਝਾਰਵਾਦੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਧਾਰਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ ਹਵਾਲਿਆਂ

ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੀ ਕੋਸ਼ਿਸ਼ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO5: ਵੀਹਵੀ ਸਦੀ ਦੀ ਗਲਪ- ਨਾਵਲ, ਕਹਾਣੀ, ਰੰਗ-ਮੰਚ, ਨਿਬੰਧ ਜੀਵਨੀ, ਸਵੈ-ਜੀਵਨੀ, ਜਫਰਨਾਮਾ ਤੇ ਰੇਖ ਚਿਤਰ ਦਾ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਮੂਲ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦਿਆਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਧਾਵਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਦੀ ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO6: ਜੀਵਨੀ- ਸਵੈ ਜੀਵਨੀ ਦਾ ਫਰਕ, ਜਫਰਨਾਮਾ (ਯਾਤਰਾ ਦਾ ਹਾਲ) ਤੇ ਰੇਖਾ-ਚਿਤਰ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਦੀ ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ <mark>ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਧਾਵਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਅੰਤਰ</mark> ਸਮਝਣ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। C07: ਆਧੁਨਿਕ <mark>ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ</mark> <mark>ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜੀਵਨੀ</mark> ਤ<mark>ੇ ਸਵੈ</mark>- ਜੀਵਨੀ ਦਾ ਅੰਤਰ ਸਮਝਾਉਂਦਿਆਂ ਵੱਡੇ ਲੇਖਕਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਜੀਵਨੀਆਂ ਤੇ ਸਵੈ-ਜੀਵਨੀਆਂ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਲਈ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਿ<mark>ਤ</mark> ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। CO8: ਸੂਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ - ਬਾਬਾ <mark>ਫਰੀਦ ,</mark> ਸ਼ਾਹ ਹੁਸੈਨ, ਬੁੱਲੇ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਤੇ ਗਲਾਮ <mark>ਫਰੀਦ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ</mark> ਨਾ<mark>ਲ</mark> ਗੁਰੂ ਗੁੰਥ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਦੇ ਵਿਧੀਪ<mark>ਰਵਕ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਦਾ</mark>ਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO9: ਧਾਰਮਿਕ ਤੇ ਇਸਾਈ ਮਿਸ਼ਨਰੀ ਲਹਿਰਾਂ ਨਾਲ <mark>ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਤੇ ਕੀ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵ ਪੈਂਦਾ ਹੈ</mark> ਤੇ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਲਹਿਰਾਂ <mark>ਦੀ ਲੋੜ ਕਿਉਂ ਪਈ ? ਇਹ ਕਿਵੇਂ</mark> ਧਰਮ ਦਾ ਪ੍ਰਚਾਰ <mark>ਕਰਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ। ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਇਹਨਾਂ</mark> ਲਹਿਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ। CO10: ਜੰਗਨਾਮੇ ਤੇ ਵਾਰਾਂ ਜਿਹੜੇ 1850 ਤੋਂ 1900 ਈ: ਤੱਕ ਰਚੇ ਗਏ, ਸ੍ਰੀ ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਚੰਡੀ ਦੀ ਵਾਰ ਤੇ ਹੋਰ 9 ਵਾਰਾਂ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਨ ਨਾਲ ਭਾਈ ਗਰਦਾਸ <mark>ਦੀਆਂ ਵਾਰਾਂ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮ</mark>ਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। Translation in English er the Mar CO1: It provides students information about the difference between medieval and modern philosophy of Sankranti Period to 20th century. CO2: while discussing the characteristics of the Sankranti period, one gains knowledge about the contribution of religious and Christian movements. CO3: Kissa Kav and Sufi poetry composed during 1850 to 1900 tell about battles.

	T	
		CO4: Neo-mystical, romantic, progressives and
		aggressive poetic trends of Punjabi literature
		provide ample opportunity to understand the
		situations of that time.
	0	CO5: By studying the history of 20th century fiction-
	MUS	novel, story, theater, biographies, autobiographies,
	10	Jafarnama and Rekh Chitra, the students become
	Sur	interested in reading these genres.
\cdot	9/15	CO6: The difference between biography and
20	11/10	autobiography, Jafarnama (travelogue) inspire
(0)	11/8	students to read the sketches. Students get to
2-/	1/10/	know the difference between these genres.
10/1	5	CO7: While explaining the difference between biography
I	6 25	And autobiography, history of Modern Punjabi
130	1 3	Literature motivates students to read biographies
	S	and autobiographies of great writers.
	121	CO8: The study of Sufi poets – Baba Farid, Shah
	17	Hussain, Bulleh Shah and Ghulam Farid provides
111	12	students a methodical account of the Guru Granth
	112	Sahib.
	Our.	CO9: What was the effect of religious and Christian
	JA VE	Missionary movements on modern literature and
		what was the need of these movements? How did
3	7 20	they propagate religion? Students get to know about
0	-10/1	these movements.
- 0	r si	CO10: The study of Janganamas and Vars which were
	the Man	composed from 1850 to 1900 AD and Sri Guru
	Man	Gobind Singh's Chandi Di Var and other 9 Vars,
	1011	enable one to understand the Vars of Bhai Gurdas.
	<u> </u>	

2373	ਪੇਪਰ ਛੇਵਾਂ–ਆਧੁਨਿਕ	CO1: ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਪੱਛਮੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਸ਼ਾਸਤਰ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ
	ਪੱਛਮੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਸ਼ਾਸਤਰ ਅਤੇ	ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਰੂਸੀ ਰੂਪਵਾਦ ਦੇ ਮੂਲ ਸੰਕਲਪਾਂ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। ਨਵ-ਅਮਰੀਕੀ ਸਕੂਲ ਦੇ ਮੂਲ ਸੰਕਲਪਾਂ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ
	ਵਿਹਾਰਕ ਆਲੋਚਨਾ	ਵੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਮਨ ਕਰਕੇ
	0	ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਨਾਲ ਉਪਰੋਕਤ ਦਾ ਮਿਲਾਣ ਕਰਨ
	- 118	ਦੀ ਸੂਝ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
	MIG, L	CO2: ਸੰਰਚਨਾਵਾਦ ਅਤੇ ਉਤਰ-ਸੰਰਚਨਾਵਾਦ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀਆਂ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਧਾਰਾਵਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
/.	500	CO3: ਮਾਰਕਸਵਾਦੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਸਿਧਾਂਤ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਮਾਰਕਸਵਾਦੀ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀਆਂ ਵੱਖ–ਵੱਖ ਪ੍ਰਵੀਰਤੀਆਂ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ
18	11.0	ਮਿਲ <mark>ਦੀ ਹੈ। ਮਾਰਕਸਵਾਦੀ ਸਾ</mark> ਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਵਿਚਾਰਧਾਰਾ, ਵਸਤੂ ਅਤੇ
10)	11/4/	ਰੂਪ, ਪ੍ਰਤੀਬੱਧਤਾ ਅਤੇ ਨਵ-ਮਾਰਕਸਵਾਦ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ
2-1	1/E	ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੀਆ <mark>ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਰੁਚੀਆ</mark> ਨੂੰ ਚੰਡ ਕਰਨ ਦਾ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਦੀ ਹੈ।
10	10	CO4: ਵਿਹਾਰਕ ਆਲੋਚਨਾ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਨੂੰ
.E.	65	ਸਮਝਣ ਅਤੇ ਉਸਦੀ ਉਦਾਰਤਤ <mark>ਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ</mark> ਹਿਰਦੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਮਾਉਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਬਲਤਾ ਭਾਰੂ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।
TE'	(0)	Translated into English
	Modern Western	CO1: Students are introduced to the basic concepts of
	Poetics and Practical Criticism	Russian formalism while studying modern
111	12	Western poetics. Basic concepts of the neo-
	12	American school are also covered. By studying the
	WIE	above literature, the students get the insight to
	FEL	combine the above with Punjabi literature.
0	2 m	CO2: Students get information about various streams of
%	2707	literature through structuralism and post-
	or as	structuralism.
	the Man	CO3: Through Marxist literary theory, students get
	Man	information about various tendencies of Marxist
		literature. Information about the ideology, object
		and form, commitment, and, neo-Marxism of
		Marxist literature serves to stimulate the literary

		interests of the students.
		CO4: Emphasis is placed on understanding literature
		through practical criticism and imbibing its
		generosity in one's heart.
	0	generosity in one s neart.
2374	Paper 7 Opt 1 ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ	CO1: ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ
	ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਾਵਿ-II	ਮੱਧਕਾਲ ਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਨ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ ਰਹੱਸਵਾਦ, ਅਧਿਆਤਮਵਾਦ ਅਤੇ
/	5111	ਗੁ <mark>ਰਮਤਿ ਦੇ ਸਿਧਾਤਾਂ ਨੂੰ</mark> ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ
/8	9// 21	ਬਿ <mark>ਰਤਾਂਤਕ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇ ਗੁਣਾਂ</mark> , ਲੱਛਣਾਂ, ਅਤੇ ਪਵਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ
	11/6	ਹਨ
de de	1/60	CO2: ਗੁਰੂ ਅਰਜਨ ਦੇਵ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾਂ ਸੁਖਮਨੀ ਸਾਹਿਬ ਦੇ
151	16/ 6	ਅਧਿਐਨ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਦਾਰਸ਼ਨਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਅਧਿਆਤਮਕ ਪੱਖਾਂ
4/	10	ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਕੇ ਨੈਤ <mark>ਿਕ ਗੁਣਾਂ ਦੇ</mark> ਧਾਰਨੀ ਬਣਦੇ ਹਨ ।
E	60	ਇਹ ਰਚਨਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮੁੱ <mark>ਚੀ ਮਾਨਵਤਾ</mark> ਦੀ <mark>ਬਿ</mark> ਹਤਰੀ ਲਈ
TTE.	(0)	ਚੰਗੇ ਕਾਰਜ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਦਿ <mark>ੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ</mark> ਅਕ <mark>ਾਦ</mark> ਮਿਕ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ
	m	ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਅਸਲੀ <mark>ਮਨੋਰਥ ਦਾ ਗਿ</mark> ਆਨ <mark>ਪ੍ਰ</mark> ਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ
	一思し	ਹਨ।
111	121	CO3: ਸੂਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੇ ਅੰਤਰਗਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਮੱਧਕਾਲੀ ਦੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿਚ
	12	<mark>ਹੋਏ</mark> ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਜੀਵਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਸਥਾਰ ਵਿਚ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਿਲ
	MIE	<mark>ਕਰਦੇ</mark> ਹਨ । <mark>ਸੂਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੇ ਨਿਕਾਸ, ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਪਤਨ ਦੇ ਕਾਰਨਾਂ</mark>
	JA "LEI	ਬਾ <mark>ਰੇ ਸੂਝ ਪ੍</mark> ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਸੂਫੀ ਕਵੀ ਬੁੱਲ੍ਹੇ ਸ਼ਾਹ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ
		(<mark>ਕਫੀਆਂ) ਵਿਚਲੀ ਵਿਚਾਰਧਾਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ</mark> ਜਾਣਨ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ ਕਾਫੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਰੂਪ
9	7 Han	ਦੇ ਕਲਾਤਮਕ ਪੱਖਾਂ ਨੂੰ <mark>ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸ</mark> ਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ <mark>ਹਨ ।</mark> ਕਾਵਿ-ਰੂਪ
0	6	<mark>ਕਾਫੀਆਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ</mark> ਉਸ <mark>ਸਮੇਂ</mark> ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ,
	1 11	<mark>ਸਾਹਿਤਕ, ਰਾਜਨੀ</mark> ਤਿਕ, ਸਭਿਆ <mark>ਚਾਰਾਕ</mark> ਅਤੇ ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾਈ
	the Man	ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿ <mark>ਤੀ</mark> ਆਂ ਦਾ ਪਤਾ ਚਲਦਾ ਹੈ ।
	Man	CO4: ਗੁਰੂ ਗੋਬਿੰਦ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਦੀ ਰਚਨਾ 'ਚੰਡੀ ਦੀ ਵਾਰ' ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ
		ਦੁਆਰਾ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਕਾਵਿ-ਰੂਪ ਵਾਰ ਦੇ ਸਿਧਾਂਤਾਂ ਪਹਿਲੂਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ
		ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਾਰ ਦੇ ਗੁਣਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ
		ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੇ ਇਸ ਕਾਵਿ ਰੂਪ ਦੁਆਰਾ

ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਜਬਰ-ਜੁਲਮ ਅਤੇ ਅਨਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਵਿਰੁੱਧ ਡਟੇ ਰਹਿਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ। Translated into English CO1: Through the study of medieval Punjabi poetry students are able to understand the principles of mysticism, spiritualism, and Gurmatism along with knowing the medieval period. Students learn about the characteristics, features, and trends of narrative poetry. CO2: Through the study of Sukhmani Sahib, the works of Guru Arjan Dev ji, the students acquire knowledge about the philosophical and spiritual aspects and become possessors of moral qualities. This work inspires the students to do good work for the betterment of the entire humanity. Along with academic studies, students gain knowledge about the real purpose of life. CO3: In the course of Sufi poetry, students learn in detail about the lives of Sufi poets in the medieval period. Sufis gain insight into the causes of the emergence, growth, and decline of poetry. Sufi poets are capable of understanding the artistic aspects of the poetic form along with knowing the ideology in Bulleh Shah's work (Kafis). The social, literary, 'r the Ma political, cultural, and folkloric conditions of the society of that time are revealed through poetic forms. CO4: Through the study of Guru Gobind Singh Ji's work Chandi Di War students are able to understand the qualities and importance of War while getting information about the principles and aspects of poetic form War. Through this poetic form of

		literature, students get inspiration to stand
		against oppression and injustice.
2376	ਪੇਪਰ ਅੱਠਵਾਂ opt 1: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ	CO1: 'ਅੱਧ ਚਾਨਣੀ ਰਾਤ' ਨਾਵਲ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਿਸਾਨੀ ਜੀਵਨ ਅੰਦਰ ਲੜਾਈ–ਝਗੜਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿੰਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਲੜਾਈ–ਝਗੜਿਆਂ ਤੋਂ ਦੂਰ ਰਹਿਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ। CO2: ਰਾਤ ਦੇ ਰਾਹੀ ਨਾਵਲ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਿਸਾਨੀ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਆਰਥਿਕ ਮੰਦਹਾਲੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿੰਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੇਧ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਜੇਕਰ ਖੇਤੀਬਾੜੀ ਰਾਹੀ ਗਜ਼ਾਰਾ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ਤਾਂ ਇਸ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਨਿਕਲਕੇ ਕੋਈ ਹੋਰ ਕੰਮ ਅਪਣਾਅ ਲੈਣਾ ਚਾਹੀਦਾ ਹੈ।
750	(A)	CO3: ਕੌਰਵ ਸਭਾ ਨਾਵਲ ਸੰਪਤੀ ਕਾਰਨ ਪਰਿਵਾਰਕ ਕਲੇਸ਼ ਦੀ ਗੱਲ ਦੱਸਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੇਧ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ ਕਿ ਪਰਿਵਾਰਕ ਝਗੜੇ ਇਨਸਾਨ ਲਈ ਬਹੁਤ ਖਤਰਨਾਕ ਸਿੱਧ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।
10 //	5	Translated into English
五二	25	CO1: The novel Ladh Channi Raat' gives information
100	75	about the conflicts in Punjabi peasant life and
	S	inspires the students to stay away from the
	I III	conflicts.
	17	CO2: The novel through the night gives information
111	15	about the economic decline of Punjabi peasant life
	112	and the students get guidance that if agriculture
	all our	does not earn a living then they should take up
	LEI	some other work out of it.
-		CO3:The novel Kaurava Sabha tells the story of family
3	7 2100	conflict due to wealth and the students get
-0	0.	guidance that family conflicts prove to be very
,	1. 81	dangerous for a person.
2377	Paper VIII (Opt.II) ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ	CO1: ਸੰਤੋਖ ਸਿੰਘ ਧੀਰ ਦੇ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ ਮੇਰੀਆ ਸ਼੍ਰੇਸ਼ਟ ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨਿਮਨ ਵਰਗ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਮੱਸਿਆਵਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।
		CO2: ਪ੍ਰੇਮ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਸ਼ ਦੇ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ 'ਮੁਕਤੀ' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਇਨਸਾਨ ਦੀਆਂ ਮਨੋ ਵਿਗਿਆਨਕ ਸਮੱਸਿਆਵਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।

	T	
		CO3: ਜਰਨੈਲ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੇ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਸੰਗ੍ਰਹਿ 'ਟਾਵਰਜ਼' ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪ੍ਰਵਾਸੀ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੀ ਬਹੁ-ਪੱਖੀ ਪਾਸਾਰਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣੂੰ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।
		Translated into English
	0	CO1: From Santokh Singh Dhir's Story Collection My
	7118	Best Stories Students learn about the problems of
	49, 2	the lower classes.
	M	CO2: Through Prem Prakash's story collection 'Mukti',
6	0, // 15	students get to know the psychological problems
10	11/20	of human beings.
10)	11/4	CO3: Through Jarnail Singh's story collection 'Towers',
7/	1/AC'/	students get to know about the multifaceted
10 /1	5	aspects of migrant life.
7 1	S S	SEMESTER-III
2380	ਪੇਪਰ ਨੌਵਾ : ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਅਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ	CO1: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਭਾ <mark>ਸ਼ਾ ਦੇ ਸਿਧਾਂਤਕ ਪਹਿਲੂ</mark> ਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕਰ ਲੈਂਦਾ ਹੈ।
	ਭਾਸ਼ਾ	CO2: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ, ਇਸ ਦੀਆਂ ਧੁਨੀਆਂ, ਵਿਅਕਤੀ ਦੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਈ ਸਮਰੱਥਾ ਆਦਿ ਦਾ ਬਹੁ-ਪੱਖੀ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੋ ਜਾਂਦਾ ਹੈ।
	130m	CO3: ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿਗਿਆਨ ਕੀ ਹੈ, ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦਾ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਤੇ ਇਸ ਵਿੱਚ ਤਬਦੀਲੀਆਂ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਹੁੰਦੀਆਂ ਹਨ, ਇਸ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
	LEL	Translation in English
10	, यमवा	CO1: The student acquires knowledge about the
4	9/1	theoretical aspects of the language.
	Char	CO2: Students get multifaceted knowledge of Punjabi
	the Man	language, its sounds and linguistic ability of a person etc.
		CO3: Students get information about what is linguistics
		is, the development of language and how does the

		changes take place in it.
2381	ਪੇਪਰ – ਦਸਵਾਂ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ, ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾ ਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ	CO1: ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਅਤੇ ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾ ਅਤੇ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਰੋਜਾਨਾ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਸੰਧਰਭ ਅਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ, ਰੀਤੀ ਰਿਵਾਜ਼ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਯੋਗ ਬਣਾਉਦੇ ਹਨ। CO2: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਕਿਰਤੀ ਤੇ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਤਾਵਾਂ ਅਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਪਰਿਵਰਤਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਿਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ।
8	E	CO3: ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਕਿਰਤੀ ਤੇ ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਤਾਵਾ ਲੋਕ-ਮਨ, ਲੋਕ ਰੂੜੀਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿੰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਖੁੱਲੀ ਗੱਲਬਾਤ ਕਰਕੇ ਪ੍ਰੈਕਟੀਕਲੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
to /	S. S. S.	CO4: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਪੁਰਾਤਨ ਤੇ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਬਾਰੇ ਤੁਲਨਾਤਮਕ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਦਿੰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਸ਼ਵੀਕਰਨ ਦਾ ਵਰਤਾਰਾ, ਬਦਲਾਅ ਤੇ ਕਵੀਆਂ ਵੰਗਾਰ ਜੋ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਆ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਹਨ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦਾ ਮੌਕਾ ਮਿਲਦਾ ਹੈ।
E	SET	C05: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦੀ ਬ <mark>ਣਤਰ,</mark> ਰਿਸ਼ਤੇ ਨਾਤੇ ਪ੍ਰੰਪਰਿਕ ਪਿੰਡ ਅਤੇ ਇਨਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਪ੍ਰਮੁੱਖ ਸੰਸਥਾਵਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣੂ ਕਰਵਾਉਦਿਆ, ਬਜੁਰਗਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਅਨੇਕਾ ਪ੍ਰਕਾਰ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
	TZO.	C06: ਪੰਜਾਬ ਦੀਆਂ ਰੀਤਾ, ਮੇਲੇ ਤਿਉਹਾਰ ਲੋਕ ਨਾਚ ਤੇ ਲੋਕ ਨਾਟ ਬਾਰੇ ਖੁੱਲ੍ਹੀ ਗੁੱਲਬਾਤ ਰਾਹੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿੰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਮੇਲੇ ਤੇ ਤਿਉਹਾਰ ਦਿਖਾਉਂਦੇ ਹੋਏ, ਲੋਕ ਮਨ ਪ੍ਰਚਾਵੇ ਦੀ ਵਿਧੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਾਂਝ ਪੁਆਈ ਤੇ ਨਵੀਆਂ ਚੀਜਾ ਸਿੱਖਣ ਦੀ ਲਾਲਸਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।
Uno.	THOI HOT	C07: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾ ਦੀਆਂ ਵਿਧਾਵਾ ਦੀ ਵਰਗਵੰਡ ਜਿਵੇ ਲੋਕ ਵਿਸ਼ਵਾਸ਼ ਸਿਆਣਪਾ, ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਰੀਤਾ ਤੇ ਰਸਮ (ਜਨਮ- ਵਿਆਹ ਤੇ ਮੌਤ) ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਸਾਂਝ ਪਉਣੀ ਤੇ ਉਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਸੰਦਰਭ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖਦੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦਿੱਤੀ ਜਾਂਦੀ ਹੈ
~	er the Man	CO8: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਤੇ ਪੁਰਾਤਨ ਪਿੰਡਾਂ ਦੇ ਮਨ ਪ੍ਰਚਾਵੇ ਦੇ ਫਰਕ, ਰੋਟੀ ਬੇਟੀ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਝ ਤੇ ਰਿਸਤੇ ਨਾਤਿਆਂ ਦੀ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਬਣਾਉਦਾ ਹੈ। Translation in English
		CO1: The study of culture, folklore and Punjabi culture
		enables students to understand the context of daily
		life, the culture, customs and traditions.

_		
		CO2: Students gain knowledge about the nature and
		characteristics of culture and cultural change.
		CO3: By giving information to the students about the
		nature of folklore and characteristic folk-mind,
	0	folk customs, practical information is obtained
	M US	through open conversation.
	10	CO4: While providing comparative information about
	Sur	ancient and modern Punjabi culture, it gives the
\cdot	0/15	students an opportunity to understand the
20	11/10	phenomenon of globalization, and the changes
101	11/8/	and the downfall which are taking place in the
2-1	1/20/	culture.
10 //	15/	CO5: It provides information about the structure of
I	6 25	Punjabi culture, the traditional villages,
136	1 5	relationships and other major institutions. The
	S	elder and older persons are the source of great
	THE STATE OF THE S	knowledge.
	17	CO6: The customs, fairs, festivals and folk dances of
111	15	Punjab encourage students to know about the
11	112	methods and ways by which people used to
	all our	entertain themselves and generate interest to learn
	1 TEI	new things about it.
		CO7: The genres of Punjabi folklore like folk beliefs,
5	1 Han	customs and rituals related to birth, marriage and
0	191	death provide students the information about
	1 21	their social life.
	170 11-	CO8: The study of Punjabi culture enables the students
	the Man	to comprehend the forms of entertainment of
		modern and ancient villages, the importance of
		bread-butter relationship and human
		relationships.

2382	ਪਰਚਾ ਗਿਆਰਵਾਂ–ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ–1	CO1: ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਲਈ ਬਹੁਤ ਹੀ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹੈ। ਇਸ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਹੀ ਸਮਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਚੱਲ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਪ੍ਰਵਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀ ਸਮਝ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਆਧੁਨਿਕ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਕੇ ਹੀ ਆਉਂਦੀ ਹੈ।
	EWIGI TE	CO2: ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਪੂਰਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਪੁਸਤਕ'ਖੁਲ੍ਹੇ ਮੈਦਾਨ" ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਿੱਥੇ ਖੁੱਲੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਬਾਰੇ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ ਉਥੇ ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਦੀ ਤਾਕਤ ਦਾ ਵੀ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਸ਼ੈਲੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਪ੍ਰਭਾਵਸ਼ਾਲੀ ਬਣਾਉਣਾ ਹੈ, ਇਸਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਵੀ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ।
To	E AND	CO3: ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਮੋਹਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਪੁਸਤਕ 'ਮੇਰੀ ਚੌਣਵੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ' ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਅਤੇ ਕਲਾਤਮਕਤਾ ਦਾ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ। ਪ੍ਰੋ. ਮੋਹਨ ਸਿੰਘ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਗਤਵੀਵਾਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਵਿਰਤੀ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਮਾਰਕਸਵਾਦ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੀਆ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਰੂਚੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਚੰਡ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ।
HE	SEE SEE	CO4: ਬਾਵਾ ਬਲਵੰਤ ਦੀ ਪੁਤਸਕ ' ਸੁਗੰਧ ਸਮੀਰ' ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਸਾਰੇ ਤੱਤਾਂ ਨਾਲ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਹੈ ਜਿਹੜੇ ਕਿਸੇ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੀ ਉਦਾਤਤਾ ਲਈ ਜ਼ਰੂਰੀ ਹਨ। ਇਸ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆ ਨੂੰ ਸੰਸਾਰ-ਅਮਨ, ਅੰਤਰ-ਰਾਸ਼ਟਰੀ ਚੇਤਨਾ, ਆਸ਼ਾਵਾਦ ਅਤੇ ਹੋਰ ਪ੍ਰਗਤੀਸ਼ੀਲ ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਗਿਆਨ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ।
	1 7	Translated into English
	Modern Punjabi	CO1: Study of modern Punjabi poetry is very important
	Poetry-1	for students. It is only through the study of this
	W.	poem that the trends going on in the society are
	LEL	studied. Students can understand the society only
0	22	by studying modern Punjabi poetry.
20	2707	CO2: Prof. Through the study of Puran Singh's book
4	Pr 41	'Khulhe Maidan', the students get information
	the Man	about open poetry and also know the power of the
	Man	style. There is also the knowledge of how to make
		your language effective through style.
		CO3: Prof. Through the study of Mohan Singh's book
		'Meri Chaunvi Kavita', students get rich

	EMIST VE	knowledge of the subject and artistry. Prof. The knowledge of Marxism through the progressive tendency of Mohan Singh enhances the literary interests of the students. CO4: Bawa Balwant's book 'Sugandh Sameer' is full of all the elements that are necessary for the sublime of a poem. Through the study of this poem, students gain knowledge about world peace, international consciousness, optimism, and, other progressive topics.
2384	Paper 12 Opt 1 ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਰੰਗਮੰਚ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ-1	CO1: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਵਿਧਾ ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਰੰਗਮੰਚ ਦੇ ਸਿਧਾਂਤਕ ਪਹਿਲੂਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਨ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਨਾਟਕ ਦੀ ਉਤਪਤੀ/ਨਿਕਾਸ, ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਪ੍ਰਵਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO2: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਟਕਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ, ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ, ਰਾਜਨੀਤਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਆਰਥਿਕ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝ ਕੇ ਲੋੜ ਪੈਣ 'ਤੇ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਬਦਲਾਵ ਲਿਆਉਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।
Una	the Man	CO3: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਰੰਗਮੰਚ ਦੇ ਆਪਸੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO4: ਨਾਟਕ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਆਪਸੀ ਵਾਰਤਾਲਾਪ ਦੀ ਰੁਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ ਦਾ ਸੰਚਾਰ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ। CO5: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਸਮੂਹਿਕ ਰੂਪ ਵਿਚ ਕਾਰਜ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO6: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿਚਲੇ ਅੰਤਰ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ।

		CO7: ਨਾਟਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਮੰਚ ਉੱਪਰ
		ਬੋਲਣ ਅਤੇ ਕੰਮ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਸਮਰੱਥਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਇਸ ਨਾਲ ਜਿਥੇ
		ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਹੁਨਰ ਵਿਚ ਨਿਖਾਰ ਆਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਉਥੇ ਰੋਜ਼ਗਾਰ ਦੇ
		ਮੌਕੇ ਵੀ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ ।
		Translated into English
	1140	CO1: Students will be able to understand the theoretical
	WO -	aspects of literary genre drama and theatre, as well
/	Silv	as understand the origin/outgrowth, development,
18	9// 21	and various trends of drama.
	11/6	CO2: By understanding the social, cultural, political and
ch of	1/60	economic conditions of the society through the
15	16/ 6	works of Punjabi dramatists, they are capable of
4	10	bringing changes in them if necessary.
5	6	CO3: Students are able to understand the
The !	(0)	interrelationship between drama and theatre.
	m	CO4: After reading the play, an interest in mutual
1.1	四	dialogue arises among the students. Creative skills
111	121	are imparted to the students
	12	CO5: Students develop a sense of teamwork.
1	101	CO6: Students are able to understand the difference
	1 TE	between drama and solitude.
		CO7: Students develop the ability to speak and act on
9	9 20	stage through the study of drama. With this, where
10	797	the skills of the students improve, they also get
	Yr	employment opportunities.
	The s	SEMESTER-IV
2388	ਪੇਪਰ 13 : ਭਾਸ਼ਾ	CO1: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਵਿਆਕਰਣ ਦੀ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ
	ਵਿਗਿਆਨ, ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ	ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
	ਅਤੇ ਗੁਰਮੁੱਖੀ ਲਿੱਪੀ	CO2: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੇ ਜਨਮ ਤੇ ਵਿਕਾਸ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ
		ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ।

		CO3: ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਦੇ ਇਤਿਹਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਭਾਰਤ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਮੇਂ-ਸਮੇਂ ਬੋਲੀਆਂ ਜਾਂਦੀਆਂ ਰਹੀਆਂ ਭਾਸ਼ਾਵਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨੂੰ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
	0	CO4: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸ਼ੁਧ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲਿਖਣ ਦੀ ਕਲਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਮੁਹਾਰਤ ਹਾਸਲ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।
	या पृष्ट	CO5: ਗੁਰਮੁੱਖੀ ਲਿਪੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਹਾਸਲ ਕਰਦੇ ਹਨ।
	MIO	Translation in English
/	5	CO1: Students obtain rich knowledge of Punjabi
18	1/1/2	grammar.
	11/6	CO2: Students gain knowledge about the birth and
ch of	1/20	development of Punjabi language.
Ki /	/ Fc.	CO3: The students get ample information about the
4	10	history of the language and the languages spoken
51	65	in India from time to time.
TE.	(0)	CO4: Students gain mastery in the art of correct writing
	mil	in Punjabi.
	四	CO5: Students learn about Gurmukhi script.
2389	Paper 14 ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾ ਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ	C01: ਲੋਕ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਕ੍ਰਿਤੀ-ਸੁਹਾਗ, ਘੋੜੀ, ਸਿੱਠਵੀ, ਹੇਅਰ, ਟੱਪਾ, ਲੰਮੀ ਬੋਲੀ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਸਾਂਝ ਪਾਉਣੀ।
Uno	The Man	ਕੀਰਨਾ, ਅਖਾਣ, ਮੁਹਾਵਰਾ-ਕਦੇ ਤੇ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਤੇ ਕਿਵੇਂ ਵਰਤਿਆ ਜਾਣਾ ਹੈ । ਕੀਰਨੇ ਕਿਵੇ ਤੇ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਇਲਾਕੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਾਏ ਜਾਦੇ ਹਨ। ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਬਾਰੇ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦੇਣੀ। CO2: ਬੁਝਾਰਤਾਂ, ਸਿੱਖ ਕਥਾਵਾਂ, ਦੰਤ ਕਥਾਵਾਂ, ਲੋਕ-ਕਹਾਣੀ ਪਰੀ ਕਥਾਵਾਂ, ਨੀਤੀ ਕਥਾਵਾਂ ਦੀ ਰੋਜ਼ਾਨਾ ਜਿੰਦਗੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਮਹੱਤਤਾ ਦੱਸਦੇ ਹੋਏ, ਪੁਰਾਤਨ ਸਮੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਇਹ ਕਥਾਵਾਂ ਮਨ ਪ੍ਰਚਾਵੇ ਦਾ ਪ੍ਰਮੁੱਖ ਸਾਧਨ ਸਨ। CO3:ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕ ਕਥਾ ਰੂਪਾਂ ਦੀ ਵਰਗਵੰਡ-ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕ-ਬਿਰਤਾਤ, ਲੋਕ ਰੂੜੀਆਂ ਤੇ ਲੋਕ-ਬਿਰਤਾਤ ਬਾਰੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦਿਆ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮੱਰਥ ਬਣਨ ਦੀ ਲਗਨ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ।

CO4: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕ-ਕਾਵਿ ਵਿਚ ਔਰਤ ਦੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ. ਲੋਕ ਕਾਵਿ ਦੇ ਪਮੱਖ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ (ਰੱਬ, ਮੌਤ, ਇਸ਼ਕ, ਪੇਕਾ ਤੇ ਸਹਰਾ ਪਰਿਵਾਰ) ਨੂੰ ਮੌਜਦਾ ਜਿੰਦਗੀ ਦੇ ਸੰਦਰਭ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੱਖ ਕੇ ਪੇਸ਼ ਕੀਤੀ ਹੈ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਇਨਾਂ, ਵਿਸ਼ਿਆਂ ਨਾਲ ਜੜਕੇ ਉਸ ਸਮੇਂ ਦੇ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਤਸਵੀਰ ਨੂੰ ਡੰਘਾਈ ਵਿੱਚ ਜਾ ਕੇ ਵੇਖਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO5: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕਧਾਰਾ, ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ, ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ ਪਰਿਵਰਤਨ ਅਤੇ ਲੋਕ ਸਾਹਿਤ ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨੂੰ ਅਕਾਦਮਿਕ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਈ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾ<mark>ਲ</mark> ਜੀਵਨ ਦੇ ਅਸਲੀ ਮਨੋਰਥ ਨੂੰ ਸੰਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਕਾਬਿਲ ਬਣਾਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ। CO6: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਲੋਕ ਕਾਵਿ ਵਿਚ ਔਰਤ ਦੀ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਪਰਾਤਨ ਤੇ ਆਧਨਿਕ ਸਧੰਰਭ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਮਝਣ ਦਾ ਮੌਕਾ ਮਿਲਦਾ ਹੈ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਪਤੀ ਜਾਗਰਕਤਾ ਤੇ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ ਸਧਾਰਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰੈਕਟੀਕਲੀ ਸਾਹਮਣੇ ਲਿਆਉਣ ਦੀ <mark>ਉਤਸਕਤਾ ਪੈਦਾ</mark> ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO7: ਅਖਾਣ ਤੇ <mark>ਮਹਾਵਰੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਫਰਕ</mark>, ਕੀਰਨੇ ਤੇ ਲੋਕ ਗੀਤਾਂ ਦੀ ਲੈਅ ਦੀ ਸਾਂਝ, ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਡੰਘਾਈ ਨਾਲ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕ<mark>ਰ</mark>ਨ ਦੀ ਲਗਨ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ। CO8:ਮਨੁੱਖ ਰਿਸ਼ਤਿਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਜਨਮ ਲੈਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਤੇ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਰਿਸ਼ਤਿਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਨਿਭਾ<mark>ਉਂਦਿਆਂ ਇਸ ਸੰਸਾਰ ਤੋਂ ਅਲਵਿਦਾ</mark> <mark>ਲੈ</mark> ਲੈਂਦਾ ਹੈ। <mark>ਰਿਸ਼ਤਿਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਪਿਆਰ</mark> ਤੇ ਮੋਹ <mark>ਬਰਕਰਾਰ ਰੱਖਣ ਲਈ ਸਹਿਣਸੀਲਤਾ ਦੀ ਲੋੜ ਪ੍</mark>ਤੀ ਜਾਗਰੁਕਤਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO9: ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਤੇ ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰ, ਸੱਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ <mark>ਪਰਿਵਰਤਨ ਅਤੇ ਲੋਕ ਸਹਿਤ</mark> ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐ<mark>ਨ</mark> ਕਰਨ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਜ਼ਿੰਦਗੀ ਜਿਉਣ ਤੇ ਨਿਭਾਉਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ the Man ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। Translation in English CO1: The students come to know about the nature of folk literature through the following genres: Suhag, Ghodi, Sitthavi, Hair, Tappa, Lambi boli. CO2: When, where and how to use Kirna, Akhan, Muhavara (Idioms)? How and in which region the custom of Kirna is in vogue? The students are

informed about them. CO3: While explaining the importance of Riddles, Sikh stories, mythology, folktales, fairy tales, and innovative tales in daily life, students are informed that these stories were the main means of entertainment in ancient times. CO4: The study of Punjabi folklore forms- traditions, rituals, customs and folktales enable the students to develop understanding of the Punjabi culture. CO5: The position of women in Punjabi folk poetry and the major themes of folk poetry (God, death, love, parentage and in-law family) have been presented in the context of current life so that students become able to look deeper into the cultural and social picture of that time. CO6: The study of Punjabi folklore, language and culture, cultural change and folk literature enables the student to understand the true purpose of life along with academic studies. CO7: Punjabi folk poetry provides an opportunity to analyze the position of women in ancient and modern contexts. It creates the awareness for culture and infuses curiosity among students to bring practicable social reforms. CO8: The difference between Akhan and Muhabara the Mar (idiom) and the similarity of the rhythm of kirane and folk songs instill in the student a desire to study the culture in depth. CO9: Man takes birth in relationships and leaves this world fulfilling these relationships. This creates an awareness of the need for tolerance to maintain love and affection in relationships.

		CO10 TIL + 1 C1 1 1 1 1
		CO10: The study of language and culture, cultural
		change and folk-literature prepares students to
		live life and perform duties.
2391	ਪੇਪਰ ਪੰਦਰਵਾਂ–ਆਧੁਨਿਕ	CO1: ਡਾ. ਜਗਤਾਰ ਦੀ ਪੁਸਤਕ 'ਪ੍ਰਵੇਸ ਦੁਆਰ' ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ
	ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਕਵਿਤਾ-II	ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਰਚਨ ਦੀਆ ਜੁਗਤਾਂ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ।
6	EWL9	CO2: ਪਾਸ ਦੀ ਪੁਸਤਕ 'ਸਾਡੇ ਸਮਿਆਂ ਵਿੱਚ' ਦਾ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜੀਵਨ ਅਨੁਭਵ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੁੰਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਸਮੇਂ ਚੱਲੀਆਂ ਕ੍ਰਾਂਤੀਕਾਰੀ ਲਹਿਰਾਂ ਦਾ ਗਿਆਨ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਹੂੰਦਾ ਹੈ।
to /	A. A	CO3: ਸੁਰਜੀਤ ਪਾਤਰ ਦੀ ਪੁਸਤਕ 'ਹਨੇਰੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੁਲਗਦੀ ਵਰਣਮਾਲਾ' ਵਿੱਚ ਮਨੁੱਖੀ ਹੋਂਦ ਦੀ ਪਛਾਣ ਦੇ ਮਸਲੇ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰਮੁੱਖਤਾ ਨਾਲ ਪ੍ਰਗਟਾਇਆ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ। ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਇਸ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਸਮਾਜ ਵਿੱਚ ਆਪਣੀ ਪਛਾਣ ਬਣਾਉਣ ਲਈ ਸ਼ੰਘਰਸ਼ਸ਼ੀਲ ਹੋਣ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰੇਰਨਾ ਮਿਲਦੀ ਹੈ।
C I	Modern Punjabi	Translated into English
TE.	Poetry-II	CO1: Dr. While studying Jaguar's book 'Praves Dwar',
	西	students get to know the tricks of poetry
	型	composition.
111	121	CO2: By studying the Chhau-02 passbook 'Sade
	TOWLE	Samyaan Mein', the students get life experience
	W.	and gain knowledge about the revolutionary
	LEI	movements that took place from time to time.
0.	2	CO3: In Surjit Patar's book 'Henere Mein Sulgadi
20	1 2101	Vranmala', the issue of the identity of human
~	94	existence is prominently expressed. Through the
	the Man	study of this book, the students are inspired to be
	Man	brave to make their identity in society.
	0 0	agemen
2392	Paper 16 Opt. 1 ਪੰਜਾਬੀ	CO1: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਵਿਧਾ ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਰੰਗਮੰਚ ਦੇ
	ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਰੰਗਮੰਚ ਦਾ	ਸਿਧਾਂਤਕ ਪਹਿਲੂਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਜਾਣਨ ਦੇ ਨਾਲ-ਨਾਲ ਨਾਟਕ ਦੀ
	ਅਧਿਐਨ	

ਉਤਪਤੀ/ਨਿਕਾਸ, ਵਿਕਾਸ ਅਤੇ ਵੱਖ-ਵੱਖ ਪ੍ਰਵਿਰਤੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ **।** CO2: ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਨਾਟਕਕਾਰਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਰਚਨਾਵਾਂ ਦੁਆਰਾ ਸਮਾਜ ਦੀਆਂ ਸਮਾਜਿਕ, ਸਭਿਆਚਾਰਕ, ਰਾਜਨੀਤਿਕ ਅਤੇ ਆਰਥਿਕ ਪ੍ਰਸਥਿਤੀਆਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝ ਕੇ ਲੋੜ ਪੈਣ 'ਤੇ ਇਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਬਦਲਾਵ ਲਿਆਉਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। CO3: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਰੰਗਮੰਚ ਦੇ ਆਪਸੀ ਸੰਬੰਧਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦ<mark>ੇ ਸ</mark>ਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ । CO4: ਨਾਟਕ ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਉਪਰੰਤ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਆਪਸੀ <mark>ਵਾਰਤਾਲਾਪ ਦੀ ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਹ</mark>ੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ । ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਰਚਨਾਤਮਕ ਹੁਨਰ ਦਾ ਸੰਚਾਰ <mark>ਹੁੰਦਾ</mark> ਹੈ । CO5: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਸਮੂ<mark>ਹਿਕ ਰੂਪ ਵਿ</mark>ਚ <mark>ਕਾਰ</mark>ਜ ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਭਾਵਨਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੈ। CO6: ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਨਾਟਕ ਅਤੇ ਇਕਾਂਗੀ ਵਿਚਲੇ ਅੰਤਰ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੇ ਸਮਰੱਥ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ **।** CO7: ਨਾਟਕ ਦੇ ਅਧਿਐਨ ਰਾਹੀ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਮੰਚ ਉੱਪਰ ਬੋਲਣ ਅਤੇ ਕੰਮ <mark>ਕਰਨ ਦੀ ਸਮਰੱਥਾ</mark> ਪੈ<mark>ਦਾ ਹੰ</mark>ਦੀ ਹੈ । ਇਸ ਨਾਲ ਜਿਥੇ <mark>ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਹਨਰ ਵਿਚ</mark> ਨਿਖਾ<mark>ਰ ਆ</mark>ਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਉਥੇ ਰੋਜ਼ਗਾਰ ਦੇ ਮੌਕੇ ਵੀ ਪਾਪਤ ਹੁੰਦੇ ਹਨ। Translated into English CO1: Students will know the theoretical aspects of literary genre drama and theater as well as the er the Mar origin/outgrowth, development, and various trends of drama. CO2: By understanding the social, cultural, political and economic conditions of the society through the works of Punjabi dramatists, they are capable of bringing changes in them if necessary. CO3: Students are able to understand the

interrelationship between drama and theatre.

CO4: After reading the play, an interest in mutual dialogue arises among the students. Creative skills are imparted to the students.

CO5: Students develop a sense of teamwork.

CO6: Students are able to understand the difference between drama and solitude.

CO7: Students develop the ability to speak and act on stage through the study of drama. With this, where the skills of the students improve, they also get employment opportunities.

M.A. (POLITICAL SCIENCE)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs) This programme enhances the knowledge and creates the research the aptitude about political phenomena of local to global context. After the program, the students will be able to: PO1: develop subject capabilities by trying to infuse and build social awareness of social responsibilities, understanding of contemporary issues, democratic values, inclusive, tolerance, and secularism, awareness of individual rights, duties and constitutional provisions and understanding of er the Ma Indian foreign policies and international issues and relations PO2: apply disciplinary or interdisciplinary learning across multiple contexts, integrating knowledge and practices. Effectively apply comparative, critical and analytical skills in reading and writing to address significant issues of the political world. PO3: develop an exciting and supportive learning

environment that is conducive to high quality research and related learning activities including debates, seminars and lectures. PO4: develop a set of core skills in students to work with efficiency in the areas of teacher education, technology of teaching, educational administration and supervision. PO5: increase awareness of career options available in the public and private sectors with postgraduate degree in political science. Also to make aware about its value as entry in politics, administrative services, teaching positions, legal education and various other fields. PO6: demonstrate the quality to lead a team, country and format or an informal organization. The capacity to perform duties, effective planning and management, ability to interact effectively with people and also identifying and setting achievable goals, developing necessary strategies and outlining the tasks and schedules on how to achieve the set goals. PO7: understand the complex and diverse social Realities, and go for advanced education, academic research, inclusive education, social and gender justice. the Ma PO8: perform the professional roles in state and society, such as political leader, educationalist and political analysts, Social Worker, Public Relations Assistant and Campaign Staffer and so on.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

After the program, the students can:

PSO1: have a firm foundation in the history of ideas as

well as the more significant epistemological challenges in the social sciences through this program. PSO2: engage themselves with the undercurrents of political practice and developmental process. PSO3: critically reflect on the contemporary developments. Courses on comparative politics and international relations provide an overview of political developments at the global level. Comparative analysis not only helps in understanding the patterns of institutionalism, democratization and development in various polities but also provide a framework for explaining variations. PSO4: pursue specialized courses like human rights, peace and conflict studies and state politics introduces the students to certain new dimensions of politics. By doing these courses, students develop a solid footing over the vast field of knowledge in the discipline that also in a way encourages them to undertake future research in these unconventional areas of political science. PSO5: pursue career options in higher studies in fields related to public policy, international politics and law, gender studies, development studies, Environmental and sustainable development, law and survey research.

SEMESTER-I		
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES

3164	Western Political	After the course, the students will be able to:
	thought-1	CO1: describe the dominant features of Ancient Western
		Political Thought: Ancient Greek political thought
		with focus on Aristotle and Plato; Roman Political
	- 115	Thought: its contributions with special emphasis on
	12 4	the emergence of Roman law.
	MIC	CO2: examine the features of Medieval Political Thought.
		CO3: evaluate the Renaissance; political thought of
10	7/// 2	Reformation; and Machiavelli.
	11/6	CO4: critically examine Bodin's contributions to the
ch of	1/60/	theory of Sovereignty; Hobbes as the founder of the
161	1/40/	science of materialist politics; Locke as the founder
10/1	10	of Liberalism with focus on his views on natural
51	65	rights, property and consent; and Rousseau's views
TE.	10	on Freedom and Democracy; Bentham's
	E	Utilitarianism; and John S <mark>tuart Mi</mark> ll's v <mark>ie</mark> ws on
	m	liberty and representative government.
	171	CO5: take an insight into the following: Hegel's views on
	1151	Civil Society and State; Utopian and Scientific
	10	socialism: basic characteristics.
	Do Win	CO6: examine the varieties of non-Marxist socialism:,
	VA CE	Syndicalism, Guild Socialism, German
0	-	Revisionism
3165	Key Concepts in	After doing this course, the student will be able to:
9	Political Analysis	CO1: discern the conceptual debates which underlie
	th	political phenomena.
	10 11-	CO2: explain the key concepts needed to understand the
	the Man	political phenomenon.
		CO3: develop an understanding of the basic concepts in
		political theory and engage in critical analysis of the
		subject.
		CO4: develop an understanding of the basic concepts in

		political theory and engage in critical analysis of the
		subject.
		CO5: describe what is power and how does it operate in
	100	society and politics.
		CO6: dwell upon contemporary theories and views of
	V 713	scholars creating a deeper understanding and gain
	10	knowledge.
	m	CO7: explain different approaches to politics and build
<i>/</i>	9//5	their own understanding of politics.
3166	Indian Politics:	After the course, the students can:
~ 0/	Institutions at Work	CO1: describe about the Constitution of India, important
To 1	//Cc/	debates and the way the institutions have worked
10/	10	over the last more than six and half decades.
玉二	6	CO2: describe the working of Indian political system and
Te		evaluate the basic strengths and weaknesses of the
	5	Indian political system through the application of
	l iiii l	political concepts and idea
	17	CO3: explain about the political philosophy, institutions,
	11 5	and processes in India with respect to various levels
	11/2	of government.
	W.	CO4: explain about the working of Political parties and
	VALE	the way party politics in India has taken shape
	The same of the sa	under diverse social settings.
1	7 212	CO5: explain about constitutional Development in India.
-0	0.	Institutions of governance in India. Learn about
	the Man	leadership and decision-making process in India.
	17011	Aware about working of Administration in India.
	Man	CO6: critically evaluate the Indian Party system – its
	-11	development and looking at the ideology of
		dominant national parties.
		CO7: evaluate the Electoral Process in India with focus
		on the Election Commission: Composition,

		Functions and Role.
3167	International Relations: An Historical Overview	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about scope and subject matter of
	12	SEMESTER-II
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
3170	Western Political Thought (ii)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the diverse intellectual political traditions in the west. CO2: describe the conceptual debate of fundamental political ideas in the west. CO3: critically analyze the political philosophy of western political thinkers. CO4: explain the development of Post Marxist ideology. CO5: discuss the central themes, concepts and ideas on the development of the contemporary tradition of

		western political thought.
		CO6: analyze the ideology in terms of empirical realism
		and apply these ideologies to the assessment of
		some current economic debate
3171	Comparative Politics-I:	After completing the course students will be able to:
	Understanding	CO1: develop a detailed understanding of theory and
	Advanced Industrial Societies	methods of comparative politics.
	Societies	CO2: explain the different models of political system and
/	9//5	the way political dynamics have changed and
~	11/16	shaped societies from time to time.
(0)	11/20/	CO3: explain the basic concepts and approaches of
2 /	// Cc /	Comparative Politics.
10	12/	CO4: critically evaluate the problems and relevance of
天二	6 45	Comparative Politics.
TE !	SI	CO5: analyze contemporary issues and challenges before
		the state and Constitutionalism from the
	1 1111	comparative Perspective.
3172	Indian Politics:	After the completion of the course, the students can:
	Political Processes	CO1: develop a comprehensive understanding of political
		institutions and their functions in India.
	11/2	CO2: gain insights into the interconnections between
-	SON I C	social and economic relations and the political
9	725	process in India.
70	199	CO3: explain the challenges arising due to caste, class,
	9,	gender and religious diversities and also analyze the
	Cha	changing nature of the Indian state in the light of
	the Man	these diversities.
	"idn	CO4: comprehend Indian politics beyond structural and
		constitutional perspectives.
		CO5: grasp Indian Politics in its entirety. The course will
		consolidate the knowledge base of the students
		about the dynamism of Indian Politics.

		COC. avaloin the dialectical value and in the terror of
		CO6: explain the dialectical relationship between the
		Indian politics and its social universe.
3173	Theories of	After the course, the students can:
	International Relations	CO1: explain the major theories in IR, covering the entire
	- 115	disciplinary spectrum from mainstream approaches
	2 4	such as realism, liberalism and constructivism to
	MIC	critical approaches such as post-colonialism,
	2	postmodernism and feminism. Whereas the course
10	7//. 2	content remains largely theoretical, both historical
	11/5	and contemporary practices are taken as illustrative
OF 1	1/60/	examples, particularly illuminating non-Western
151	1/6/ 6	perspectives.
4	10	CO2: think creatively and critically in search of 'global'
5	65	International Relations that is inclusive of non-
TE.	(0)	Western perspectives and traditions
	mil	CO3: explain the evolving nature of international
1.	m	systems, institution and processes.
	171	CO4: undertake academic assignments and research
	1151	projects related with international issues which are
	10	becoming very salient in today's globalized world.
	Do Win	CO5: acquire grounding in the academic debates and
	12	research literature in the field of international
0	2	relations (IR), and understood how to apply key
2	270	theories and concepts of IR to global and regional
9	Q.	issues.
	the Man	CO6: significant developments in contemporary
	10 111-	international relations.
	wan	CO7: develop practical skills relevant to a career in
		international affairs, including in academia,
		research, international organizations, government,
		media and NGOs.

3174	Approaches to the	After the course, the students can:
	Study of International	CO1: explain about the contemporary international
		Politics.
		CO2: acquire grounding in the academic debates and
	- 115	research literature in the field of international
	4	relations (IR), and understood how to apply key
	Mic	theories and concepts of IR to global and regional
	2.	issues.
10	7/// 2	CO3: explain about different approaches which are
100	1115	applied in international relations.
OF 1	1/20	CO4: explain about the historical origins, key debates
151	16	and emerging Trends in the discipline.
5/1	10.	SEMESTER-III
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
3176	Indian Political	After the course, the students can:
	Thought-I	CO1: explain the sources of Indian Political Philosophy.
		CO2: explain the relevant contributions of Indian Political
		Philosophy to the realm of political thought.
		CO3: describe the various philosophical underpinning of
	1 TE	political ideologies in India.
		CO4: demonstrate knowledge and understanding of basic
9	7 20	concepts of ancient and medieval Indian political
0	10	thought that are prevalent traditions of thought in
	F 51	India and develop a comparative understanding of
	1000	Indian and western political thought.
3177	Comparative Politics	After the course, the students can:
	(II): Understanding Developing Societies	CO1: get familiar with the debates on key concepts and
	Developing Societies	theoretical perspectives in comparative politics.
		CO2: use conceptual tools to understand new
		developments in political experiences across the

	T	
		world in a historical, sociological, political
		economy, and institutional perspectives.
		CO3: develop a thorough understanding among students
		on how to study politics comparatively, that is,
		understand similarities and differences in political
	47 713	experiences
	MIG.	CO4: describe about the function and role of the state.
3188	Comparative Political	After the course, the students can:
12	Systems with Special Reference to USA, UK,	CO1: critically analyze the features of a liberal democratic
	China, Japan and	and socialist political system with focus on UK,
~ 0/	Switzerland Switzerland	USA and the People's Republic of China.
E	//Cc./	CO2: apply different approaches to explain the
10	10	functioning of different types of governing regimes.
天二	6	CO3: critically reflect on critical aspects of electoral
TE !	SEEKK	democracy that includes functioning of parties and
		the relation between representation and democracy.
		CO4: conduct an intensive comparative study of the
		Executive (UK, USA, Japan and Switzerland);
		Legislature (UK, USA and the PRC); the Judiciary
1	11/2	(UK, USA and PRC).
	Oh,	CO5: critically look at the rights of the citizens of
,	1 VE	UK, USA and PRC from a comparative
1		perspective.
5	7 20	Sed (U'
3179	International Organization (Option-	After the course, the students can:
	A)	CO1: describe the contemporary relevance of the UN and
	Char	its relationship with other IGOs
	'ne Man	CO2: contextualize recent international crises and their
	· · · all	resolution.
		CO3: represent the country in diplomatic circles, armed
		with the proper knowledge of international
		organizations.
		CO4: describe the working of international organizations
	•	·

		and regional organizations. Aware about the global challenges. CO5: analyze the role of U.N. and regional organizations
3180	Transnational Actors in International Politics (Option-B)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the limitations of state-centric framework and emergence of transnational actors. CO2: explain about the different types of transnational actors in International Politics CO3: critically analyze the Post-War Economy and the International Monetary System CO4: explain about the Cartelization of Natural Resources in the Age of Globalization and Issues and challenges in international environmental politics.
3181	Politics of Development in India(Option-C)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the concepts of Development, meaning and changing conceptions. Economic growth. Human development. Sustainable development. CO2: explain about Development Strategies and State Policies in India. CO3: critically analyze the Socio-Economic Problems and Developmental Issues in India. CO4: explain about Globalization, Changing Policies, Strategies and their implications in India.
3182	Peace and Conflict Resolution (Option-D)	After the course, the students can: CO1: enhance their analytical ability by learning about different models employed in conflict resolution. CO2: develop analytical outlook in conflict resolution on equitable, cooperative and non-violent techniques of conflict resolution and transformation.

		CO3: deliberate on peace movements across the world and
		especially in war torn regions will help students
		develop independent perspective on conflict
		resolution.
		CO4: describe issues like migration, information flow and
	A 713	normative concepts will augment students,
	119.	understanding and knowledge.
	m	CO5: explain about negotiation and mediation skill for
	0, // 15	conflict resolution through active listening, different
70	11/10	tracks of diplomacy and Gandhian methods.
10)	11/8/	CO6: resolve issues of national security and conflict
7 1	1/80/	studies.
3183	Pathinking Coopolities	A from the government the students com-
3163	Rethinking Geopolitics: Critical Perspectives	After the course, the students can: CO1: rethink and radicalize its components 'geo' and
The l	(Option-E)	
~	S	'politics' so that the self-evident character and
	四	nuance of the sign 'geopolitics' can be
		conceptualized and pluralized.
		CO2: explain about Twenty-First Century Geopolitics
	1121	specially USA, Russia, India and Pakistan
	10,	CO3: enhance their understanding of The Geopolitics of
	DI WIL	Global Dangers of Terror.
	SON LE	CO4: develop critical understanding about Geopolitics,
0	2	anti-geopolitics, social movements and alternative
2	270	political geographies
3184	Theories of	After the course, the students can:
	Development (Option-	CO1: explain about theories of modernization. Neoliberals
	F)	and globalization, role of the state, welfare and
	wan	redistribution.
		CO2: analyse Dependency, Underdevelopment and world
		system
		CO3: develop critical understanding about Impact of
		Postmodernism on Development studies and the
		2 35 modernism on 20 recognism studies and the

		Post development rejection of Development. CO4: explain about challenges before development like Aid, Role of Non-government Organizations and International Agencies, Displacement and Poverty
	250	etc.
3185	Public International Law-I (Option-G)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about international law and its role and significance in international politics and relations. CO2: explain about various disputes in international relations and various settlement means. CO3: describe about General Laws of Warfare in international politics. CO4: explain about different International Transactions Diplomatic Agents and Treaties.
3186	Democracy In India (Option A)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about Indian democracy in historical context. CO2: identify the need to accommodate social and cultural diversity in a democracy. They enable to understand how a democracy promotes acceptance of diversity. CO3: appreciate democracy forms for equality and dignity of all citizens. CO4: explain the institutional aspects of democracy and how institutions function within a constitutional framework in India. CO5: delve into how democracy as a model of governance can be complimented by institution building.
3187	Government & Politics of India's Neighbours (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka) (Option B)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain how India's foreign policy evolved toward its neighboring countries. CO2: explain about Internal Conflict in South Asia:

		Course and Dymonics
		Causes and Dynamics.
		CO3: analyse bilateral relations and multilateral SAARC.
		CO4: critically analyze India's policy toward its
		neighbours; and identify the key issues that strain
	255	India's bilateral relations with its neighbors.
3188	Women and Politics in India (Option C)	After the course, the students can: CO1: apply knowledge as emerging global citizens by
	m	
	0, // 18	considering options for contributing to positive
70	1/1/2	change.
10)	11/4 1	CO2: analyze the complex and gendered social, economic,
OL /	1/40	and political aspects of globalization that
15	1/6/	disproportionately disadvantage and impact women
2	10	in various locations around the world.
5	65	CO3: recognize key women's human rights defenders who
TE.	SE	have made an important contribution to furthering
		the rights of women and girls.
	l mil	CO4: analyze key issues affecting women through a
	171	transnational feminist perspective, including
	11 51	immigration, education, maternal health,
1	11/2	globalization, economics, and gender-based
	all our	violence.
3189	Rights: Ideas and	After the course, the students can:
3109	Movements (Option D)	Olim Olim Olim Olim Olim Olim Olim Olim
5		CO1: explain about the rights which generally they should
0	19	act as a vigilant citizen of the country.
	Cr s.	CO2: take an analytic and critical stance and deal with
	the Man	questions of how rights affect social and political
	"d Man	processes
	ग्या	CO3: identify issues and problems relating to the
		realization of human rights.
		CO4: develops investigative and analytical skills.
		CO5: develop expertise in the field of human rights
		CO6: identify, contextualize and use information about
	I	

		the human rights situation in a given country.
3190	Nationalism : Theory and Context (Option E)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the basic conceptual tools for approaching the study of nationalism. CO2: draw on theoretical understandings of nationalism to understand complex, substantive case material. CO3: develop an in-depth knowledge of a major topic within the field of nationalism studies. CO4: develop their independent research skills, in particular surveying literatures and developing thematically organised bibliographies around chosen topics. CO5: explain the role of different cultural and political organizations and ideologies which contributed to the freedom movement of India significantly.
3191	New Political Geography in Comparative Perspective (Option F)	After the course, the students can: CO1: examine the geopolitical economy of so-called 'resource wars', that is armed conflicts revolving to a significant degree over the pursuit or possession of critical materials.
3192	Policies and Politics of Development in India (Option G)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain about the development strategies and their impact on industrial and agricultural sphere. CO2: explain about development policies and planning in India since independence.
3193	Public Administration (Option H)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain the concepts and theories on motivation, leadership and conflict management in the organization. CO2: explain the journey of discourse in public administration in the sense that how the old public

		<u>, </u>
		administration view was contested by the idea of
		new public administration and subsequently the
		discourse moved beyond that and started talking
		about New Public Management and New Public
		Service.
	V 713	CO3: make a difference between the public administration
	TO .	and private administration.
	Van	CO4: explain about the traditional and emerging theories
	0,1/5	and principles of public administration. This would
70	11/10	also acquaint them with changing management
10)	11/8/	practices in the light of expanding public works and
THE	1/18	the need for greater collaboration with non-state
	15	agencies.
	12.	CO5: describe the pre-requisites for effective and just
		administration at various levels.
-	S	CO6: explain about evolution and development of Indian
1	四	Administration.
	17	CO7: analyze the working of Indian Administration.
	15	SEMESTER-IV
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
	A CAR	DOE CERV
3196	Indian Political Thought-II	After the course, the students can:
9		CO1: demonstrate and familiarize with main ideas of the
0	19	key Indian Political Thinkers. Analyze and compare
	cre.	the ideas and theories of Modern India Political
	the Man	Thinkers.
		CO2: answer why Gandhi favored Swadeshi and why he
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	became the critique of modern Industrial
		Civilization.
		CO3: explain Vivekanand's criticism of the West and
		•

		and critiquing Christianity and Islam on the issue of
		religious conversion.
		CO4: explain about the critical issues of Indian Political
		thought and debate them for knowing Indian
		tradition for building of Modern India and better
	7 118	future. It will help students to understand the
	19, 2	Indian society and polity in better way.
	ATT.	W.
3197	Foreign Policy of India	After the course, the students can:
10	1/1/2	CO1: explain about the India's world view, geopolitical
10)	11/4/	vision, and key principles and New Frontiers of
0/ /	//An	Indian Foreign Policy and Diplomacy.
[Hay	1/5/	CO2: analyse about geostrategic and economic, foreign
	10.	policy and diplomacy which helps students
	62	understanding contemporary issues and problems in
Tr.	(0)	relations with other countries.
	SEXTO	CO3: describe the international events and foreign policy
		issues and developments in Indian Foreign Policy
		approaches.
		CO4: do research and join in many think tanks and
		research organizations.
	Do Win	CO5: engage in the debates on Indian foreign policy.
3198	Parties and Electoral	After the course, the students can:
0	Politics in India (Option A)	CO1: explain the origin and ideologies of main national
2		parties of India especially the BJP, The CPM, and
60	94	the Indian National Congress.
	14	CO2: explain how the regional parties emerged and how
	the Man	their emergence challenged the hegemony of the
		national party like Indian the National Congress.
		CO3: explain the transformation in the nature of the
		regional parties in India.
		CO4: decode the election manifestoes of political parties
		and explain in what ways they converge and diverge
		1

		on policy issues and programs
		on policy issues and programs.
		CO5: explain the New Social Movements, NGOs and their
		impact on political parties.
3199	State Politics in India	After the course, the students can:
	(Option B)	CO1: explore the multiple dimensions of state as well as
	11 40	sub-state level politics in India in a comparative
	who -	perspective.
	3111	CO2: describe the federal process in India, the issues
	7///	underlying political dynamics of regions, the
	11/6	changing power relations between centre and states
~ 0/	1160	over a period of time and the nature of party system
7.	//Cc./	and electoral politics at the state level.
10 /	10	CO3: explain about the Dalit and Backward Classes
5	65	Movements
TE !	SE	CO4: explain what the key issues are in State politics.
		CO5: explain Agrarian Politics in the States such as
	一一	Green Revolution, Farmers' Movements.
3200	Decentralized	After the course, the students can:
11	Governance and Local Level Institutions in India (Option C)	CO1: observe the history and legislations of
		decentralization in India from pre independence to
	11/1/2	the passage of 73rd and 74th amendment Act.
	SON TE	CO2: explain about challenges of Governance at the local
Und	22	level-autonomy, finance, personnel, participation.
	270	CO3: explain about Growth, Development and
	On.	functioning of Panchayati Raj Institution from
	Ch-	independence to present.
	the Man	CO4: explain regarding the concept of decentralization
		and devolution of power in India.
		CO5: explain about the various constitutional provisions
		and statutes pertains to decentralized governance
		in the country.

2501	D 111 1 C 1 1	
3201	Political Sociology With Special Peferance	After the course, the students can:
	With Special Reference to India (Option D)	CO1: gain insights into the interconnections between
		social and economic relations and the political
		process in India.
	SWIGL AS	CO2: explain about the challenges arising due to caste,
		class, gender and religious diversities and also
		analyze the changing nature of the Indian state in
		the light of these diversities.
	7///	CO3: explain about the emergence of social movements in
	11/60	response to the development policies adopted by
~ 0/		successive governments.
E	// Kc / 1	CO4: create awareness of the different trajectories of
10 /	10	specific social movements in India, their demands
天儿	6	and successes.
TE !		CO5: analyze social problems and understanding social
	2	dynamics.
3202	Representing 'India':	After the course, the students can:
3202	Geopolitical Imaginations (Option	CO1: explain about the historical background of Indian
		politics.
1	E)	CO2: analyze The Indian Diaspora and dilemmas of
	The Win	Migration.
	VALE	CO3: explain about Crisis of Secularism and Changing
	and in	contours of minority politics in India.
70	2 212	CO4: explain about some of the critical issues like Rise
	0.	of Hindutva and the Search for Alternative
	1 11	Geopolitical Imaginations.
	170 110	1013
3203	Dalit Movements and Issues In India (Option	After the course, the students can:
	F)	CO1: explain about the politics of the oppressed sections
		of society as expressed through a search for identity
		and through movements.
	İ	CO2: analyze how the Dalit movement is following

	Γ	
		Ambedkar's idea of "Educate, Unite and Agitate". CO3: explain about development concepts and debates and the perspective of Dalit identity.
	मारा प्र	CO4: explain about Reservation policy and Politics of Inclusion in India in better way. CO5: evaluate the programmes and policies designed to rectify the forms of social injustice.
3204	Feminist Political Theory (Option A)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain how different schools have understood patriarchy and feminist questions differently. CO2: explain the origin, evolution and key issues which are at the core of the feminist movement both in Anglo-American world and India. CO3: explain the Women position in contemporary Society. CO4: explain how the immense contribution that women make to the family are neglected in computation. CO5: analyze the various theories on gender and evaluate how gender identities are constructed.
3205	Major Themes in Recent Political Philosophy (Option B)	After the course, the students can: CO1: explain the development concepts and debates and the perspective of engendering development. CO2: explain the theoretical background of the concept Neoliberalism and Post Marxism.
3206	Readings in the philosophy of resistance and liberation (Option C)	After the course, the students can: CO1: employ philosophical texts to explain why a philosophical problem is significant and to critically evaluate attempts to solve a problem. CO2: reconstruct and critically evaluate philosophical arguments in written form.

3207	Contemporary Debates In The 20th Century Marxism (Option D)	After the course, the students can:
		CO1: examine the Marxist engagement with critical issues
	Wankishi (Option D)	Capitalism, Colonialism, Socialism and
		Environmental Degradation.
	EWLOL AZ	CO2: correlate the concept of Feminism and Marxism.
		CO3: critically evaluate the ideology of Marxism,
		Marxist thinkers and their major ideals and
		enables the students to think about its relevance
10		and possibilities in the cotemporary world.
3208	Introducing Federalism	After the course, the students can:
2/	(Option E)	CO1: explain about the federal process in India and the
15	15/0	changing power relations between centre and states
4	10.	over a period of time and the nature of party system
FALL		and electoral politics at the state level.
т.	(0)	CO2: explain about the sources of these concepts and
	m	their historical development.
	E TOWN	CO3: use these concepts in order to critically research,
		analyses, and evaluate major issues in federalism.
		CO4: develop skills for research, argument, and analysis
		in order to effectively communicate their own
		perspectives on key concepts and issues in
	E CONTRACTOR	federalism.
3209	Public International law-II (Option F)	After the course, the students can:
		CO1: explain both the legal and political aspects of
		international decisions and events.
		CO2: explain about the system of public international law
		which regulates relations between actors on the
		global stage.
		CO3: examine the operation and application of
		international law in practical contexts.
		CO4: develop effective skills, both orally and in writing,
	I	

in the construction of legal argument and the
independent and self-directed analysis on issues of
international law.

M.A. (HISTORY)

4 116	INN OLLS
PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	After this program, the student will be able to:
m	PO1: comprehend the connectivity between the past and
R. /s	the present and stress the need for understanding the
10/1/10	post to comprehend the present.
0///4/	PO2: state the need to understand the significance of
7 // As'	individuals in promotion of an effective state and
K) // = / 0	society.
4 11 2 (PO3: describe about the current Affairs with a special
RALL ST	reference to international disputes and their impact
1 0	on the chaotic world.
	PO4: promote the skills required like critical thinking and
	objective understanding for becoming a scientific
111121	historian.
11112	PO5: gain an effective communication of the History of
111011	the world, Nation and the state in order to leave a
VIE	clear understanding regarding the connectivity
To Tall	between different parts of the world.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

After the completion of the program, the students will be able to:

PSO1: reflect deeply on history knowledge and historical debates.

PSO2: use a wide range of bibliographical codes to locate and critically evaluate and appreciate sources and materials for the advanced study of history.

	PSO3: locate and critically evaluate archival, printed or
	electronic source material for the investigation of
	specific historical questions.
	PSO4: formulate and sustain independent historical
0	arguments, to provide appropriate evidence to
रा पुर	support them, including quantitative and virtual
100	evidence, and to reference the sources of the
200	evidence used.
100	PSO5: respond constructively to debate and criticism.
6///60	PSO6: describe the significance of historiographical
-01/1/20	developments since the professionalisation of the
2 ///20/ 5	discipline and their relevance to a student's
0 112	specialist area of study.
F. 116 65	PSO7: describe the epistemological and methodological
II.	distinctiveness of the history as a discipline, and
11181	an ability to reflect the significance, and an
l limil	ability to reflect on the significance of the
	influence of other disciplines on the
	development of historical method.
	PSO8: evaluate critically scholarly writing in history
	and to undertake informed source Criticism.
LEI	GE SER
	AL OF

SEMESTER-III		
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
HIS-123	Paper-1 Punjabi in the Nineteenth Century (Compulsory)	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: assess British policy and programme in Punjabi and study the construction of state. CO2: critically examine and evaluate administration, social, cultural, economic development as well as

		social religious resurgence in the province between 1849-1901. CO3: explain about the annexation of Punjab by the Britishers after Ranjit Singh.
HIS-421	Paper-2 Opt-2 Feudal Society in Western Europe	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the social history of medieval western Europe. CO2: describe about structure changes that are examined in the context of impingements in agricultural and industrial production besides the expansion of trade. CO3: explain the methods of historical analysis that were delivered by Marc Bloch, Henri Pirenne and parry.
HIS-411	Paper-2 Opt-3 History of Capitalism	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: trace the broad patterns in the history of capitalism since it's rise in the sixteenth century through its emergency as the most powerful CO2: describe about the rise of industrial capital 1750 to 1914 with special reference to cotton textile, coal, steam, germ and steel. CO3: explain about great power rivalry in Europe and imperialism in the industrial era.
HIS-412	Paper-2 Opt- 4 Rise and Growth of Colonialism in India	After completion of this course, the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the broad trends in the rise and growth of colonialism and its specific form in India in modern times. CO2: explain about East India Company and Mercantilism Colonialism (1754-1813), freetrade

	T	1010 1070 1
		1813-1858, Impact on agriculture.
		CO3: explain about finance imperialism 1858-1947, The
		Indian capitalist class, The nationalist Economic
		Agitation.
	0	CO4: describe about impact of colonialism on
	11 YE	India after 1947.
HIS-432	Paper-3&4 Opt- 1)	After completion of this course, the students will be
/	Cultural History of	able to:
18	Ancient India	CO1: examine the cultural history of ancient India.
	11/6	CO2: explain about the Sanskrit and Pali literature i.e.
~		Vedic corpus, Puranas & Epics, Pali literature,
E	//c/	Sangam literature.
10 //	10	CO3: explain about art and architecture of Ancient
云.11	65	Indian, Sculpture and painting of Ancient India.
Te a	1 5	CO4: describe about interpretations and perspectives i.e.
	5	Indian Art to various theories, Study of the
	Till I	Vishnudhara Purana-Chitralakshana.
HIS-604	Paper- 3&4 Opt- 2)	After completion of this course, the students will be
	Sacred Centres In	able to:
	Indian Civilization	CO1: explain about the evolutionary, functional and
	Do Win	Financial aspects of the sacred places of major
	TO LEI	systems of religious beliefs which served as
6		important centres of pilgrimage.
7	220	CO2: explain about major religions systems like
0	0.	Vaishnavism, Shaivism, Shaktism, and Sikhism
,	11	reflect the multi-cultural character of the Indian
	170 11-	Subcontinent.
	Wan	Subcontinent.
HIS-424	Paper- 3&4 Opt- 3)	After completion of this course, the students will be
	Medieval Indian	able to:
	Art and Monuments	CO1: describe about the architectural monuments
		Constructed during the mediaeval period.
	•	•

	T	
		CO2: explain about each of the Muslim dynasties which
		established itself in the Indian subcontinent created
		its own architectural style and bequeathed a wealth
		of outstanding secular and religious buildings.
	0	CO3: explain about the developments in painting,
	1148	dance and Music.
HIS-601	Paper- 3&4 Opt- 4)	After completion of this course, the students will be
/	Gender Relations	able to:
18	in Modern India.	CO1: explain about the subject of gender, Women's
	11/6	roles, rights, economics and Women's studies.
~		CO2: explain about gender relations in Indian History.
E	//C./	CO3: describe about strategies employed post-
10 //	10	independence to better the condition of Women.
HIS-263	Paper- 3&4 Opt- 10)	After completion of this course, the students will be
TE.	Contemporary	able to:
	India 1947-1992	CO1: introduce to the major strands in the history of
1	m	contemporary India.
	171	CO2: explain about the making of the Constitution,
	15	debates on its nature and changes made to it.
1	110	CO3: explain about the emergency of 1975.
	Ja Wis	CO4: describe about political and economic relations
	LEI	with the World.
6	· Com	CO5: explain about Depressed classes, tribals and
2	2 20	Women, Social Changes: Changing patterns of
9	0.	assertion by Marginalized groups.
	16	
	170 44	SEMESTER-IV
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOME
HIS-126	Paper-1 Punjabi in The	After completing the course, the students will be able to:
	Twentieth Century (Compulsory)	CO1: describe about the history of Punjab from 1966 focusing on how the agrarian policies and legislations
•	•	

	त्वा पृष्ट	passed by the British Raj in their years affected the Punjab peasant. CO2: describe how the discontentment led the peasants to join the National Movement which Gandhi spearheaded. CO3: Enabling the students to know about the partition of Punjab in the various phases is discussed and how the provide was further bifurcated in 1966.
HIS-911	Paper-2 Opt-1 History and Historiography	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: state the meaning and nature of history and interpretation in history. CO2: state about critical and comprehensive manners. CO3: state about emerging new trends with special reference to feminist history.
HIS-912	Paper-2 opt-2) History and Historical method	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: state about the meaning and nature of history. CO2: state about the value of interpretation in history. CO3: state the scope of history, history and archaeology, history and geography, demography and economics.
HIS-720	Paper-3&4 opt - 1 Religious and social processes in ancient India	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: state the role of society processes in the shaping of the religious discourse and philosophical speculation in relation to Brahmanism. CO2: describe about schisms and philosophical differences between Buddhism and Jainism. CO3: explain about Hindu Philosophical schools i.e. Shankhya, Mimamsa and Vedanta. CO4: Provide knowledge to the students about Puranic Hinduism.

HIS-438	Paper-3&4 Opt-2 Buddhism in India	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the ancient time. CO2: explain about Atharva Veda and its major school. CO3: describe about hinayana and Mahayana and their major schools. CO4: explain about the emergence of Vajrayana and Tantrayana. CO5: describe about the origin and growth of Bnddhist arts, architectural features of stupas and the Chatayas
HIS-428	Paper-3&4 Opt-3 Religious Developments in Medieval India.	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: describe about the developments in different religions systems during the medieval period of median history. CO2: state about the continuity and change within the Shaira, Shakta and Vaishnava System. CO3: explain about Krishna bhakti and its regional manifestation in Maharashtra, Bangla, Bassan, Rajasthan And Gujarat.
HIS-426	Paper-3&4 opt-4) Islamic Traditions of Medieval India.	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the Islamic tradition of medieval India in the larger context of the rise of Islam in West Asia. CO2: describe about the theological and mystical dimensions of Islam in medieval India, it highlights the emergence of the popular syncretic culture that grows around the major Sufi Shrines. CO3: explain about the process of Islamization.

HIS-471	Paper-3&4 Opt- 5 Dalit Movements in Modern India	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the phenomena of cast in India as a stratified social hierarchy prevalent from ancient times. CO2: explain about academic debates on the involvement of caste and the concept of jati and varna. CO3: describe about the reaction of Brahminical strategies as arbiters of moral order and the rise of Bhakti saints. CO4: explain about understanding on the emergence of the Dalit identity in the Indian Context.
HIS-731	Paper-3&4 Opt- 6 Working class Movement in Modern India	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: explain the history of working class movement and studies the formation and working of Trade Unions in India. CO2: state the factors facilitating or retarding the growth of the trade union movement. CO3: explain about the constitution and function of the AITUC and other unions.
HIS-467	Paper-3&4 opt - 7 Peasant Movements in Modern India	After completion of this course the students will be able to: CO1: explain about the complex issue of peasant movements in India in the twentieth century. CO2: describe about the Historiography of the peasant movements in India. CO3: describe about the classification of peasants, growth of modern landlordism, commercialization of agriculture and its impact on land religion.

		CO4: explain about agrarian conditions 1900-1947.
HIS-418	Paper- 3&4 Opt- 8	After completion of this course, the students will be
	Socio-Religious	able to:
	Reform Movements in	CO1: explain about the variety of socio-religious reform
	Modern India.	movements in the regional context.
	21 4	CO2: describe about the common links between them
	MIC	and their contrasts and changes in the colonial
/		times.
18	11.2	CO3: explain about specific themes related to education,
1	11/6	depressed classes, gender and identity, the conflict
ch /	1/20	and competition in the socio-religious reform
151	16/ 6	movements.
1110 460	Paper- 3&4 Opt- 9	After completion of this course, the students will be
HIS-462	1 aper- 3&4 Opt- 9	After completion of this course, the students will be
П15-402	History of Caste and	able to:
HIS-402	4.5	
HIS-402	History of Caste and	able to:
HIS-402	History of Caste and Politics in Modern	able to: CO1: trace the evolution of caste and caste politics in
HIS-402	History of Caste and Politics in Modern India.	able to: CO1: trace the evolution of caste and caste politics in modern India.
HIS-402	History of Caste and Politics in Modern India.	able to: CO1: trace the evolution of caste and caste politics in modern India. CO2: explain about scope, concepts and methods and the
HIS-402	History of Caste and Politics in Modern India.	able to: CO1: trace the evolution of caste and caste politics in modern India. CO2: explain about scope, concepts and methods and the debates about caste.
HI3-402	History of Caste and Politics in Modern India.	able to: CO1: trace the evolution of caste and caste politics in modern India. CO2: explain about scope, concepts and methods and the debates about caste. CO3: describe about the period of the anti-colonial
HI3-402	History of Caste and Politics in Modern	able to: CO1: trace the evolution of caste and caste politics in modern India. CO2: explain about scope, concepts and methods and the debates about caste. CO3: describe about the period of the anti-colonial movements. CO4: explain about creation of a formal infrastructure for Social inclusion and its working.
HI3-402	History of Caste and Politics in Modern India.	able to: CO1: trace the evolution of caste and caste politics in modern India. CO2: explain about scope, concepts and methods and the debates about caste. CO3: describe about the period of the anti-colonial movements. CO4: explain about creation of a formal infrastructure for

MASTER OF COMMERCE (M.COM.)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	After completion of this Program, the students will be able to:
	PO1: update themselves with the sound knowledge of
	Concepts, Structure and nature of Business Finance.
	PO2: utilize various aspects of financial accounting, its

principles and the latest application-oriented accounting methods in the real world.

PO3: develop the decision-making skill regarding various costing methods and practical applications of management accounting principles.

PO4: apply the techniques of managing the business with special focus on marketing, Insurance and banking theory law and practices.

PO5: apply knowledge in all the spheres of commerce including entrepreneurial development.

PO6: use various application-oriented research techniques and would have knowledge on how to use these techniques in business related problems.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES After completing master's in commerce, students are able (PSOs) to: PSO1: develop an ability to apply knowledge acquired in problem solving. PSO2: work in teams with enhanced interpersonal skills and communication. PSO3: work in different domains like Accounting, Taxation, HRM, Banking and Administration. PSO4: start their own business. PSO5: work in MNCs as well as private, and public the Ma companies. PSO6: develop team-work, leadership and managerial and administrative skills. PSO7: go further for professional courses like CA/ CS/CMA/CFA.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

	SEMESTER-I		
COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	COURSE OUTCOME	
M.C.101	Managerial Economics	After completing the course, students will be able to: CO1: explain the concept of microeconomic theory and their use in business decision making. CO2: use various concepts to deal with business problems in a global economic environment. CO3: make cost effective suggestions. CO4: Develop a top scale database program that identifies obstacles.	
M.C.102	Quantitative Methods for Business	After the end of the course, the students will be able to: CO1: use the econometric technique for estimate relationship between relevant variables and that forecast their values. CO2: get skilled in proper deployment of resources. CO3: choose an optimum strategy. CO4: use various elements of quantities including numbers symbols and mathematical expressions in management. CO5: explain the importance of statistical techniques for managerial decision making. CO6: predict the business and economic situations.	
M.C.103	Modern Accounting Theory & Reporting Practices	Students after doing this course, will be able to: CO1: state the meaning, need and benefits of harmonization of Reporting Practices. CO2: explain the requirements of various National and International Accounting Standards. CO3: review the important National and International bodies involved in the process and steps followed in framing an accounting standard.	

		CO4: apply the accounting standards framed with their related requirements.
M.C.104	Organisation Theory and Behaviour	After completing this course, students will be able to: CO1: develop a theoretical understanding of structure and behaviour of organization. CO2: realize the competitiveness of firm. CO3: describe the organization culture, development and stress management. CO4: analyze the different aspects of OB.
MC105	Marketing Management	After the completion of course, students will be able to: CO1: state the importance of marketing management. CO2: describe the components of marketing mix. CO3: state the role and functions of marketing within a range of organizations. CO4: describe key marketing concepts, theories and techniques for analyzing a variety of marketing situations. CO5: state the relevance of marketing concepts and theories in evaluating the impacts of environmental changes on marketing planning, strategies and practices. CO6: identify and demonstrate the dynamic nature of the environment in which marketing decisions are taken.
M.C.106	Management Information System	After the completion of course, students will be able to:- CO1: enhance skills about the technical and strategic issues related to MIS. CO2: describe MIS and its different characteristics. CO3: state and apply Transaction Processing System in an organization. CO4: explain the formal and informal structures of MIS.

	1	CO5: describe about development of systems and its
		Implementation.
M.C.107	A Workshop on IT	After the completion of course, students will be able to:-
	Applications in Commerce	CO1: use IT applications in the organizations.
	Commerce	CO2: use spread sheet.
	114	CO3: describe about the DBMS and its use in
	MIO	organization.
	13"	CO4: describe about the various business models of IT.
1	0///2	SEMESTER-II
M.C.201	Business Environment	Students after the end of the course, will be able to:
2	11/2/	CO1: successfully conduct the business.
101	1151	CO2: formulate action plans.
II	1 25	CO3: take the advantage of environmental opportunities.
156		CO4: explain concepts of macroeconomics and the macro
	S	environment in which a business organization
	I m	operates.
	11 7	CO5: analyze and understand the macroeconomic policies
	12	of the government implemented from time to time
\	11/2/	and assess their impact on business.
M.C.202	Research Methodology	After the completion of course, students will be able to :-
	in Commerce	CO1: describe about research methodology.
0	and.	CO2: apply advanced statistical techniques like
	220	Discriminate Analysis, Logistic Analysis and
	0.	Factor Analysis.
	14	CO3: handle different types of data.
	1011	CO4: use suitable statistical techniques in research.
	the Mai	CO5: interpret the results obtained.
		CO6: tabulate the data.
		CO7: handle qualitative as well as quantitative data.
		CO8: draw conclusions about the population on the basis
		of sample.
	[1

M.C.203	Financial Management	After the completion of the course, students will be able to
	and Policy	CO1: state the various sources of Finance.
		CO2: describe the various uses for Finance.
		CO3: apply the techniques used in Financial management. CO4: explain about the functions of Finance.
	MU	CO5: identify the different types of Finance.
	MIO	CO6: describe this relationship between finance with other allied disciplines.
	(2)	CO7: state the meaning of Capital budgeting.
1	5///0	CO8: describe about capital expenditure.
20	11/8/	CO9: point out the significance of Capital budgeting. CO10: describe the Capital budgeting process.
151	1/6/	CO11: spell out the factors influencing investment
4	10	decisions.
E.	0 45	CO12: describe the kinds of Capital budgeting decisions. CO13: analyze the combined effects of financial and
	S	operating leverages.
M.C.204	Production and	After the completion of course, students will be able to:
	materials management	CO1: describe about different ways of purchasing for
	11151	proper cost management.
	11112	CO2: enhance the skills of students to negotiate
	WI WIL	with different suppliers for purchasing.
	1	CO3: apply different statistical methods for price
0	-	determination.
1	270	CO4: describe about Work Study.
	O.	CO5: state about facilities location and layout.
M.C.205	Operations Research	After finishing this course, students will be able to:
	16 11-	CO1: recall the different concepts of OR.
	Mai	CO2: state the practical applicability of OR techniques in
		different fields.
		CO3: solve the problems of OR.
		CO4: describe the techniques of OR for problem solving.
i		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

M.C.206	Business Policy & Strategic Management	After the consummation of this course, the students will get skilled in:
		CO1: expressing the meaning, need and benefits of
		Business Policy and Strategic Management
		CO2: explaining the important concepts and techniques
	MU	used for the same.
	10.	CO3: describing in detail, the process involved in Strategic
	V.	Management.
	0,115	CO4: apply various e-commerce business models in a
	11/40	company.
M.C.207	Summer Training Report and Viva Voce	After completion of the training and preparing the report, the students will be able to:
101	1151	CO1: develop conceptual and applied research skills as
I	6	well as competencies required for effective problem
136		solving and right decision making.
	S	CO2: gain opportunity to work in various types of
		situations.
	11 7	CO3: explore career alternatives for future by assessing
	11 1	their interests and abilities in their field of study.
	11/2	CO4: develop work habits and attitudes necessary for job
	Oh.	success.
	1 YE	CO5: practice and improve their industry skills while also
		learning how to work.
9	7 25	CO6: articulate and apply principles learned in and outside
	%	of the classroom to a specific job.
	74	SEMESTER-III
MC 301	Business Performance	At the end of this course, students will be able to:
	Measurement	CO1: describe the meaning, need and benefits of measuring
		the performance of business.
		CO2: understand the various techniques involved in
		measuring the same.

		CO3: explain the new developing concepts in the field.
		CO4: apply the modern methods of measuring business performance.
MC 302	Tax Planning and Management	After completing this course, students will be able to: CO1: explain the structure of direct and indirect taxes in India. CO2: define tax planning, tax avoidance, and tax evasion. CO3: apply the latest provisions of the Indian tax laws CO4: analyze the judicial pronouncements pertaining to corporate enterprises having implications for various aspects of corporate planning. CO5: explain GST concepts in business world.
MC 303	Integrated Marketing Communication & Brand Equity	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: explain the integrated role of promotion techniques CO2: explain about methods of advertising. CO3: analyze various marketing models such as AIDA, THINK/FEER/DO
MC 304	Marketing Research	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: describe the concept, tools and techniques of marketing research. CO2: apply research techniques to aid marketing decision making. CO3: recognize the importance of marketing research in a business organization.
MC 305	Human Resource Development	After completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1: apply the principles and techniques as professional in organizations they work for. CO2: explain the concepts, techniques, and practices of human resource development. CO3: explain the basics of Human Resource Development CO4: describe about HRD culture, HRD activities and

MC 306	Industrial Relations	applications and contemporary HRD trends and practices. CO5: describe HRD process including implementation and Evaluation. After the completion of this course, students will be able to: CO1: recall the concept of industrial relation. CO2: sketch the importance of industrial relations for business organizations.
	1//60	CO3: locate how the industrial relations provide dynamics to organizations.
MC 307	India's Foreign Trade and Investment	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: explain the structure and policy framework of India foreign trade and investment. CO2: conduct in depth analysis of the concepts of export promotion measure and facilities.
MC 308	Management of International Business Operations	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: explain the management complexities, issues and approaches to international management. CO2: deal with organizational and control aspects of international operations. CO3: conduct in depth analysis of international marketing management and international human resource management.
MC 309	Strategic Cost Management	After studying this course, students will be able to: CO1: recall the relationship of strategy with Cost Management. CO2: express the aspects of Cost Management from strategic perspective. CO3: analyze Cost Management tools CO4: describe the strategic performance measurement and perspectives of BSC.

MC 310	International Accounting	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: develop conceptual knowledge and understanding of international accounting issues CO2: become capable of tackling issues in prevailing regulatory environments CO3: appraise concepts such as: Transfer pricing, Foreign currency translations, Strategic planning
MC 311	Industrial Economics	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: describe the economic concepts as applied to industrial behavior. CO2: analyze and take decisions in respect of a firm and industry operations. CO3: analyze economies of size, economies of non-price decision of firm in detail.
MC 312	Applied Econometrics	After the completion of this course student, will be able to: CO1: define the methodology of econometrics. CO2: become capable of applying econometrics to business problems. CO3: give special emphasis on application aspects with theoretical understanding.
MC 313	Bank Management	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: analyze banking structure of India in detail. CO2: recognize the concept of E-banking in detail and know how e-banking develops the financial sector. CO3: conduct in depth analysis about NPA and investment management and their recent developments.
MC 314	Insurance Management	After the completion of this course student, will be able to: CO1: explain the concept of insurance, the risk and its Management. CO2: analyse various insurance policies and their structure along with the legal dimensions involved.

		CO3: recognize the concept of insurance company
MC 315	Workshop on Financial Markets and Instruments	management. At the end of the course, students will be able to: CO1: describe the financial system and its constituents, the principles on which it operates inter-linkages and regulatory concerns. CO2: develop an understanding of the degree of financial exclusion, its causes and difficulties in measurement as well as a critical analysis of different financial inclusion initiatives taken the world over. CO3: analyze different types of depository and non depository institutions and their primary roles. CO4: develop better understanding of money and capital markets and their roles, interlink ages and regulatory concerns. CO5: describe about the working of mutual funds, pension funds, insurance companies, hedge funds, venture capital funds and private equity. SEMESTER-IV
MC 401	Project Planning and Control	Students will acquire the skill after completing the course: CO1: to create plan and control a new enterprise. CO2: to identify the risk and develop plans to address and mitigate the issues. CO3: to analyze project data to keep cost and schedules on track. CO4: to effectively utilize the resources timely decisions coordination.
MC 402	Knowledge Management	After finishing this course, students will be able to: CO1: state the concepts of knowledge management CO2: explain the knowledge management used in every

		field CO3: apply the methods of KM according to requirements
MC 402	Don's and Edding and	CO4: describe the KMS and expert system
MC 403	Business Ethics and Corporate Governance	After the completion of this course student, will be able to: CO1: apply the knowledge of business ethics and ethical conflict in a business concern. CO2: recall the role of corporate governance and its increasing impact in the management of organizations. CO3: examine various ethical concepts such as: Ethical dilemma, ethical leadership, Whistle blowing.
MC 404	Advertising and Sales Management	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: become capable of conducting in-depth understanding of the modern concepts and latest techniques of advertising. CO2: analyse the concepts of personal selling and sales force management which constitutes a fast growing area of marketing. CO3: sketch the importance of advertising for a business Organization.
MC 405	Services Marketing	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: describe about the service product and key elements of service marketing mix. CO2: deal with managing the service delivery process CO3: differentiate the implementation of services Marketing.
MC 406	Consumer Behavior	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: recognize the importance of knowledge of consumer behavior for developing effective marketing strategy. CO2: conduct in –depth understanding of the consumer and industrial buying process.

		CO3: understand determinants of consumers as relevant for marketing decision making.
MC 407	Organizational Change and Development	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: conduct in depth understanding of Behavioral Interventions. CO2: apply Behavioral Interventions for building team, system and process related competencies. CO3: be trained to help business organizations to achieve peak performance and become self-sustaining.
MC 408	Training and Development	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: describe the concepts and principles of training and development of human resource. CO2: recall about the environment of a firm. CO3: provide training to human resource of a business firm.
MC 409	Compensation Management	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: recognize various issues related to compensation in corporate sector. CO2: impart skills in designing, analyzing, and restructuring, compensation management system and policies and strategies. CO3: identify role of compensation in organization.
MC 410	International Business Environment	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: identify types and significance of Foreign Investment. CO2: explain the concepts of International Monetary System and Foreign Exchange Marketing. CO3: conduct overall study of International Business environment and factors affecting it.
MC 411	Global Financial Management	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: describe about foreign currency derivatives, forward, future and option markets.

MC 412	International Markating	CO2: identify the concepts of forex exposure and risk Management. CO3: recognize how to determine foreign exchange rate.
MC 412	International Marketing Management	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: conduct in-depth understanding of International Marketing, its dimensions and framework. CO2: analyse environment affecting International Business and recent trends in Indian foreign trade. CO3: identify new techniques and developments in International Marketing.
MC 413	Advanced Corporate Accounting	At the end of the course, the students will be able to: CO1: apply the Advanced Accounting in the field of corporate world. CO2: recall the theoretical and practical knowledge regarding the important concepts: Business Acquisitions, Mergers and Reconstruction, Goodwill and Shares Valuations, Consolidation of accounts. CO3: use the various related standards and provisions of accounting. CO4: prepare financial statements according to the Companies Act.
MC 414	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	After completion of the course, students will be able to: CO1: apply the various techniques of analysis used in investment decisions. CO2: interpret the concepts of portfolio analysis and efficient portfolio management. CO3: demonstrate their knowledge in valuation of equity instrument and valuation of bonds. CO4: measure the performance of portfolio. CO5: take decision of investment in future.
MC 415	Advanced Auditing	After finishing this course, the students will be able to:

		CO1: describe the meaning and concept of Auditing
		CO2: recall the rights, duties and liabilities of an
		Auditor.
		CO3: use various auditing standards.
		CO4: identify other thrust areas.
	M U	CO5: compare between the audits done by different
	10.	institutions.
196	Sm	and the same of th
MC 416	Macro-Economic	After the completion of this course student will be able to:
	Analysis and Policy	CO1: conduct in depth analysis of macroeconomic theory
~ 0/	11/25/	and policy with focus on applications, especially in
To	// Cc. /	context of developing economies like India.
10	10	CO2: conduct labor market and policy analysis in the
五	6	medium and long run.
Te (CO3: apply various macroeconomics tools in practice in
	S	respect to open and closed economies.
MC 417	Economics of Services	After the completion of this course student will be able to:
1,10		CO1: describe about the Economics of various kinds of
	11151	Services.
	112	CO2: recognize the related issues arises in Economics of
	Ja Wi	Services.
	NA CE	CO3: identify how to solve the issues that arises in the
0		Economics of Services.
MC 410	W 11T I' C	THE A
MC 418	World Trading System	After the completion of this course, student will be able to:
	14	CO1: identify economic principles relating to International
	the Mai	Trade mercantilism, comparative advantage and
	Mai	gains from trade.
		CO2: conduct analysis of the covered agreements of the
		WTO.
		CO3: recognize challenges to the multilateral trading
		System.

	1	
MC 419	Bank Legislation	After the completion of course student, will be able to: CO1: appraise the practices of banking law. CO2: identify various banking laws and understand recent developments in the banking system. CO3: develop an understanding of various laws affecting Banks.
MC 420	Risk Management	After the completion of this course, student will be able to: CO1: describe the principles and practices of Risk Management. CO2: frame the optimum strategy for the handling of Risk in the organization. CO3: identify various types of risk involved in business Organizations.
MC 421	Actuarial Practice	After the completion of course, student will be able to: CO1: apply the principles and techniques of actuarial Practice. CO2: conduct in depth analysis of special and joint life annuities and assurances.
MC 422	COMPREHENSIVE VIVA-VOCE	Student after going through the viva-voce will be able to judge his/her hold on the subject and will also develop the confidence of facing an interview.

M.SC. (CHEMISTRY)

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
·10 11	PO1: demonstrate and apply the fundamental knowledge
'Mai	of the basic principles in various fields of Chemistry.
	PO2: develop critical thinking which will be able to put
	forward new ideas, explain observations and draw
	logical inference form scientific studies in field of
	chemistry.

SEEK OF SEEK

PO3: apply knowledge to build up small scale industry for developing smart product.

PO4: develop ability to solve complex chemical problems, e.g., analysis of data, synthetic logic, spectroscopy, structure and modeling, team-based problem solving, etc. which are essential skills to succeed in field of research or in industry.

PO5: apply various aspects of chemistry in natural products and its isolations, pharmaceuticals, dyes, textiles, polymers, petroleum products, forensic etc. and also to develop interdisciplinary approach to the subject.

PO6: develop ability to handle standard laboratory equipment, modern scientific instruments, planning and performing the laboratory experiments.

PO7: create awareness and sense of responsibilities towards environment and apply knowledge to solve the issues related to Environmental pollution.

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

the Mai

This course will enable the students to:

PSO1: apply the basic concepts, fundamental principles, and the scientific theories related to various scientific phenomena and their relevancies in the day-to-day life. They will also be able to acquire knowledge about the fundamentals and applications of chemical and scientific theories.

PSO2: find that every branch of science and technology is related to Chemistry. They will develop scientific outlook not only with respect to science subjects but also in all aspects related to life.

PSO3: get familiar with the different branches of chemistry like analytical, organic, inorganic, physical,

	environmental, polymer and biochemistry. They
	will also learn to apply appropriate techniques for
	the qualitative and quantitative analysis of
	chemicals in laboratories and in industries.
	PSO4: apply the knowledge of Chemical
M U	Thermodynamics, Kinetics, Electrochemistry,
10.	Atomic Structure, Organic Chemistry, Spectroscopy
Zu.	and Skill in Industrial Chemistry.
100	PSO5: use chemistry as a tool and the faculty of logical
6///	reasoning that is prepared to serve in diverse fields.
101/1/8	PSO6: work in projects at different research as well as
2 ///20/	academic institutions.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

SEMESTER-I		
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
CH -411	Inorganic Chemistry I	Students after completing this course, will be able to:
6	and .	CO1: describe about different types of chemical bonds
0	7 212	present in inorganic compounds and Metal-Ligand
	70	bonding. Also the limitations of crystal field theory
	CF \$1	and molecular orbital theory make them understand
	'na II-	the need of other theories.
	Mar	CO2: understand the Metal-Ligand Equilibria in solution,
		Stepwise and overall formation constant and their
		interaction, chelate effect.
		CO3: explain Stereochemistry and bonding in Main Group
		compounds using VSEPR, Walsh diagrams and Bent

		rule.
		CO4: explain about Reaction Mechanism of Transition
		Metal Complexes, inert and labile complexes, kinetic
		Application of valance bond and crystal field
		theories.
	7 15	CO5: describe the chemistry of Substitution reactions in
	49, 5	square planar complexes, the trans effect, mechanism
	m	of substitution reaction.
CII. 410		WH AT
CH -412	Organic Chemistry I	Students after this course, will be able to:
10)	11/8/	CO1: describe about quantitative treatment to The
2	11/AC	Hammett equation and linear free energy
18) 1	1/5/	relationship.
5	10.	CO2: describe the nature of bonding involved in organic
R	0 50	compounds.
4.	(0)	CO3: explain about aromatic, non-aromatic and anti-
	m	aromatic compounds using Huckel Rule.
		CO4: demonstrate about different techniques used or
	1121	determination of reaction mechanism.
	1121	CO5: state the basics of stereochemistry such as types of
	10,	representation of 3-D structures, enantiomers,
	11/1/2	Di stereoisomers, racemic mixtures, resolution and
	SOUNT E	how to carry out asymmetric synthesis.
0	2	CO6: describe about conformational isomers and their
	2 40	effect on physical and chemical properties of various
	O.	systems.
	Eh.	CO7: explain the stereochemistry of six member rings and
	the Mai	fused ring systems.
	mai	CO8: explain the geometrical isomerism and its effect on
		physical properties.
		CO9: describe the types and mechanisms of Substitution
		reactions in organic chemistry.
CH -413	Physical Chemistry I	Students, after this course, will be able to:

	I	
		CO1: explain the Fundamental concepts of quantum
		mechanics which will help them to study
		Schrodinger wave equation to particle in three
		dimensional box, simple harmonic oscillator and
		rigid rotator.
	114	CO2: describe the operators and postulates of quantum
	100	mechanics, Approximate Methods, the variation
	200	principle and perturbation theory.
/	9//5	CO3: explain the Huckel theory of conjugated systems,
\cdot\(^{\cdot\}\)	11/40	bond order and charge density calculations and
(0)	1118	application to ethylene, allyl, butadiene,
2	1/20/	cyclopropenyl systems.
10/	1151	CO4: explain the laws of thermodynamics and the
I	5	theoretical concepts of generalized forces and
166		coordinates, work, and thermodynamic potentials.
	S	CO5: describe the meaning and the role of thermodynamic
		description of systems.
	11 7	CO6: describe methods of statistical thermodynamics,
	11/2/	concepts of phase space and phase integral,
	11/2	temperature and chemical potential.
	- Chris	CO7: investigate various phenomenon involving Ion-
	1 LE	solvent interactions, Ion - ion interactions: Debye –
		Huckel theory of ion - ion interactions.
9	7 210	CO8: explain about various phenomenon viz.
	2	Electrokinetic phenomenon, Electrocatalysis,
	Ch si	Electrochemical Energy Conversion and Electricity
	TAN	Storage.
CH -414	Mathematics for	Students, after this course, will be able to:
(a)	Chemists	CO1: describe about Vectors and its types including Vector
		Calculus, Matrix and its properties, Determinant and
		its properties. Application of these concepts to solve
		problems related to Huckel Theory.

		CO2: define the derivative and integral of the
		trigonometric, logarithmic and inverse trigonometric
		and rational functions.
		CO3: state about Elementary differential equations and its
		applications to chemical kinetics, secular equilibria,
	11 4	quantum chemistry, etc. Solutions of differential
	100	equations by the power series method, second order
	V.	differential equations and their solutions.
/	0)//5	CO4: describe about Differential Calculus, functions,
A ^c	1//40	continuity and differentiability. Learning of Rules
(0)	1118	for differentiation will make them able to solve
2	11/2/	problems of maxima and minima including Bohr's
101	115	radius and most probable velocity from Maxwell's
I	25	distribution.
7.6		CO5: state about basic rules for integration, integration by
	(C)	parts, partial fraction and partial differentiation.
		Applications of integral calculus will help them in
	11 %	studying Functions of several variables, co-ordinate
1	11/2/	transformations and curve sketching.
	11/2	CO6: state about Permutations and combinations,
	Ou.	probability, probability theorems and probability
	1 Z CE	curves. These concepts will make them to explain
1		examples from the kinetic theory of gases.
CH -414	Biology for	Students, after this course, will be able to:
(b)	Chemists	CO1: describe the Cell Structure and Functions including
	CYA	structure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell as well
	1000	as will be able to do comparison of plant and animal
	the Mar	cells.
	- 41	CO2: give the overview of metabolic processes as
		catabolism and anabolism. They will learn about the
		Origin of life and unique properties of carbon.
		CO3: state the structure and organization of cell membrane
		2 32. Said the structure and organization of con monitorate

		and cell wall, process of membrane transport and
		membrane models.
		CO4: describe about Biomolecules and its building blocks.
		Structure and functions of important derivatives of
		monosaccharides.
	7 25	CO5: state about the Lipids, fatty acids, their structures and
	49, 5	function of triacylglycerols, glycerophospholipids,
	m	cholesterol, bile acids, prostaglandins.
	(2) // 8	CO6: describe about Bioligical membrans and Lipid
1	0///0	metabolism as well as beta oxidation of fatty acid.
(9)	11/8/	CO7: state the chemical and enzymatic hydrolysis of
7	11/20/	proteins to peptides, amino acid sequencing. Also
101	115	about the Secondary structure of proteins.
5/	1 . CE	CO8: describe about Structure of ribonucleic acids RNA
7.6		and deoxyribonucleic acids DNA, double helix
	S	model of DNA and forces responsible for holding it.
CH -414	Computer for	Students, after this course, will be able to:
(c)	Chemists	CO1: state about Computer and the basic concept
11		associated with C-Language and program designing.
	11/2	CO2: develop different programs, Run and Retrieve results.
CIV. 415		6 111
CH -415	Laboratory Course	Students, after this course, will be able to:
	T (1 (1)	DO- CEN.
	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two
4	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given
5	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given complex.
50	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given complex. CO2: do analysis of two cation-system using EDTA.
Une Une	Inorganic Chemistry	 CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given complex. CO2: do analysis of two cation-system using EDTA. CO3: state about laboratory ethics, safety, cleanliness
Une Une	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given complex. CO2: do analysis of two cation-system using EDTA.
CH -416	Inorganic Chemistry Laboratory Course	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given complex. CO2: do analysis of two cation-system using EDTA. CO3: state about laboratory ethics, safety, cleanliness
CH -416	or the Mai	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given complex. CO2: do analysis of two cation-system using EDTA. CO3: state about laboratory ethics, safety, cleanliness waste management of the laboratory.
CH -416	Laboratory Course	CO1: explain about Gravimetric estimation of two constituents when present together in a given complex. CO2: do analysis of two cation-system using EDTA. CO3: state about laboratory ethics, safety, cleanliness waste management of the laboratory. Students, after this course, will be able to:

_		
		CO2: describe the different purification techniques in
		organic chemistry like recrystallization, distillation,
		steam distillation and extraction.
	C	CO3: use safety techniques and handling of chemicals.
	C	CO4: carry out different types of reactions and their
	MU	workup methods.
	10 0	CO5: do synthesis of various organic compounds involving
	200	different types of Organic reactions.
CH -417	Laboratory Course S	tudents, after this course, will be able to:
	Physical Chemistry C	CO1: prepare the solution of the desired concentration and
Ch C	11/20	the desired volume, maintain laboratory ethics,
Ki /	1/20/	safety and cleanliness. Understand waste
10/	10	management of the laboratory.
5	650	CO2: use the physical methods to calculate surface tension
T.	10	and viscosity of various solvents and their unknown
	E S	percentage mixtures.
		CO3: compare the cleansing power of detergents and
	11 7	precipitation of various ions. They will also learn to
	115	determine critical micelle concentrations of
		surfactants.
		CO4: determine the partial molar volume and solubility of
	VALE	various inorganic salts.
6		CO5: plot accurate graphs of the desired scale for the
7	270	calculations.
	Cr.	SEMESTER-II
COURSE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
CODE	Man	o seemont O
CH -421	Inorganic Chemistry I	After completing this course, the students will be able
C11 -421	morganic Chemistry I	to:
		CO1: describe about Electronic Spectra and Magnetic
		Properties Of Transition Metal Complexes

		through Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for
		transition metal complexes-I and II.
		CO2: explain about the Metal carbonyls and their
		structure and bonding, vibrational spectra of
	0	metal carbonyls along with structure elucidation.
	त प्रव	CO3: demonstrate the Importance of reactions of metal
	10	carbonyls and their preparation in various fields.
	m	CO4: describe about the chemistry of Metal Cluster
/	(V) / 518	such as higher boranes, carboranes,
1	1//	metallobranes metallocarboranes and compounds
(0)	1118	with metal-metal multiple bonds.
CH -422	Organic Chemistry I	Students, after this course will be able to:
CH -422	Organic Chemistry 1	CO1: describe the relationship of structure and
I	1 ES	reactivity in organic reactions through
7.6	3 50	Hammond's postulate, Curtin-Hammett
	S	Principle and isotopes effects.
		CO2: explain about the types and mechanisms of
	11 121	elimination reactions in organic chemistry as well
1	11/21	as Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic
	112	elimination.
	MI Ou	CO3: describe the addition reactions to C-C and
	1 ZED	Carbon-hetero multiple bonds by using regio and
	CONTRACT DE	chemoselectivity concepts. A number of naming
9	y m	reactions will help them to justify the industrial
	2 -1917	need of this topic.
	Cr.	CO4: explain the concepts of Free radical reactions and
	Char	its types, the effect of solvents on reactivity and
	the Mans	the synthetic importance of these materials.
	ं'वाह	CO5: describe about the pericyclic reactions utilizing
		molecular orbital symmetry and frontier orbitals
		concepts of various organic compounds. Also the
		Classification of pericyclic reactions through

		Woodward-Hoffmann correlation diagrams and
		FMO /PMO approach.
CH -423	Physical Chemistry I	Students, after this course, will be able to:
	0	CO1: describe about Fundamental concepts of chemical
	या प्रश्न	dynamics such as Methods of determining rate laws.
	Mo	CO2: describe about the kinetics of enzyme reactions,
/	2, 500	dynamics of molecular motion and unimolecular reaction.
\(\sigma^{\circ}\)	11/60	CO3: explain about the study of fast reactions by flow
20)	11/60	method, relaxation method, flash photolysis, and
161	I Ec. W	NMR method.
4	10	CO4: describe about the Thermodynamic criteria for
	65	non-equilibrium states, entropy production and
7.	(0)	entropy flow.
	m	CO5: describe the phenomenological equators,
		microscopic reversibility and Onsager's
	1121	reciprocity relations, electro kinetic
	1121	phenomenon.
	101	CO6: describe about the chemistry of Macromolecules
	12 Fr	in detail through chain configurations of
0	SOD TO	macromolecules and calculation of average dimensions.
1	2 Hor	CO7: recognize the different concepts of Adsorption
	O.	and Micelles of surface chemistry. Theoretical
	14	knowledge of these concepts will help them when
	1/0 ///-	they perform experiments in lab.
	the Mana	CO8: describe about Electrochemistry and
		Electrocatalysis through Debye-Huckel
		treatment, and its extension to Debye-Huckel-
		Jerrum model.

CH -424	Group Theory,	Students, after this course, will be able to:
CH 424	Spectroscopy and Diffraction Methods	CO1: describe about the concepts of group theory and
		its uses in octahedral, tetrahedral, square planar
		and trigonal bipyramidal complexes.
	त्ता पृष्ठ	CO2: describe about the applications of group theory,
		in spectroscopy by studying inorganic
		complexes, using great orthogonality theorem
	m	and character tables.
	10	CO3: explain about Microwave, Raman, Molecular and
1	1///	Vibrational Spectroscopy. These concepts will
(0)	1118	generate a view to study spectroscopy through
HHEY	11/20/	physical and quantum mechanical aspects.
	5	CO4: describe the basic Principles of Photoelectric
	25	Effect and Diffraction by learning the methods to
	3 50	determine Miller indices and Bragg's condition.
	S	Principal and applications of neutron diffraction
		and electron diffraction and their comparison.
	11 % 1	CO5: explain the basic concepts in Nuclear Magnetic
	12	Resonance (NMR) and Nuclear Quadrupole
	11/2	Resonance (NQR) spectroscopy.
CVV 42.5		6 11
CH -425	Laboratory Course	Students, after this course will be able to:
	Inorganic Chemistry	CO1: prepare the different inorganic compounds and
5	y man	utilize them in further reactions.
	2	CO2: interpret the electronic spectrum and magnetic
	Ch.	properties of synthesized compounds.
CH -426	Laboratory Course	Students, after this course, will be able to:
	Organic Chemistry	CO1: separate the solid-solid/ solid-liquid/ liquid-
	-4116	liquid mixture of two organic compounds.
		CO2: identify the functional groups by using different
		qualitative lab techniques.
		CO3: identify the organic compounds by different

		conformation tests and by preparation of derivatives. CO4: do Separation of organic mixture by preparation of TLC plates.		
CH -427	Laboratory Course Physical Chemistry	Student, after this course will be able to: CO1: prepare the solution of the desired concentration and the desired volume and Maintain laboratory ethics, safety and cleanliness. CO2: describe the principle and safe handling of Flame Photometer, Potentiometer and Polarimeter. CO3: plot accurate graphs of the desired scale for the calculations. CO4: describe about the waste management of the laboratory as this topic is very crucial from environmental safety point of view.		
SEMESTER-III				
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES		
CH -511	Applications of Spectroscopy	Students, after this course will be able to: CO1: describe the basic principles, spectral parameters and spectrum display in Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) Spectroscopy and NMR of paramagnetic substances in solutions. CO2: explain about Mossbauer Spectroscopy and its Applications in studying Various iron and tin compounds. CO3: explain about the Microwave, Ultraviolet and Visible Spectroscopy and Vibrational Spectroscopy. Instrumentation and sample handling for these spectroscopies.		

		CO4: compare between first order and second order spectra in NMR spectroscopy. CO5: describe the basic and fundamental aspects of Mass spectrometry and ¹³ C NMR.
CH -512	Organo transition Metal Chemistry	Students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: describe the various compounds of Transition Metal-Carbon Multiple Bonds and Transition Metal Compounds with Bonds to Hydrogen. CO2: describe the chemistry of Transition Metal Complexes along with Alkyls and Aryls of Transition Metals. CO3: explain about Transition Metal Complexes with unsaturated Organic molecules and reactions relating to nucleophilic and electrophilic attack on ligands in organic synthesis. CO4: describe the basics and applications of fluxional organometallic compounds and Homogeneous Catalysis. CO5: describe about Homogeneous Catalysis, Stoichiometric reaction for catalysis, homogeneous catalytic hydrogenation related concepts.
CH -513	Heterocyclic Chemistry	Students, after this course will be able to: CO1: state the Nomenclature of Heterocycles using Hantzsch-widman System. CO2: explain about Chemical behavior of Aromatic and non-aromatic Heterocycles utilizing information from Spectra empirical resonance energy, delocalization energy and Dewar resonance energy. CO3: do synthesis of five, six and seven-membered heterocycles.

CH 514		CO4: do classification, chemistry and applications of some important meso-ionic heterocycles and azoles. CO5: do practicals for various heterocyclic and photochemical conversions.
CH -514	Environmental Chemistry	Students, after this course will be able to: CO1: explain about the composition of atmosphere and Biogeochemical cycles of C,N,P,S and O. CO2: describe the concepts of Environmental Toxicology and Chemical solutions to environmental problems for better industrial processes. Students will know about the tragic accidents occurred in the past. CO3: explain about the chemistry of Industrial Pollution, Soils and Hydrosphere. CO4: demonstrate the Chemical and photochemical reactions in atmosphere responsible for Ozone depletion, Global warming, Green house effect and acid rain.
CH -515	Laboratory Course Inorganic Chemistry Laboratory Course Organic Chemistry	Students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: estimate various cations and anions using Colorimetric methods. CO2: use Separation techniques such as Ion exchange, Solvent extraction, Column and paper chromatography. Students, after this course will be able to: CO1: prepare various organic compounds. CO2: explain TLC, column chromatography and paper
CH -517	Laboratory Course Physical Chemistry	chromatography for organic mixture. Students, after this course will be able to: CO1: measure conductance, equivalent conductance

		and degree of dissociation of various acids, bases
		and their mixtures.
		CO2: compare the strengths of two acids and kinetics
		of salts by employing Chemical kinetics.
	C	CO3: determine the equilibrium constant by
	K Ua	distribution method.
	10	CO4: calculate critical solution temperature of various
	V.	Polar and non-polar mixtures.
1	Si	EMESTER-IV
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
CH -521	Biophysical chemistry	Students, after this course will be able to:
I	6	CO1: explain about the DNA and RNA in living
1.6	350	systems.
	S	CO2: describe about the enzymes and their
		nomenclature and types. Also the mechanism of
	11 2	the enzyme action will be explained using
11	11/21	Fischer's lock and key and Koshland's induced
	112	fit hypothesis.
	100	CO3: describe about the type of Reactions Catalyzed by
	TAOMIER	Enzymes and co-enzymes concepts.
		CO4: explain about biological macromolecules and
9	y m	their interactions including their structural
	2 1977	properties.
	Cr.	CO5: describe about the separation and characterization
	the Mana	methods of macromolecules ATP cycles and
	"C Man	concepts of nucleic acids.
	19118	CO6: state about Thermodynamics of Biopolymer
		Solutions including osmotic pressure, membrane
		equilibrium, muscular contraction.
CH -522	Organic Synthesis - I	Students, after this course will be able to:

	BY TOTALS	CO1: explain about Organometallic Reagents and various types of synthesis including Cram's Rule, Felkin-Ahn Model. CO2: describe various oxidative and reductive processes for Hydrocarbons, Carbonyl compounds and alcohols. CO3: describe general mechanistic considerations-nature of migration, migratory aptitude and rearrangements.
CH -523	Chemistry of Natural Products	Students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: describe about the classification, nomenclature, occurrence isolation of terpenoids and carotenoids. CO2: describe the general methods of structure determination for alkaloids, terpenoids and carotenoids. CO3: explain about the occurrence and basic skeleton of steroids including synthesis and Biosynthesis of Steroids. CO4: describe about the nomenclature and general methods of structure determinations of plant pigments, porphyrins and Prostaglandins.
CH -524	Photo Chemistry and Solid State Chemistry	Students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: explain the Photochemistry of Photochemical Reactions and the determination of reaction mechanism. CO2: describe the Photochemistry of alkenes, carbonyl and aromatic compounds and their miscellaneous reactions. CO3: describe the solid state reactions and their properties like crystal defects and non- stochiometry and to know about electronic

		properties or band theory. CO4: describe Optical properties, Magnetic properties of materials and Quantum theory of paramagnetics.
CH -525	Laboratory Course Inorganic Chemistry	Students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: analyze presence of residual chlorine, BOD, COD and hardness in water. CO2: find amperometric determination of Zn+2 with EDTA and Thiosulphate with iodine. CO3: describe different Oxidation-Reduction, precipitation titrations. CO4: describe about reactions involving oxidation and reduction processes involving iodine.
CH -526	Laboratory Course Organic Chemistry	Students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: explain about extraction of organic compound from natural sources. CO2: determine the saponification & iodine values of oils and fats. CO3: describe about the Fehling's method. CO4: determine estimation of formaldehyde and glycin.
СН -527	Laboratory Course Inorganic Chemistry	Students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: describe about Current Potential Relationships and analysis of Spectro-photometric technique. CO2: state about techniques such as colorimetry, refractometry and Chromatography. CO3: analyze data on a computer for all experiments.

BACHELOR OF LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)	The designing of the Library & Information Science
	programme is to provide the organization of knowledge,
	processing of the knowledge, dissemination of



information, automation of library, networking, communication technology, management techniques in organization of library informatics centers, thus also provide hands on practice on different types of information, source and services, aware about different types of e- resources and their use, use of advanced version of technology in library operations, aware about various consortia and consortia- based resources to prepare students for careers as professionals in the field of library Information science. The completion of the course will enable the student to:

PO1: respond to the changing information needs of society.

PO2: apply the basic principles and theories of Library and Information Science.

PO3: develop proficiencies and abilities of students essential for management of Libraries and Information Systems.

PO4: describe the role of Libraries and Information

Centers in socio-economic development of the society.

PO5: apply Information and Communication
Technology in Libraries and Information
Centers.

PO6: recall the broad range of disciplines of library information science.

PO7: get skilled in knowledge organization and techniques.

PO8: interpret various types of libraries, sources and services, personality development and communication skills, information resource development, intellectual property rights and copyright knowledge management, information literacy and management.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)	Curriculum of Library & Information Science prepares graduates to gain the following programme specific outcomes:
	PSO1: Ability to design or develop the students with
0	the basic concept and Philosophy of
4 718	librarianship.
49, 5	PSO2: An ability to practice or apply the library
m	skills, communication skills in a wide range
(2)	of academic, institutions and professional
10/1/2"	employment areas.
01114	PSO3: To display critical thinking for creating new
of II As'	ideas and design innovative pathways.
K) // 5/ 0	PSO4: Demonstrate the knowledge in his/her
4 112 6	professional activities.
	PSO5: Display his/her true potential and get
5 0	appropriate endorsement through qualifying
	competitive examinations i.e. All Academic
	Libraries, Railways Libraries, Bank
	Libraries and Parliament Libraries etc.
11112	PSO6: Acquire the ability to engage in self-
MIED	determining and life-long learning in the
100	broadest context of socio- technological
- ED	changes in the library information center.
The state of the s	

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
SEMESTER-I		

BLIS 01	Foundation of Library and Information Science	After completion of this course, the student will be able to:
		CO1: describe the definition, history and purpose of
		the library.
	C	CO2: recall the role of professional associations and
	MUA	the standard professional ethics of
	100	librarianship.
/	Sur	CO3: state the types of libraries and their functions.
\cdot\(^{\cdot\)	9/158	CO4: explain the fundamental laws, legislations and
100	11/10	associations. The role of libraries in modern
(0)		society and global library developments.
2	1/20/ 5	CO5: commit to state the individual, institutional,
10	10	society and professional responsibility.
玉二	65	CO6: apply the concept of resource sharing,
I.	3	financial management of different types of
	SIS	libraries.
BLIS 02	Knowledge Organization:	The outcome of this course is that the student after completion of the course will be able to:
111	Classification (Theory)	CO1: describe the basic concept of organisation of
	112	knowledge.
	Oh:	CO2: differentiate between the various library
	LEI	classification schemes.
1		CO3: explain why and how to develop knowledge
3	7 Har	organization systems.
0	0	CO4: relate the theory and practices involved in
	141	library classification.
	the Man	CO5: classify the library schemes and the follow the
	Man	trends in classification.
		CO6: work in libraries, information centres and
		other organizations that organize large bodies
		of recorded information.
		CO7: apply the principle of book classification.

BLIS 03	Knowledge Organisation:	After completion of this course the student will be able to:
	Cataloguing (Theory)	CO1: apply the concept of cataloguing and the
		functions of library catalogues.
		CO2: develop knowledge organization systems.
	11 49	CO3: apply the knowledge for organization systems
	100	and approaches.
	SIL	CO4: apply principles and theories of library
/S°	9/15	cataloguing.
20	11/40	CO5: follow the cataloguing rules of CCC and
(0)	11/5	AACR.
2 /	1/60/	CO6: follow the various standards available and
10 //	5/	used in cataloguing.
I	6	CO7: apply the concept of authority control and to
To C	3	be able to se <mark>lect main and added</mark> entr <mark>ies</mark> .
BLIS 04	Information and Communication	The outcome of this course is that the student after completion of the course will be able to:
1.1	Technology: Basics	CO1: apply the basics of information
		communication and technology relevant to
		librarianship and information management.
		CO2: recall the latest technological advancements in
		the field of ICT such as databases, search
		engines and the Internet.
5	7 2100	CO3: apply the knowledge about basics of ICT.
0	1917	CO4: state the network technology, library
	1 51	automation and software packages.
	the Man	CO5: use the computerization in libraries, advanced
	Man	version of technology in library operations
	-411	and the students will be skilled enough to
		work in automated library environments.
		CO 6: differentiate between Open Source and
		Commercial software.

CO7: evaluate and select suitable software required
for the libraries.

	जा पूर्व	SEMESTER-II
COURSE CODE	NAME OF THE COURSE	COURSE OUTCOMES
BLIS 05	Management of Library and Information Centers	After completion of this course, the student will be able to: CO1: perform the basic housekeeping operations, prepare budget documents and perform the stock verification. CO2: apply the basics of collection management and Human resource management. CO3: apply the fundamentals of management, frame policies and process of libraries and perform routine activities of libraries. CO4: use the management techniques in organization of library & information centers. CO5: manage the library & information centers effectively. CO6: describe the terminology of management with its related terminology as applied to libraries and information centers. CO7: recall the different schools of thought. CO8: identify the fundamental components of management, planning, organizing, staffing, directing and control. CO9: identify the main approaches to the study of the management of an organization. CO10: show skills in managing resources, money,

		people and time and demonstrate management skill in libraries and information centers.
BLIS 06	Knowledge Organisation: Classification (Practice)	After completion of this course, the student will be able to: CO1: explain the skills in classification. CO2: determine and classify library resources by using scheme of classification-DDC and CC. CO3: apply the principles of how-to-do methods on building up class numbers. CO4: use the knowledge of two classification schemes: Dewey Decimal Classification and Colon Classification. CO5: describe about the schedules, the rule books and also the number building process. CO6: observe, correct, and to check the workouts of the students till arrive at the desired class number.
BLIS 07	Knowledge Organisation: Cataloguing (Practice)	After completion of this course the student will be able to: CO1: prepare various catalogue entries for simple, complex, various authorships, editorial publications, serial publications and corporate body authored documents. CO2: show their cataloguing skills for various library resources according to AACR-II. CO3: assign subject headings using Sear's list Subject Headings. CO4: perform cataloguing of books. CO5: perform cataloguing of journals. CO6: apply their knowledge regarding e-books and e-journals.

		CO7: do cataloguing of non-book material.
BLIS 08	Information Sources and Services (Theory)	After completion of this course, the student will be able to:
		CO1: apply the broad range of information sources
		and services available in various subject areas.
	1149	CO2: evaluate and suggest authentic and useful
	- NO	information sources to library users.
/		CO3: provide reference services to users of a library.
\\s^\colon \	1/50	CO4: critically analyse and evaluate the information
15	11/4/	sources.
7	1/AC /	CO5: state the requirements and step-by-step
10 //	5 0	Process for handling their information
7 11	~ (E	queries.
I.	75	CO6: describe the various Internet resources in the
	S	areas of Science and Technology, Social
	m	Sciences and Humanities.
	17	CO7: apply their knowledge in retrieving databases
111	15	and on-line /web information resources in
	12	network environment.
BLIS 09	Information and Communication	After completion of this course, the student will be able to:
	Technology (Practical)	CO1: practically use and implement the basics of
9	7 25	information communication and technology
0	2191	to librarianship and information management.
-6	1. 41	CO2: explain the features of the latest Operating
	the Man	Systems, Office management software.
	Man	CO3: use the basic concept of computer networks.
	-411	CO4: apply the basic concepts of computers
		technology.
		CO5: state the various aspects of computer hardware
		and software.

POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (P.G.D.C.A.)

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)	At the end of the one-year P.G.D.C.A. programme the students will be able to:
युर पृष	PO1: design, develop applications in Information Technology.
SM	PO2: use the latest trends in various subjects of computers & information technology.
8//43	PO3: use their knowledge in solving challenges in data and resource protection and computer software security.
7 // AC /	PO4: use IT application in real life.
10 /15/ 0	PO5: describe the basic computer technology concepts
5 11 0	and information technology applications.
F	PO6: Design and develop applications to analyze
S	and solve all computer science related
	problems.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)	At the end of the one-year PGDCA programme the students will be able to:
LEI	PSO1: use open-source technologies and can seek
	appropriate opportunity in trade and industry.
2 Har	PSO2: provide socially acceptable technical solutions to
90	real world problems with the application of
CF \$1	modern and appropriate programming
"TO "	techniques.
Man	PSO3: design applications for any desired needs with
	appropriate considerations for any specific need
	related to societal and industrial aspects.
	PSO4: find a job very easily in the present job market.
	PSO5: undertake Master Programme and for designing

small business application software as per the
need of industry and real world.

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs)

SEMESTER – I		
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES
PGDCA-1101	Computer Fundamentals	After completing this course, the students will be able to: CO1: describe about the types of computer, peripheral devices, memory management, multimedia and number system. CO2: use various input and output devices. CO3: state about binary number representation along with its operations. CO4: recall the theoretical framework of internet and associated application of the internet. CO5: use the computers for business, education and society.
PGDCA-1102	Computer Programming using C	At the end of the course, the students will be able to: CO1: use the various concepts of programming language. CO2: develop logics and analytical ability to solve problem. CO3: apply the procedural programming using functions. CO4: use various storage classes along with user defined data types. CO5: use various flow control statements and do file handling. CO6: apply the concept of functional hierarchical

		code organization.
		CO7: work with arrays of complex structure data
		types.
PGDCA-1103	Database Management	Students, after the completion of the course, will be
	System	able to:
	1 4	CO1: describe the various features and applications
	Mich	of Database Management system.
/-		CO2: use database languages (DDL, DML, DCL)
18	11.20	CO3: design a database by using different data
	11/6	models.
ch /	16	CO4: apply their knowledge in the database
15	15 0	handling during execution of the transactions
4	10	along with concurrent access.
5/11	65	CO5: perform various types of SQL queries.
Te.	(0)	CO6: design a good database using normalization,
())	H	decomposition and functional dependency.
PGDCA-1104	Data Communication	The students, after this course, will be able to:
111	and Networks	CO1: explain the functions of different layers of
	12	TCP/IP and OSI reference models.
	0,	CO2: classify the networks as LAN, MAN and WAN.
	1/ 1/ E.	CO3: identify the various techniques and modes of
- 1	A CO	transmission media with real time applications.
9	9 m	CO4: apply the fundamentals of Network security.
PGDCA- PR-	Lab 1 (Based on PGD-	The students, after this course, will be able to:
1105	1101 & PGD- 1102)	CO1: illustrate flowchart and algorithm to the given
	Char	problem.
	The Mana	CO 2: describe the basic Structure of the C-
	"ull	programming, declaration and usage of
		variables.
		CO 3: write C programs using operators.
		CO 4: write C programs using Pointers to access

		arrays, strings and functions.
		CO 5: exercise user defined data types Program with
		pointers and arrays, perform pointer arithmetic,
		and use the pre-processor, the students will be
	200	able to develop applications
PGDCA-PR-	Lab 2 (based on PGD-	The students, after this course, will be able to:
1106	1103)	CO1: design and create relational database systems.
/.		CO2: execute advanced queries such as relational
18	11.00	constraints, joins, set operations, aggregate
	11/6/	functions, trigger, views and embedded SQL.
de /	16	CO3: use various softwares to design and build ER
Ki /	/FC/ W	Diagrams, UML, Flow chart for related
4	10.	database systems.
s Fred	0 200	7
	10	11. 43

	QID.	MECTED H	
SEMESTER - II			
COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	COURSE OUTCOMES	
PGDCA-2101 Object Oriented Concepts using JAVA	The students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: use object oriented programming concepts to solve real world problems. CO2: explain the concept of class and objects with access control to represent real world entities. CO3: demonstrate the behavior of programs		
	the Man	involving the basic programming constructs like control structures, constructors, string handling and garbage collection CO4: use overloading methodology on methods and constructors to develop application programs. CO5: demonstrate the implementation of inheritance (multilevel, hierarchical and multiple) by using extend and implement keywords. 6. Describe	

	T	
		the concept of interface and abstract classes to
		define generic classes.
		CO6: use multithreading concepts to develop inter
		process communication and implement
	2 50	concepts on file streams and operations in java
	1149	programming for a given application
	100	programs.
	CAL.	CO7: describe the backend connectivity process in
\sigma_0	0//50	java program by using JDBC drivers and
10	11/10	develop java application to interact with
101	11/8/	database by using relevant software
7- /	1/A	component (JDBC Driver).
PGDCA-2102	Web Technologies	The students, after this course, will be able to:
I	6 25	CO1: develop web pages using HTML and
To	3	Cascading Style Sheets.
-	S	CO2: create XML documents and Schemas.
111	盟	CO3: build dynamic webpages using client-side
	17	(JavaScript) and server-side scripting (PHP,
111	1 1	ASP.NET) languages.
	112	CO4: use Web Application Terminologies, Internet
	Oh	Tools, E – Commerce and other web services.
	The state of the s	OF CERV
PGDCA-2103	Software Engineering	The students, after this course, will be able to:
9	y m	CO1: describe pre-requisites for planning a
0	21917	software project.
-6	1.	CO2: design and test the software.
	the Man	CO3: explain concept of software engineering and
	16 Man	its relevance.
	"ian	CO4: use the various methods or models for
		developing a software product.
		CO5: analyze existing system to gather
		requirements for proposed system.
<u> </u>	1	

PGDCA-2104	Computing Based Accounting	The students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: use Tally for accounting purpose. CO2: demonstrate and understand accounting theory. CO3: apply accounting procedures using specialized computer accounting software. CO4: communicate effectively using standard accounting terminology. CO5: demonstrate an understanding of accounting reports and records.
PGDCA- PR-2105	Lab 3 (Based on PGD-2101)	The students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: write programs for solving real world problems using java collection frame work. CO2: write programs using abstract classes. CO3: write multithreaded programs. CO4: write GUI programs using swing controls in Java. CO5: demonstrate the behavior of programs involving the basic programming constructs like control structures, constructors, string handling and garbage collection. CO6: use overloading methodology on methods and constructors to develop application programs. CO7: demonstrate the implementation of inheritance (multilevel, hierarchical and multiple) by using extend and implement keywords.
PGDCA-PR- 2106	Lab 4 (Based on PGD- 2102)	The students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: write valid and concise code for web pages. CO2: create web elements like buttons, banners.

	रावा ग्रंब	CO3: design Forms and validations for the website. CO4: write and debug webpage using HTML and DHTML languages. CO5: make use of knowledge related to links, addresses, images, and tables. CO6: use various formatting options on HTML page and website.
PGDCA-PR- 2107	Project Work: Project will involve Development of Business Application/Website	The students, after this course, will be able to: CO1: demonstrate a sound technical knowledge of their selected project topic. CO2: design an Online Project with advanced technologies of their choice. CO3: develop a project professionally. CO4: prepare a SRS report. CO5: develop good presentation skills.

